# Bayesian Modelling of Loss Curves in Insurance

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### Structure of Talk

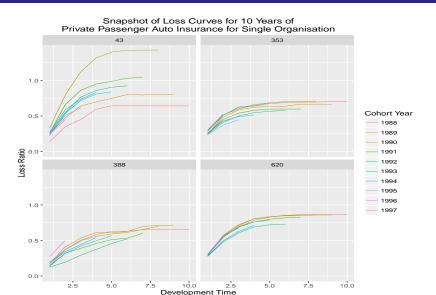
- Loss Curves
- Chain Ladder Modelling (package ChainLadder)
- Loss Growth Modelling
- Expanding the Model
- Posterior Predictive Checks
- Summary



#### Loss Curves

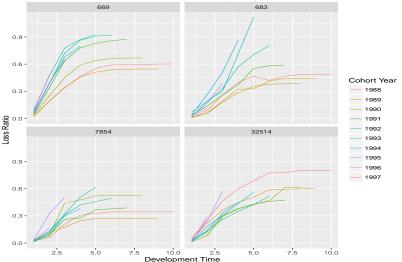
```
use_grcode <- c(43,353,388,620)
ppauto_ss_dt <- ppauto_dt[GRCODE %in% use_grcode
                         ][DevelopmentYear < 1998
                         ][, .(grcode
                                           = GRCODE
                              .accvear
                                           = AccidentYear
                              .devlag
                                           = DevelopmentLag
                                           = EarnedPremDIR_B
                              ,premium
                              ,cumloss
                                           = CumPaidLoss_B
                              ,loss_ratio = CumPaidLoss_B / EarnedPremDIR_B)]
print(dcast(ppauto_ss_dt[grcode == 43]
            ,grcode + accyear + premium ~ devlag
            ,value.var = 'cumloss'),digits=3)
##
       grcode accyear premium
                                  1
                                          2
                                                3
                                                      4
                                                             5
                                                                   6
##
    1:
           43
                  1988
                           957
                                        333
                                              431
                                                    570
                                                           615
                                                                 615
                                                                        615
                                                                            614
    2.
           43
                  1989
                          3695
                                  934
                                       1746
                                             2365
                                                    2579
                                                          2763
                                                                2966
                                                                       2940 2978 2978
##
    3.
           43
                  1990
                          6138
                                 2030
                                       4864
                                             6880
                                                   8087
                                                          8595
                                                                8743
                                                                      8763 8762
                                                                                       NA
    4.
           43
                  1991
                                 4537 11527 15123 16656 17321 18076 18308
                                                                              NA
                                                                                   NΔ
                                                                                       NΔ
##
    5.
           43
                  1992
                         29341
                                 7564 16061 22465 25204 26517 27124
                                                                        NA
                                                                              NA
                                                                                   NA
                                                                                       NA
    6:
           43
                  1993
                         37194
                                 8343 19900 26732 30079 31249
                                                                  NA
                                                                        NA
                                                                              NA
                                                                                   NA
                                                                                       NA
    7:
           43
                  1994
                         46095 12565 26922 33867 38338
                                                                  NA
                                                                        NA
                                                                              NA
                                                                                   NA
                                                                                       NA
    8:
           43
                  1995
                         51512 13437 26012 31677
                                                            NA
                                                                  NA
                                                                              NA
                                                                                   NA
                                                                                       NA
                                                                        NA
##
   9:
           43
                  1996
                         52481 12604 23446
                                               NA
                                                      ΜΔ
                                                            NΔ
                                                                  NA
                                                                        NA
                                                                              NA
                                                                                   NA
                                                                                       NA
## 10:
           43
                  1997
                         56978 12292
                                         NA
                                               NA
                                                      NA
                                                            NA
                                                                  NA
                                                                        NA
                                                                              NA
                                                                                   NA NA
```







