

The background of the entire page is decorated with a series of overlapping, wavy, organic shapes in various shades of teal and green. These shapes create a sense of movement and depth, framing the central text.

EDA

AMES HOUSING DATASET

Data Exploration, Data Cleaning , Visualization

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AmesHousingDataset

June 16, 2025

```
[ ]: # We're going to explore the "Ames Housing" dataset, which contains_
      ↪ information about houses in Ames, Iowa.
      # The dataset is available at https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/
      ↪ shashanknecrothapa/ames-housing-dataset
      # We'll be learning about data exploration, cleaning, and_
      ↪ visualization using pandas and seaborn.
```

```
[ ]: # Import necessary libraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
[ ]: # Import the dataset
df = pd.read_csv('C:
      ↪ \\Users\\nikrc\\OneDrive\\Desktop\\Datasets\\AmesHousing.csv')
pd.set_option('display.max_columns', None) # To Show all columns in_
      ↪ the DataFrame
df.head(10)
```

```
[ ]:      Order      PID  MS SubClass  MS Zoning  Lot Frontage  Lot Area_
      ↪ Street \
0      1  526301100      20      RL      141.0      31770  Pave
1      2  526350040      20      RH      80.0      11622  Pave
2      3  526351010      20      RL      81.0      14267  Pave
3      4  526353030      20      RL      93.0      11160  Pave
4      5  527105010      60      RL      74.0      13830  Pave
5      6  527105030      60      RL      78.0      9978   Pave
6      7  527127150     120      RL      41.0      4920   Pave
7      8  527145080     120      RL      43.0      5005   Pave
8      9  527146030     120      RL      39.0      5389   Pave
9     10  527162130      60      RL      60.0      7500   Pave

      Alley Lot Shape Land Contour Utilities Lot Config Land Slope_
      ↪ Neighborhood \
0      NaN      IR1      Lvl      AllPub      Corner      Gtl      _
      ↪ Names
```

1	NaN	Reg	Lvl	AllPub	Inside	Gtl	└
	↪Names						
2	NaN	IR1	Lvl	AllPub	Corner	Gtl	└
	↪Names						
3	NaN	Reg	Lvl	AllPub	Corner	Gtl	└
	↪Names						
4	NaN	IR1	Lvl	AllPub	Inside	Gtl	└
	↪Gilbert						
5	NaN	IR1	Lvl	AllPub	Inside	Gtl	└
	↪Gilbert						
6	NaN	Reg	Lvl	AllPub	Inside	Gtl	└
	↪StoneBr						
7	NaN	IR1	HLS	AllPub	Inside	Gtl	└
	↪StoneBr						
8	NaN	IR1	Lvl	AllPub	Inside	Gtl	└
	↪StoneBr						
9	NaN	Reg	Lvl	AllPub	Inside	Gtl	└
	↪Gilbert						

	Condition 1	Condition 2	Bldg Type	House Style	Overall Qual	
	↪Overall Cond	\				
0	Norm	Norm	1Fam	1Story	6	5
1	Feedr	Norm	1Fam	1Story	5	└
	↪6					
2	Norm	Norm	1Fam	1Story	6	6
3	Norm	Norm	1Fam	1Story	7	5
4	Norm	Norm	1Fam	2Story	5	5
5	Norm	Norm	1Fam	2Story	6	6
6	Norm	Norm	TwnhsE	1Story	8	└
	↪5					
7	Norm	Norm	TwnhsE	1Story	8	└
	↪5					
8	Norm	Norm	TwnhsE	1Story	8	└
	↪5					
9	Norm	Norm	1Fam	2Story	7	5

	Year Built	Year Remod/Add	Roof Style	Roof Matl	Exterior 1st	
	↪Exterior 2nd	\				
0	1960	1960	Hip	CompShg	BrkFace	└
	↪Plywood					
1	1961	1961	Gable	CompShg	VinylSd	└
	↪VinylSd					
2	1958	1958	Hip	CompShg	Wd Sdng	└
	↪Wd Sdng					
3	1968	1968	Hip	CompShg	BrkFace	└
	↪BrkFace					

4	1997	1998	Gable	CompShg	VinylSd	└
↳VinylSd						
5	1998	1998	Gable	CompShg	VinylSd	└
↳VinylSd						
6	2001	2001	Gable	CompShg	CemntBd	└
↳CmentBd						
7	1992	1992	Gable	CompShg	HdBoard	└
↳HdBoard						
8	1995	1996	Gable	CompShg	CemntBd	└
↳CmentBd						
9	1999	1999	Gable	CompShg	VinylSd	└
↳VinylSd						

	Mas Vnr	Type	Mas Vnr	Area	Exter Qual	Exter Cond	Foundation	Bsmt_
↳Qual \								
0		Stone		112.0	TA	TA	CBlock	TA
1		NaN		0.0	TA	TA	CBlock	TA
2		BrkFace		108.0	TA	TA	CBlock	TA
3		NaN		0.0	Gd	TA	CBlock	TA
4		NaN		0.0	TA	TA	PConc	Gd
5		BrkFace		20.0	TA	TA	PConc	TA
6		NaN		0.0	Gd	TA	PConc	Gd
7		NaN		0.0	Gd	TA	PConc	Gd
8		NaN		0.0	Gd	TA	PConc	Gd
9		NaN		0.0	TA	TA	PConc	TA

	Bsmt Cond	Bsmt Exposure	BsmtFin Type 1	BsmtFin SF 1	BsmtFin Type_
↳2 \					
0	Gd	Gd	BLQ	639.0	Unf
1	TA	No	Rec	468.0	LwQ
2	TA	No	ALQ	923.0	Unf
3	TA	No	ALQ	1065.0	Unf
4	TA	No	GLQ	791.0	Unf
5	TA	No	GLQ	602.0	Unf
6	TA	Mn	GLQ	616.0	Unf
7	TA	No	ALQ	263.0	Unf
8	TA	No	GLQ	1180.0	Unf
9	TA	No	Unf	0.0	Unf

	BsmtFin SF 2	Bsmt Unf SF	Total Bsmt SF	Heating	Heating QC_
↳Central Air \					
0	0.0	441.0	1080.0	GasA	Fa
1	144.0	270.0	882.0	GasA	TA
2	0.0	406.0	1329.0	GasA	TA
3	0.0	1045.0	2110.0	GasA	Ex
4	0.0	137.0	928.0	GasA	Gd

