

又 $\frac{L}{K} = \frac{2}{1}$ $A: 106 > 103$ 故 租 4 甲 $W=5$

③

(A). 技术 A 的成本函数 $T(A) = \text{生产成本} + \text{权利}$

$$\text{生产成本} = q = \frac{L}{2} = \frac{K}{4} \Rightarrow K = 4q \Rightarrow C = 1 \times 2q + 2 \times 4q = 10q$$

$$T_{CA} = 10q + 40 \text{ 元}$$

$$q = \frac{L}{4} = \frac{K}{2} \Rightarrow L = 4q, K = 2q \Rightarrow C = 1 \times 4q + 2 \times 2q = 8q$$

$$T_{CB} = 8q + 100 \text{ 元}$$

(B) $q=20$ $T_{CA}=240$ $T_{CB}=260$ 应买 A 技术,

(C) $q=40$, $T_{CA}=440$ $T_{CB}=420$ 应买 B 技术.

(D) 令 $T_{CA} < T_{CB}$, 则 $q < 30$ 买 A 技术

④

生产函数 $q = 10L^{0.5}K^{0.5}$, 且 $W=Y=10$

(A) $q = 10L^{0.5}K^{0.5} \rightarrow L^* = \frac{q^2}{100K}$

$$STC = 10L^* + 10K = \frac{q^2}{10K} + 10K$$

$$AC = \frac{q}{10K} + \frac{10K}{q}, MC = \frac{q}{5K}$$

(B) $\frac{\partial STC}{\partial K} = \frac{-q^2}{10K^2} + 10 = 0 \Rightarrow K^2 = \frac{q^2}{10}$, 代入 STC

$$TC = STC(K=\bar{K}) = \frac{q^2}{10 \cdot \frac{q}{10}} + 10 \cdot \frac{q}{10} = 2q \text{ 元}$$