### Snapshot of Loss Curves for 10 Years of Product Liability Insurance for Single Organisation

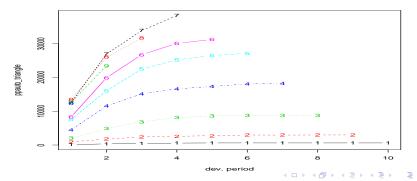




roduction Loss Curves **Chain Ladder** Loss Growth Modelling Model Iteration PPC Summary

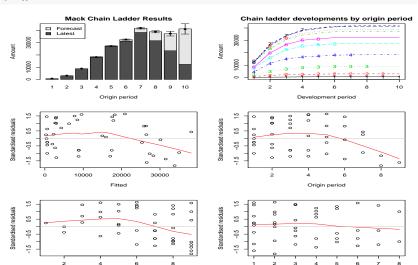
### Chain Ladder

#### Standard R approach is ChainLadder



```
ppauto_mack <- MackChainLadder(ppauto_triangle, est.sigma = "Mack")
ppauto_mack$f
## [1] 2.10486 1.29968 1.12655 1.04671 1.03069 1.00743 1.00292 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000
ppauto_mack$FullTriangle
##
        dev
## origin
                                                                                  10
##
                 333
                       431.0
                               570.0
                                       615.0
                                               615.0
                                                       615.0
                                                               614.0
                                                                       614.0
                                                                               614.0
                1746
                      2365.0 2579.0 2763.0 2966.0
                                                      2940.0 2978.0 2978.0 2978.0
          2030 4864 6880.0 8087.0 8595.0 8743.0 8763.0 8762.0 8762.0 8762.0
##
          4537 11527 15123.0 16656.0 17321.0 18076.0 18308.0 18361.5 18361.5 18361.5
##
          7564 16061 22465.0 25204.0 26517.0 27124.0 27325.6 27405.5 27405.5 27405.5
##
          8343 19900 26732.0 30079.0 31249.0 32208.1 32447.6 32542.4 32542.4 32542.4
      7 12565 26922 33867.0 38338.0 40128.7 41360.4 41667.9 41789.6 41789.6 41789.6
##
##
      8 13437 26012 31677.0 35685.7 37352.5 38499.0 38785.2 38898.6 38898.6 38898.6
       9 12604 23446 30472.3 34328.5 35932.0 37034.8 37310.1 37419.2 37419.2 37419.2
##
       10 12292 25873 33626.6 37882.0 39651.4 40868.4 41172.3 41292.6 41292.6 41292.6
##
```

#### plot(ppauto\_mack)





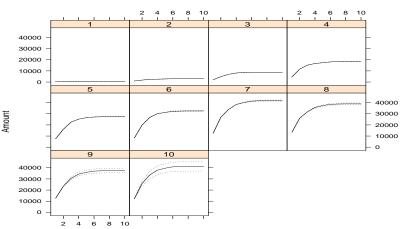
Development period

Calendar period

plot(ppauto\_mack, lattice = TRUE)

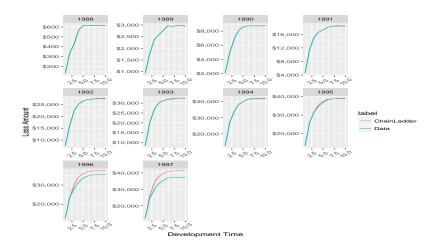
#### Chain ladder developments by origin period

Chain ladder dev. Mack's S.E.



Development period







### Loss Growth Modelling

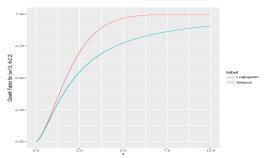
Model growth cumulative losses as function Scale losses by premium

$$g(t; \ \omega, heta) = 1 - \exp\left(-\left(rac{t}{ heta}
ight)^{\omega}
ight)$$

$$g(t; \omega, \theta) = \frac{t^{\omega}}{t^{\omega} + \theta^{\omega}}$$

Loglogistic Function

Weibull Function





Start with the Weibull model

$$g(t; \omega, \theta) = \frac{t^{\omega}}{t^{\omega} + \theta^{\omega}}$$

Treat as hierarchical model - group by Accident Year

$$\mathsf{Loss}_{\mathsf{Y},t} \sim \mathsf{Normal}(\mu_{\mathsf{L},\mathsf{Y},t},\sigma_{\mathsf{L}})$$

