MATLAB Electromagnetism simulations

Main file

```
Tierra3D.m 

★ +
     clear; clc; clf; close all;
2 —
     n = 7;
      % Paulo Ogando, Erika Marlene Garcia, Jose Luis Madrigal
4
     % Maximiliano Carrasco, Alan Said Martinez, Christian Parrish Gutierrez
     %Parametrización
6 -
     syms s px py pz dpx dpy dpz
     disp("¿Que quieres graficar?");
з —
     opcion = input("1. Linea 2. Anillo 3. Solenoide 4.- Solenoide esferico: ");
     if opcion == 1
o —
         [q,m,xinicial,vinicial,dominio,l]=basicas(n);
1 -
          I = 1;
2 —
         Mew = 4*pi*1;
3 —
         Const = (Mew*I)/4*pi;
4 —
         smin = -20; smax = 20;
5 —
         px(s) = 0;
б —
         py(s) = 0;
7 —
         pz(s) = s;
з —
     end
9 —
      if opcion == 2
o –
          [q,m,xinicial,vinicial,dominio,l]=basicas(n);
1 -
         delta = .01;
2 —
         I = 1;
3 —
         Mew = 4*pi*1;
         Const = (Mew*I)/4*pi;
         smin = 0; smax = 2*pi;
         px(s) = cos(s);
7 —
          py(s) = sin(s);
3 —
         pz(s) = 0;
[posx,posy,posZ] = malladoT3D(n,dominio);
[\texttt{Bx, By, Bz}] = \texttt{camposM3D}(\texttt{posx,posy,posZ,Const,px,py,pz,dpx,dpy,dpz,doms)};
[BxN, ByN, BzN, Mx] = NormalizarB(Bx, By, Bz, 1);
[posiciones] = particulas(q, m, xinicial, vinicial, delta, Const,px,py,pz,dpx,dpy,dpz,doms);
GraficarB(posx,posy,posZ,BxN,ByN,BzN,Mx,px,py,pz,doms,posiciones);
```

```
Tierra3D.m × +
  [ function [q,m,xinicial,vinicial,dominio,l]=basicas(n)
    xmin = -2; xmax = 2;
    ymin = -2; ymax = 2;
    zmin = -2; zmax = 2;
    dominio = [xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax, zmin, zmax];
    1 = (xmax - xmin) / (2*n);
    q = 1;
    m = 1;
    Xi = 0;
    Xj = 0;
    Xk = 0;
    xinicial = [Xi,Xj,Xk];
    Vi = 1;
    Vj = 1;
    Vk = 1;
    vinicial = [Vi,Vj,Vk];
    end
```

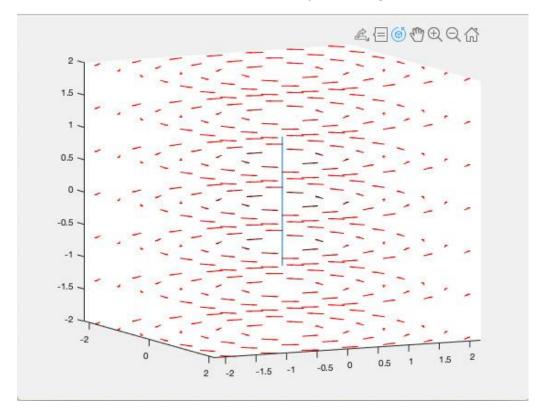
Planet data

```
Tierra3D.m × +
   if opcion == 4
        xmin = -7000000; xmax = 7000000;
        ymin = -7000000; ymax = 7000000;
        zmin = -70000000; zmax = 70000000;
        dominio = [xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax, zmin, zmax];
        1 = (xmax-xmin)/(2*n);
        q = -1.6*10^-19;
m = 9.11*10^{-31};
        Xi = 300000;
        Xj = 149000;
       Xk = 210000;
        xinicial = [Xi,Xj,Xk];
        Vi = 400000;
        Vj = 400000;
        Vk = 400000;
        vinicial = [Vi,Vj,Vk];
        delta = .000000525;
        I = 12*10^5;
        Mew = 4*pi*10^-7;
        Const = (Mew*I)/4*pi;
        smin = -99; smax = 99;
         px(s) = 6371000*(sqrt(1-(0.01*s)^2).*cos(s));
        py(s) = 6371000*(sqrt(1-(0.01*s)^2).*sin(s));
        pz(s) = 6371000*(0.01.*s);
```

