ФЕДЕРАЛЬНОЕ АГЕНТСТВО СВЯЗИ ФЕДЕРАЛЬНОЕ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННОЕ БЮДЖЕТНОЕ ОБРАЗОВАТЕЛЬНОЕ УЧРЕЖДЕНИЕ ВЫСШЕГО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ «САНКТ-ПЕТЕРБУРГСКИЙ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННЫЙ УНИВЕРСИТЕТ ТЕЛЕКОММУНИКАЦИЙ ИМ. ПРОФ. М.А. БОНЧ-БРУЕВИЧА» (СПбГУТ)

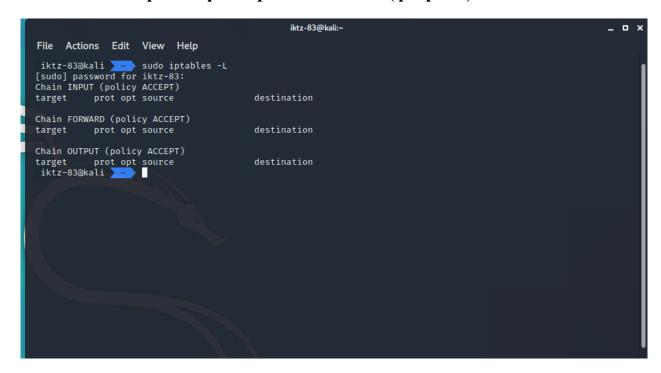
Факультет Инфокоммуникационных сетей и систем

Кафедра Защищенных систем связи

Лабораторная работа №1

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Часть 1 - Настройка фильтрации пакетов (фаервол)



Puc. 1 Выводим список правил iptables.

```
iktz-83@kali sudo iptables -L -v
Chain INPUT (policy ACCEPT 0 packets, 0 bytes)
pkts bytes target prot opt in out source destination

Chain FORWARD (policy ACCEPT 0 packets, 0 bytes)
pkts bytes target prot opt in out source destination

Chain OUTPUT (policy ACCEPT 0 packets, 0 bytes)
pkts bytes target prot opt in out source destination

iktz-83@kali
```

Рис. 2 Выводим список правил iptables подробнее.

```
iktz-83@kali sudo iptables -S
-P INPUT ACCEPT
-P FORWARD ACCEPT
-P OUTPUT ACCEPT
iktz-83@kali -
```

Рис. 3 Выводим список команд необходимых для активации правил и политик.

```
iktz-83@kali sudo iptables -A INPUT -p tcp -m tcp --dport 22 -j ACCEPT iktz-83@kali sudo iptables -A INPUT -p tcp -m tcp --dport 80 -j ACCEPT iktz-83@kali sudo iptables -L Chain INPUT (policy ACCEPT) target prot opt source destination ACCEPT tcp -- anywhere anywhere tcp dpt:ssh ACCEPT tcp -- anywhere anywhere tcp dpt:http

Chain FORWARD (policy ACCEPT) target prot opt source destination

Chain OUTPUT (policy ACCEPT) target prot opt source destination iktz-83@kali --
```

Рис. 4 Разрешаем трафик на 80 и 22 порты для tcp протокола.

```
sudo iptables -D INPUT -p tcp -m tcp --dport 22 -j ACCEPT
iktz-83@kali sudo iptables -L
chain INPUT (policy ACCEPT)
                                             destination
target
ACCEPT
                                                                     tcp dpt:http
            tcp -- anywhere
                                             anywhere
Chain FORWARD (policy ACCEPT)
           prot opt source
                                              destination
target
Chain OUTPUT (policy ACCEPT)
 arget protopt source
iktz-83@kali
                                             destination
target
```

Рис. 5 Удаляем разрешение для порта 22.

```
sudo iptables -I INPUT -m state -- state ESTABLISHED, RELATED -j ACCEPT
 iktz-83@kali
                       sudo iptables -L
Chain INPUT (policy ACCEPT)
         prot opt source
all -- anywhere
tcp -- anywhere
target
                                                destination
ACCEPT
                                                                         state RELATED, ESTABLISHED
                                                anywhere
ACCEPT
                                                anywhere
                                                                         tcp dpt:http
Chain FORWARD (policy ACCEPT)
target prot opt source
                                                destination
Chain OUTPUT (policy ACCEPT)
target prot opt source
iktz-83@kali >~
target
                                                destination
```

