SET - II

ENGLISH

1.		refers to the comparison of one thing or person with the								
	oth	other without using comparative words.								
	a)	Metaphor	b)	Simile						
	c)	Circumlocution	d)	Personification						
2.	Th	e word 'epidemic' is a	antonymous v	vith-						
	a)	pandemic	b)	endemic						
	c)	academic	d)	none of them						
3.	He	y! What's on	TV tonigh	t?						
	a)	a	b)	an						
	c)	the	d)	none						
4.	Ha	ve you noticed if it ra	ins heavily _	the monsoons.						
	a)	With	b)	in						
	c)	during	d)	for						
5.	I don't think he will be successful. Neither of his plans									
	pra	ectical.								
	a)	are	b)	were						
	c)	have been	d)	is						
6.	She	e was made	_ all her clot	hes.						
	a)	wash	b)	to wash						
	c)	washing	d)	none						
7.	Un	less you are careful, y	ou	_ the test.						
	a)	spoil	b)	will						
	c)	will spoil	d)	none						
8.	We	all insisted that she		the conference.						
	a)	attend	b)	must attend						
	c)	had to attend	4)	attended						



<u> </u>	NI.	gooner had the plane taken of	r	it avached						
9.		sooner had the plane taken of								
	a)	when	b)	before						
	c)	than	/	while						
10.	Th	The passive of 'People know that she was a thief." is:								
	a)	It is known that she was a thief	f.							
	b)	She is known to have been a th	nief.							
	c)	She is known as a thief								
	d)	Both (a) and (b)								
		PHYS	ICS							
11.	W	hich of the following pair of qu	antiti	ies has same unit?						
	a)	Force and power	b)	Work and power						
	c)	Velocity and acceleration	d)	Work and energy						
12.	\mathbf{A}	A ball is thrown vertically upwards with 20m/s. Calculate the time								
	taken by the ball to reach maximum height? $(g = 10m/s^2)$									
	a)	2 sec	b)	10 sec						
	c)	2.5 sec	d)	3 sec						
13.	An ice cube is floating in water. What will happen to the water level									
	if t	he ice melts completely?								
	a)	Increases	b)	Decreases						
	c)	Remains same	d)	Increases and then decreases						
14.	At what height from earth, g becomes g/4?									
	a)	R/2	b)	0.414 R						
	c)	0.7 R	d)	R						
15.	Th	The pressure of the liquid depends upon								
	a)	Mass, force, density								
	b) Height, mass, density									
	c) Mass, density, acceleration due to gravity									
	d)	d) Height, density, acceleration due to gravity								
16.	If t	two temperatures differ by 25 d	legre	es on Celsius scale, what is the						
	dif	ference of Fahrenheit scale?								
	a)	25°F	b)	35°F						
	c)	45°F	d)	77°F						

			O F S C I E N C E					
17.	How much heat energy is rec	quired to	rise 1°C temperature for l g					
	pure water?							
	a) 1 Cal	b)	1 J					
	c) 2 Cal	d)	2 J					
18.	A convex lens form erect, m	nagnified	and virtual image of a real					
	object when object is placed							
	a) Beyond 2F	b)	Between F and 2F					
	c) At F	d)	Between F and optical center					
19.	Ammeter is an instrument to	measure						
	a) E.m.f.	b)	Potential difference					
	c) Current	d)	Resistivity					
20.	Sound waves are							
	a) Transverse wave	b)	Longitudinal waves					
	c) Both a and b	d)	None					
21.	Which of the following has the electrons?	he maxir	num number of unpaired d –					
	a) Zn	h)	Fe ⁺⁺					
	c) Ni ⁺⁺	,	Cu					
22.	The elements of group VA are	,						
	a) Normal elements	b)						
	c) Halogens	,	Pnicogens					
23.	Which of the following reaction	,	ě					
	a) $Mg + 2HCl (dil) \longrightarrow Mg$		<u> </u>					
	b) $\text{Cu} + 2\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 \text{ (conc.)} \longrightarrow \text{CuSO}_4 + \text{SO}_2 + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$							
	c) $Zn + 2 HC1 \longrightarrow ZnCl_2 -$							
	d) $Cu + 2 HC1 \longrightarrow CuCl_2$	$+ H_2$						
24.	Formula of hematite is							
	a) Fe ₂ O ₃	b)	Fe ₃ O ₄					
	c) Fe ₂ O ₂	d)	FeSiO ₃					

