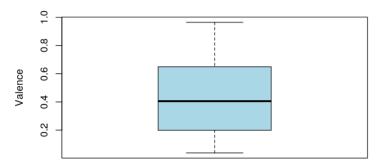
## **RESPONSE VARIABLE**

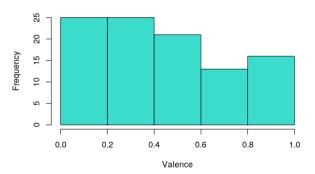
```
> boxplot(music$valence, ylab='Valence', main='Distribution of Song
Valence', col='light blue')
> mean(music$valence, na.rm = TRUE)
> sd(music$valence, na.rm = TRUE)
> fivenum(music$valence)
```

## Distribution of Song Valence



> hist(music\$valence, xlab='Valence', main='Distribution of Song Valence', right=F, col='turquoise', breaks=5)

#### **Distribution of Song Valence**



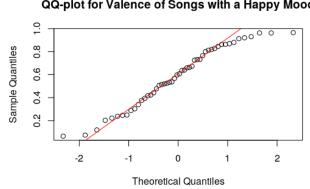
```
> mean(music$valence, na.rm = TRUE)
[1] 0.437801
>
> sd(music$valence, na.rm = TRUE)
[1] 0.2738077
> fivenum(music$valence)
```

[1] 0.0382 0.1990 0.4055 0.6495 0.9650

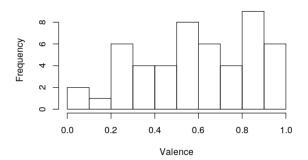
## **EXPLANATORY VARIABLE 1**

```
> barplot(table(music$mood), ylab='Frequency', main='Counts of Song
Moods', col='dark blue')
> boxplot(music$valence~music$mood, xlab='Mood', ylab='Valence',
main='Valence Distribution of Song Mood', col=c('light blue','light
green'))
> happy <- music[music$mood=='Happy',]</pre>
> mean(happy$valence, na.rm = TRUE)
[1] 0.584726
> sd(happy$valence, na.rm = TRUE)
[1] 0.258812
> sad <- music[music$mood=='Sad',]</pre>
> mean(sad$valence, na.rm = TRUE)
[1] 0.290876
> sd(sad$valence, na.rm = TRUE)
[1] 0.2010789
> happy mood <- music$valence[music$mood=='Happy']</pre>
> qqnorm(happy mood, main='QQ-plot for Valence of Songs with a Happy Mood')
> qqline(happy mood,col='red')
> hist(happy mood, main='Distribution of Happy Mood Valence',
xlab='Valence', right=F)
> sad mood <- music$valence[music$mood=='Sad']</pre>
> qqnorm(sqrt(sad mood), main='QQ-plot for sqrt(Valence of Songs with a Sad
Mood)')
> qqline(sqrt(sad mood),col='red')
> hist(sqrt(sad mood), main='Distribution of sqrt(Sad Mood Valence)',
xlab='Valence', right=F)
> library(car)
> leveneTest(valence~mood,data=music)
> t.test(valence~mood, data=music)
```

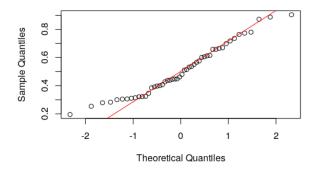
#### QQ-plot for Valence of Songs with a Happy Mood



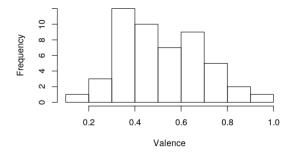
# **Distribution of Happy Mood Valence**



# QQ-plot for sqrt(Valence of Songs with a Sad Mood)



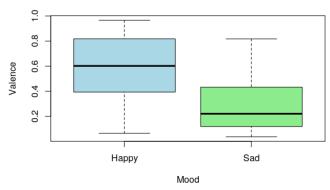
# Distribution of sqrt(Sad Mood Valence)