Рис. 6 Правило, позволяющее устанавливать исходящее соединение.

```
sudo iptables -P OUTPUT ACCEPT
                      sudo iptables -P INPUT DROP
                     sudo iptables -L
 iktz-83@kali
Chain INPUT (policy DROP)
target prot opt source
ACCEPT all -- anywhere
ACCEPT tcp -- anywhere
                                             destination
anywhere
                                                                       state RELATED.ESTABLISHED
                                               anvwhere
                                                                       tcp dpt:http
Chain FORWARD (policy ACCEPT)
target prot opt source
                                               destination
Chain OUTPUT (policy ACCEPT)
 arget protopt source
                                               destination
target
```

Рис. 7 Запрещаем все входящие и разрешаем все исходящие.

```
destination
 iarget pro-
iktz-83@kali
iktz-83@kali
iktz-83@kali
iktz-83@kali
                           sudo iptables -A INPUT -p tcp --tcp-flags ALL NONE -j DROP sudo iptables -A INPUT -p tcp !- -syn -m state --state NEW -j DROP sudo iptables -A INPUT -p tcp --tcp-flags ALL ALL -j DROP sudo iptables -L
Chain INPUT (policy DROP)
                 prot opt source
all -- anywhere
tcp -- anywhere
tcp -- anywhere
tcp -- anywhere
tcp -- anywhere
target
                                                                         destination
ACCEPT
                                                                     anywhere
anywhere
                                                                                                               state RELATED.ESTABLISHED
ACCEPT
                                                                                                              tcp dpt:http
tcp flags:FIN,SYN,RST,PSH,ACK,URG/NONE
tcp flags:!FIN,SYN,RST,ACK/SYN state NEW
DROP
                                                                       anywhere
anywhere
                                                                                                               tcp flags:FIN,SYN,RST,PSH,ACK,URG/FIN,SYN,RST,PSH
                                                                         anywhere
,ACK,URG
Chain FORWARD (policy ACCEPT) target prot opt source
                                                                         destination
Chain OUTPUT (policy ACCEPT)
  arget prot opt source
iktz-83@kali >~ [
```

Рис. 8 Правила для блокировки наиболее распространенных атак.

Часть 2 - Мониторинг журналов с использованием logcheck

```
File Actions Edit View Help

iktz-83@kali:~ BpyTOP

Setting up mime-construct (1.11+nmu3) ...
Setting up binutils (2.35.2-2) ...
Setting up binutils (2.35.2-2) ...
Setting up libgcc-9-dev:amd64 (9.3.0-22) ...
Setting up logcheck (1.3.23) ...
Adding user logcheck to group adm
Setting up gcc-9 (9.3.0-22) ...
Setting up mailutils (1:3.10-3+b1) ...
update-alternatives: using /usr/bin/frm.mailutils to provide /usr/bin/frm (frm) in auto mode
update-alternatives: using /usr/bin/frm.mailutils to provide /usr/bin/messages (messages) in auto mode
update-alternatives: using /usr/bin/movemail.mailutils to provide /usr/bin/movemail in auto mode
update-alternatives: using /usr/bin/readmsg.mailutils to provide /usr/bin/readmsg (readmsg) in auto mode
update-alternatives: using /usr/bin/mail.mailutils to provide /usr/bin/readmsg (readmsg) in auto mode
update-alternatives: using /usr/bin/mail.mailutils to provide /usr/bin/readmsg (readmsg) in auto mode
update-alternatives: using /usr/bin/mail.mailutils to provide /usr/bin/readmsg (readmsg) in auto mode
update-alternatives: using /usr/bin/mail.mailutils to provide /usr/bin/readmsg (readmsg) in auto mode
update-alternatives: using /usr/bin/mail.mailutils to provide /usr/bin/readmsg (readmsg) in auto mode
update-alternatives: using /usr/bin/mail.mailutils to provide /usr/bin/mailx (mailx) in auto mode
update-alternatives: using /usr/bin/mail.mailutils to provide /usr/bin/mailx (mailx) in auto mode
update-alternatives: using /usr/bin/mail.mailutils to provide /usr/bin/mailx (mailx) in auto mode
update-alternatives: using /usr/bin/mail.mailutils to provide /usr/bin/mailx (mailx) in auto mode
update-alternatives: using /usr/bin/mail.mailutils to provide /usr/bin/mailx (mailx) in auto mode
update-alternatives: using /usr/bin/mail.mailutils to provide /usr/bin/mailx (mailx) in auto mode
update-alternatives: using /usr/bin/mail.mailutils to provide /usr/bin/rem.mailutils to provide /usr/bin/rem.mailutils to provide /usr/bin/rem.mailutils to provide /usr/bin/rem.mailutils to provide /usr/
```

Рис. 9 logcheck успешно установлен.

