

## Statistics for the SDGs - global indicators



<b>Name of the indicator</b>	<b>11.a.1 Proportion of population living in gminas that have valid local spatial development plans or valid study of local spatial planning directions and determinants, by type of gminas</b>
<b>Sustainable Development Goal</b>	Goal 11. Sustainable cities and communities
<b>Target</b>	11.a Support positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, peri-urban and rural areas by strengthening national and regional development planning
<b>Definition</b>	The percentage of the population of gminas that have valid local spatial development plans (regardless of the number of plans) or valid study of local spatial planning directions and determinants in total population, and by type of gminas: rural, urban and urban-rural.
<b>Unit</b>	percent [%]
<b>Available dimensions</b>	total, gmina
<b>Methodological explanations</b>	<p><b>Study of local spatial planning directions and determinants</b> is adopted by the gmina council to determine the spatial policy, including local zoning rules, taking into account, among others, principles set out in the concept of spatial development of the country, the development strategy content and the voivodship spatial development plan, the framework study of local spatial planning of metropolitan organisation and gmina development strategies, and analysis of economic, environmental and social, demographic forecasts.</p> <p><b>The local spatial development plan</b> is an act of local law adopted by the gmina council in accordance with the content of the study of ocal spatial planning, which specifies the purpose and the ways of developing particular areas, including public purpose investment.</p>
<b>Data source</b>	Ministry of Infrastructure / Statistics Poland
<b>Data availability</b>	Annual data Since 2010.
<b>Notes</b>	