5	0.0	324.0	926.0	GasA	Ex	Y
6	0.0	722.0	1338.0	GasA	Ex	Y
7	0.0	1017.0	1280.0	GasA	Ex	Y
8	0.0	415.0	1595.0	GasA	Ex	Y
9	0.0	994.0	994.0	GasA	Gd	Y

	Electrical	1st Flr SF	2nd Flr SF	Low Qual Fin SF	Gr Liv Area	\
0	SBrkr	1656	0	0	1656	
1	SBrkr	896	0	0	896	
2	SBrkr	1329	0	0	1329	
3	SBrkr	2110	0	0	2110	
4	SBrkr	928	701	0	1629	
5	SBrkr	926	678	0	1604	
6	SBrkr	1338	0	0	1338	
7	SBrkr	1280	0	0	1280	
8	SBrkr	1616	0	0	1616	
9	SBrkr	1028	776	0	1804	

	Bsmt Full Bath	Bsmt Half Bath	Full Bath	Half Bath	Bedroom	\
0	1.0	0.0	1	0	3	
1	0.0	0.0	1	0	2	
2	0.0	0.0	1	1	3	
3	1.0	0.0	2	1	3	
4	0.0	0.0	2	1	3	
5	0.0	0.0	2	1	3	
6	1.0	0.0	2	0	2	
7	0.0	0.0	2	0	2	
8	1.0	0.0	2	0	2	
9	0.0	0.0	2	1	3	

	Kitchen AbvGr	Kitchen Qual	TotRms AbvGr	Functional	Fireplaces	\
0	1	TA	7	Typ	2	
1	1	TA	5	Typ	0	
2	1	Gd	6	Typ	0	
3	1	Ex	8	Typ	2	
4	1	TA	6	Typ	1	
5	1	Gd	7	Typ	1	
6	1	Gd	6	Typ	0	
7	1	Gd	5	Typ	0	
8	1	Gd	5	Typ	1	
9	1	Gd	7	Typ	1	

	Fireplace Qu	Garage Type	Garage Yr Blt	Garage Finish	Garage Cars	\
0	Gd	Attchd	1960.0	Fin	2.0	
1	NaN	Attchd	1961.0	Unf	1.0	

2	NaN	Attchd	1958.0	Unf	1.0
3	TA	Attchd	1968.0	Fin	2.0
4	TA	Attchd	1997.0	Fin	2.0
5	Gd	Attchd	1998.0	Fin	2.0
6	NaN	Attchd	2001.0	Fin	2.0
7	NaN	Attchd	1992.0	RFn	2.0
8	TA	Attchd	1995.0	RFn	2.0
9	TA	Attchd	1999.0	Fin	2.0

	Garage Area	Garage Qual	Garage Cond	Paved Drive	Wood Deck SF	\
0	528.0	TA	TA	P	210	
1	730.0	TA	TA	Y	140	
2	312.0	TA	TA	Y	393	
3	522.0	TA	TA	Y	0	
4	482.0	TA	TA	Y	212	
5	470.0	TA	TA	Y	360	
6	582.0	TA	TA	Y	0	
7	506.0	TA	TA	Y	0	
8	608.0	TA	TA	Y	237	
9	442.0	TA	TA	Y	140	

	Open Porch SF	Enclosed Porch	3Ssn Porch	Screen Porch	Pool	
0	62	0	0	0	0	
1	0	0	0	120	0	
2	36	0	0	0	0	
3	0	0	0	0	0	
4	34	0	0	0	0	
5	36	0	0	0	0	
6	0	170	0	0	0	
7	82	0	0	144	0	
8	152	0	0	0	0	
9	60	0	0	0	0	

	Fence Misc Feature	Misc Val	Mo Sold	Yr Sold	Sale Type	Sale
	Condition	\				

0	NaN	NaN	0	5	2010	WD	Normal
1	MnPrv	NaN	0	6	2010	WD	Normal
2	NaN	Gar2	12500	6	2010	WD	Normal
3	NaN	NaN	0	4	2010	WD	Normal
4	MnPrv	NaN	0	3	2010	WD	Normal
5	NaN	NaN	0	6	2010	WD	Normal
6	NaN	NaN	0	4	2010	WD	Normal
7	NaN	NaN	0	1	2010	WD	Normal
8	NaN	NaN	0	3	2010	WD	Normal
9	NaN	NaN	0	6	2010	WD	Normal

	SalePrice
0	215000
1	105000
2	172000
3	244000
4	189900
5	195500
6	213500
7	191500
8	236500
9	189000

```
[ ]: # Why do we use this?
# To suppress FutureWarnings that may arise from using deprecated_
# features in libraries like pandas or numpy.
# This is useful to keep the output clean, especially when running_
# scripts that may generate many warnings.

import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore',category=FutureWarning)
```

```
[12]: # Check the shape of the Dataset
print(f"The dataset has {df.shape[0]} rows and {df.shape[1]}_
      columns.")
```

The dataset has 2930 rows and 82 columns.

```
[13]: # View Columns types and non-null counts
print(df.info())
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 2930 entries, 0 to 2929
Data columns (total 82 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Order                 2930 non-null   int64
1   PID                   2930 non-null   int64
```