25.	Which of	the fol	lowing is	allotron	es of	carbon:
40.	William Or	the rol	uowing is	anoutop	CS OI	car buil.

a) Diamond

b) Fullerene

c) Graphene

d) all of above

26. The ratio of lime stone and clay in cement is:

a) 1:1

b) 2:1

c) 1:3

d) 1:2

27. Porcelain is

a) Glass

b) Cement

c) Plastic

d) Ceramics

28. Tear gas is chemically

a) Acetyl salicylic

- b) Chloropicrin
- c) Phenyl isocyanide
- d) Carbon monoxide

29. Which of the following has the highest pH value:

a) H_2SO_4

b) HCl

c) NH₄OH

d) NaOH

30. Which of the following statement is correct for chemical change?

- a) Mostly reversible
- b) No new substance is formed
- c) It is generally temporary change
- d) None of above

MATHEMATICS

31. Let $n(\cup) = 10$, n(A) = 5, n(B) = 7 then the maximum value of $n(\overline{A \cap B})$

is

a) 8

b) 5

c) 7

d)

32. The arithmetic mean of $1, 2, 3, \dots n$ is

a) $\frac{n}{2}$

b) $\frac{n(n+1)}{n}$

c) $\frac{n(n+1)}{2}$

d) $\frac{n+1}{2}$

			CIENCE					
The acute angle between the lines $x - y = 0$ and $y = 0$ is								
a)	30°	b) 45°						
c)	60°	d) 75°						
Wl	nich one of the followi	ng locus produces a straight line?						
a)	Locus of a point which	ch moves at equidistant from a fixed po	int.					
b)	Locus of a point which	ch moves at equidistant from two fixed	points.					
c)	Locus of a point which	ch moves at equidistant from three fixed	l points					
d)	All of these.							
tan	1°. tan 2°. tan 3°	tan 88°. tan 89° =						
a)	-1	b) 0						
c)	1	d) ∞						
As	solid cylinder with rac	lius of base 'r' and height 'h' is melte	d in to					
identical cones of radius 'r' and height 'h'. Then maximum number								
of o	cones so formed is							
a)	1	b) 2						
c)	3	d) 4						
A chord of length 16 cm is drawn in a circle of radius 10 cm the								
	tance of the chord fro	m the centre of the circle is						
a)	6 cm	b) 9 cm						
c)	12 cm	d) 8 cm						
The mean of five numbers is 18. If one number is excluded, their								
me								
a)		,						
		,						
If a	ŕ							
a)		,						
c)		,						
		If the equation $x^2 - 6x + 6 = 0$ then the	e value					
,		,						
c)	24	d) 36						
	a) c) WI a) b) c) d) tan a) c) A s ide of c) A c dis a) c) Th me a) c) If a of a)	a) 30° c) 60° Which one of the following a) Locus of a point which b) Locus of a point which c) Locus of a point which d) All of these. tan 1°. tan 2°. tan 3° a) -1 c) 1 A solid cylinder with radicidentical cones of radius of cones so formed is a) 1 c) 3 A chord of length 16 cm distance of the chord from a) 6 cm c) 12 cm The mean of five number mean is 16. The excluded as 25 c) 27 If a + b + c = 13, a² + b² = 4 a) 50 c) 30	a) 30° b) 45° c) 60° d) 75° Which one of the following locus produces a straight line? a) Locus of a point which moves at equidistant from a fixed point by Locus of a point which moves at equidistant from three fixed to Locus of a point which moves at equidistant from three fixed to All of these. tan 1°. tan 2°. tan 3° tan 88°. tan 89° = a) -1 b) 0 c) 1 d) ∞ A solid cylinder with radius of base 'r' and height 'h' is melter identical cones of radius 'r' and height 'h'. Then maximum nof cones so formed is a) 1 b) 2 c) 3 d) 4 A chord of length 16 cm is drawn in a circle of radius 10 odistance of the chord from the centre of the circle is a) 6 cm b) 9 cm c) 12 cm d) 8 cm The mean of five numbers is 18. If one number is excluded mean is 16. The excluded number is a) 25 b) 26 c) 27 d) 30 If $a + b + c = 13$, $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = 69$ then $ab + bc + ca = a$) 50 b) 40 c) 30 If $a + b + c = 13$, $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = 69$ then $ab + bc + ca = a$) 50 b) 40 c) 30 If $a + b + c = 13$, $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = 69$ then $ab + bc + ca = a$) 50 b) 40 c) 30 If $a + b + c = 13$, $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = 69$ then $ab + bc + ca = a$) 50 b) 40 c) 30 If $a + b + c = 13$, $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = 69$ then $ab + bc + ca = a$) $a + bc + ca = a$ b) $a + bc + ca = a$ b) $a + bc + ca = a$					



