C1 Controls and Latin-1 Supplement

Range: 0080-00FF

This file contains an excerpt from the character code tables and list of character names for *The Unicode Standard, Version 9.0*

This file may be changed at any time without notice to reflect errata or other updates to the Unicode Standard. See http://www.unicode.org/errata/ for an up-to-date list of errata.

See http://www.unicode.org/charts/ for access to a complete list of the latest character code charts. See http://www.unicode.org/charts/PDF/Unicode-9.0/ for charts showing only the characters added in Unicode 9.0. See http://www.unicode.org/Public/9.0.0/charts/ for a complete archived file of character code charts for Unicode 9.0.

Disclaimer

These charts are provided as the online reference to the character contents of the Unicode Standard, Version 9.0 but do not provide all the information needed to fully support individual scripts using the Unicode Standard. For a complete understanding of the use of the characters contained in this file, please consult the appropriate sections of The Unicode Standard, Version 9.0, online at http://www.unicode.org/versions/Unicode9.0.0/, as well as Unicode Standard Annexes #9, #11, #14, #15, #24, #29, #31, #34, #38, #41, #42, #44, and #45, the other Unicode Technical Reports and Standards, and the Unicode Character Database, which are available online.

See http://www.unicode.org/ucd/ and http://www.unicode.org/reports/

A thorough understanding of the information contained in these additional sources is required for a successful implementation.

Fonts

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See http://www.unicode.org/charts/fonts.html for a list.

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See http://www.unicode.org/pending/pending.html and http://www.unicode.org/alloc/Pipeline.html.

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	800	009	00A	00B	00C	00D	00E	00F
0	XXX	DCS 0090	NB SP 00A0	O 00B0	À	Ð 00D0	à 00E0	ð 00F0
1	XXX 0081	PU1 0091	00A1	<u>+</u>	Á	$ ilde{ ilde{\mathbf{N}}}_{ to0D1}$	á	$ ilde{ ilde{n}}_{\scriptscriptstyle{00F1}}$
2	BPH 0082	PU2 0092	¢	2 00B2	Â	Ò	â	ò
3	NBH	[STS] 0093	£	3 00B3	Ã	Ó 00D3	ã	Ó
4	[I ND]	(CCH)	Ö	00B4	Ä	Ô	ä	ô
5	NEL 0085	MW 0095	¥ 00A5	µ	Å	Õ 00D5	å	Õ
6	SSA 0086	SPA 0096	I I 00A6	¶ 00B6	Æ 000C6	Ö	æ	Ö
7	[ESA]	[EPA]	§	• 00B7	Ç	X 00D7	Ç	• • 00F7
8	HTS	[SOS]	• • 00A8	5 00B8	È	Ø 00D8	è 00E8	Ø 00F8
9	HT J	[XXX]	© 00A9	1 00B9	É	Ù	é	ù 00F9
Α	008A	SCI 009A	<u>a</u>	<u>O</u>	Ê	Ú	ê	ú 00FA
В	PLD 008B	[CSI]	≪ 00AB	>>> 00BB	Ë	Û	ë 00EB	û OOFB
С	PLU 008C	(ST)	-	1/4 00BC	Ì	Ü	1	ü
D	(RI)	[OSC]	(SHY)	1/2 00BD	Í	$\mathbf{\hat{Y}}_{00DD}$	1 00ED	ý
E	SS2 008E	PM 009E	R OOAE	3/4 00BE	Î	þ	1	þ 00FE
F	SS3	APC 009F	00AF	Č 00BF	Ï 00CF	ß	1	ÿ _{00FF}