2	MS SubClass	2930	non-null	int64
3	MS Zoning	2930	non-null	object
4	Lot Frontage	2440	non-null	float64
5	Lot Area	2930	non-null	int64
6	Street	2930	non-null	object
7	Alley	198	non-null	object
8	Lot Shape	2930	non-null	object
9	Land Contour	2930	non-null	object
10	Utilities	2930	non-null	object
11	Lot Config	2930	non-null	object
12	Land Slope	2930	non-null	object
13	Neighborhood	2930	non-null	object
14	Condition 1	2930	non-null	object
15	Condition 2	2930	non-null	object
16	Bldg Type	2930	non-null	object
17	House Style	2930	non-null	object
18	Overall Qual	2930	non-null	int64
19	Overall Cond	2930	non-null	int64
20	Year Built	2930	non-null	int64
21	Year Remod/Add	2930	non-null	int64
22	Roof Style	2930	non-null	object
23	Roof Matl	2930	non-null	object
24	Exterior 1st	2930	non-null	object
25	Exterior 2nd	2930	non-null	object
26	Mas Vnr Type	1155	non-null	object
27	Mas Vnr Area	2907	non-null	float64
28	Exter Qual	2930	non-null	object
29	Exter Cond	2930	non-null	object
30	Foundation	2930	non-null	object
31	Bsmt Qual	2850	non-null	object
32	Bsmt Cond	2850	non-null	object
33	Bsmt Exposure	2847	non-null	object
34	BsmtFin Type 1	2850	non-null	object
35	BsmtFin SF 1	2929	non-null	float64
36	BsmtFin Type 2	2849	non-null	object
37	BsmtFin SF 2	2929	non-null	float64
38	Bsmt Unf SF	2929	non-null	float64
39	Total Bsmt SF	2929	non-null	float64
40	Heating	2930	non-null	object
41	Heating QC	2930	non-null	object
42	Central Air	2930	non-null	object
43	Electrical	2929	non-null	object
44	1st Flr SF	2930	non-null	int64
45	2nd Flr SF	2930	non-null	int64
46	Low Qual Fin SF	2930	non-null	int64
47	Gr Liv Area	2930	non-null	int64
48	Bsmt Full Bath	2928	non-null	float64
49	Bsmt Half Bath	2928	non-null	float64


```

50 Full Bath      2930 non-null int64
51 Half Bath     2930 non-null int64
52 Bedroom AbvGr 2930 non-null int64
53 Kitchen AbvGr 2930 non-null int64
54 Kitchen Qual   2930 non-null object
55 TotRms AbvGrd  2930 non-null int64
56 Functional     2930 non-null object
57 Fireplaces     2930 non-null int64
58 Fireplace Qu   1508 non-null object
59 Garage Type    2773 non-null object
60 Garage Yr Blt  2771 non-null float64
61 Garage Finish  2771 non-null object
62 Garage Cars    2929 non-null float64
63 Garage Area    2929 non-null float64
64 Garage Qual    2771 non-null object
65 Garage Cond    2771 non-null object
66 Paved Drive    2930 non-null object
67 Wood Deck SF   2930 non-null int64
68 Open Porch SF  2930 non-null int64
69 Enclosed Porch 2930 non-null int64
70 3Ssn Porch     2930 non-null int64
71 Screen Porch   2930 non-null int64
72 Pool Area      2930 non-null int64
73 Pool QC        13 non-null object
74 Fence          572 non-null object
75 Misc Feature   106 non-null object
76 Misc Val       2930 non-null int64
77 Mo Sold        2930 non-null int64
78 Yr Sold        2930 non-null int64
79 Sale Type      2930 non-null object
80 Sale Condition 2930 non-null object
81 SalePrice      2930 non-null int64
dtypes: float64(11), int64(28), object(43)
memory usage: 1.8+ MB
None

```

```

[ ]: # Descriptive statistics of the dataset
# This provides a summary of the central tendency, dispersion, and_
↪ shape of the dataset's distribution,
df.describe().T

```

```

[ ]:

```

	count	mean	std	min	\
Order	2930.0	1.465500e+03	8.459625e+02	1.0	
PID	2930.0	7.144645e+08	1.887308e+08	526301100.0	
MS SubClass	2930.0	5.738737e+01	4.263802e+01	20.0	
Lot Frontage	2440.0	6.922459e+01	2.336533e+01	21.0	
Lot Area	2930.0	1.014792e+04	7.880018e+03	1300.0	

Overall Qual	2930.0	6.094881e+00	1.411026e+00	1.0
Overall Cond	2930.0	5.563140e+00	1.111537e+00	1.0
Year Built	2930.0	1.971356e+03	3.024536e+01	1872.0
Year Remod/Add	2930.0	1.984267e+03	2.086029e+01	1950.0
Mas Vnr Area	2907.0	1.018968e+02	1.791126e+02	0.0
BsmtFin SF 1	2929.0	4.426296e+02	4.555908e+02	0.0
BsmtFin SF 2	2929.0	4.972243e+01	1.691685e+02	0.0
Bsmt Unf SF	2929.0	5.592625e+02	4.394942e+02	0.0
Total Bsmt SF	2929.0	1.051615e+03	4.406151e+02	0.0
1st Flr SF	2930.0	1.159558e+03	3.918909e+02	334.0
2nd Flr SF	2930.0	3.354560e+02	4.283957e+02	0.0
Low Qual Fin SF	2930.0	4.676792e+00	4.631051e+01	0.0
Gr Liv Area	2930.0	1.499690e+03	5.055089e+02	334.0
Bsmt Full Bath	2928.0	4.313525e-01	5.248202e-01	0.0
Bsmt Half Bath	2928.0	6.113388e-02	2.452536e-01	0.0
Full Bath	2930.0	1.566553e+00	5.529406e-01	0.0
Half Bath	2930.0	3.795222e-01	5.026293e-01	0.0
Bedroom AbvGr	2930.0	2.854266e+00	8.277311e-01	0.0
Kitchen AbvGr	2930.0	1.044369e+00	2.140762e-01	0.0
TotRms AbvGrd	2930.0	6.443003e+00	1.572964e+00	2.0
Fireplaces	2930.0	5.993174e-01	6.479209e-01	0.0
Garage Yr Blt	2771.0	1.978132e+03	2.552841e+01	1895.0
Garage Cars	2929.0	1.766815e+00	7.605664e-01	0.0
Garage Area	2929.0	4.728197e+02	2.150465e+02	0.0
Wood Deck SF	2930.0	9.375188e+01	1.263616e+02	0.0
Open Porch SF	2930.0	4.753345e+01	6.748340e+01	0.0
Enclosed Porch	2930.0	2.301160e+01	6.413906e+01	0.0
3Ssn Porch	2930.0	2.592491e+00	2.514133e+01	0.0
Screen Porch	2930.0	1.600205e+01	5.608737e+01	0.0
Pool Area	2930.0	2.243345e+00	3.559718e+01	0.0
Misc Val	2930.0	5.063515e+01	5.663443e+02	0.0
Mo Sold	2930.0	6.216041e+00	2.714492e+00	1.0
Yr Sold	2930.0	2.007790e+03	1.316613e+00	2006.0
SalePrice	2930.0	1.807961e+05	7.988669e+04	12789.0

	25%	50%	75%	max
Order	7.332500e+02	1465.5	2.197750e+03	2.930000e+03
PID	5.284770e+08	535453620.0	9.071811e+08	1.007100e+09
MS SubClass	2.000000e+01	50.0	7.000000e+01	1.900000e+02
Lot Frontage	5.800000e+01	68.0	8.000000e+01	3.130000e+02
Lot Area	7.440250e+03	9436.5	1.155525e+04	2.152450e+05
Overall Qual	5.000000e+00	6.0	7.000000e+00	1.000000e+01
Overall Cond	5.000000e+00	5.0	6.000000e+00	9.000000e+00
Year Built	1.954000e+03	1973.0	2.001000e+03	2.010000e+03
Year Remod/Add	1.965000e+03	1993.0	2.004000e+03	2.010000e+03
Mas Vnr Area	0.000000e+00	0.0	1.640000e+02	1.600000e+03
BsmtFin SF 1	0.000000e+00	370.0	7.340000e+02	5.644000e+03

