1 Homework sheet 5 - Matching games, cooperative games and routing games

1. Obtain stable suitor optimal and reviewer optimal matchings for the matching games shown in Figures **??** to **??**.

- Game 1:

$$c: (B, A, C) \bullet \qquad \qquad \bullet C: (a, b, c)$$

$$b: (A, C, B) \bullet \qquad \qquad \bullet B: (b, a, c)$$

$$a: (A, C, B) \bullet \qquad \qquad \bullet A: (b, c, a)$$

- Game 2:

$$c: (A, C, B) \bullet \qquad \qquad \bullet C: (a, b, c)$$

$$b: (B, C, A) \bullet \qquad \qquad \bullet B: (b, c, a)$$

$$a: (A, C, B) \bullet \qquad \qquad \bullet A: (b, c, a)$$

- Game 3:

d: $(A, D, B, C)\,\bullet$ $\bullet\,D$: (a, d, b, c)

c: $(B, A, C, D)\,\bullet$ $\bullet\,C$: (a, c, d, b)

b: $(D, A, C, B)\,\bullet$ $\bullet\,B$: (d, a, c, b)

a: $(A, D, C, B)\,\bullet$ $\bullet\,A$: (b, d, a, c)

- Game 4:

d: $(B, A, D, C)\,\bullet$ $\bullet\,D$: (a, b, d, c)

c: $(B, C, A, D)\,\bullet$ $\bullet\,C$: (d, b, a, c)

b: $(A, D, C, B)\,\bullet$ $\bullet\,B$: (d, a, c, b)

a: $(A, D, C, B)\,\bullet$ $\bullet\,A$: (c, b, d, a)

2. Consider a matching game where all reviewers have the same preference list. Prove that there is a single stable matching.

3. For the following cooperative games:

   i. Verify if the game is monotonic.
   ii. Verify if the game is super additive.
   iii. Obtain the Shapley value.

$$v_1(C) = \begin{cases} 5, & \text{if } C = \{1\} \\ 3, & \text{if } C = \{2\} \\ 2, & \text{if } C = \{3\} \\ 12, & \text{if } C = \{1,2\} \\ 5, & \text{if } C = \{1,3\} \\ 4, & \text{if } C = \{2,3\} \\ 13, & \text{if } C = \{1,2,3\} \end{cases}$$

$$v_2(C) = \begin{cases} 6, & \text{if } C = \{1\} \\ 0, & \text{if } C = \{2\} \\ 5, & \text{if } C = \{1,2\} \end{cases}$$

$$v_4(C) = \begin{cases} 6, & \text{if } C = \{1\} \\ 6, & \text{if } C = \{2\} \\ 13, & \text{if } C = \{3\} \\ 6, & \text{if } C = \{1,2\} \\ 13, & \text{if } C = \{1,3\} \\ 13, & \text{if } C = \{2,3\} \\ 26, & \text{if } C = \{1,2,3\} \end{cases}$$
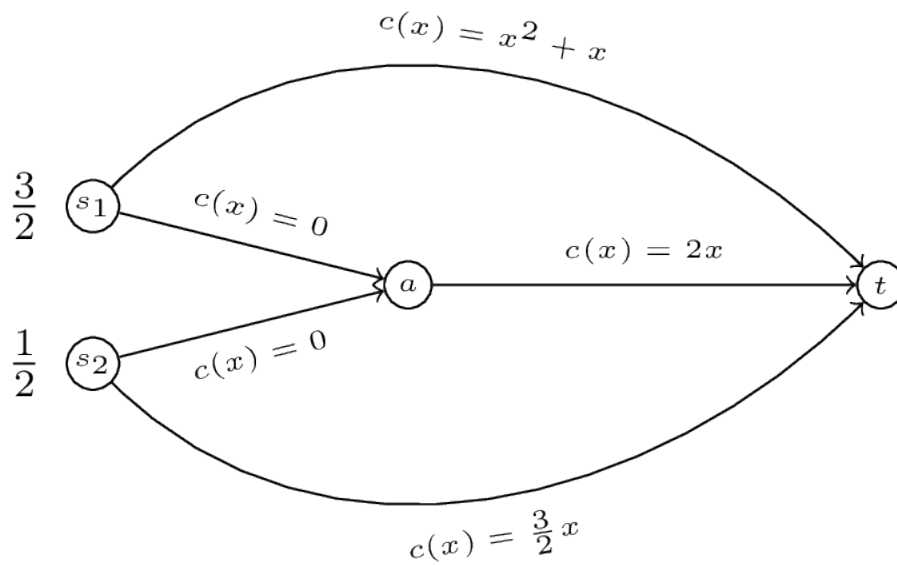
$$v_4(C) = \begin{cases} 6, & \text{if } C = \{1\} \\ 7, & \text{if } C = \{2\} \\ 0, & \text{if } C = \{3\} \\ 8, & \text{if } C = \{4\} \\ 7, & \text{if } C = \{1,2\} \\ 6, & \text{if } C = \{1,3\} \\ 12, & \text{if } C = \{1,4\} \\ 7, & \text{if } C = \{2,3\} \\ 12, & \text{if } C = \{2,4\} \\ 8 & \text{if } C = \{3,4\} \\ 7, & \text{if } C = \{1,2,3\} \\ 24, & \text{if } C = \{1,2,4\} \\ 12, & \text{if } C = \{1,3,4\} \\ 12, & \text{if } C = \{2,3,4\} \\ 25, & \text{if } C = \{1,2,3,4\} \end{cases}$$
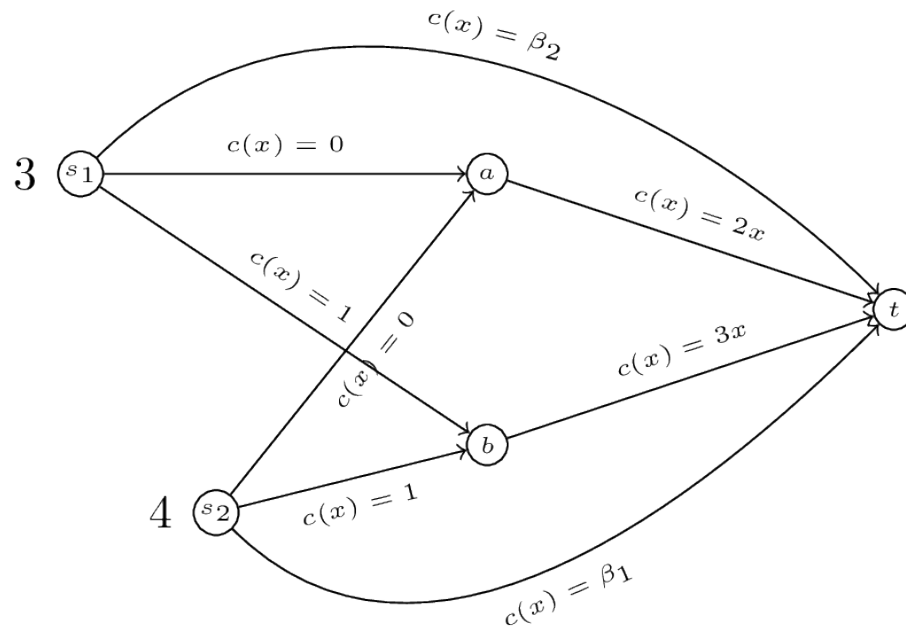
4. Prove that the Shapley value has the following properties:

- Efficiency
- Null player
- Symmetry
- Additivity

Note that this does not prove that the Shapley value is the only vector that has those properties (it in fact is though).

5. Calculate the Nash flow and the optimal flow for the routing games shown in Figures **??** and **??**.

$$\frac{3}{2}$$ s_1

$$\frac{1}{2}$$ s_2

$c(x) = x^2 + x$

$c(x) = 0$

$c(x) = 0$

a

$c(x) = 2x$

$c(x) = \frac{3}{2}x$

t

The figure shows a routing game graph with nodes s_1 (labeled 3), s_2 (labeled 4), a, b, and t, with edges:

- $s_1 \to t$ (top curve): $c(x) = \beta_2$
- $s_1 \to a$: $c(x) = 0$
- $s_1 \to b$: $c(x) = 1$
- $a \to b$: $c(x) = 0$
- $a \to t$: $c(x) = 2x$
- $b \to t$: $c(x) = 3x$
- $s_2 \to a$: $c(x) = 0$
- $s_2 \to b$: $c(x) = 1$
- $s_2 \to t$ (bottom curve): $c(x) = \beta_1$

6. For a routing game the 'Price of Anarchy' is defined as:

$$\text{PoA} = \frac{C(\tilde{f})}{C(f^*)}$$

For the game shown in Figure 1 (a generalisation of "Pigou's example") obtain the PoA as a function of α.

Now obtain the PoA for the game shown in Figure **??** as a function of Λ, α and β. For what value of Λ is the PoA at it's maximum?
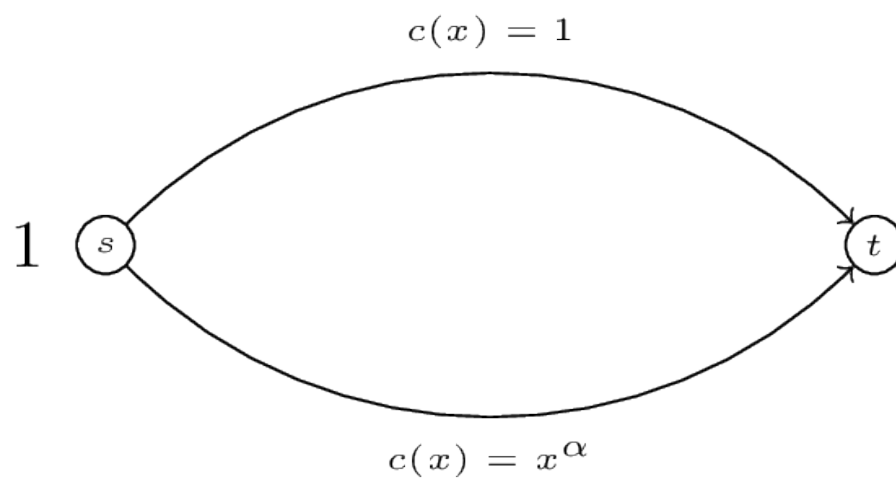
$c(x) = 1$

1 s t

$c(x) = x^\alpha$

Figure 1: A generalization of Pigou's example

$c(x) = \beta$

Λ s t

$c(x) = x^\alpha$