C1 controls			009F	APC	<control></control>
Alias names are those for ISO/IEC 6429:1992.					= APPLICATION PROGRAM COMMAND
0800	xxx	<control></control>	Latin-	-1 pu	ınctuation and symbols
0081	xxx	<control></control>	Based	on IS	50/IEC 8859-1 (aka Latin-1) from here.
0082	ВРН	<control></control>	00A0	NB SP	NO-BREAK SPACE
		= BREAK PERMITTED HERE			 commonly abbreviated as NBSP
0000	r1	→ 200B 🐺 zero width space			→ 0020 sp space
0083	NBH	<control> = NO BREAK HERE</control>			→ 2007 🚮 figure space
		→ 2060 w word joiner			→ 202F RP narrow no-break space
0084	IND	<control></control>			→ 2060 w word joiner
0001	13	• formerly known as INDEX			→ FEFF see zero width no-break space
0085	NEL	<control></control>	00A1		≈ <nobreak> 0020 st INVERTED EXCLAMATION MARK</nobreak>
		= NEXT LINE (NEL)	UUAT	i	• Spanish, Asturian, Galician
0086	SSA	<control></control>			→ 0021! exclamation mark
	,	= START OF SELECTED AREA	00A2	¢	CENT SIGN
0087	ESA	<control></control>	00A3	£	POUND SIGN
0088	[]	= END OF SELECTED AREA <control></control>			= pound sterling, Irish punt, Italian lira, Turkish
0000	нтѕ	= CHARACTER TABULATION SET			lira, etc.
0089	нтј	<control></control>			→ 20A4 £ lira sign
0000	1	= CHARACTER TABULATION WITH			→ 20BA ₺ turkish lira sign → 10192 ₺ roman semuncia sign
		JUSTIFICATION	00A4	¤	CURRENCY SIGN
A800	VTS	<control></control>	00/ 1	~	other currency symbol characters:
0000	100001	= LINE TABULATION SET			20A0 € —20BA ₺
008B	PLD	<control> = PARTIAL LINE FORWARD</control>			→ 0024 \$ dollar sign
008C	PLU	<control></control>	00A5	¥	YEN SIGN
0000		= PARTIAL LINE BACKWARD			= yuan sign
008D	RI	<control></control>			• glyph may have one or two crossbars, but
		= REVERSE LINE FEED	00A6	1	official symbol in Japan and China has two BROKEN BAR
008E	SS2	<control></control>	UUAU	ı	= broken vertical bar (1.0)
0005	r1	= SINGLE SHIFT TWO			= parted rule (in typography)
008F	SS3	<control> = SINGLE SHIFT THREE</control>	00A7	§	SECTION SIGN
0090	DCS	<control></control>			• paragraph sign in some European usage
0000		= DEVICE CONTROL STRING	8A00	••	DIAERESIS
0091	PU1	<control></control>			• this is a spacing character
		= PRIVATE USE ONE			→ 0308 ö combining diaeresis
0092	PU2	<control></control>	00A9	©	≈ 0020 se 0308 ° COPYRIGHT SIGN
0000	r1	= PRIVATE USE TWO	UUAS	C	→ 2117 ® sound recording copyright
0093	STS	<control> = SET TRANSMIT STATE</control>			→ 24B8 ⓒ circled latin capital letter c
0094	ссн	<control></control>			~ 00A9 FE0E text style
0054		= CANCEL CHARACTER			~ 00A9 FE0F emoji style
0095	MW	<control></control>	00AA	<u>a</u>	FEMININE ORDINAL INDICATOR
		= MESSAGE WAITING			• Spanish
0096	SPA	<control></control>			\approx <super> 0061 a</super>
0007	r1	= START OF GUARDED AREA	00AB	«	LEFT-POINTING DOUBLE ANGLE QUOTATION MARK
0097	EPA	<control> = END OF GUARDED AREA</control>			= left guillemet
0098	sos	<pre><control></control></pre>			= chevrons (in typography)
0030		= START OF STRING			• usually opening, sometimes closing
0099	xxx	<control></control>			→ 226Å ≪ much less-than
009A	scı	<control></control>			→ 300A 《 left double angle bracket
		= SINGLE CHARACTER INTRODUCER	00AC	¬	NOT SIGN
009B	csı	<control></control>			= angled dash (in typography)
0000	[= CONTROL SEQUENCE INTRODUCER	0040	SHY!	→ 2310 reversed not sign SOFT HYPHEN
009C	ST	<control> = STRING TERMINATOR</control>	00AD	SHY	= discretionary hyphen
009D	080	= STRING TERMINATOR <control></control>			• commonly abbreviated as SHY
บบฮบ	osc	= OPERATING SYSTEM COMMAND			in the second control of the second control
009E	PM	<control></control>			
		= PRIVACY MESSAGE			

