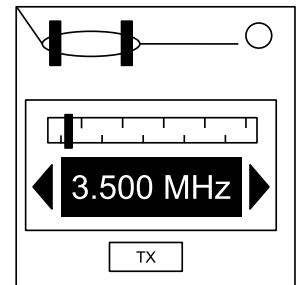


## On the Subject of Morse Code

*An antiquated form of naval communication? What next? At least it's genuine Morse Code, so pay attention and you might just learn something.*

- Interpret the signal from the flashing light using the Morse Code chart to spell one of the words in the table.
- The signal will loop, with a long gap between repetitions.
- Once the word is identified, set the corresponding frequency and press the transmit (TX) button.



### How to Interpret

1. A short flash represents a dot.
2. A long flash represents a dash.
3. There is a long gap between letters.
4. There is a very long gap before the word repeats.

A ● ■■■	U ● ● ■■■
B ■■■ ● ● ●	V ● ● ● ■■■
C ■■■ ● ■■■ ●	W ● ■■■ ■■■
D ■■■ ● ●	X ■■■ ● ● ■■■
E ●	Y ■■■ ● ■■■ ■■■
F ● ● ■■■ ●	Z ■■■ ■■■ ● ●
G ■■■ ■■■ ●	
H ● ● ● ●	
I ● ●	
J ● ■■■ ■■■ ■■■	
K ■■■ ● ■■■	
L ● ■■■ ● ●	
M ■■■ ■■■	
N ■■■ ●	
O ■■■ ■■■ ■■■	
P ● ■■■ ■■■ ●	
Q ■■■ ■■■ ● ■■■	
R ● ■■■ ●	
S ● ● ●	
T ■■■	

1 ● ■■■ ■■■ ■■■ ■■■
2 ● ● ■■■ ■■■ ■■■
3 ● ● ● ■■■ ■■■
4 ● ● ● ● ■■■
5 ● ● ● ● ●
6 ■■■ ● ● ● ●
7 ■■■ ■■■ ● ● ●
8 ■■■ ■■■ ■■■ ● ●
9 ■■■ ■■■ ■■■ ■■■ ●
0 ■■■ ■■■ ■■■ ■■■ ■■■

If the word is:	Respond at frequency:
shell	3.505 MHz
halls	3.515 MHz
slick	3.522 MHz
trick	3.532 MHz
boxes	3.535 MHz
leaks	3.542 MHz
strobe	3.545 MHz
bistro	3.552 MHz
flick	3.555 MHz
bombs	3.565 MHz
break	3.572 MHz
brick	3.575 MHz
steak	3.582 MHz
sting	3.592 MHz
vector	3.595 MHz
beats	3.600 MHz