BsmtFin SF 2	0.000000e+00	0.0	0.000000e+00	1.526000e+03
Bsmt Unf SF	2.190000e+02	466.0	8.020000e+02	2.336000e+03
Total Bsmt SF	7.930000e+02	990.0	1.302000e+03	6.110000e+03
1st Flr SF	8.762500e+02	1084.0	1.384000e+03	5.095000e+03
2nd Flr SF	0.000000e+00	0.0	7.037500e+02	2.065000e+03
Low Qual Fin SF	0.000000e+00	0.0	0.000000e+00	1.064000e+03
Gr Liv Area	1.126000e+03	1442.0	1.742750e+03	5.642000e+03
Bsmt Full Bath	0.000000e+00	0.0	1.000000e+00	3.000000e+00
Bsmt Half Bath	0.000000e+00	0.0	0.000000e+00	2.000000e+00
Full Bath	1.000000e+00	2.0	2.000000e+00	4.000000e+00
Half Bath	0.000000e+00	0.0	1.000000e+00	2.000000e+00
Bedroom AbvGr	2.000000e+00	3.0	3.000000e+00	8.000000e+00
Kitchen AbvGr	1.000000e+00	1.0	1.000000e+00	3.000000e+00
TotRms AbvGrd	5.000000e+00	6.0	7.000000e+00	1.500000e+01
Fireplaces	0.000000e+00	1.0	1.000000e+00	4.000000e+00
Garage Yr Blt	1.960000e+03	1979.0	2.002000e+03	2.207000e+03
Garage Cars	1.000000e+00	2.0	2.000000e+00	5.000000e+00
Garage Area	3.200000e+02	480.0	5.760000e+02	1.488000e+03
Wood Deck SF	0.000000e+00	0.0	1.680000e+02	1.424000e+03
Open Porch SF	0.000000e+00	27.0	7.000000e+01	7.420000e+02
Enclosed Porch	0.000000e+00	0.0	0.000000e+00	1.012000e+03
3Ssn Porch	0.000000e+00	0.0	0.000000e+00	5.080000e+02
Screen Porch	0.000000e+00	0.0	0.000000e+00	5.760000e+02
Pool Area	0.000000e+00	0.0	0.000000e+00	8.000000e+02
Misc Val	0.000000e+00	0.0	0.000000e+00	1.700000e+04
Mo Sold	4.000000e+00	6.0	8.000000e+00	1.200000e+01
Yr Sold	2.007000e+03	2008.0	2.009000e+03	2.010000e+03
SalePrice	1.295000e+05	160000.0	2.135000e+05	7.550000e+05

```
[28]: # Total Missing Values per Column
df.isnull().sum().sort_values(ascending=False).head(20)
```

```
[28]: Pool QC                2917
Misc Feature              2824
Alley                     2732
Fence                     2358
Mas Vnr Type              1775
Fireplace Qu              1422
Lot Frontage              490
Garage Qual               159
Garage Yr Blt             159
Garage Cond               159
Garage Finish             159
Garage Type               157
Bsmt Exposure             83
BsmtFin Type 2            81
Bsmt Qual                 80
```

```

Bsmt Cond          80
BsmtFin Type 1     80
Mas Vnr Area       23
Bsmt Full Bath     2
Bsmt Half Bath     2
dtype: int64

```

```
[32]: df['Lot Frontage'].fillna(df['Lot Frontage'].mean(),inplace=True)
```

```
[33]: df['Alley'].fillna(df['Alley'].mode()[0],inplace=True)
```

```
[54]: # Total Missing Values per Column
missing_values = df.isnull().sum()/len(df) * 100
print("Percentage of Missing Values per Column:")
print(missing_values[missing_values > 0].
      ↪sort_values(ascending=False))
```

```

Percentage of Missing Values per Column:
Series([], dtype: float64)

```

```
[38]: # Dropping Columns with more than 50% missing values
threshold = 0.5
cols = df.columns[missing_values > threshold]
df.drop(cols, axis=1, inplace=True)
```

```
[ ]: # Mode fill for discrete(categorical) features
mode_cols = ['Bsmt Half Bath', 'Bsmt Full Bath', 'Electrical']
for col in mode_cols:
    df[col].fillna(df[col].mode()[0], inplace=True)

# Median fill for numeric features
median_cols = ['BsmtFin SF 1', 'BsmtFin SF 2', 'Bsmt Unf SF', 'Total_
      ↪Bsmt SF', 'Garage Cars', 'Garage Area']
for col in median_cols:
    df[col].fillna(df[col].median(), inplace=True)
```

```
[59]: # Checking the percentage of missing values after filling
print("Percentage of Missing Values after filling:")
(df.isnull().sum() / len(df)) * 100
```

```
Percentage of Missing Values after filling:
```

```
[59]: Order          0.0
      PID            0.0
      MS SubClass    0.0
      MS Zoning      0.0
      Lot Frontage   0.0

```

```

Mo Sold      ...
Yr Sold      0.0
Sale Type    0.0
Sale Condition 0.0
SalePrice    0.0
Length: 66, dtype: float64

```

```

[ ]: # What is Correlation Matrix ?
# The correlation matrix is a table that shows the correlation_
↪ coefficients between many variables.
# Each cell in the table displays the correlation between two_
↪ variables.
# The value is between -1 and 1. A value closer to 1 means a strong_
↪ positive correlation, while a value closer to -1 means a strong_
↪ negative correlation.