00AE	R	REGISTERED SIGN	00B8		CEDILLA
		= registered trade mark sign (1.0)		,	• this is a spacing character
		→ 24C7 ® circled latin capital letter r			• other spacing accent characters:
		~ 00AE FE0E text style ~ 00AE FE0F emoji style			02D8 -02DB ,
00AF	-	MACRON			\rightarrow 0327 \circlearrowleft combining cedilla \approx 0020 $\stackrel{\text{SP}}{}$ 0327 \circlearrowleft
00711		= overline, APL overbar	00B9	1	SUPERSCRIPT ONE
		• this is a spacing character			→ 00B2 ² superscript two
		→ 02C9 ⁻ modifier letter macron			→ 00B3 ³ superscript three
		→ 0304 Ō combining macron	0004	0	\approx <super> 0031 1</super>
		→ 0305 ○ combining overline ≈ 0020 sp 0304 Ō	00BA	ō	MASCULINE ORDINAL INDICATOR
00B0	0	DEGREE SIGN			• Spanish ≈ <super> 006F o</super>
0020		• this is a spacing character	00BB	»	RIGHT-POINTING DOUBLE ANGLE QUOTATION
		→ 02DA ° ring above			MARK
		→ 030A ° combining ring above			= right guillemet
		→ 2070 ^o superscript zero			• usually closing, sometimes opening
00B1	+	→ 2218 · ring operator PLUS-MINUS SIGN			→ 226B ≫ much greater-than → 300B 》 right double angle bracket
0001	_	\rightarrow 2213 \mp minus-or-plus sign	Vulas	u fun	ections
00B2	2	SUPERSCRIPT TWO	_		n bar for these may be rendered horizontally or at
		= squared			other fraction characters, see 2150-215E.
		• other superscript digit characters:			VULGAR FRACTION ONE QUARTER
		2070 ° −2079 ° → 0089 ¹ superscript one			\approx <fraction> 0031 1 2044/ 0034 4</fraction>
		\approx <super> 0032 2</super>	00BD	1/2	VULGAR FRACTION ONE HALF
00B3	3	SUPERSCRIPT THREE			pprox <fraction> 0031 1 2044/ 0032 2</fraction>
		= cubed	00BE	3/4	VULGAR FRACTION THREE QUARTERS
		→ 00B9 ¹ superscript one			\approx <fraction> 0033 3 2044/ 0034 4</fraction>
00B4	,	≈ <super> 0033 3 ACUTE ACCENT</super>	Punct		
0004		• this is a spacing character	00BF	i	INVERTED QUESTION MARK = turned question mark
		→ 02B9 ′ modifier letter prime			• Spanish
		→ 02CA ′ modifier letter acute accent			→ 003F ? question mark
		→ 0301 6 combining acute accent			→ 2E2E ? reversed question mark
		→ 2032 ' prime ≈ 0020 9 0301 6	Lette	'S	
00B5	μ	MICRO SIGN	00C0	À	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH GRAVE
0020	Γ.	≈ 03BC µ greek small letter mu		,	≡ 0041 A 0300 े
00B6	\P	PILCROW SIGN	00C1	A	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH ACUTE
		= paragraph sign	00C2	Â	= 0041 A 0301 6
		• section sign in some European usage	0002	A	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX ≡ 0041 A 0302 ô
		 → 204B reversed pilcrow sign → 2761 curved stem paragraph sign 	00C3	Ã	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH TILDE
		ornament			≡ 0041 A 0303 õ
		→ 2E3F ♥ capitulum	00C4	Ä	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS
00B7	•	MIDDLE DOT	0005	٩	≡ 0041 A 0308 Ö
		= midpoint (in typography) = Georgian comma	00C5	A	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH RING ABOVE
		= Greek middle dot (ano teleia)			→ 212B Å angstrom sign ≡ 0041 A 030A °
		• also used as a raised decimal point or to denote	00C6	Æ	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER AE
		multiplication; for multiplication 22C5 · is			= latin capital ligature ae (1.1)
		preferred → 0387 · greek ano teleia	00C7	Ç	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH CEDILLA
		→ 16EB • runic single punctuation	0000	È	■ 0043 C 0327 Ş
		→ 2022 • bullet	00C8	È	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH GRAVE ≡ 0045 E 0300 Ò
		ightarrow 2024 . one dot leader	00C9	É	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH ACUTE
		→ 2027 · hyphenation point		_	= 0045 E 0301 €
		→ 2219 • bullet operator→ 22C5 • dot operator	00CA	Ê	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX
		\rightarrow 2E31 · word separator middle dot		<u></u>	≡ 0045 E 0302 ô
		→ 2E33 · raised dot	00CB	E	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH DIAERESIS
		ightarrow 30FB • katakana middle dot			≡ 0045 E 0308 Ö
		→ A78F • latin letter sinological dot			

