On the Subject of a Transparent Reading of Tax Returns

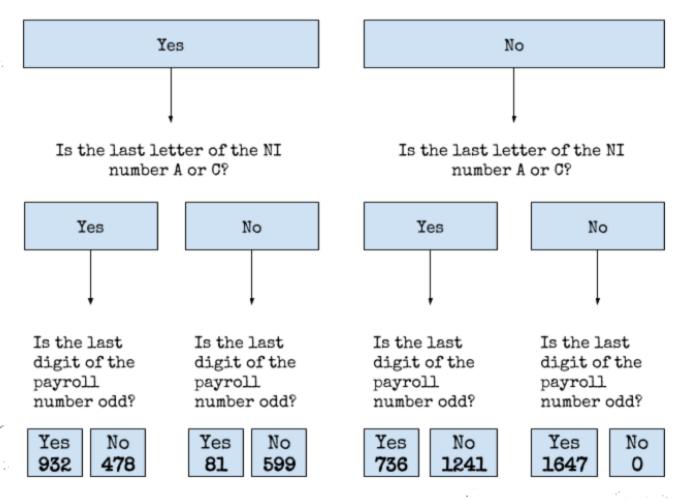
Turn off that veto!

 If you ever get a decimal for any of your calculations, disregard the decimal completely and just use the whole number. The HMRC does not concern themselves with pence, after all.



- Follow all instructions on this manul page in the order they are listed.
- Add together all of the turnovers on the module. This number is your gross turnover (GT).
- Add together all of the expenses on the module. This number is your **gross** expenses (GE).
- Calculate your **pension contributions (PC)** based on the amount of lit and unlit indicators on the bomb
 - If you have no indicators on the bomb, your PC is 0.
 - Otherwise, if you have more lit indicators on the bomb than unlit indicators, your PC is your GT multiplied by 0.05.
 - Otherwise, if you have more unlit indicators on the bomb than lit indicators, your PC is your GT multiplied by 0.1.
 - Otherwise, if you have an equal amount of lit and unlit indicators on the bomb, your PC is your GT multiplied by 0.15.
- Calculate your tax-free investments (TFI) using the information on the piece of paper behind the list of turnovers and expenses. Use the flowchart on the next page to find your base value.
 - Multiply your base value by the amount of unique port types on the bomb. This number is your **TFI.**

Is the first letter of the surname between A-M?



- Calculate your gross profit (GP) with the following formula:
 - \circ GT GE PC TFI = GP
- Your tax-free allowance (TFA) is 11,850. However, in the rare case that your GP is over 100,000, then use this formula to find your TFA:
 - \circ 11,850 ([GP 100,000] / 2) = TFA
- To calculate your income tax (IT), you need to first calculate your basic rate (BR), higher rate (HR), and additional rate (AR).
 - Your BR is 6,900.
 - However, in the rare case that your TI is less than 34,500, your BR is your TI * 0.2. Also, in this case, your IT is just your BR. You can move on to calculating your TNIC.
 - Your HR is calculated with this formula:
 - (TI 34,500) * 0.4
 - If your TI is less than 138,000, then your IT is the sum of your BR and HR. You can move on to calculating your TNIC.

- Your AR is calculated with this formula:
 - (TI 138,000) * 0.45
- Once you have acquired your BR, HR, and AR, add them all together. This
 number is your IT.
- Calculate your taxable National Insurance Contributions (TNIC) with the following formula:
 - \circ GT GE = TNIC
- To calculate your Class 4 National Insurance Contributions (NIC), you first need your standard rate (SR) and excess rate (ER).
 - Your SR is 3,413. However, in the rare case that your TNIC is under 46,350, use the following formula:
 - (TNIC 8,424) * 0.09
 - If you use this formula, your NIC is just your SR. You can move on to calculating your TTB.
 - Your ER is calculated with this formula:
 - (TNIC 46,350) * 0.02
 - Add your SR and ER together. This is your NIC.
- Your total tax bill (TTB) is acquired with the following formula:
 - \circ IT + NIC = TTB
- Enter the TTB into the HMRC terminal to disarm the module.