```

```

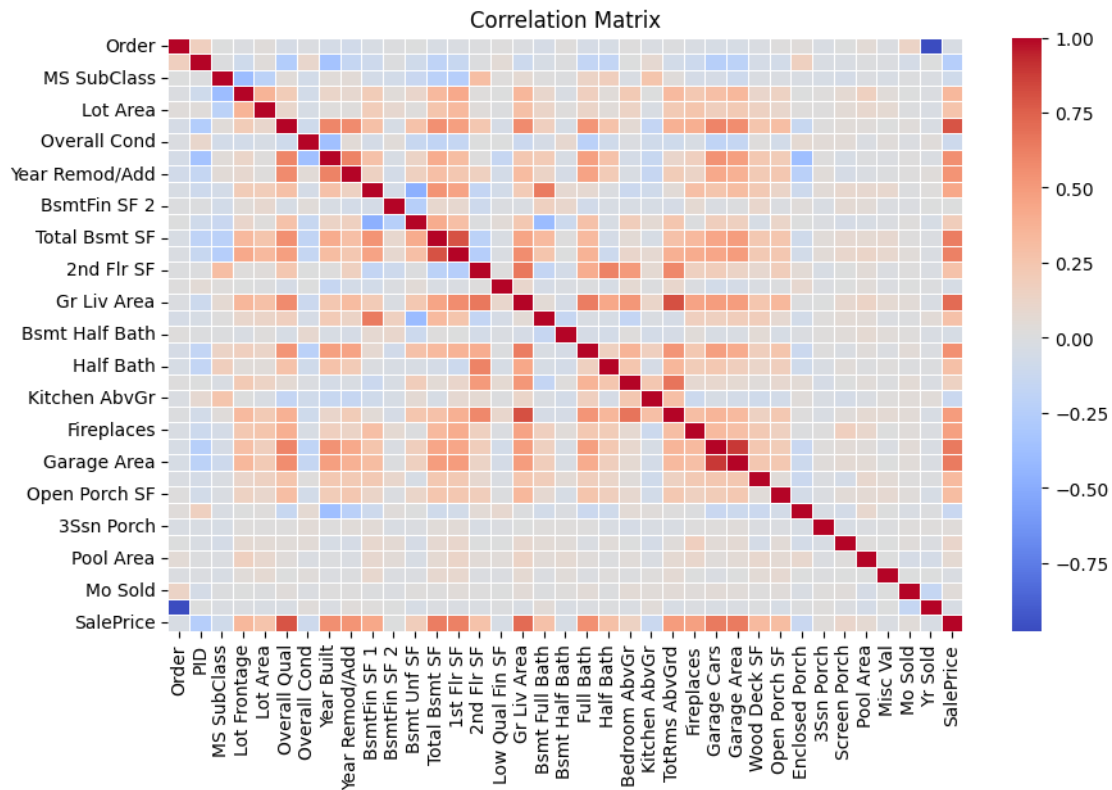
[67]: # Correlation Matrix

plt.figure(figsize = (10,6))

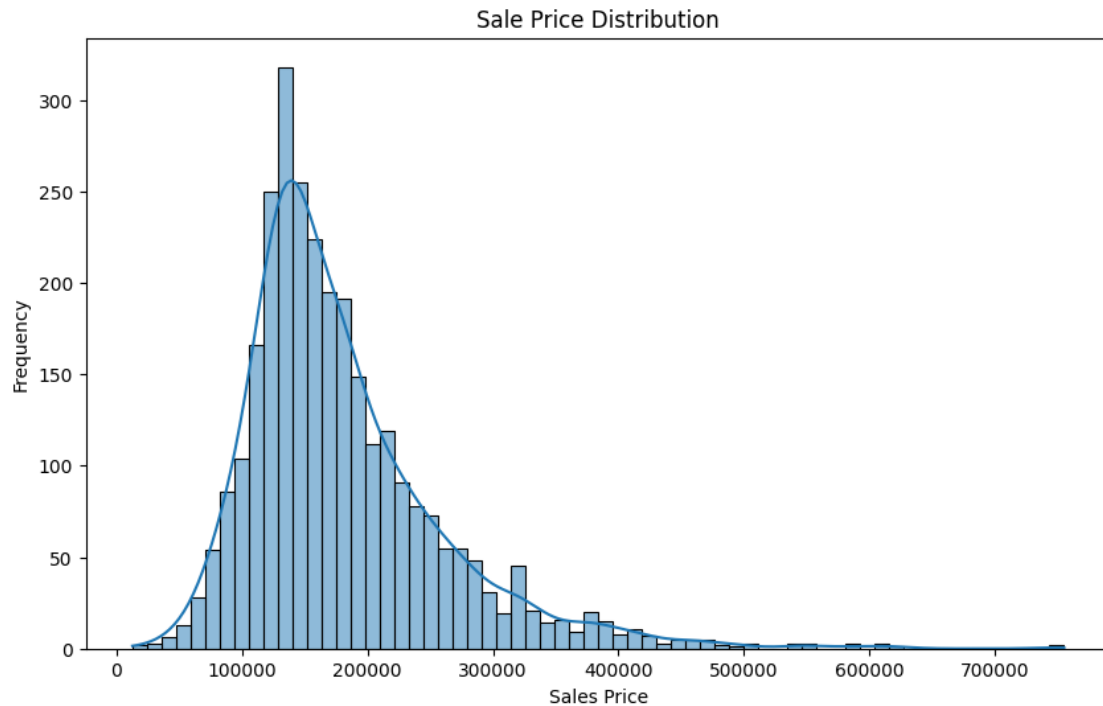
# Selecting only numeric data for correlation matrix
numeric_data = df.select_dtypes(include = [np.number])
# Note: numeric_data.corr(): It returns a correlation matrix of only_
↪ the numeric columns in your DataFrame.
sns.heatmap(numeric_data.corr(),cmap = _
↪ "coolwarm",annot=False,linewidths=0.5)
plt.title("Correlation Matrix")

plt.show()

```



```
[72]: # Price Distribution
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.histplot(df['SalePrice'],kde = True)
plt.title("Sale Price Distribution")
plt.xlabel("Sales Price")
plt.ylabel("Frequency")
plt.show()
```



```
[ ]: # Clearly the distribution is right skewed, indicating that most
      ↪ houses are sold at lower prices, with fewer houses sold at higher
      ↪ prices.
      # There are a few outliers on the higher end of the price spectrum,
      ↪ which is common in real estate data.
```

```
[ ]: # There's a way to find outliers using the Interquartile Range (IQR)
      ↪ method.
      # Steps to find outliers using IQR:
      # 1. Calculate the first quartile (Q1) and third quartile (Q3) of
      ↪ the data.
      # 2. Compute the interquartile range (IQR) as Q3 - Q1.
      # 3. Determine the lower bound as Q1 - 1.5 * IQR and the upper bound
      ↪ as Q3 + 1.5 * IQR.
      # 4. Any data point outside these bounds is considered an outlier.

      def find_outliers_iqr(data):
          Q1 = np.percentile(data,25)
          Q3 = np.percentile(data,75)
          IQR = Q3 - Q1
          lower_bound = Q1 - 1.5 * IQR
          upper_bound = Q3 + 1.5 * IQR
          outliers = data[(data < lower_bound) | (data > upper_bound)]
```

```

    return outliers

# Finding outliers in SalePrice
outliers = find_outliers_iqr(df['SalePrice'])
print(f"Number of outliers in SalePrice: {len(outliers)}")

# Note:
# What to do with outliers?
# 1. Remove them: If they are errors or not relevant to the analysis.
# 2. Transform them: Use transformations like log or square root to_
    ↪ reduce their impact.
# 3. Keep them: If they are valid observations that provide_
    ↪ important information.

# For this dataset, we will keep the outliers as they may represent_
    ↪ high-value properties that are important for analysis.

