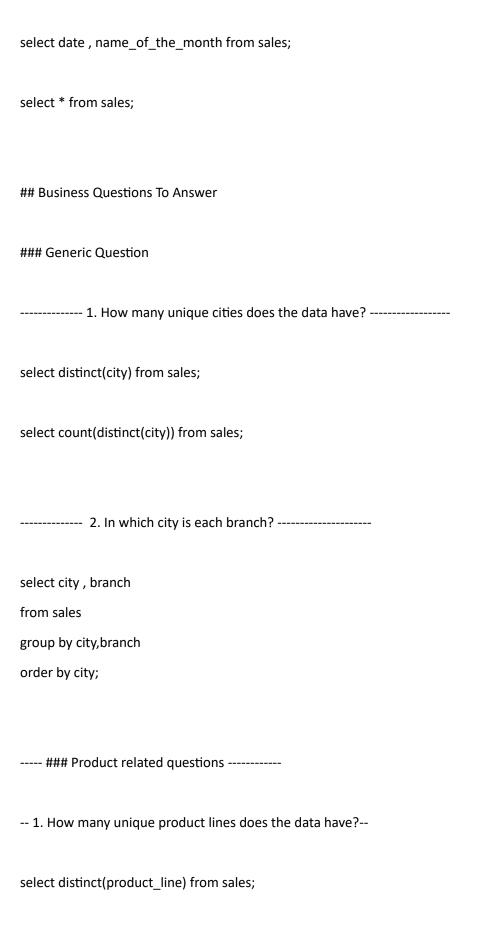
```
-- Create table
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS sales(
 invoice_id VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY,
 branch VARCHAR(5) NOT NULL,
 city VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,
 customer_type VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,
 gender VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,
 product_line VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
 unit_price DECIMAL(10,2) NOT NULL,
 quantity INT NOT NULL,
 tax_pct FLOAT(6,4) NOT NULL,
 total DECIMAL(12, 4) NOT NULL,
 date DATETIME NOT NULL,
 time TIME NOT NULL,
 payment VARCHAR(15) NOT NULL,
 cogs DECIMAL(10,2) NOT NULL,
 gross_margin_pct FLOAT(11,9),
 gross_income DECIMAL(12, 4),
 rating FLOAT(2, 1)
);
----- feature engineering
select * from sales;
----- adding new columns
---- adding new time column labelled as morning, afternoon, evening ------
select time,time_of_day from sales;
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```
add column time_of_day varchar(10);
update sales
set time_of_day = case
                                           when hour(time_sold)>=00 and hour(time_sold)<12
then 'Morning'
            when hour(time_sold) >=12 and hour(time_sold) <16 then 'Afternoon'
            when hour(time_sold) >=16 then 'Evening'
                             end;
select time_sold , time_of_day from sales;
select * from sales;
---- dayname column -----
alter table sales
add column name_of_the_day varchar(10);
UPDATE sales
SET name_of_the_day = DAYNAME(date);
select date, name_of_the_day from sales;
  ----- month name column -----
alter table sales
add column name_of_the_month varchar(10);
UPDATE sales
SET name_of_the_month = monthname(date);
```

alter table sales



```
select count(distinct(product_line)) from sales;
-- 2. What is the most common payment method? --
select * from
(
select payment, count(payment) as num_of_times_trans,
dense_rank () over( order by count(payment) desc) as ranking
from sales
group by payment
) as s
where ranking=1;
-- 3. What is the most selling product line?---
select product_line,counting from
(
select product_line , count(product_line) as counting ,
dense_rank () over( order by count(product_line) desc) as ranking
from sales
group by product_line
) as s
where ranking=1;
-- 4. What is the total revenue by month? --
select unit_price,quantity,cogs,tax_pct,total,gross_income,gross_margin_pct from sales;
select date from sales;
select name_of_the_month,sum(total)
```

```
from sales
group by name_of_the_month
order by name_of_the_month;
-- 5. What month had the largest COGS? -----
select name_of_the_month , sum(cogs) as sum_of_cogs
from sales
group by name_of_the_month
order by sum_of_cogs desc;
-- 6. What product line had the largest revenue?
