

# Python sleep()

The `sleep()` method suspends the execution of the program for a specified number of seconds.

## Example

```
import time

time.sleep(2)

print("Wait until 2 seconds.")

# Output: Wait until 2 seconds.
```

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## Python sleep() Syntax

```
time.sleep(seconds)
```

Here, [time](#) is a Python module that provides several time-handling methods.

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## sleep() Parameters

The method takes a single parameter:

- **seconds** - the number of seconds for which the program will suspend
- 

## sleep() Return Value

The method does not return any value.

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## Example: sleep() Method

```
import time

print("Printed immediately.")
time.sleep(2.4)
print("Printed after 2.4 seconds.")
```

### Output

```
Printed immediately.
Printed after 2.4 seconds.
```

Here's how the above program works:

1. "Printed immediately" is printed.
  2. `time.sleep(2.4)` suspends execution for 2.4 seconds.
  3. "Printed after 2.4 seconds" is printed.
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# Create a Digital Clock in Python

```
import time

while True:

    # get current local time as structured data
    current_time = time.localtime()
    # format the time in 12-hour clock with AM/PM
    formatted_time = time.strftime("%I:%M:%S %p", current_time)

    print(formatted_time)
    time.sleep(1)
```

## Output

```
01:47:43 PM
01:47:44 PM
01:47:45 PM
01:47:46 PM
... ..
```

In the above example, we obtain and print the current local time inside an infinite [while loop](#).

Then, the program waits for **1** second before repeating the same process.

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## Also Read:

- [Python Program to Create a Countdown Timer](#)

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