```

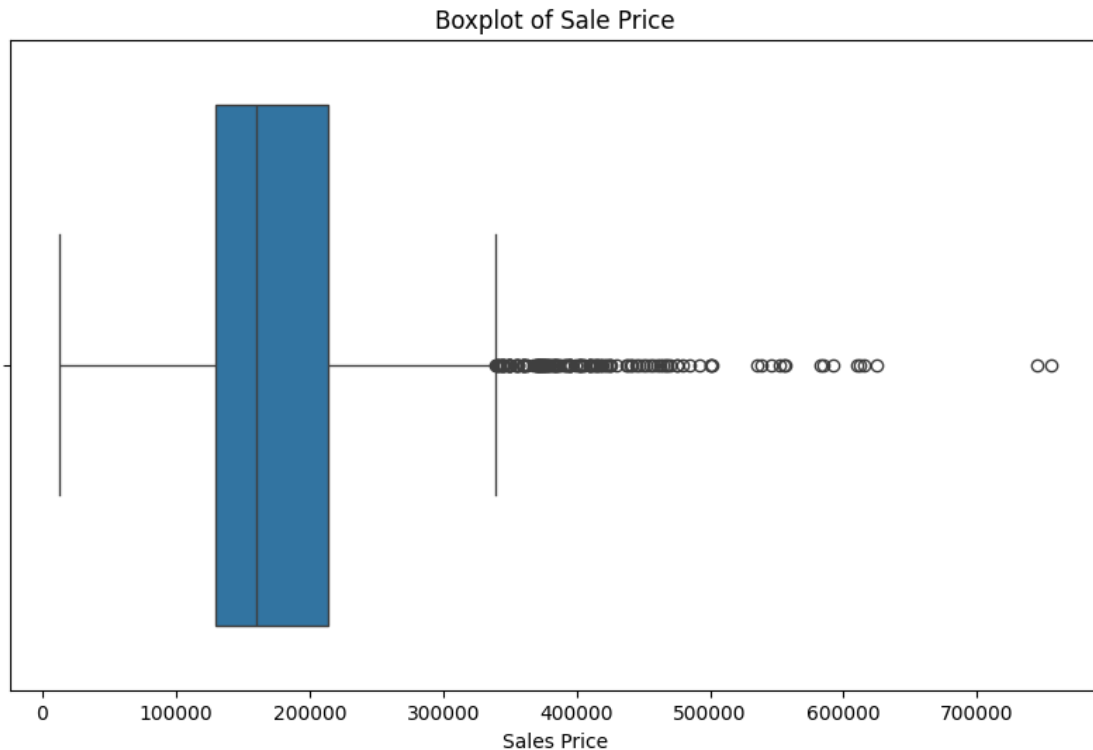
Number of outliers in SalePrice: 137

```

[79]: # Visualizing Outliers
# Why do we visualize outliers?
# Visualizing outliers helps to understand their distribution and_
    ↪ impact on the dataset.
# It allows us to see how they affect the overall analysis and_
    ↪ whether they should be treated differently.

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.boxplot(x=df['SalePrice'])
plt.title("Boxplot of Sale Price")
plt.xlabel("Sales Price")
plt.show()

```

```
[ ]: # What can we conclude from the boxplot?
# The boxplot shows that the majority of the data is concentrated in
↳ the lower price range, with a few high-value outliers.
# The whiskers extend to the lower and upper bounds, while the
↳ outliers are represented as individual points beyond these bounds.
# This indicates that while most houses are sold at lower prices,
↳ there are a few high-value properties that significantly impact
↳ the average price.
```

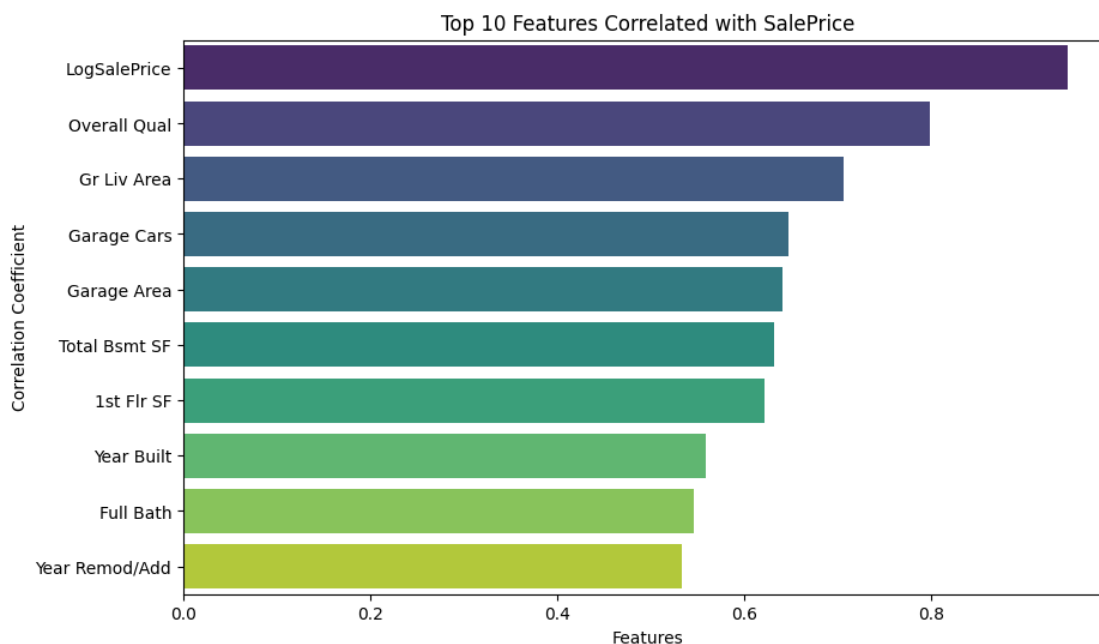
```
[90]: # Finding highly correlated features with SalePrice
numeric_df = df.select_dtypes(include=[np.number])
correlation_matrix = numeric_df.corr()

# Selecting features with correlation greater than 0.5 with SalePrice
highly_correlated_features =
↳ correlation_matrix['SalePrice'][abs(correlation_matrix['SalePrice'])
↳ > 0.5].index.tolist()
print("Features highly correlated with SalePrice:")
print(highly_correlated_features)
```

