D ata Algorithms	Numerical data matrix	Matrix with mixed numerical and categorical columns with labeled rows	List of lists, baskets tags	Linked graph	Spatial and spatial- temporal data	Missing data	Outliers
Clustering	Using appropriate distance functions or dissimilarity functions.	Using appropriate distance functions or dissimilarity functions.	Using appropriate distance functions or dissimilarity functions.	Clique finding for clustering.	Using appropriate distance functions or dissimilarity functions.	Can cause problems depending on the range.	Robust on small number of outliers. Large number can cause problems.
Associative rules finding	After quantizing the data entries into tags.	After quantizing the numerical data entries into tags.	Direct application.		With mapping to appropriate system of tags.	Missing data do not cause problems.	Robust on outliers.
Prefix trees	After quantizing the data entries into tags.	After quantizing the numerical data entries into tags.	Direct application.	Sequences of edges can be seen as words.	Using appropriate system of tags.	Can cause great problems.	Nothing is an outlier:
Decision trees		Direct application.			Direct application with associated labels.	Robust.	Robust on outliers.
Naive Bayesian classifier		Direct application.			Direct application with associated labels. (Gives crude results.)	Can cause problems depending on the range.	Can cause problems depending on the range.
Dimension reduction	Direct application.	Categorical columns have to be replaced with appropriate numerical columns.				Can cause problems depending on the number and range.	Can cause problems depending on the range.
Markov chains	If it is column stochastic.		After linking the baskets in a graph with similarity function.	Stationary Markov chain probabilities are found using adjacency matrices.	Event interpretation or with mapping to appropriate system of tags.	Robust.	Robust.