where

$$\begin{array}{rcl} \mu_{\mathsf{L},\mathsf{Y},t} & = & \mathsf{LR}_\mathsf{Y} \times \mathsf{P}_\mathsf{Y} \times \mathsf{g}(t;\,\omega,\theta) \\ \sigma_\mathsf{L} & = & \mathsf{P}_\mathsf{Y} \times \sigma \\ \mathsf{LR}_\mathsf{Y} & \sim & \mathsf{Lognormal}(\mu_\mathsf{LR},\sigma_\mathsf{LR}) \end{array}$$

Normal prior for  $\mu_{\rm LR}.$  Lognormal prior for  $\omega,~\theta,~\sigma_{\rm LR},~\sigma.$ 



```
functions {
  real growth_factor_weibull(real t, real omega, real theta) {
    real factor:
    factor <- 1 - exp(-(t/theta)^omega);
    return(factor);
  real growth_factor_loglogistic(real t, real omega, real theta) {
    real factor:
    factor <- ((t^omega) / (t^omega + theta^omega));
    return(factor):
data {
  int<lower=0,upper=1> growthmodel_id;
  int n_data;
  int n_time;
 int n_cohort;
  int cohort_id[n_data];
 int t_idx[n_data];
  real<lower=0> t_value[n_time];
  real premium[n_cohort];
 real loss[n_data];
  int cohort_maxtime[n_cohort];
```

```
parameters {
  real<lower=0> omega;
  real<lower=0> theta;
  real<lower=0> LR[n_cohort];
  real mu_LR;
  real<lower=0> sd_LR;
  real<lower=0> loss_sd;
transformed parameters {
  real gf[n_time];
  real loss_mean[n_cohort, n_time];
  for(i in 1:n_time) {
    if(growthmodel_id == 1) {
      gf[i] <- growth_factor_weibull
                                        (t_value[i], omega, theta);
    } else {
      gf[i] <- growth_factor_loglogistic(t_value[i], omega, theta);</pre>
  for(i in 1:n data) {
    loss_mean[cohort_id[i], t_idx[i]] <- LR[cohort_id[i]] * premium[cohort_id[i]] * gf[t_idx[i]];
```

```
model {
   mu_LR ~ normal(0, 0.5);
   sd_LR ~ lognormal(0, 0.5);

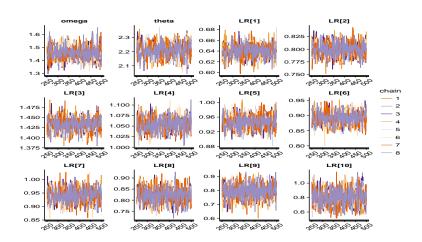
LR ~ lognormal(mu_LR, sd_LR);

loss_sd ~ lognormal(0, 0.7);

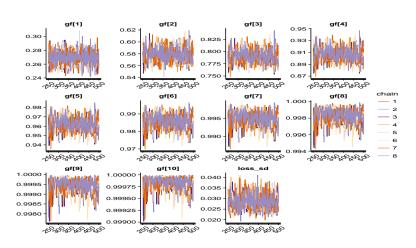
omega ~ lognormal(0, 1);
   theta ~ lognormal(0, 1);

for(i in 1:n_data) {
    loss[i] ~ normal(loss_mean[cohort_id[i], t_idx[i]], premium[cohort_id[i]] * loss_sd);
   }
}
```

### Stan Output



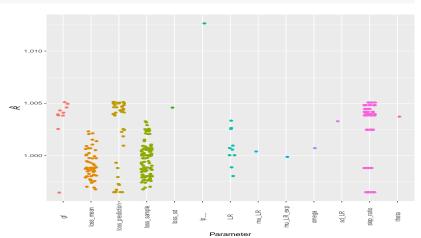






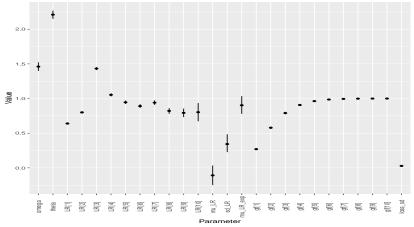
#### Check simple diagnostics:

## Warning: Removed 110 rows containing missing values (geom\_point).

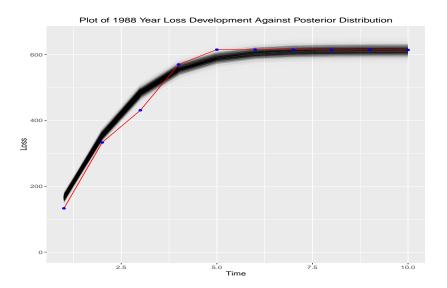




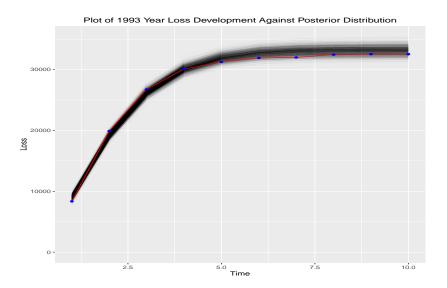
### Check parameter values:



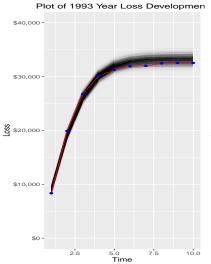


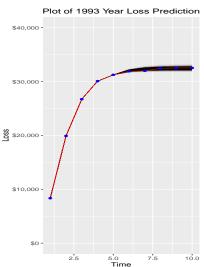




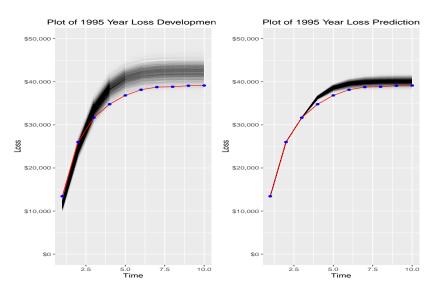




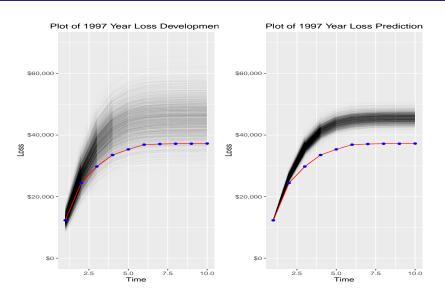














### Model Iteration

How might we expand this model?

Allow  $\omega$  and  $\theta$  to be part of the hierarchy:

$$egin{array}{cccc} \omega & 
ightarrow & \omega_1 \ heta & 
ightarrow & heta_1 \ heta & 
ightarrow & heta_2 \ \end{array}$$

Each Accident Year has individual  $(\omega_Y, \theta_Y)$  with

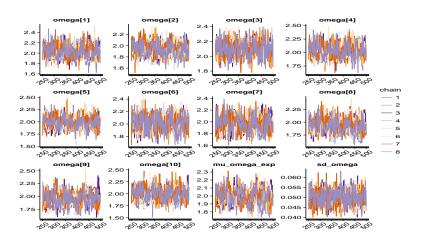
$$\omega_{
m Y} \sim {
m Lognormal}(\mu_{\omega}, \sigma_{\omega})$$
 $\theta_{
m Y} \sim {
m Lognormal}(\mu_{\theta}, \sigma_{\theta})$ 
 $\mu_{\omega} \sim {
m Normal}(0, 1)$ 
 $\sigma_{\omega} \sim {
m Lognormal}(-3, 0.1)$ 
 $\mu_{\theta} \sim {
m Normal}(0, 1)$ 

