

<u>Course</u> > <u>Module 2 - Python</u>... > <u>Review Questions</u> > Review Questions

Review Questions

Instructions for Review Questions

- 1. Time allowed: **Unlimited**
 - We encourage you to go back and review the materials to find the right answer
 - Please remember that the Review Questions are worth 50% of your final mark.
- 2. Attempts per question:
 - One attempt For True/False questions
 - Two attempts For any question other than True/False
- 3. Clicking the "Final Check" button when it appears, means your submission is FINAL. You will NOT be able to resubmit your answer for that question ever again
- 4. Check your grades in the course at any time by clicking on the "Progress" tab

Question 1

1/1 point (graded)

What is the syntax used to obtain the first element of the tuple:

A = ('a', 'b', 'c')

○ A[1]
● A[0]
O A[:]
✓
Submit You have used 1 of 2 attempts

Question 2

1/1 point (graded)

After applying the following method, L.append(['a','b']), the following list will only be one element longer.

True
○ False
✓
Submit You have used 1 of 1 attempt
Question 3
1/1 point (graded) How many duplicate elements can you have in a set?
<u> </u>
O. You can only have one unique element in a set.
<u> </u>
Opends on the number of elements in your set.
Submit You have used 1 of 2 attempts
Question 4
1/1 point (graded) Consider the following Python dictionary:
Dict={"A":1,"B":"2","C":[3,3,3],"D":(4,4,4),'E':5,'F':6}
What is the result of the following operation: Dict["D"] ?
<u> </u>
<u></u>
[3,3,3]
(4, 4, 4)
○ Error



Submit

You have used 1 of 2 attempts

Question 5

1/1 point (graded)

What is an important difference between lists and tuples?

\bigcirc	Lists can't contain a string.		

U Tuples can only have integers.	

Lists and tuples are the same.	
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Lists are mutable, tuples are not.



Submit

You have used 1 of 2 attempts