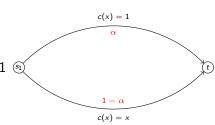
## Routing Games Game Theory

Vincent Knight

## (G, r, c)

- ▶ G = (V, E), with a defined set of sources  $s_i$  and sinks  $t_i$ ;
- ► A commodity *r<sub>i</sub>*;
- ▶ A set of latencies: c<sub>e</sub>.



$$c(x) = 1$$

$$\frac{1 - \alpha}{c(x) = x}$$

$$C(f) = \sum_{P \in \mathcal{P}} c_P(f_P) f_P = \sum_{e \in E} c_e(f_e) f_e$$

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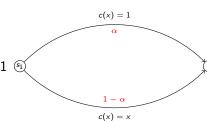
$$\alpha$$

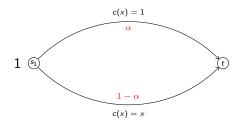
$$1 \quad \text{(s)}$$

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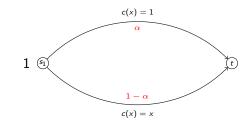
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$$C(f) = 1 \times .75 + c(.25) \times .25 = 1 \times .75 + .25 \times .25 = .8125$$



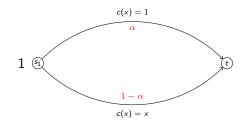


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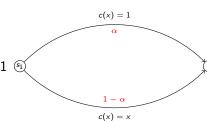
$$C(\alpha) = \alpha + (1 - \alpha)^2 = 1 - \alpha + \alpha^2$$

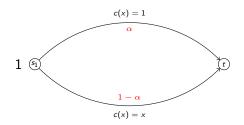


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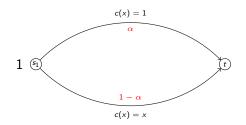
$$f^* = (.5, .5)$$





A Nash flow:  $\tilde{f}$  iff for every commodity i and any two paths  $P_1, P_2 \in \mathcal{P}_i$  such that  $f_{P_1} > 0$  then:

$$c_{P_1}(f) \leq c_{P_2}(f)$$



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$$\tilde{f}=(0,1)$$