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How to Grow Dill Plants: The Complete Guide



Learn how to plant, grow, and harvest dill with The Old Farmer's Almanac's plant guide.

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Planting, Growing, and **Harvesting Dill**

By Catherine Boeckmann









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With its feathery green leaves, fragrant dill is commonly used in pickling, soups, dressings, and potato dishes. As its name suggests, dill "weed" is easy to grow! It's also a great companion plant to deter pests. Here's how to plant, grow, and harvest dill.

About Dill

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Native to Eurasia and the Mediterranean, dill is most at home in warmer climates. It's an annual herb, so to create a permanent patch of dill, allow some of the plants to flower and go to seed each year—you'll have plenty of early dill to start the next growing season.

BUY SEEDS NOW

Dill attracts beneficial insects such as

garden and is a host plant for the caterpillar of the black swallowtail butterfly.

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Black swallowtail caterpillar on dill flowers.

Read Next

- <u>Companion Planting Chart and Guide</u> <u>for Vegetable Gardens</u>
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PLANTING

Dill plants grow best in full sun (6 to 8 hours of direct sunlight). Also, choose a location that is protected from strong winds, as dill's tall foliage can be blown over easily.

Choose a planting site with well-draining soil rich in organic matter. The soil's pH should ideally be between slightly acidic and neutral (6.5–7.0).

Plant dill near cabbage, Brussels sprouts, broccoli, and other Brassicas; it's thought to improve their growth and protect them from pests. Keep it away from carrots, however, as it can decrease yields. Learn more about companion planting!

According to Jill MacKenzie and Shirley
Mah Kooyman of the University of
Minnesota Extension, "Growing dill indoors is possible, as long as you provide
enough light."

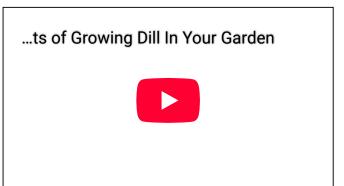
- Dill seeds should be sown directly into the garden (dill puts down a taproot, so like carrots, it doesn't transplant well) after the threat of frost has passed in the spring. See local frost dates.
- For the best germination results, the soil temperature should be between 60° and 70°F (15° and 21°C). Seedlings should appear in 10 to 14 days.
- If you're planting dill for <u>pickling</u>, sow dill seeds every few weeks until midsummer to ensure a constant supply into fall.

How to Plant Dill

- Sow dill seeds about ¼-inch deep.
- Seedlings should appear after 10 to 14
 days. Wait another 10 to 14 days, then
 thin the plants to about 10 to 12 inches
 apart (if they aren't already spaced
 well enough).

Check out our video to learn more about the benefits of growing dill in your garden:

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GROWING

- Water the plants freely during the growing season, ensuring that they don't dry out excessively.
- In order to ensure a season-long fresh supply of dill, continue sowing seeds every few weeks. For an extended harvest of the leaves, do not allow flowers to grow on the plants.
- If dill is allowed to go to seed and the soil isn't disturbed too much more dill



Types

- 'Fernleaf' dill is a compact variety that works well in containers and is not prone to bolting.
- 'Bouquet' is a larger variety that produces a lot of seeds.
- 'Mammoth' is another tall variety and is considered one of the best for pickling and other culinary uses, such as in potato salads, cucumber soup, and fish dishes.

HARVESTING

 As soon as the plant has four to five leaves, you can start harvesting.
 Harvest older leaves first. Pinch off the leaves or cut them off with scissors.

GARDENING PRODUCTS



PESTS/DISEASES

 Leaf spot and occasionally a few other types of fungal leaf and root diseases

WIT AND WISDOM

- For sweeter breath, chew dill seeds.
- If you grow your own dill and <u>cucum-</u> <u>bers</u>, you can make <u>dill pickles!</u>
- Have you ever wondered, what exactly
 is a "kosher" dill pickle? Kosher is

food, especially to meat that has been slaughtered and prepared according to the prescribed manner. Kosher salt is not treated with additives and is as close to pure solar salt as you can get. If you taste a kosher dill pickle, you'll know it's been prepared in the best possible way.

