

Name of the indicator	<b>5.4 Activity rate - females</b>
Sustainable Development Goal	Goal 5. Gender equality
Target	-
Definition	Share of economically active females in the total number of females.
Unit	procent [%]
Available dimensions	total
Methodological explanations	<p>Data come from a sample survey: <b>Labour Force Survey (LFS)</b>. The survey is conducted on a quarterly basis. The survey is conducted as continuous observation (movable survey week) what allows presenting the situation on the labour market during a whole quarter. The survey covers persons aged 15 and more who are members of households in dwellings selected on a random basis.</p> <p>In the context of economic activity – work is the main criterion in dividing the population, i.e. performing, holding or seeking work. According to the international standards, the three main categories are distinguished: employed, unemployed and economically inactive persons. The employed, unemployed are the economically active population.</p> <p>Among <b>the employed</b> are included all persons aged 15 years or more who during the reference week:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) performed for at least one hour any work generating pay or income, i.e. were employed as paid employees, worked on their own (or leased) agricultural farm, or conducted their own economic activity outside agriculture, assisted (without pay) in conducting family agricultural farm or family economic activity outside agriculture,</li> <li>2) had work but did not perform it: (e.g. due to illness, maternity leave or vacation, a break in company activity) if the break in employment did not exceed 3 months; if the break was longer than 3 months in case when persons were paid employees the additional criterion is receiving during that period at least 50% of the hitherto earnings.</li> </ol> <p>According to international standards, among <b>employees</b> are also included persons performing outwork and apprentices with whom enterprises or natural persons signed a contract for occupational training or learning skills for a particular job (if they receive a payment).</p> <p>Due to the survey methodological assumptions the number of the employed obtained from the LFS does not comprise some categories of persons, who are considered as employed in the establishment survey, i.e.: a) employees living in lodging houses for workers, b) employees working abroad for their Polish employers.</p> <p>According to LFS, <b>unemployed</b> persons are persons aged 15-74 who simultaneously fulfil three conditions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– within the reference week were not employed,</li> <li>– were actively looking for work, i.e. for over 4 weeks (the reference week being the fourth one) had been involved in concrete actions aimed at finding a job,</li> <li>– were available to take up work within two weeks after the reference week.</li> </ul> <p>Persons who were not seeking work because they had already found a job, were only waiting to start work within the period no longer than 3 months, and were available for this job are also included in the category of the unemployed.</p>
Source of data	Statistics Poland
Data availability	Annual data; since 2010



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