 $\sim$  Lognormal(-3, 0.1)



troduction Loss Curves Chain Ladder Loss Growth Modelling **Model Iteration** PPC Summary

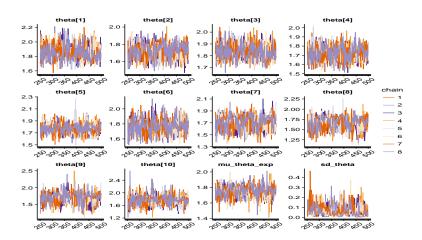
#### Individual Parameters - $\omega$





troduction Loss Curves Chain Ladder Loss Growth Modelling **Model Iteration** PPC Summary

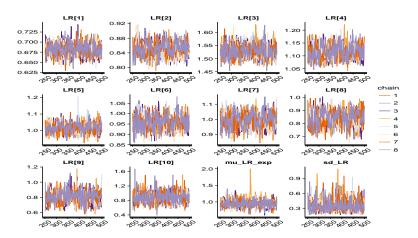
### Individual Parameters - $\theta$





troduction Loss Curves Chain Ladder Loss Growth Modelling **Model Iteration** PPC Summary

### Individual Parameters - LR

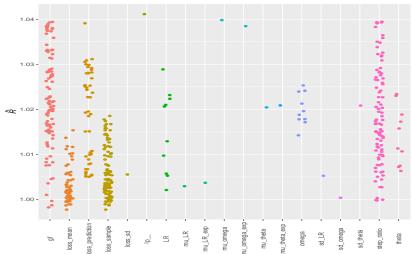




ntroduction Loss Curves Chain Ladder Loss Growth Modelling **Model Iteration** PPC Summary

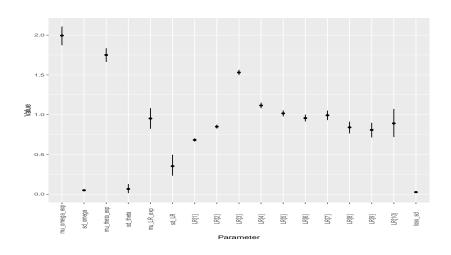
### Convergence Diagnostics

 $\mbox{\tt \#\#}$  Warning: Removed 110 rows containing missing values (geom.point).



Parameter







### Problems with the Model

- Trouble with code
- Divergent transitions had to raise adapt\_delta
- Would not rely on output
- Data is very sparse for later Accident Years
- May revisit once other insurers added



### Multiple Insurers

Use hierarchical model for multiple insurers

Each insurer gets own set of loss ratios and growth curves:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathsf{LR} & \to & \mathsf{LR}_{\mathsf{I},\mathsf{Y}} \\ \omega & \to & \omega_{\mathsf{I}} \\ \theta & \to & \theta_{\mathsf{I}} \end{array}$$

