UNIT-2

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1 Attenuation

$$\alpha_{dB}L = 10\log_{10}\frac{P_i}{P_o}$$
 L: length of fiber (1)

2 Linear Scattering Loss

2.1 Rayleigh scattering

$$\gamma_R = \frac{8\pi^3}{3\lambda^4} n^8 p^2 \beta_c K T_F \tag{2}$$

where γ_R is Rayleigh scattering coefficient, λ is optical wavelength, n is refractive index of medium, p is average photoelastic coefficient, β_c is isothermal compressibility at a fictive temperature T_F and K is Boltzmann constant

3 Nonlinear Scattering Loss

3.1 Stimulated Brillouin Scattering

$$P_B = 4.4 \times 10^{-3} d^2 \lambda^2 \alpha_{dB} v \text{ watts}$$
 (3)

where d and λ are fiber core diameter and operating wavelength, measured in micrometers. v is source bandwidth.

3.2 Stimulated Raman Scattering

$$P_R = 5.9 \times 10^{-2} d^2 \lambda^2 \alpha_{dB} \tag{4}$$

4 Fiber bend Loss

$$R_c \simeq \frac{3n_1^2 \lambda}{4\pi (n_1^2 - n_2^2)^{1/2}} \tag{5}$$

critical radius of curvature for single mode fiber

$$R_{cs} \simeq \frac{20\lambda}{(n_1 - n_2)^1/2} \left(2.748 - 0.996 \frac{\lambda}{\lambda_c}\right)^{-3}$$
 (6)

5 Dispersion

$$\beta = k n_1 [1 - 2\Delta(1 - b)]^{1/2} \tag{7}$$