

HTTP Server

CS431 - Computer Networks

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Server

A minimal file server was implemented which parses HTTP requests and sends the corresponding file over the TCP socket (if exists).

Features

- Multithreaded concurrent connections implemented in a thread pool, to save the time overhead of creating and destroying threads. Multiple concurrency controls constructs were used to ensure thread safety such as mutex locks and condition variables.
- An HTTP request parser to parse HTTP verb, URI, version, and headers. (I was only interested in Content-Length)
- Object oriented design: Server, Request, and Response were implemented in classes
- Dynamic timeout: timeout is calculated based on the number of queued connections. The number is divided by the number of physical threads in the CPU to calculate what I denote by the number of groups to be served. A maximum time out is exponentially reduced based on the number of groups.

$$\# groups = \frac{\# queued\ connections}{\# physical\ threads}$$

$$timeout = max\ timeout\ /\ 2^{\# groups}$$

Design

```
void Listen();
Server(int port);
void init_server_pool();
void closeServer();
void acceptClient();
void enqueue(int socket);
int dequeue();
int serve_get(int client_socket, Request &request);
int serve_post(int client_socket, Request &request);
```

Client

Features

- Parse commands from file and send GET/POST request accordingly
- GET files from server and save them on desk
- POST files to server.
- Minimal error handling

Design

```
// Parse commands from file
size_t parse_input();
// initialize connection with server
int init_socket(const char *hostname, int port);
// send get request to the socket with the specified URI
int serve_get(int server_socket, const char *uri);
// send post request to the socket with the specified URI
int serve_post(int server_socket, const char *uri);
```

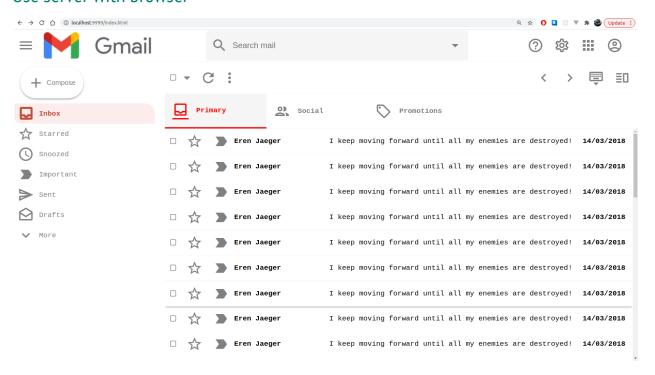
Helper classes

```
class Request{};
class Response{};
```

Both classes parse the request/response string

Bonus

Use server with browser



Request URL: http://localhost:9999/index.html

Request Method: GET
Status Code: © 200 OK

Remote Address: 127.0.0.1:9999

Referrer Policy: strict-origin-when-cross-origin

Response Headers View source

Content-Length: 22761

Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8

Request Headers View source

Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/webp,image/apng,*/*;q=0.8,application/signed-exchange;v=b3;q=0.9

Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br

Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.9,ar;q=0.8

Cache-Control: max-age=0 Connection: keep-alive Host: localhost:9999

sec-ch-ua: "Chromium"; v="92", " Not A; Brand"; v="99", "Google Chrome"; v="92"

sec-ch-ua-mobile: ?0
Sec-Fetch-Dest: document
Sec-Fetch-Mode: navigate

Sec-Fetch-Site: none Sec-Fetch-User: ?1

Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/92.0.4515.13

1 Safari/537.36

▼ General

Request URL: http://localhost:9999/styles.css

Request Method: GET
Status Code: © 200 OK

Remote Address: 127.0.0.1:9999

Referrer Policy: strict-origin-when-cross-origin

▼ Response Headers View source

Content-Length: 4112

Content-Type: text/css; charset=UTF-8

▼ Request Headers View source

Accept: text/css,*/*;q=0.1

Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br

Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.9,ar;q=0.8

Connection: keep-alive Host: localhost:9999

Referer: http://localhost:9999/index.html

sec-ch-ua: "Chromium"; v="92", " Not A; Brand"; v="99", "Google Chrome"; v="92"

sec-ch-ua-mobile: ?0
Sec-Fetch-Dest: style
Sec-Fetch-Mode: no-cors
Sec-Fetch-Site: same-origin

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/92.0.4515.13

1 Safari/537.36

▼ General

Request URL: http://localhost:9999/gmail-icon.png

Request Method: GET
Status Code: 9 200 0K

Remote Address: 127.0.0.1:9999

Referrer Policy: strict-origin-when-cross-origin

▼ Response Headers View source

Content-Length: 2007

Content-Type: text/png; charset=UTF-8

▼ Request Headers View source

Accept: image/avif,image/webp,image/apng,image/svg+xml,image/*,*/*;q=0.8

Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br

Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.9,ar;q=0.8

Connection: keep-alive Host: localhost:9999

Referer: http://localhost:9999/index.html

sec-ch-ua: "Chromium"; v="92", " Not A; Brand"; v="99", "Google Chrome"; v="92"

sec-ch-ua-mobile: ?0
Sec-Fetch-Dest: image
Sec-Fetch-Mode: no-cors
Sec-Fetch-Site: same-origin

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/92.0.4515.13

1 Safari/537.36

Performance Evaluation

I wrote a BASH script that ran \$X numbers of clients concurrently. But, I really could not think of a way to evaluate performance. However, the server served all the requests properly.

How to run

• First compile both server and clients using Makefile supplied by using

make

• To run server

./server [port]

• To run client

./client [requests-file-path [client-folder [hostname [port]]]]

Client-folder is without slashes

• The requests file follows:

client_get path
client_post path

Note that path in post is any path on the client machine

• You can use the supplied bash script to run multiple clients that parse the same request.txt file

./run_clients.sh port number