RECIPES

QUICK AND EASY REFRIGERATOR
DILL PICKLES

DILLED GREEN BEANS

PICKLED GREEN BEANS (DILLY BEANS)

DILL AND POTATO CAKES

COOKING NOTES

Many people love to make dill pickles with

on making dill pickles. You can also add dill as a seasoning in countless recipes.

HERBS

ABOUT THE AUTHOR

Catherine Boeckmann



Catherine Boeckmann loves nature, stargazing, and gardening so it's not surprising that she and The Old Farmer's Almanac found each other. She leads digital content for the Almanac website, and is also a certified master gardener in the state of Indiana. Read More from Catherine Boeckmann

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COMMENTS

ADD A COMMENT

I just can't grow dill.....I kill everything I plant, developing a serious complex here.

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REPLY

Ora (not verified) 1 year 6 months ago
I'm in Zone 5, coastal Maine. I had a fabulous
crop of dill this year... but, it's time for garden
clean-up. I'm wondering if I should just cut
down my dill to ground level, or uproot them
completely.

I've read dill has a long taproot. Will this benefit the soil if left in place or compete for space next season?

Thanks for your advice!

REPLY

The Editors 1 year 6 months ago
Hi, Ora. That's great that you had
such a dill-icious year! If you leave
your plants undisturbed, you will get
more dill next year, though not the
same plants. Dill naturally self seeds,

plants will encourage new plants next growing season.

REPLY

Donna caray (not verified) 1 year 1 month ago

I put my dill seeds in egg cartons will they start to grow still?

REPLY

The Editors 1 year 1 month ago
Hi, Donna. It sounds like you stored
your dill seeds in egg cartons, not
that you have started your dill seeds
in egg cartons. Checking to see if
your seeds are still good is as easy as
placing ten seeds on a damp paper
towel, folding it up, and placing it in a
plastic bag. Put the bag in a warm
spot and check after a week or so to
see if any of the seeds have sprouted.
If 2 out of 10 germinate, that means a

altogether. If 8 out of 10 germinate, that means 80%—not bad at all! You can likely get away with using them for another season.

REPLY

bobbie (not verified) 2 years 7 months ago How does one dry dill and store

REPLY

The Editors 2 years 7 months ago
Hang the foliage in a warm, well-ventilated place out of direct sunlight.
Once totally dry, the foliage should
crumble easily; store it in herb jar or
the like.

REPLY

Jolie (not verified) 2 years 9 months ago

I tried growing dill for the first time this year: I

sunny location, but the first drenching rain seems to have killed the dill! After the rain, there was one healthy-looking stalk and I transplanted it to a terracotta pot to keep it drier but it is clearly very unhappy... what is the secret to growing dill? Any ideas as to why this plant doesn't seem to do well?

REPLY

The Editors 2 years 9 months ago Hi, Jolie, The drenching rain you cite probably did it in, causing root rot. It's likely that the soil in the pot did not drain well—and/or the pot simply was not deep enough. Most varieties of dill create long tap roots that need space to stretch out. The transplant may have suffered from being moved. Think of it: being uprooted and resettled is a traumatic readjustment for any plant (or person) and not all survive. In future, provide a deep pot, rich (composted) well-draining soil (the pot material should not make a

sun (indoors, give is a south- or westfacing window). Indoors in part sun, water only when soil dries out; outdoors, especially in hot environments, regular moisture is the rule.

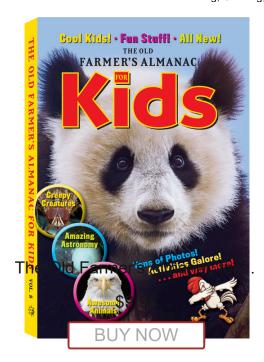
REPLY

Rowan (not verified) 3 years 11 months ago
I plant dill every year in perpetual hope. Every
year it grows beautifully. And then I come out
on a morning to find something has eaten the
roots. I've moved location, type of pot, sprinkled egg shells around it. I have never caught a
glimpse of what eats the roots, even with a
camera. Any suggestions on how to keep something from eating my dill?

REPLY

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