Put hierarchy on top of this

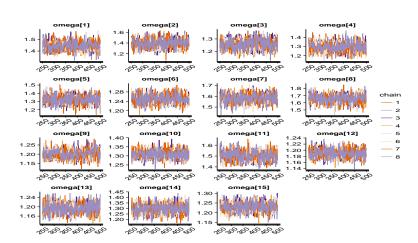
Start with 15 insurers



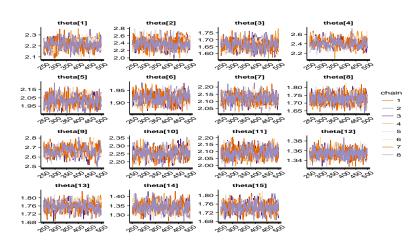
### Multiple Insurers

```
model {
 mu LR ~ normal
                   (hyper_mu_LR_mean, hyper_mu_LR_sd);
 sd_LR ~ lognormal(hyper_sd_LR_mean, hyper_sd_LR_sd);
 loss_sd ~ lognormal(hyper_loss_sd_mean, hyper_loss_sd_sd);
 omega ~ lognormal(mu_omega, sd_omega);
 theta ~ lognormal(mu theta, sd theta):
 mu omega ~ normal(0, 1);
 sd_omega ~ lognormal(-3, 0.1);
 mu_theta ~ normal(0, 1);
 sd_theta ~ lognormal(-3, 0.1);
 hyper mu LR mean ~ normal(0, 1):
 hyper_mu_LR_sd ~ lognormal(0, 1);
 hyper sd LR mean ~ normal(0, 1):
 hyper_sd_LR_sd ~ lognormal(0, 1);
 hyper_loss_sd_mean ~ normal(0, 1);
 hyper_loss_sd_sd ~ lognormal(0, 0.1);
 for(i in 1:n_data) {
   loss[i] ~ normal(loss_mean[org_id[i], cohort_id[i], t_idx[i]], premium[i] * loss_sd[org_id[i]]);
 7-
 for(j in 1:n_org) {
   LR[j] ~ lognormal(mu_LR[j], sd_LR[j]);
 7-
```



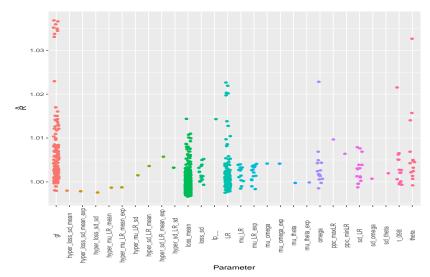






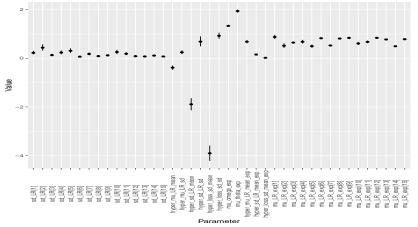


## Warning: Removed 676 rows containing missing values (geom\_point).





### Huge amount of parameters, so check interesting subset





## Model Checking

Promising on first pass

Lots of things going on

How do we check and understand model?



roduction Loss Curves Chain Ladder Loss Growth Modelling Model Iteration PPC Summary

### Posterior Predictive Checks





### Posterior Predictive Checks

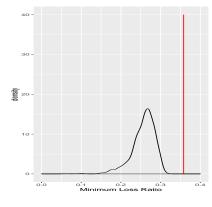
- Getting more and more emphasis
- Used to assess data aspects not modelled well
- Use sample to generate 'fake' data to compare
- Can also be used to generate predictions from data (clunky)
- No hard and fast rules
- How can we check our loss curve output?

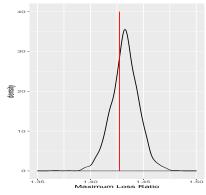


### LR Range

Question: Does model capture LR range well?

For each sample, track min/max of LR Compare actual min/max LR with distributions (devlag  $\geq$  8 years)





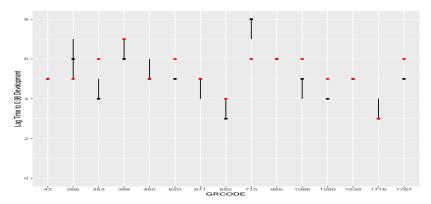


### LR Range

- Better than expected
- Max/Min very sample-dependent
- May be worth considering quantiles
- Data a little too aggregated perhaps

Question: Does model capture time to final development well?

For each sample, observe time at which gf exceeds 0.98 Take 25%/75% intervals of time for each insurer, compare to data





### Further Iterations

- Need better PPCs
- Further nesting for Insurer and Accident Year
- Look across product lines
- Try ADVI to help with iteration



### Conclusions

- Alternative to Chain Ladder
- Allows interesting views into data
- Data source used is crude
- More work required!



### Further Work

- Try out ADVI on the models
- $\blacksquare$  Incorporate different  $\omega$  and  $\theta$  priors
- Generate fake data to try new approaches (change-point for example)
- Add hierarchy of product lines to model
- Write-up and contribute as Stan Case Study



### Get In Touch

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Slides and code available on BitBucket:  ${\tt https://www.bitbucket.org/kaybenleroll/dublin\_r\_workshops}$ 