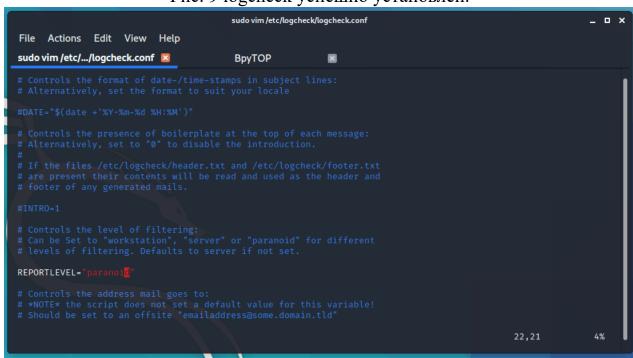


Рис. 10 Изменили REPORTLEVEL с server на paranoid

Puc. 11 Логи из файла /var/log/syslog

Часть 3 - Установка и настройка netfilter

```
iktz-83@kali:~
File Actions Edit View Help
        iktz-83@kali:~
                                     ×
                                                         ВруТОР
                                                                                  \boxtimes
                           sudo iptables -A INPUT -i eth0 -m conntrack --ctstate ESTABLISHED,RELATED -j ACCEPT sudo iptables -A INPUT -i eth0 -p tcp --dport 80 -m conntrack --ctstate NEW -j ACCEPT
 iktz-83@kali
 iktz-83@kali
 iktz-83@kali
                            sudo iptables -L
Chain INPUT (policy DROP)
            prot opt source
all -- anywhere
tcp -- anywhere
tcp -- anywhere
                                                         destination
                                                                                       state RELATED, ESTABLISHED
                                                          anywhere
                                                                                       tcp dpt:http
tcp flags:FIN,SYN,RST,PSH,ACK,URG/NONE
ACCEPT
                                                          anywhere
DROP
                                                         anywhere
                            anywhere
                                                                                       tcp flags:!FIN,SYN,RST,ACK/SYN state NEW tcp flags:FIN,SYN,RST,PSH,ACK,URG/FIN,SYN,RST,PSH
DROP
                                                          anywhere
                     -- anywhere
DROP
                                                         anywhere
,ACK,URG
ACCEPT
                     -- anywhere
-- anywhere
                                                          anywhere
                                                                                       ctstate RELATED,ESTABLISHED
tcp dpt:http ctstate NEW
Chain FORWARD (policy ACCEPT) target prot opt source
                                                          destination
              prot opt source
                                                          destination
```

Рис. 12 Помечаем каждый пакет с помощью модуля conntrack.

```
∍ sudo iptables -A INPUT -m conntrack --ctstate NEW,INVALID -p tcp --tcp-flags SYN,ACK SYN,ACK -j REJECT --r
eject-with tcp-reset
iktz-83@kali ___ sudo iptables -L
Chain INPUT (policy DROP)
             prot opt source
                                                     destination
target
ACCEPT
ACCEPT
                                                     anywhere
                         anywhere
                                                                                state RELATED, ESTABLISHED
                         anywhere
                                                     anywhere
                                                                                tcp dpt:http
                                                                                tcp flags:FIN,SYN,RST,PSH,ACK,URG/NONE
tcp flags:FIN,SYN,RST,ACK/SYN state NEW
tcp flags:FIN,SYN,RST,PSH,ACK,URG/FIN,SYN,RST,PSH,ACK,URG
DROP
DROP
                         anywhere
                                                     anywhere
                   -- anywhere
                                                     anywhere
                    -- anywhere
                                                     anywhere
                                                                                ctstate RELATED,ESTABLISHED
tcp dpt:http ctstate NEW
ctstate INVALID,NEW tcp flags:SYN,ACK/SYN,ACK reject-with tcp-re
ACCEPT
              all -- anywhere
                                                     anywhere
                         anywhere
                                                     anywhere
REJECT
                   -- anywhere
                                                     anywhere
Chain FORWARD (policy ACCEPT)
target prot opt source
                                                     destination
Chain OUTPUT (policy ACCEPT)
target prot opt source iktz-83@kali
                                                     destination
```

Рис. 13 Сопоставляем метки с состоянием битов.

