02. Linux, ROS introduction

Lecture

Linux principles



- (Was) the only OS supported by ROS
- Security
- Efficieny
- Open-source
- Community support
- User freedom
- Distributions: **Ubuntu**, Linux Mint, Debian, etc.
- Terminal usage more dominant

Suggestion

Install **Terminator** terminal emulator:

sudo apt update sudo apt install terminator

Linux commands

See some basic commands below:

- Run as administrator with sudo
- Manual of command man, e.g. man cp
- Package management apt, e.g. apt update, apt install
- Navigation cd
- List directory contents ls
- Create file touch
- Copy file cp
- Move file mv
- Remove file rm
- Make directory mkdir
- Remove directory rmdir
- Make a file executable chmod +x <filename>
- Safe restart: Crtl + Alt + PrtScr + REISUB
- If not sure, just google the command

$ROS 1 \rightarrow ROS 2$

- ROS 2 was rewritten from scratch
- More modular architecture
- Improved support for real-time systems
- Support for multiple communication protocols
- Better interoperability with other robotic systems
- Focus on standardization and industry collaboration
- No ROS Master
- No Devel space
- rclpy, rclcpp
- More structured code (Node class)

- Different build system
- Platforms: Windows, OS X, Linux

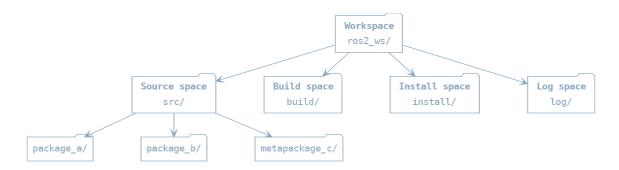
ROS principles

ROS workspace



Colcon workspace

A folder where packages are modified, built, and installed.



- Source space:
 - Source code of colcon packages
 - Space where you can extract/checkout/clone source code for the packages you want to build
- · Build space
 - · Colcon is invoked here to build packages
 - Colcon and CMake keep intermediate files here
- Install space:
 - Each package will be installed here; by default each package will be installed into a separate subdirectory
- Log space:
 - Contains various logging information about each colcon invocation

ROS package principle

Enough functionality to be useful, but not too much that the package is heavyweight and difficult to use from other software.

ROS dependencies

After cloning a new package, use the following command to install depenencies:

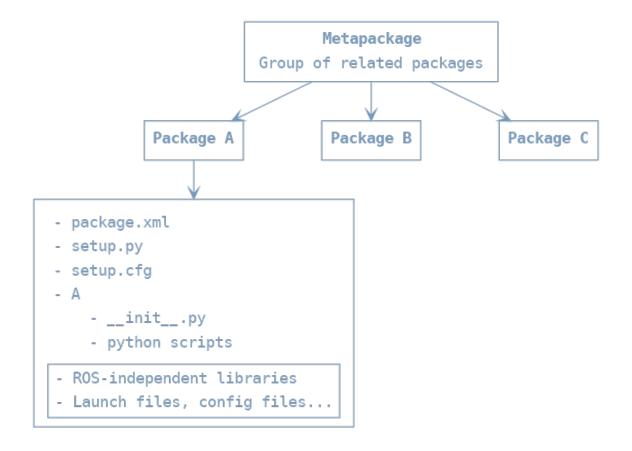
rosdep install --from-paths src --ignore-src -r -y

ROS package

- Main unit to organize software in ROS
- Buildable and redistributable unit of ROS code
- Consists of (in the case of Python packages):
 - package.xml file containing meta information about the package
 - name
 - version
 - description
 - dependencies
 - etc.
 - setup.py containing instructions for how to install the package
 - setup.cfg is required when a package has executables, so ros2 run can find them
 - /<package_name> a directory with the same name as your package, used by ROS 2 tools to find your package, contains init .py
 - Anything else
- ros2 run turtlesim turtlesim node

CMake

For CMake packages (C++), the package contents will be different.



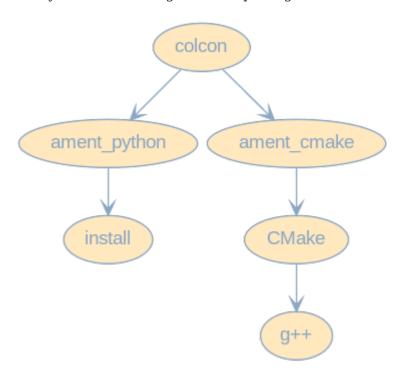
ROS node

- Executable part of ROS:
 - python scripts
 - compiled C++ code
- A process that performs computation
- Inter-node communication:
 - ROS topics (streams)
 - ROS parameter server
 - Remote Procedure Calls (RPC)
 - ROS services
 - ROS actions
- Meant to operate at a fine-grained scale
- Typically, a robot control system consists of many nodes, like:
 - Trajectory planning
 - Localization

- Read sensory data
- Process sensory data
- Motor control
- User interface
- etc.

ROS build system---Colcon

• System for building software packages in ROS



Environmental setup file

- setup.bash
- generated during init process of a new workspace
- extends shell environment
- ROS can find any resources that have been installed or built to that location

source ~/ros2_ws/install/setup.bash

Practice

1: Turtlesim

1. Start turtlesim_node and turtle_teleop_key nodes with the following commands, in separate terminal windows:

ros2 run turtlesim turtlesim node

ros2 run turtlesim turtle_teleop_key



Tip

In **Terminator**, you can further divide the given window with Ctrl-Shift-O, Ctrl-Shift-E key combinations. Ctrl-Shift-W closes the active window.