00CC	Ì	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH GRAVE	00E3	ã	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH TILDE
0000	ŕ	≡ 0049 I 0300 ò			• Portuguese
00CD	Í	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH ACUTE ≡ 0049 I 0301 6	00E4	ä	≡ 0061 a 0303 Õ LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS
00CE	Î	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH CIRCUMFLEX	00E4	a	≡ 0061 a 0308 °
OOOL	1	■ 0049 I 0302 ô	00E5	å	
00CF	Ϊ	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS			 Danish, Norwegian, Swedish, Walloon
		≡ 0049 I 0308 Ö			≡ 0061 a 030A °
00D0	Đ	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER ETH	00E6	æ	LATIN SMALL LETTER AE
		• lowercase is 00F0 ð			= latin small ligature ae (1.1) = ash (from Old English æsc)
		→ 0110 Đ latin capital letter d with stroke → 0189 Đ latin capital letter african d			• Danish, Norwegian, Icelandic, Faroese, Old
00D1	Ñ	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH TILDE			English, French, IPA
		≡ 004E N 0303 õ			\rightarrow 0153 α latin small ligature oe
00D2	Ò	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH GRAVE	00E7	0	→ 04D5 æ cyrillic small ligature a ie LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH CEDILLA
0000	á	≡ 004F O 0300 ò	00E <i>1</i>	ç	$\equiv 0063 \text{ c} 0327 $
00D3	Ó	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH ACUTE ≡ 004F O 0301 6	00E8	è	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH GRAVE
00D4	Ô	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX			≡ 0065 e 0300 ò
0001	Ü	≡ 004F O 0302 ô	00E9	é	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH ACUTE
00D5	Õ	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH TILDE	0054	^	= 0065 e 0301 €
		≡ 004F O 0303 õ	00EA	ê	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX ≡ 0065 e 0302 ô
00D6	Ö	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH DIAERESIS	00EB	ë	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH DIAERESIS
		≡ 004F O 0308 Ö	OOLD	·	≡ 0065 e 0308 ö
	ema	tical operator	00EC	ì	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH GRAVE
00D7	×	MULTIPLICATION SIGN			• Italian, Malagasy
		= z notation Cartesian product → 274C ★ cross mark	0050	,	≡ 0069 i 0300 ò
Lette		7 27 AC VV CIOSS Maik	00ED	í	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH ACUTE ≡ 0069 i 0301 €
00D8	os Ø	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH STROKE	00EE	î	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH CIRCUMFLEX
0000	Ø	= 0 slash			≡ 0069 i 0302 ô
		→ 2205 Ø empty set	00EF	ï	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS
00D9	Ù	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH GRAVE	0050	٧.	≡ 0069 i 0308 ö
0004	T T	≡ 0055 U 0300 ò	00F0	ð	LATIN SMALL LETTER ETH
00DA	Ú	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH ACUTE ≡ 0055 U 0301 6			 Icelandic, Faroese, Old English, IPA uppercase is 00D0 D
00DB	Û	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH CIRCUMFLEX			\rightarrow 03B4 δ greek small letter delta
0055	Ü	≡ 0055 U 0302 ô			\rightarrow 2202 ∂ partial differential
00DC	Ü	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS	00F1	ñ	LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH TILDE
	ر.	≡ 0055 U 0308 ö	0050	2	≡ 006E n 0303 Õ
00DD	Ý	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH ACUTE	00F2	Ò	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH GRAVE ≡ 006F o 0300 ò
00DE	ь	≡ 0059 Y 0301 6 LATIN CAPITAL LETTER THORN	00F3	ó	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH ACUTE
00DE	ß	LATIN SMALL LETTER SHARP S			≡ 006F o 0301 ó
		= Eszett	00F4	ô	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX
		• German	0055	~	≡ 006F o 0302 ô
		• uppercase is "SS"	00F5	õ	• Portuguese, Estonian
		 nonstandard uppercase is 1E9E ß typographically the glyph for this character can 			\equiv 006F o 0303 $\tilde{\circ}$
		be based on a ligature of 017F f with either	00F6	ö	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH DIAERESIS
		0073 ${f s}$ or with an old-style glyph for 007A ${f z}$			≡006F o 0308 ö
		(the latter similar in appearance to 0292 3). Both forms exist interchangeably today.			
		\rightarrow 03B2 β greek small letter beta			
00E0	à	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH GRAVE			
		≡ 0061 a 0300 ò			
00E1	á	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH ACUTE			
00E2	â	≡ 0061 a 0301 6 LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX			
JULZ	а	≡ 0061 a 0302 ô			

