



## Statistics for the SDGs - indicators for national priorities



Name of the indicator	2.7.b Prevalence of obesity among children aged 5-9
Sustainable Development Goal	Goal 2. Zero hunger
Priority	Promotion of healthy lifestyle among adults and children (decrease in proportion of persons with overweight and obesity)
Definition	Percentage of children aged 5-9 suffering from obesity.
Unit	percent [%]
Available dimentions	total
Methodological explanations	Obesity is defined as abnormal or excessive fat accumulation that presents a risk to health. A crude population measure of obesity is the body mass index (BMI).  To assess the nutritional status of children in developmental age, tables or centile grids of BMI values based on age are used, separate for boys and girls. According to the current WHO definition:  - overweight is a disorder where the value of the BMI is equal to or greater than 85 percentile (≥85c) and less than 97 percentile (<97c);  - obesity is recognized when the value of the BMI is equal to or greater than the 97 percentile (≥97c).
Data source	Statistics Poland
Data availability	Annual data since 2010
Notes	