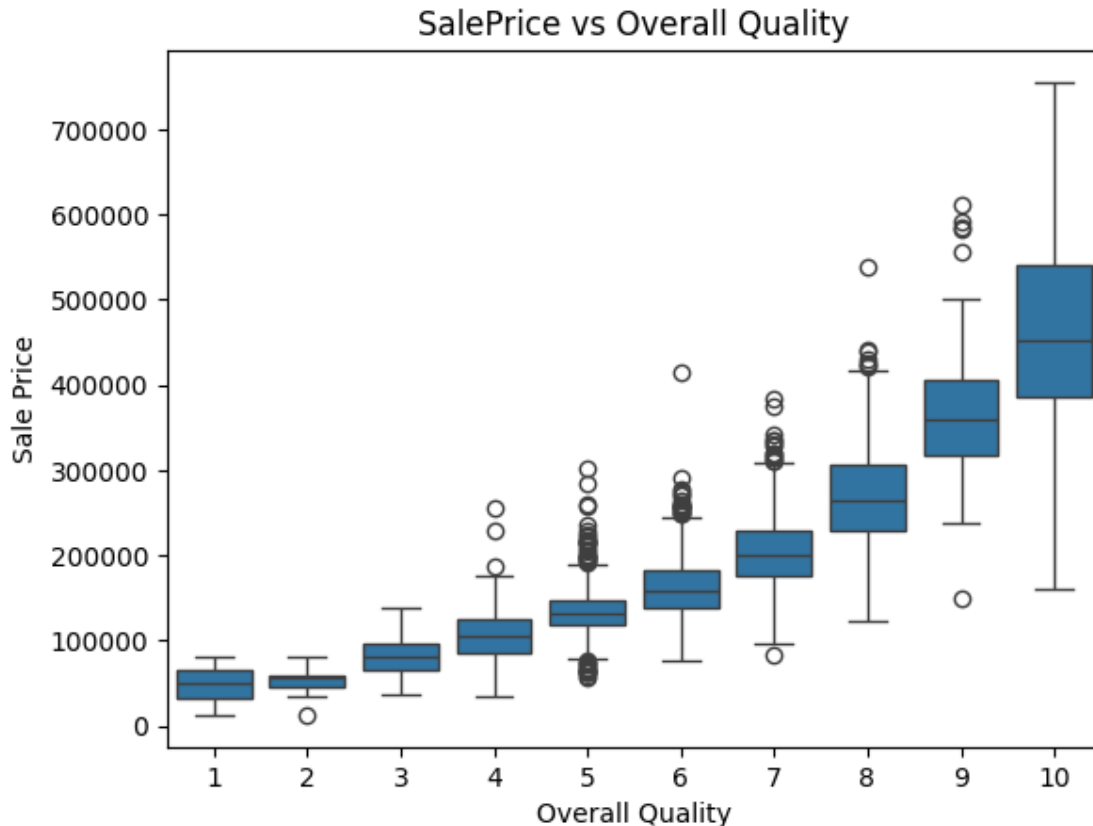
Features highly correlated with SalePrice:
 ['Overall Qual', 'Year Built', 'Year Remod/Add', 'Total Bsmt SF',
 ↳ '1st Flr SF',

```
'Gr Liv Area', 'Full Bath', 'Garage Cars', 'Garage Area', 'SalePrice',  
'LogSalePrice']
```

```
[ ]: # Visualizing the relationship between SalePrice and highly_  
      ↪ correlated features  
  
# Sorting and plotting the top 10 features  
corr_matrix = correlation_matrix['SalePrice'].drop('SalePrice')  
top_10_features = corr_matrix.abs().sort_values(ascending=False).  
      ↪ head(10)  
plt.figure(figsize = (10,6))  
sns.barplot(x = top_10_features.values, y = top_10_features.index,_  
      ↪ palette='viridis')  
plt.title("Top 10 Features Correlated with SalePrice")  
plt.xlabel("Features")  
plt.ylabel("Correlation Coefficient")  
plt.show()
```



```
[ ]: # How does Overall Qual affect SalePrice?  
sns.boxplot(x='Overall Qual', y='SalePrice', data=df)  
plt.title("SalePrice vs Overall Quality")  
plt.xlabel("Overall Quality")  
plt.ylabel("Sale Price")  
plt.show()
```



```
[ ]: # What can we conclude from this boxplot?
# The boxplot shows that as the overall quality of the house_
    ↪ increases, the sale price also tends to increase.
# Higher quality houses (with higher Overall Qual ratings) have a_
    ↪ wider range of sale prices, indicating that they are generally_
    ↪ more expensive.
# This suggests that overall quality is a significant factor in_
    ↪ determining the sale price of a house.
```

```
[103]: # We can also create new features based on existing ones to enhance_
    ↪ our analysis.

# Total bathrooms
df['Total Bathrooms'] = df['Full Bath'] + df['Half Bath'] + df['Bsmt_
    ↪ Full Bath'] + df['Bsmt Half Bath']

# Total Square Footage
df['Total Square Footage'] = df['Gr Liv Area'] + df['Total Bsmt SF']_
    ↪ + df['Garage Area']
```

```

# House Age
df['House Age'] = df['Yr Sold'] - df['Year Built']

# IsRemodelled
df['IsRemodelled'] = (df['Year Remod/Add'] != df['Year Built']).
    .astype(int)

# Price per Square Foot
df['Price per Sq Ft'] = df['SalePrice'] / df['Total Square Footage']

```

```

[104]: # Visualizing the new features
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.scatterplot(x='Total Square Footage', y='SalePrice', data=df)
plt.title("Total Square Footage vs Sale Price")
plt.xlabel("Total Square Footage")
plt.ylabel("Sale Price")
plt.show()