select product_line,sum(total) as tot_rev
from sales
group by product_line
order by tot_rev desc;
-- 7. What is the city with the largest revenue? --
select city,sum(total) as tot_rev
from sales
group by city
order by tot_rev desc;
-- 8. What product line had the largest VAT collection? ----
select product_line, sum(tax_pct) as tot_tax
from sales
group by product_line
order by tot_tax desc;
```

```
-- 9. Fetch each product line and add a column to those product line
---- showing "Good", "Bad". Good if its greater than average sales
select product_line, (select avg(total) from sales) as tot_avg, avg(total) as avg_of_pro_line,
case
when avg(total) >( select avg(total) from sales) then 'GOOD'
   else 'BAD'
end as good_bad_category
from sales
group by product_line;
---- 10. Which branch sold more products than average product sold? -----
select branch, sum(quantity) as qt_sold_in_this_branch,
(select sum(quantity)/count(distinct branch) from sales) as avg_qt_sold_at_all_branches
from sales
group by branch
having sum(quantity) > (select sum(quantity)/count(distinct branch) from sales);
---- 11. What is the most common product line liked by each gender?-----
select gender, product_line, product_purchased from
select gender, product_line, sum(quantity) as product_purchased,
dense_rank() over( partition by gender order by sum(quantity) desc) as rnk
from sales
group by gender , product_line
) as s
```

```
where rnk=1;
----- 12. What is the average rating of each product line?-----
select product_line, avg(rating) as avg_rating
from sales
group by product_line
order by avg_rating desc;
### Sales
----- 1. Number of qt. and amount of sales made in each time of the day per weekday
select name_of_the_day,time_of_day,sum(quantity),sum(total) ,
dense_rank() over(partition by name_of_the_day order by time_of_day desc)
from sales
group by name_of_the_day,time_of_day;
----- 2. Which of the customers spend the most amount of money and
----- which customers purchase the most no. of goods quantity wise ? ------
select distinct(customer_type)
from sales;
select customer_type , sum(total) as tot_amt
from sales
group by customer_type
order by tot_amt desc;
```

```
select customer_type ,product_line, sum(total) as tot_amt
from sales
group by customer_type,product_line
order by customer_type,tot_amt;
select customer_type , sum(quantity) as tot_cnt
from sales
group by customer_type
order by tot_cnt desc;
select customer_type ,product_line, sum(quantity) as tot_cnt
from sales
group by customer_type,product_line
order by customer_type,tot_cnt;
-- 3. Which city has the largest tax percent/ VAT (**Value Added Tax**)?------
select city , sum(tax_pct) as vat
from sales
group by city
order by vat desc;
----- 4. Which customer type pays the most in VAT? ------
select customer_type , sum(tax_pct) as vat
from sales
group by customer_type
order by vat desc;
```

Customer
1. How many unique customer types does the data have?
select distinct(customer_type)
from sales;
select count(distinct(customer_type))
from sales;
2. How many unique payment methods does the data have?-
select distinct(payment)
from sales;
select count(distinct(payment))
from sales;
3. What is the most common customer type?
select customer_type , count(customer_type) cnt
from sales
group by customer_type
order by cnt desc ;
4. Which customer type buys the most moneywise, quantitywise?
select customer_type , sum(total) amt
from sales

```
group by customer_type
order by amt desc;
select customer_type , sum(quantity) qt
from sales
group by customer_type
order by qt desc;
----- 5. What is the gender of most of the customers?-----
select customer_type , gender , count(gender) cnt
from sales
group by customer_type,gender
order by customer_type asc ,gender desc;
----- 6. What is the gender distribution per branch? ------
select branch ,gender , count(gender) as count_of_individuals
from sales
group by branch, gender
order by branch, gender desc;
-----7. Which time of the day do customers give most ratings?-----
select time_of_day , count(rating) as cnt_of_ratings
from sales
group by time_of_day
order by cnt_of_ratings desc;
-----8. Which time of the day do customers give most ratings per branch?
```

```
select branch , time_of_day , count(rating) as cnt_of_ratings
from sales
group by branch , time_of_day
order by branch, cnt_of_ratings desc;
----- 9. Which day of the week has the best avg ratings? -----
select name_of_the_day , avg(rating) as avg_ratings
from sales
group by name_of_the_day
order by avg(rating) desc limit 1;
select name_of_the_day,avg_ratings from
(select name_of_the_day, avg(rating) as avg_ratings,
dense_rank() over(order by avg(rating) desc) rnk
from sales
group by name_of_the_day) s
where rnk=1;
----- 10. Which day of the week has the best average ratings per branch?
select branch,name_of_the_day,avg_ratings from
(select branch,name_of_the_day , avg(rating) as avg_ratings ,
dense_rank() over(partition by branch order by avg(rating) desc) rnk
from sales
group by name_of_the_day,branch) s
where rnk=1;
```