

隨堂3: 已知  $n=40$ ,  $Q^d = 2000 - 10P$ ,  $STC = Q^2 + 80Q + 300$

(1) 廠商短期供給 (2) 市場供給 (3) 市場均衡價格 & 數量 (4) 廠商最適數量 & 利潤

ANS: (1)  $P > AVC$

$$MC = \frac{dSTC}{dQ} = 2Q + 80$$

$$AVC = \frac{VC}{Q} = \frac{Q^2 + 80Q}{Q} = Q + 80$$

(P) > AVC

$$MC > AVC \quad (2Q + 80) > (Q + 80) \quad \text{恆成立}$$

$$P = 2Q + 80 \quad \#$$

$$(2) Q^S = \sum_{i=1}^{40} q_i$$

$$= 40 \left( \frac{P}{2} - 40 \right)$$

$$= 20P - 1600 \quad \#$$

$$(3) S = D$$

$$20P - 1600 = 2000 - 10P$$

$$P^* = 120, \quad Q^* = 800 \quad \#$$

(4)

$$Q = \frac{P}{2} - 40$$

$$= \frac{120}{2} - 40$$

$$= 20$$

$$\pi = TR - TC$$

$$= 120 \times 20 - (20^2 + 80 \times 20 + 300)$$

$$= 2400 - 2300$$

$$= 100 \quad \#$$