# Leading Moods Frequency Happy Sad

# Univariate bar plot

### Valence Distribution of Song Mood



Welch Two Sample t-test

data: valence by mood

# t = 6.3398, df = 92.357, p-value = 8.342e-09

alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0 95 percent confidence interval:

## 0.2017996 0.3859004

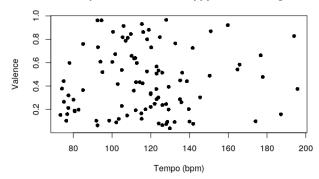
sample estimates:

mean in group Happy mean in group Sad 0.584726 0.290876

## **EXPLANATORY VARIABLE 2**

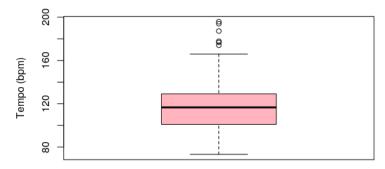
```
> boxplot(music$tempo, ylab='Tempo (bpm)', main='Distribution of Song
Tempo', col='light pink')
> mean(music$tempo, na.rm = TRUE)
> sd(music$tempo, na.rm = TRUE)
> fivenum(music$tempo)
> plot(music$tempo, music$valence, xlab='Tempo (bpm)', ylab='Valence',
main='Tempo and Valence of Happy and Sad Songs', pch=16)
```

#### Tempo and Valence of Happy and Sad Songs



Bivariate scatterplot

#### **Distribution of Song Tempo**



> mean(music\$tempo, na.rm = TRUE)

#### [1] 117.6044

> sd(music\$tempo, na.rm = TRUE)

## [1] 27.0692

> fivenum(music\$tempo)

[1] 73.2540 100.9940 116.6675 129.1665 195.8150

```
> my_glm <- lm(valence ~ mood + tempo, data=music)</pre>
> plot(music$tempo, music$valence, xlab='Tempo (bpm)', ylab= 'Song
Valence', main='Tempo and Valence', pch=20)
> hist(my glm$residuals, main='Model Residuals', xlab='Residual',
col='light grey', right=F)
> plot(my glm$fitted.values, my_glm$residuals, xlab= 'Fitted Values',
ylab='Residuals', main='Residual Plot', pch=20)
> abline(h=0, col='red')
> summary(my glm)
lm(formula = valence ~ mood + tempo, data = music)
Residuals:
              1Q Median
    Min
                                30
                                        Max
-0.51832 -0.16819 -0.03599 0.17501 0.52279
Coefficients:
            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 0.6547675 0.1147120 5.708 1.25e-07 ***
          -0.3009221 0.0477971 -6.296 8.90e-09 ***
moodSad
tempo -0.0005655 0.0008873 -0.637 0.525
---
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residual standard error: 0.2325 on 97 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.2938, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2792
F-statistic: 20.18 on 2 and 97 DF, p-value: 4.708e-08
> summary(my glm)$adj.r.squared
[1] 0.2792435
> music$tempo c <- music$tempo - mean(music$tempo)</pre>
> my glm int <- lm(valence ~ mood*tempo c, data=music)</pre>
> summary(my_glm_int)
Call:
lm(formula = valence ~ mood * tempo c, data = music)
Residuals:
              1Q Median 3Q
                                        Max
-0.51723 -0.17216 -0.02926 0.17021 0.52474
Coefficients:
                 Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
```

(Intercept) 0.5914349 0.0341777 17.305 < 2e-16 \*\*\*
moodSad -0.3020223 0.0480519 -6.285 9.6e-09 \*\*\*
tempo\_c -0.0010729 0.0014174 -0.757 0.451
moodSad:tempo\_c 0.0008389 0.0018224 0.460 0.646

---

Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 0.2334 on 96 degrees of freedom Multiple R-squared: 0.2954, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2733 F-statistic: 13.41 on 3 and 96 DF, p-value: 2.209e-07