Часть 4 - Осуществить защиту файловой системы.

```
iktz-83@kali
iktz-83@kali
iktz-83@kali
sudo iptables -t nat -A POSTROUTING -o eth0 -j MASQUERADE
sudo iptables -A FORWARD -i wlan0 -o eth0 -j ACCEPT
cat /proc/sys/net/ipv4/ip_forward

iktz-83@kali
sudo bash -c 'echo 1 > /proc/sys/net/ipv4/ip_forward'
iktz-83@kali
cat /proc/sys/net/ipv4/ip_forward

iktz-83@kali

iktz-83@kali

[]
```

Рис. 14 Подменяем внутренный ір на внешний для всех пакетов, а также разрешаем перенаправлять пакеты между внутренними интерфейсами.

```
Get:1 http://mirror-1.truenetwork.ru/kali kali-rolling/main amd64 netfilter-persistent all 1.0.15 [11.0 kB]
Get:2 http://mirror-1.truenetwork.ru/kali kali-rolling/main amd64 iptables-persistent all 1.0.15 [12.4 kB]
Fetched 23.4 kB in 1s (17.8 kB/s)
Preconfiguring packages ...
Selecting previously unselected package netfilter-persistent.
(Reading database ... 277664 files and directories currently installed.)
Preparing to unpack .../netfilter-persistent_1.0.15_all.deb ...
Unpacking netfilter-persistent (1.0.15) ...
Selecting previously unselected package iptables-persistent.
Preparing to unpack .../iptables-persistent_1.0.15_all.deb ...
Unpacking iptables-persistent (1.0.15) ...
Setting up netfilter-persistent (1.0.15) ...
update-rc.d: We have no instructions for the netfilter-persistent init script.
update-rc.d: We have no instructions for the netfilter-persistent in the script.
update-rc.d: It looks like a non-network service, we enable it.
netfilter-persistent.service is a disabled or a static unit, not starting it.
Setting up iptables-persistent (1.0.15) ...
update-alternatives: using /lib/systemd/system/netfilter-persistent.service to provide /lib/systemd/system/iptables.service (i ptables.service) in auto mode
Processing triggers for systemd (245.6-2) ...
Processing triggers for systemd (245.6-2) ...
Processing triggers for kali-menu (2020.3.2) ...
iktz-83@kali ...
```

Рис. 15 Устанавливаем пакет iptables-persistent.

Часть 6 - Установка LOIC на Kali Linux.

Рис. 16 Скачиваем git-core

```
iktz-83@kali sudo dpkg -i git-core_2.1.4-2.1+deb8u6_all.deb
Selecting previously unselected package git-core.
(Reading database ... 277690 files and directories currently installed.)
Preparing to unpack git-core_2.1.4-2.1+deb8u6_all.deb ...
Unpacking git-core (1:2.1.4-2.1+deb8u6) ...
Setting up git-core (1:2.1.4-2.1+deb8u6) ...
iktz-83@kali
```

Рис. 17 Устанавливаем git-core с помощью утилиты dpkg

```
iktz-83@kali sudo apt list --installed | grep git-core

WARNING: apt does not have a stable CLI interface. Use with caution in scripts.

git-core/now 1:2.1.4-2.1+deb8u6 all [installed,local]
iktz-83@kali
```

Рис. 18 Проверям установился ли пакет git-core

```
iktz-83@kali sudo apt-key adv --keyserver hkp://keyserver.ubuntu.com:80 --recv-keys 3FA7E0328081BFF6A14DA29AA6A19B38D3D 831EF

Executing: /tmp/apt-key-gpghome.LopYZGDVOE/gpg.1.sh --keyserver hkp://keyserver.ubuntu.com:80 --recv-keys 3FA7E0328081BFF6A14D A29AA6A19B38D3D831EF

gpg: key A6A19B38D3D831EF: public key "Xamarin Public Jenkins (auto-signing) <releng@xamarin.com>" imported gpg: Total number processed: 1 gpg: imported: 1
```

