

Figure 1. Schematic Diagram

Vacuum Bot Arduino IDE Code

```
// vacuum bot with ultrasonic sensor (events)
// [powerup] -->(A) --> [forward-all]--->(object_detect)-->[stop]--
>[optional:reverse all]--->[stop/wait]--->[reverse-left]--->(A)
///calibration headers
#define int_speed 100
                                                 //adjust to slowdown vacuum bot
during [reverse left event]
#define int_speed_forward 70
                                                 //adjust to slowdown vacuum bot
during [forward all event]
long frwd2rvrsleft_delay = 2000; //millisecond
                                                //adjust the delay from
[forward all] to [reverse left event] when obstacle detected
bool withReverse = false;
                                                 //if you want an additional
[reverse all event] after an obstacle been detected before to [reverse left
event]
#define Reverse_time 200 //millisecond //adjust the [reverse all
event] if enable (withReverse=true)
```

```
bool useTwoRLUSensor = false;
                                                  //set to "true" if you want to
use the Right and Left USensor as well for multiple sensor detection
// //ultrasonic
// #include "PID v1.h"
// // PID tuning parameters (adjust these to fine-tune the controller)
// double Kp = 1.0; // Proportional gain
// double Ki = 0.1; // Integral gain
// double Kd = 0.1; // Derivative gain
// // Define PID objects
// double setpoint = 10.0; // Setpoint distance (adjust as needed)
// double input, output;
// PID myPID(&input, &output, &setpoint, Kp, Ki, Kd, DIRECT);
// const int maxSpeed = 255;  // Maximum motor speed
// const int minSpeed = 0; // Minimum motor speed (0 to stop the motor)
#define forward false
#define reverse true
#define on true
#define off false
unsigned long spMillis1 = 0;
long sinterval1 = 2000;
volatile unsigned int sready1 = 0;
byte dataArray[100];
int fnum;
int snum;
int tnum;
int decimalValue;
int us_mode = 0;
// defines pins numbers
const int trigPin = A0; //right
const int echoPin = A1;
const int trigPin2 = A2; //center
const int echoPin2 = A3;
const int trigPin3 = A4; //left
const int echoPin3 = A5;
// defines variables
long duration1;
int distance1;
```

```
long duration2;
int distance2;
long duration3;
int distance3;
int tachoval1;
int tachoval2;
// Motor A connections
int enA = 10;
int in1 = 9;
int in2 = 8;
// Motor B connections
int enB = 5;
int in 3 = 7;
int in4 = 6;
const int sspin1 = 2;
volatile unsigned long counter1 = 0;
const int sspin2 = 3;
volatile unsigned long counter2 = 0;
void Right_Motor(bool status, int speed, bool direction){
  if(status){
    digitalWrite(in1, LOW);
    digitalWrite(in2, HIGH);
  }
  else {
    digitalWrite(in1, LOW);
    digitalWrite(in2, LOW);
  }
  analogWrite(enA, speed);
  if(direction){
    digitalWrite(in1, LOW);
    digitalWrite(in2, HIGH);
  }
  else{
    digitalWrite(in1, HIGH);
    digitalWrite(in2, LOW);
  }
}
void Left_Motor(bool status, int speed, bool direction){
  if(status){
    digitalWrite(in3, LOW);
```

```
digitalWrite(in4, HIGH);
  }
  else{
    digitalWrite(in3, LOW);
    digitalWrite(in4, LOW);
  }
  analogWrite(enB, speed);
  if(direction){
    digitalWrite(in3, LOW);
    digitalWrite(in4, HIGH);
  }
  else{
    digitalWrite(in3, HIGH);
    digitalWrite(in4, LOW);
  }
}
void ReverseOn All() {
  Right_Motor(true,int_speed,reverse);
  Left_Motor(true,int_speed,reverse);
}
void ReverseOff All() {
  digitalWrite(in1, LOW);
  digitalWrite(in2, LOW);
  digitalWrite(in3, LOW);
  digitalWrite(in4, LOW);
  // Right_Motor(false,127,reverse);
  // Left_Motor(false,127,reverse);
}
void ForwardOn All() {
  Right_Motor(true,int_speed_forward,forward);
  Left_Motor(true,int_speed_forward,forward);
}
void ForwardOff_All() {
  digitalWrite(in1, LOW);
  digitalWrite(in2, LOW);
  digitalWrite(in3, LOW);