Mathematical operator

- 00F7 ÷ DIVISION SIGN
 - = obelus
 - occasionally used as an alternate, more visually distinct version of 2212 — or 2011 in some contexts
 - historically used as a punctuation mark to denote questionable passages in manuscripts
 - → 070B ⁻⁻ syriac harklean obelus
 - → 2052 % commercial minus sign
 - \rightarrow 2212 minus sign
 - \rightarrow 2215 / division slash
 - → 2223 | divides
 - → 2236: ratio
 - → 2797 ÷ heavy division sign

Letters

- 00F8 Ø LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH STROKE
 - = o slash
 - Danish, Norwegian, Faroese, IPA
- 00F9 ù LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH GRAVE
 - French, Italian
 - ≡ 0075 u 0300 ò
- 00FA $\,\dot{u}\,$ LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH ACUTE
 - **=** 0075 **u** 0301 6
- 00FB \hat{u} Latin small letter u with circumflex
 - ≡ 0075 **u** 0302 **î**
- 00FC ü LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS
 - ≡ 0075 u 0308 ö
- 00FD ý LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH ACUTE
 - Czech, Slovak, Icelandic, Faroese, Welsh, Malagasy
 - $\equiv 0079 \, \mathbf{y} \, 0301 \, 6$
- 00FE b LATIN SMALL LETTER THORN
 - Icelandic, Old English, phonetics
 - Runic letter borrowed into Latin script
 - → 16A6 runic letter thurisaz thurs thorn
- 00FF ÿ LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH DIAERESIS
 - French, medieval Hungarian orthography
 - uppercase is 0178 \ddot{Y}
 - **≡** 0079 **y** 0308 ö