Abort execution

Ctrl-C

2. Running the following ROS commands can provide useful information:

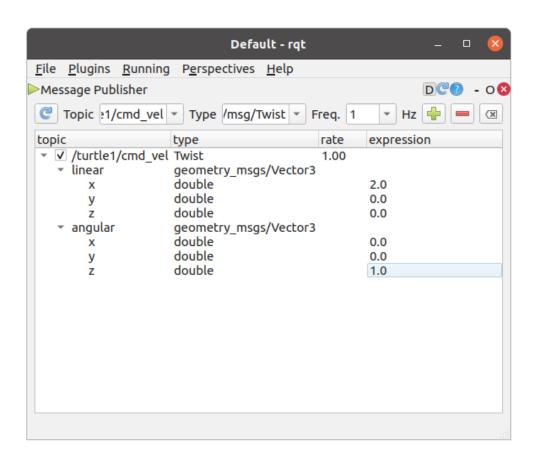
ros2 wtf
ros2 node list
ros2 node info /turtlesim
ros2 topic list
ros2 topic info /turtle1/cmd_vel
ros2 interface show geometry_msgs/msg/Twist
ros2 topic echo /turtle1/cmd_vel

3. Start rqt_gui with the following command:

ros2 run rqt_gui rqt_gui

4. Display the running nodes and topics in rqt_gui: Plugins → Introspection → Node Graph.

5. Publish to the /turtle1/cmd_vel topic also using rqt_gui : Plugins \rightarrow Topics \rightarrow Message Publisher.



2: ROS 2 workspace creation

1. Let's create a new ROS2 workspace with the name ros2_ws.

```
mkdir -p ~/ros2_ws/src
```

3: ROS 2 package creation

1. Let's create a new ROS2 package with the name <code>ros2_course</code> and a Hello World.

cd ~/ros2_ws/src ros2 pkg create --build-type ament_python --node-name hello ros2_course



Syntax

ros2 pkg create --build-type ament_python <package_name>

2. Build the workspace.

```
cd ~/ros2_ws
colcon build --symlink-install
```



Symlink

The option --symlink-install links the source scripts to the Install space, so we don't have to build again after modification.

3. Insert the following line at the end of the ~/.bashrc file:

source ~/ros2_ws/install/setup.bash



Import to QtCreator

New file or project \rightarrow Other project \rightarrow ROS Workspace. Select Colcon as Build System and ros2_ws as Workspace path.



Import to CLion

Set the Python interpreter to Python 3.8, /usr/bin/python3 . Add the follwong path: /opt/ros/foxy/lib/python3.8/site-packages . Hozzuk létre a compile_commands.json fájlt a ~/ros2 ws/build könyvtárban az alábbi tartalommal:

[

4. Test Hello World:

4: Implementing a Publisher in Python

1. Navigate to the ros2_ws/src/ros2_course/ros2_course folder and create the talker.py file with the content below.

```
import rclpy
from rclpy.node import Node
from std_msgs.msg import String
class MinimalPublisher(Node):
  def __init__(self):
    super(). init ('minimal publisher')
    self.publisher = self.create publisher(String, 'chatter', 10)
    timer period = 0.5 # seconds
    self.timer = self.create_timer(timer_period, self.timer_callback)
    self.i = 0
  def timer callback(self):
    msg = String()
    msg.data = 'Hello World: %d' % self.i
    self.publisher_.publish(msg)
    self.get_logger().info('Publishing: "%s"' % msg.data)
    self.i += 1
def main(args=None):
  rclpy.init(args=args)
  minimal publisher = MinimalPublisher()
  rclpy.spin(minimal publisher)
  # Destroy the node explicitly
  # (optional - otherwise it will be done automatically
  # when the garbage collector destroys the node object)
  minimal publisher.destroy node()
  rclpy.shutdown()
if __name__ == '__main__':
  main()
```

2. Add a new entry point in the setup.py file:

```
'talker = ros2_course.talker:main',
```

1. Build and run the node:

```
cd ~/ros2_ws
colcon build --symlink-install
ros2 run ros2_course talker
```

2. Check the output of the node using ros2 topic echo command or rqt gui.

5: Implementing a Subscriber in Python

1. Navigate to the ros2_ws/src/ros2_course/ros2_course folder and create the listener.py file with the content below.

```
import rclpy
from rclpy.node import Node
from std_msgs.msg import String
class MinimalSubscriber(Node):
  def __init__(self):
    super().\_init\_('minimal\_subscriber')
    self.subscription = self.create_subscription(
       String,
       'chatter',
       self.listener callback,
    self.subscription # prevent unused variable warning
  def listener callback(self, msg):
     self.get_logger().info('I heard msg: "%s"' % msg.data)
def main(args=None):
  rclpy.init(args=args)
  minimal subscriber = MinimalSubscriber()
  rclpy.spin(minimal subscriber)
  # Destroy the node explicitly
  # (optional - otherwise it will be done automatically
  # when the garbage collector destroys the node object)
  minimal_subscriber.destroy_node()
```

```
rclpy.shutdown()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()
```

2. Add a new entry point in the setup.py file:

```
'listener = ros2_course.listener:main',
```

3. Build and run both nodes:

```
cd ~/ros2_ws
colcon build --symlink-install
ros2 run ros2_course talker

ros2 run ros2_course listener
```

1. Use rqt_gui to display the nodes and topics of the running system:

```
ros2 run rqt_gui rqt_gui
```

Useful links

- ROS 2 Tutorials
- What is a ROS 2 package?