BIOLOGY

41.	Naked seeded plants are called									
	a)	Gymnosperms	b)	Spermatophytes						
	c)	Dictotyledons	d)	Angiosperms						
42.	Which is the stored food in fungi?									
	a)	glycogen	b)	fat						
	c)	starch	d)	none						
43.	Ar	Arrangement of leaves on axix is called								
	a)	Anthotaxy	b)	Aestivation						
	c)	Phyllotaxy	d)	None of above						
44.	\mathbf{W}	ho proposed the idea of cellular t	otip	otency?						
	a)	Steward	b)	Huxley						
	c)	Habertlandt	d)	Purkinjee						
45.	Sir	ngle membrane cell organelle is								
	a)	Chromosome	b)	Ribosome						
	c)	Golgi bodies	d)	Nucleus						
46.	COVID-19 is due to									
	a.	Virus	b.	Bacteria						
	c.	Influenza	d.	Pneumonia						
47.	Ox	xytocin is secreted by								
	a.	Thyroid	b.	Thymus						
	c.	Pituitary	d.	Parathyroid						
48.	Th	e lens in human eye is								
	a.	Concave	b.	Biconvex						
	c.	Plano convex	d.	Convex						
49.	W	hale is a:								
	a.	Fish	b.	Amphibia						
	c.	Reptile	d.	Mammal						
50.	Sn	ake has no ear, it perceives soun	d th	rough						
	a.	Jaw bone	b.	Tongue						
	C	Evo	А	None						

SET -	- II
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1. a	2. b	3. d	4. c	5. d	6. b	7. c	8. a	9. c	10. d
11. d	12. a	13. с	14. d	15. d	16. c	17. a	18. d	19. с	20. b
21. b	22. d	23. d	24. a	25. d	26. b	27. d	28. b	29. d	30. d
31. a	32. d	33. b	34. b	35. с	36. с	37. a	38. b	39. a	40. c
41. a	42. a	43. с	44. c	45. b	46. a	47. c	48. b	49. d	50. a

|| PHYSICS ||

- 11. d) Both work and energy have same unit Joule in SI.
- 12. a) v = u gt (v = 0 m/s at maximum height) so, t = 2 sec
- 13. c) Remains same
- 14. d) Since, mass remains constant, variation in g alters its height.

g at height h,
$$g_h = \frac{g}{\left(1 + \frac{h}{R}\right)^2}$$

or,
$$\frac{g}{4} = \frac{g}{\left(1 + \frac{h}{R}\right)^2}$$

or,
$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{\left(1 + \frac{h}{R}\right)}$$

$$1 + \frac{h}{R} = 2$$

$$h = R$$

- 15. d) Pressure (P) = density(ρ)×acceleration due to gravity(g) × Height (h)
- 16. c) Here,

$$\frac{F_1 - F_2}{180} \; = \; \frac{C_1 - C_2}{100}$$



∴
$$F_1 - F_2 = \frac{C_1 - C_2}{5} \times 9$$
, since $C_1 - C_2 = 25^{\circ}C$
= $\frac{25}{5} \times 9 = 45^{\circ} F$

- 17. a) $Q = ms\Delta\theta = 1 \times 10^{-3} \times 4200 \times 1 = 4.2 J = 1 Cal$
- 18. d) Between F and optical centerTable showing the formation of image by lenses:

Lens	Pos	sition of object	Position of image	Nature of image	Size of image
Convex Lens	i)	At infinity	At focus	Real and inverted	extremely small, $m\approx 0 \label{eq:mall}$
	ii)	Beyond and 2F	Between F and 2F	Real and inverted	diminished, m < 1
	iii)	at 2F	At 2F	Real and inverted	same size, m = 1
	iv)	between 2F and F	Beyond 2F	Real and inverted	magnified, m > 1
	v)	At F	At infinity	Real and inverted	extremely large, $m = \infty$
	vi)	Between F and C	On the side of object	Virtual and erect	large, m > 1
Concave	i)	At infinity	at focus F	Virtual and erect	extremely small,
Lens					$m \approx 0$
	ii)	Between infinity and C	between F and C	Virtual and erect	diminished, m < 1

19. c) Current is measured by ammeter.