Puc. 19 Команда для установки MonoDevelop

```
iktz-83@kali ___ echo "deb https://download.mono-project.com/repo/debian vs-buster main" | sudo tee /etc/apt/sources.list.d /mono-official-vs.list
deb https://download.mono-project.com/repo/debian vs-buster main
iktz-83@kali __ sudo apt update
Err:1 https://download.mono-project.com/repo/debian vs-buster InRelease
Temporary failure resolving 'download.mono-project.com'
Err:2 http://http.kali.org/kali kali-rolling InRelease
Temporary failure resolving 'http.kali.org'
Reading package lists ... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information ... Done
1458 packages can be upgraded. Run 'apt list --upgradable' to see them.
W: Failed to fetch http://http.kali.org/kali/dists/kali-rolling/InRelease Temporary failure resolving 'http.kali.org'
W: Failed to fetch https://download.mono-project.com/repo/debian/dists/vs-buster/InRelease Temporary failure resolving 'download.mono-project.com'
W: Some index files failed to download. They have been ignored, or old ones used instead.
```

Рис. 20 Команда для установки MonoDevelop

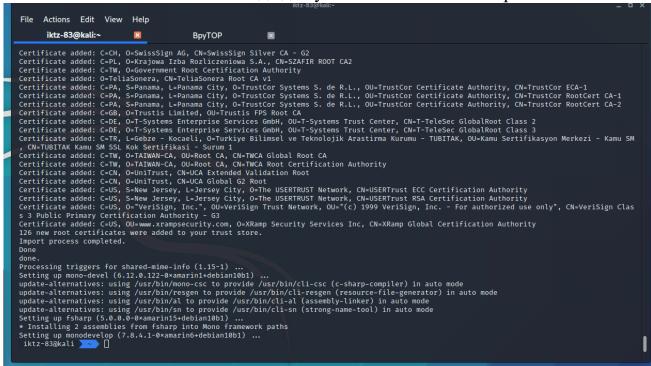


Рис. 21 Команда для установки MonoDevelop

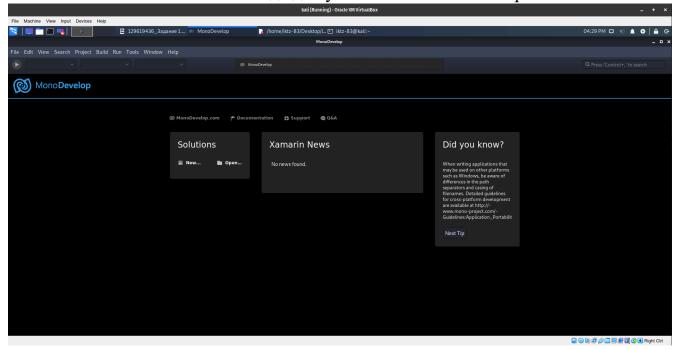


Рис. 22 Интерфейс программы MonoDevelop

```
iktz-83@kali | dloic | ktz-83@kali | dloic |
```

Рис. 23 Создаем папку и скачиваем скрипт для установки loic

Рис. 24 Делаем скрипт исполняемым файлом

```
compile_loic() {
    get_loic
    if ! is_loic ; then
        echo "Error: You are not in a LOIC repository."
        exit 1
    fi
    if [[ $DISTRO = 'ubuntu' || $DISTRO = 'debian' ]] ; then
        sudo apt-get install $DEB_MONO_PKGS
    elif [[ $DISTRO = 'fedora' ]] ; then
        sudo yum install $FED_MONO_PKS
    fi
    cd src; xbuild
}
```

Рис. 25 Правим скрипт.

```
iktz-83@kali -/loic vim loic.sh ./loic.sh install //usr/bin/git Cloning into 'LOIC' ... warning: redirecting to https://github.com/NewEraCracker/LOIC.git/ remote: Enumerating objects: 1915, done. remote: Total 1915 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 1915 Receiving objects: 100% (1915/1915), 4.28 MiB | 1.27 MiB/s, done. Resolving deltas: 100% (1917/191), done.

>>>> xbuild tool is deprecated and will be removed in future updates, use msbuild instead <<<

XBuild Engine Version 14.0 Mono, Version 6.12.0.122 Copyright (C) 2005-2013 Various Mono authors

Build started 4/28/2021 9:47:34 AM.

Project "/home/iktz-83/loic/LOIC/src/LOIC.sln" (default target(s)):

Target ValidateSolutionConfiguration:
```

Рис. 26 Запускаем установку loic.