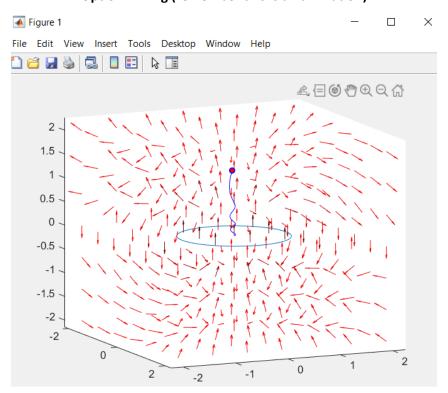
File of one function: Biot Savart

```
BiotSavart.m × +
1
    □ function [Bx, By, Bz] = BiotSavart(Const,posx,posy,posZ,px,py,pz,dpx,dpy,dpz,doms)
2 -
      syms s
3
      %Vector r
4 -
      rx = posx - px;
5 -
      ry = posy - py;
6 -
      rz = posZ - pz;
7
8
      %Magnitud del vector r
9 -
      Magr = (rx.^2 + ry.^2 + rz.^2).^(3/2);
0
1
      %Producto cruz
2 -
      Cruzi = (dpy*rz - ry*dpz);
3 -
      Cruzj = -(dpx*rz - rx*dpz);
4 -
      Cruzk = (dpx*ry - rz*dpy);
5
6
      %Integrando
7 -
      dBx(s) = Cruzi / Magr;
8 -
      dBy(s) = Cruzj / Magr;
9 -
      dBz(s) = Cruzk / Magr;
0
1
      %Integracion
2
3 -
      Bx = Const * TrapezoideTierra(dBx, 20, doms(1), doms(2));
      By = Const * TrapezoideTierra(dBy, 20, doms(1), doms(2));
4 -
5 -
      Bz = Const * TrapezoideTierra(dBz, 20, doms(1), doms(2));
```

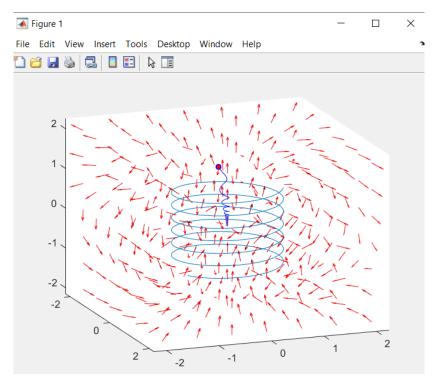
Option 1: Current line (we couldn't get the correct delta to see the trajectory, so this is a screenshot of the first deliverable, just the magnetic field)



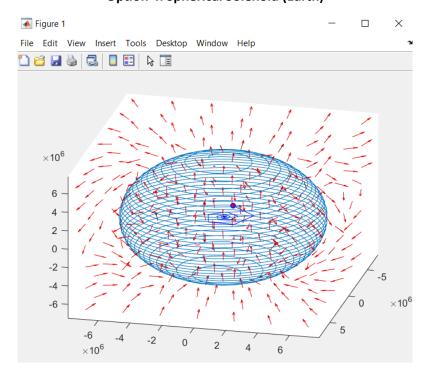
Option 2: Ring (remember this is an animation)



Option 3: Solenoid



Option 4: Spherical Solenoid (Earth)



Acknowledgments

To my friend who helped me better understand some concepts, Pol (with the Physics laws).