```



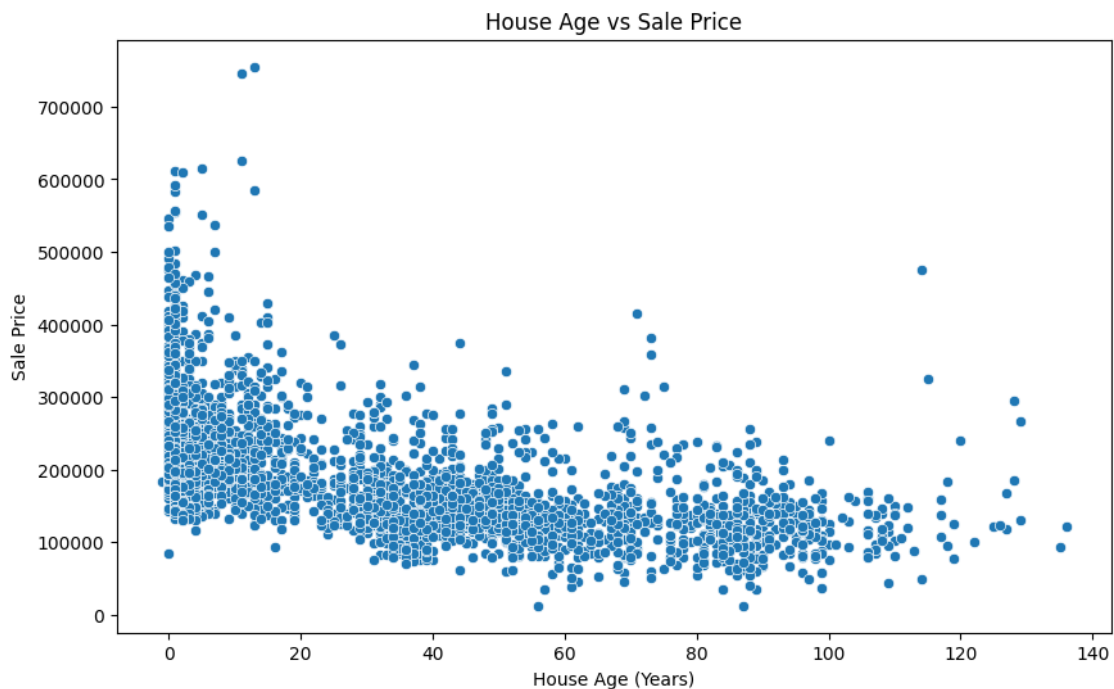
```

[ ]: # What can we conclude from the boxplot?
# The scatter plot shows a positive correlation between total square
    ↳ footage and sale price.
# As the total square footage of the house increases, the sale price
    ↳ also tends to increase.

```

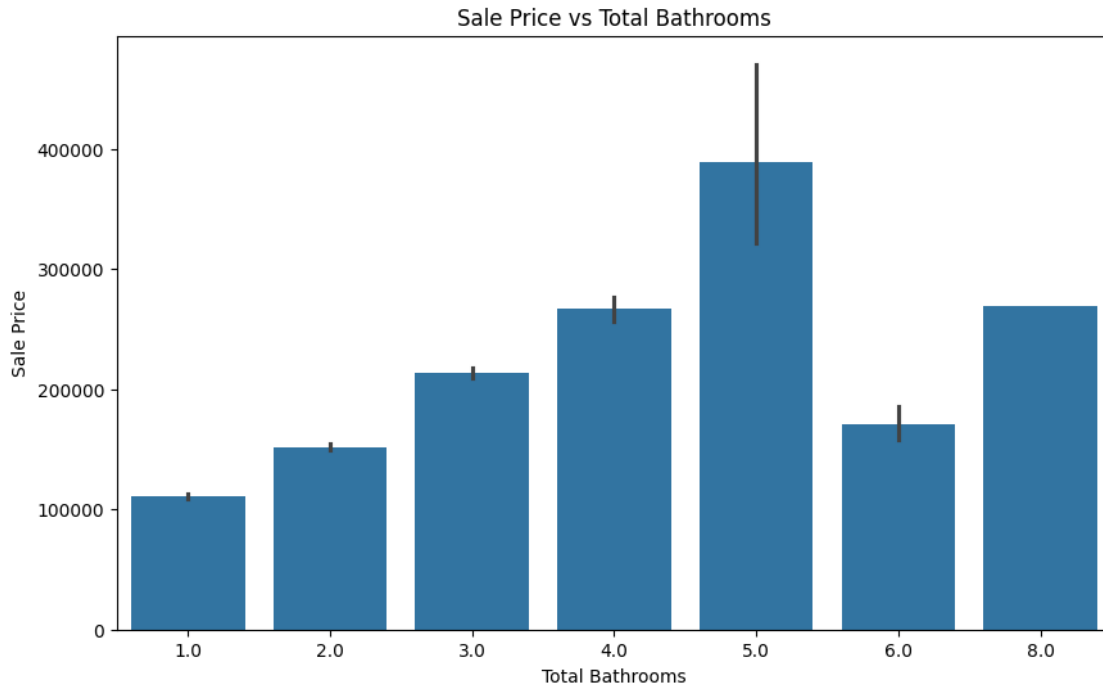
```
# This suggests that larger houses generally command higher prices_
↳ in the real estate market. And of course there are exceptions.
```

```
[105]: # Visualizing the relationship between House Age and Sale Price
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.scatterplot(x='House Age', y='SalePrice', data=df)
plt.title("House Age vs Sale Price")
plt.xlabel("House Age (Years)")
plt.ylabel("Sale Price")
plt.show()
```



```
[ ]: # What can we conclude from the boxplot?
# The scatter plot shows that there is a general trend where older_
↳ houses tend to have lower sale prices.
```

```
[109]: # Visualizing if the number of bathrooms affects the Sale Price
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.barplot(x='Total Bathrooms', y='SalePrice', data=df)
plt.title("Sale Price vs Total Bathrooms")
plt.xlabel("Total Bathrooms")
plt.ylabel("Sale Price")
plt.show()
```



- ```
[]: # What can we conclude from the barplot?
The bar plot shows that as the number of total bathrooms_
 ↪ increases, the sale price also tends to increase.

[]: # This is where we end the exploratory data analysis (EDA) for the_
 ↪ Ames Housing dataset.
We have explored the dataset, handled missing values, visualized_
 ↪ distributions, identified outliers, and created new features.
Hope this analysis helps you understand the dataset better and_
 ↪ provides insights into the factors affecting house prices in_
 ↪ Ames, Iowa.
And I do hope if you could suggest any improvements or additional_
 ↪ analyses that could be performed on this dataset, it would be_
 ↪ greatly appreciated.
```