Рис. 27 Обновляем.

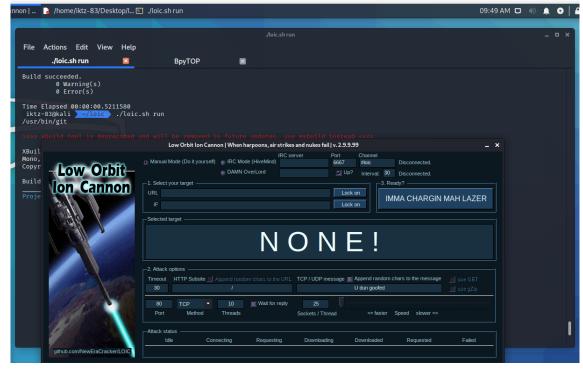


Рис. 28 Программа loic установленна, и запущена.

Часть 7 - Установка Wifi Jammer на Kali Linux.



Рис. 29 Клонируем из репозитория на github wifijammer.git.

```
iktz-83@kali //wifijammer / master sudo python wifijammer.py --help

python: can't open file 'wifijammer.py': [Errno 2] No such file or directory

iktz-83@kali /-wifijammer / master sudo python wifijammer --help

Traceback (most recent call last):

File "wifijammer", line 6, in <module>
from scapy.all import *

ImportError: No module named scapy.all

iktz-83@kali /-wifijammer / master
```

Рис. 30 Убеждаемся, что у нас не установелна библиотека scapy, для python 2.

Рис. 31 wifijammer работает, после установки недостающего пакета.

Часть 8 - Использование SQLMAP на Kali Linux: взлом веб-сайтов и баз данных через SQL-инъекции

Рис. 32 Производим SQL-инъекцию со стандартным поведением.

Рис. 33 Производим SQL-инъекцию со стандартным поведением и случайным user-agent.

Часть 9 - Crunch — генератор паролей. Установка и тест.

```
iktz-83@kali crunch 1 9 0123456789abcdefg
Crunch will now generate the following amount of data: 1252121211606 bytes
1194115 MB
1166 GB
1 TB
0 PB
Crunch will now generate the following number of lines: 125999618777
```

Рис. 34 Генерируем пароли от 1 до 9 цифр с использованием 0123456789abcdefg.

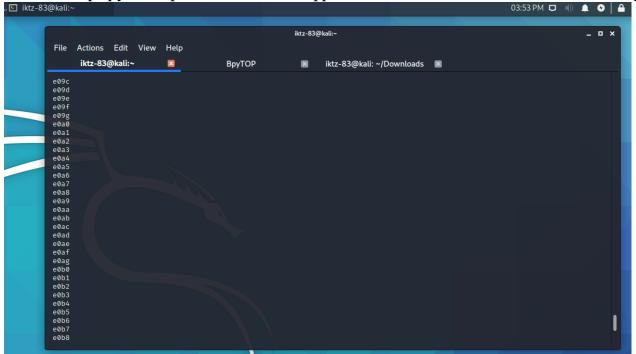


Рис. 35 Пример паролей.

```
x iktz-83@kali crunch 9 9 0123 -o passwords.txt
Crunch will now generate the following amount of data: 2621440 bytes
2 MB
0 GB
0 TB
0 PB
Crunch will now generate the following number of lines: 262144

crunch: 100% completed generating output
iktz-83@kali []
```

Рис. 36 Генерируем пароли из 9 цифр с использованием 0123 и сохраняем их в файл passwords.txt.

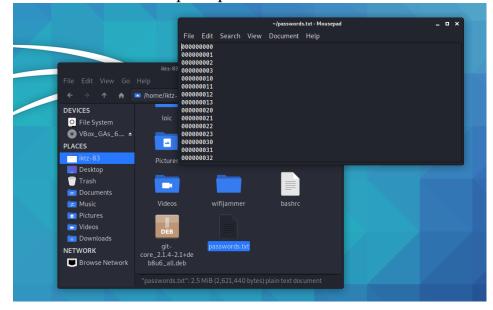


Рис. 37 Проверяем файл passwords.txt.