  digitalWrite(in4, LOW);
```

```
// Right Motor(false, 127, forward);
 // Left Motor(false,127,forward);
}
void ReverseOn Left(){
  Right_Motor(false,int_speed,forward);
 Left_Motor(true,int_speed,reverse);
}
void ReverseOn Right(){
 Right_Motor(false,int_speed,reverse);
 Left_Motor(true,int_speed,forward);
}
void ReverseOn_Left_StopRight(){
 //stop right
 digitalWrite(in1, LOW);
 digitalWrite(in2, LOW);
 //reverse left
 for (int i = int\_speed; i >= 0; --i){
   Left_Motor(true,i,reverse);
   delay(20);
  }
}
// Interrupt service routine (ISR) for counting pulses
void pulseCount1() {
 counter1++;
}
// Interrupt service routine (ISR) for counting pulses
void pulseCount2() {
 counter2++;
}
void setup()
{
 Serial.begin(9600); // Starts the serial communication
// // Set PID tuning parameters (optional)
// myPID.SetMode(AUTOMATIC);
```

```
// myPID.SetOutputLimits(minSpeed, maxSpeed);
// // Update PID input and compute the control signal (motor speed)
// input = distance;
// myPID.Compute();
// // Set the motor speed
// int motorSpeed = (int)output;
 //Set all the motor control pins to outputs
 pinMode(sspin1, INPUT_PULLUP); // Set the IR sen2sor pin as input with internal
pull-up resistor
  attachInterrupt(digitalPinToInterrupt(sspin1), pulseCount1, RISING); // Attach
interrupt to D2 (interrupt 0)
  pinMode(sspin2, INPUT PULLUP); // Set the IR sen2sor pin as input with internal
pull-up resistor
  attachInterrupt(digitalPinToInterrupt(sspin2), pulseCount2, RISING); // Attach
interrupt to D3 (interrupt 0)
  pinMode(trigPin, OUTPUT); // Sets the trigPin as an Output
  pinMode(echoPin, INPUT); // Sets the echoPin as an Input
  pinMode(trigPin2, OUTPUT); // Sets the trigPin as an Output
  pinMode(echoPin2, INPUT); // Sets the echoPin as an Input
  pinMode(trigPin3, OUTPUT); // Sets the trigPin as an Output
  pinMode(echoPin3, INPUT); // Sets the echoPin as an Input
 // Set all the motor control pins to outputs
  pinMode(enA, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(enB, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(in1, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(in2, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(in3, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(in4, OUTPUT);
 // Turn off motors - Initial state
  digitalWrite(in1, LOW);
  digitalWrite(in2, LOW);
 digitalWrite(in3, LOW);
 digitalWrite(in4, LOW);
}
void loop()
{
  unsigned long scMillis1 = millis();
```

```
if (scMillis1 - spMillis1 >= sinterval1)
  sready1 = 1;
  spMillis1 = scMillis1;
}
// if (Serial.available() > 0)
// {
//
      int index = 0;
//
      delay(10); // let the buffer fill up
      int numChar = Serial.available();
//
//
      if (numChar>99) {
//
         numChar=99;
//
      }
//
      while (numChar--) {
//
         dataArray[index++] = Serial.read();
//
//
      //Parsing here
       //led 1
//
//
       if((dataArray[0] == 'a'))
//
//
         if(dataArray[1] >= 48){
//
           if(dataArray[1] >= 48 \&\& dataArray[2] >= 48) {
             if(dataArray[1] >= 48 \&\& dataArray[2] >= 48 \&\& dataArray[3] >= 48)
//
//
               fnum = dataArray[1] - 48;
//
               snum = dataArray[2] - 48;
               tnum = dataArray[3] - 48;
//
               decimalValue = fnum * 100 + snum * 10 + tnum;
//
//
             }
//
             else {
//
               fnum = dataArray[1] - 48;
               snum = dataArray[2] - 48;
//
               decimalValue = fnum * 10 + snum;
//
//
             }
//
//
           else{
//
             fnum = dataArray[1] - 48;
             decimalValue = fnum;
//
//
           }
//
         }
//
           //Serial.println(decimalValue,DEC);
         for(unsigned int x = 0; x < 100; x++) dataArray[x] = 0;
//
```

```
//
       Serial.flush();
//
// }
if(useTwoRLUSensor){
    // Clears the trigPin
  digitalWrite(trigPin, LOW);