Potential difference is measured by voltmeter

20. b) Sound waves are longitudinal waves.

|| CHEMISTRY ||

21. b) Fe⁺⁺: No of unpaired d – electrons in Fe⁺⁺ is 4: Electronic configuration of Fe⁺⁺ $1S^2, 2S^2, 2P^6, 3S^2, 3P^6, 4S^0, 3d^6$

There are total 5 d orbitals and 1 is paired but 4 are unpaired

- 22. d) Pnicogens
- 23. d) Cu + 2 HCl → CuCl₂ + H₂: Copper can't displace the hydrogen from mineral acid because copper has higher standard reduction potential than hydrogen.
- 24. a) Fe_2O_3 : It is the ore of Iron.
- 25. d) all of above: Diamond, Fullerene and graphene all are allotropes of carbon. If elements exists in more than one form which are chemically identical but physically different such different forms are known as allotropes.
- 26. b) 2:1
- 27. d) Ceramics
- 28. b) Chloropicrin: Molecular formula of chloropicrin is $CCl_3 NO_2$. It is used in tear gas.
- 29. d) NaOH: pH of acid is below 7 and pH of base is above 7. But NaOH is strong base and is completely ionize in aqueous medium to give excess of OH- ion so pH of NaOH is higher.
- 30. d) None of above : In chemical change, new chemical substance is formed and is irreversible process.

|| MATHEMATICS ||

31. a)
$$\max . n(\overline{A \cap B}) = n(\cup) - \min n(A \cap B)$$

= $10 - 2$
= 8

32. d)
$$AM = \frac{1+2+3+...n}{n} = \frac{1}{n} \frac{n(n+1)}{2} = \frac{n+1}{2}$$

- 33. b) The line x y = 0 i.e. y = x bisects the angle between the coordinate axes, therefore, the required angle between this line and y = 0 (i.e. x-axis) is 45.
- 34. b) Locus of a point which moves at equidistant two fixed points form a straight line.



- 35. c) $\tan 1^\circ$. $\tan 2^\circ$. $\tan 3^\circ$ $\tan 88^\circ$. $\tan 89^\circ$ $= \tan 1^\circ$. $\tan 2^\circ$. $\tan 3^\circ$ $\tan (90^\circ 2^\circ)$. $\tan (90^\circ 1^\circ)$ $= \tan 1^\circ$. $\tan 2^\circ$. $\tan 3^\circ$ $\tan 45^\circ$ $\cot 2^\circ$. $\cot 1^\circ$ = 1
- 36. c) Volume of cone is $\frac{1}{3} \pi r^2$ h and volume of cylinder is πr^2 h. So maximum number of cones formed is 3

37. a) OL =
$$\sqrt{(10)^2 - (8)^2}$$

= $\sqrt{36}$
= 6



- 38. b) Sum of 5 numbers = $18 \times 5 = 90$ Sum of 4 numbers = $16 \times 4 = 64$ The excluded number = 90 - 64= 26
- 39. a) $(a+b+c)^2 = a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + 2(ab+bc+ca)$ 169 = 69 + 2(ab+bc+ca)(ab+bc+ca) = 50
- 40. c) a+b=6, ab=6 $a^2+b^2=(a+b)^2-2ab$ $=6^2-2.6$ =24

|| BIOLOGY ||

- 41. a) Spermatophytes seed bearing plants
 - Dicotyledons plants having two cotyledons
 - Angiosperms- flowering plants
- 42. a) Glycogen are stored foods of fungi.

- 43. c) Anthotaxy is the arrangement of flowers on the stem.
 - Aestivation is the arrangement of petals and sepals in a flower before it opens.
 - Phyllotaxy is the arrangement of leaves on the axis.
- 44. c) Cellular totipotency is the ability of a cell to grow into a complete plant under suitable conditions.
 - Haberlandt, a German botanist gave the concept of cellular totipotency
 - Steward and his coworkers gave the experimental proof for cellular totipotency
- 45. b) Membrane less cell organelles : Microtubule, Microfilament
 - Double membrane cell organelles: Mitochondria, Chloroplast, Nucleus
 - Ribosome is called protein factory of cell.
- 46. a) Coronavirus disease (COVID-19) is an infectious disease caused by a newly discovered coronavirus.
- 47. c) Oxytocin is a hormone secreted by the posterior lobe of the pituitary gland.
- 48. b) Biconvex lens are the simple lenses which comprises of two convex surfaces in spherical form. A human eye lens is an best example of an Biconvex lens.
- 49. d) Whale is mammal having secondary aquatic adaptation.
- 50. a) The apparatus for is attached to their jaw bones, so they feel vibrations very well and may hear low-frequency airborne sounds.

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