

## **WORKSHEET 7 SQL**

## Q1 and Q2 have one or more correct answer. Choose all the correct option to answer your question.

- 1. The primary key is selected from the
  - A. Composite keys
  - B. Candidate keys
  - C. Foreign keys
  - D. Determinants

ANS- Candidate keys

- 2. Which is/are correct statements about primary key of a table?
  - A. Primary keys can contain NULL values.
  - **B.** Primary keys cannot contain NULL values...
  - C. A table can have only one primary key with single or multiple fields....
  - D. A table can have multiple primary keys with single or multiple fields.

ANS- Primary keys cannot contain NULL values...

## Q3 to Q10 have only one correct answer. Choose the correct option to answer your question.

- 3. Which SQL command is used to insert a row in a table?
  - A. Select
  - B. Create
  - C. Insert
  - D. Drop

ANS-Insert

- 4. Which one of the following sorts rows in SQL?

  A SORTBY
  - A. SORTBY
  - B. ALIGNBY
  - C. ORDERBY
  - D. GROUPBY

ANS- ALIGNBY

- 5. The SQL statement that queries or reads data from a table is
  - A. QUERY
  - B. READ
  - C. SELECT
  - D. QUERY

**ANS-QUERY** 

- 6. Which normal form is considered adequate for relational database design?
  - A. 1NF
  - B. 2NF
  - C. 3NF
  - D. 4NF

ANS-3NF

7. SQL can be used to



- A. Create database structures only
- B. Modify database data only
- C. All of the above can be done by SQL
- D. Query database data only

ANS- Query database data only



- 8. SQL query and modification commands make up
  - A. DDL
  - B. DML
  - C. HTML
  - D. XML
    - ANS- DML
- 9. The result of a SQL SELECT statement is a(n).
  - A. File
  - B. Table
  - C. Report
  - D. Form

ANS- TABLE

- 10. Second normal form should meet all the rules for
  - A. 1 NF
  - B. 2 NF
  - C. 3 NF
  - D. 4 NF

ANS-2NF

## Q11 to Q15 are subjective answer type questions, Answer them briefly.

11. What are joins in SQL?

ANS- JOINS in SQL are commands which are used to combine rows from two or more tables, based on a related column between those tables. There are predominantly used when a user is trying to extract data from tables which have one-to-many or many-to-many relationships between them

12. What are the different types of joins in SQL?

ANS- (INNER) JOIN: Returns records that have matching values in both tables.

LEFT (OUTER) JOIN: Returns all records from the left table, and the matched records from the right table.

RIGHT (OUTER) JOIN: Returns all records from the right table, and the matched records from the left table.

13. What is SQL Server?

ANS- SQL Server is a relational database management system, or RDBMS, developed and marketed by Microsoft.

Similar to other RDBMS software, SQL Server is built on top of <u>SQL</u>, a standard programming language for interacting with relational databases. SQL Server is tied to Transact-SQL, or T-SQL, the Microsoft's implementation of SQL that adds a set of proprietary programming constructs.

14. What is primary key in SQL?

ANS- The PRIMARY KEY constraint uniquely identifies each record in a table. Primary keys must contain UNIQUE values, and cannot contain NULL values. A table can have only ONE primary key; and in the table, this primary key can consist of single or multiple columns (fields).

15. What is ETL in SQL?



ANS- ETL, which stands for "extract, transform, load," are the three processes that, in combination, move data from one database, multiple databases, or other sources to a unified repository—typically a data warehouse.