  delayMicroseconds(2);
  // Sets the trigPin on HIGH state for 10 micro seconds
  digitalWrite(trigPin, HIGH);
  delayMicroseconds(10);
  digitalWrite(trigPin, LOW);
  // Reads the echoPin, returns the sound wave travel time in microseconds
  duration1 = pulseIn(echoPin, HIGH);
  // Calculating the distance
  distance1 = duration1 * 0.034 / 2;
  // Prints the distance on the Serial Monitor
  //Serial.print("Distance: ");
  //Serial.println(distance);
}
// Clears the trigPin
digitalWrite(trigPin2, LOW);
delayMicroseconds(2);
// Sets the trigPin on HIGH state for 10 micro seconds
digitalWrite(trigPin2, HIGH);
delayMicroseconds(10);
digitalWrite(trigPin2, LOW);
// Reads the echoPin, returns the sound wave travel time in microseconds
duration2 = pulseIn(echoPin2, HIGH);
// Calculating the distance
distance2 = duration2 * 0.034 / 2;
// Prints the distance on the Serial Monitor
Serial.print("Distance2: ");
Serial.println(distance2);
if(useTwoRLUSensor){
  // Clears the trigPin
  digitalWrite(trigPin3, LOW);
  delayMicroseconds(2);
  // Sets the trigPin on HIGH state for 10 micro seconds
  digitalWrite(trigPin3, HIGH);
```

```
delayMicroseconds(10);
    digitalWrite(trigPin3, LOW);
    // Reads the echoPin, returns the sound wave travel time in microseconds
   duration3 = pulseIn(echoPin3, HIGH, 1000000);
   // Calculating the distance
   distance3 = duration3 * 0.034 / 2;
   // Prints the distance on the Serial Monitor
   //Serial.print("Distance3: ");
   //Serial.println(distance3);
  }
 // static uint32 t previousMillis1;
 // if (millis() - previousMillis1 >= 1000) {
        tachoval1 = counter1;
 //
 //
        counter1 = 0;
 // }
 // static uint32_t previousMillis2;
 // if (millis() - previousMillis2 >= 1000) {
       tachoval2 = counter2;
 //
 //
        counter2 = 0;
 // }
// Serial.print("U3:");
// Serial.print(distance3);
// Serial.print("|");
// Serial.print("U2:");
// Serial.print(distance2);
// Serial.print("|");
// Serial.print("U1:");
// Serial.print(distance1);
// Serial.print("|");
// Serial.print("T1:");
// Serial.print(tachoval1);
// Serial.print("|");
// Serial.print("T2:");
// Serial.println(tachoval2);
  if(useTwoRLUSensor){
    if(distance1 <= 120) { //no detect</pre>
      us mode = 0;
      Serial.println(us_mode);
      ForwardOn All();
      //ReverseOff_All();
```

```
//ReverseOn_Left();
      //ReverseOn Right();
      //Serial.println("on");
    if(distance1 >= 1000) {
      if(us_mode == 0) {
        us mode = 1;
        spMillis1 = scMillis1;
      }
     if(distance3 <= 120) { //no detect</pre>
      us mode = 0;
      Serial.println(us_mode);
      ForwardOn All();
      //ReverseOff_All();
      //ReverseOn_Left();
      //ReverseOn_Right();
      //Serial.println("on");
    if(distance3 >= 1000) {
      if(us_mode == 0) {
        us_mode = 1;
        spMillis1 = scMillis1;
      }
   }
  }
 decimalValue = distance2;
// Serial.println(duration2);
  if(decimalValue <= 120) { //no detect</pre>
    us mode = 0;
    Serial.println(us_mode);
    ForwardOn_All();
    //ReverseOff_All();
    //ReverseOn_Left();
    //ReverseOn_Right();
   //Serial.println("on");
  }
  if(decimalValue >= 1000) {
    if(us_mode == 0) {
      us_mode = 1;
      spMillis1 = scMillis1;
    }
```

```
}
  if(us_mode == 1) {
    if(sready1 == 1) {
      Serial.println("cs: obstacle=1 ");
      sready1 = 0;
      sinterval1 = frwd2rvrsleft_delay;
      spMillis1 = scMillis1;
      us_mode = 2;
      ForwardOff_All();
   }
  }
   if(us_mode == 2) {
    if(sready1 == 1) {
      Serial.println("cs: obstacle=1 timeout ");
      sready1 = 0;
      sinterval1 = frwd2rvrsleft_delay;
      spMillis1 = scMillis1;
      us_mode = 3;
      //reverse motor
      if(withReverse){
        ReverseOn_All();
        delay(Reverse_time);
      }
      //turn -left
      ReverseOn_Left_StopRight();
    }
  }
}
```