Package 'PatientLevelPrediction'

February 26, 2016

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Type Package
Title Package for patient level prediction using data in the OMOP Common Data
Version 1.1.0
Date 2015-11-4
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Description A package for creating patient level prediction models. Given a
      cohort of interest and an outcome of interest, the package can use data in the
      Common Data Model to build a large set of features. These features can then
      be used by the Cyclops package to fit a predictive model. Also included are
      function for evaluating the predictive models.
License Apache License 2.0
Depends R (>= 3.2.2),
      DatabaseConnector (>= 1.3.0),
      Cyclops (>= 1.2.0)
Imports ggplot2,
     bit,
      ff,
      ffbase (>= 0.12.1),
      plyr,
      survAUC,
      Rcpp (>= 0.11.2),
      RJDBC,
      SqlRender (\geq 1.1.3),
      survival
Suggests testthat,
      pROC,
      gnm,
      knitr,
      rmarkdown
LinkingTo Rcpp
NeedsCompilation yes
RoxygenNote 5.0.1
```

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byMaxFf

Index

Compute max of values binned by a second variable

Description

Compute max of values binned by a second variable

Usage

byMaxFf(values, bins)

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Arguments

values An ff object containing the numeric values to take the max of.

bins An ff object containing the numeric values to bin by.

Examples

```
values <- ff::as.ff(c(1, 1, 2, 2, 1))
bins <- ff::as.ff(c(1, 1, 1, 2, 2))
byMaxFf(values, bins)
```

bySumFf

Compute sum of values binned by a second variable

Description

Compute sum of values binned by a second variable

Usage

```
bySumFf(values, bins)
```

Arguments

values An ff object containing the numeric values to be summed bins An ff object containing the numeric values to bin by

Examples

```
values <- ff::as.ff(c(1, 1, 2, 2, 1))
bins <- ff::as.ff(c(1, 1, 1, 2, 2))
bySumFf(values, bins)</pre>
```

computeAuc

Compute the area under the ROC curve

Description

Compute the area under the ROC curve

Usage

```
computeAuc(prediction, plpData, removeDropoutsForLr = TRUE,
  confidenceInterval = FALSE)
```

Arguments

prediction A prediction object as generated using the predictProbabilities function.

plpData An object of type plpData.

removeDropoutsForLr

If TRUE and modelType is "logistic", subjects that do not have the full observation window (i.e. are censored earlier) and do not have the outcome are removed

prior to evaluating the model.

confidenceInterval

Should 95 percebt confidence intervals be computed?

Details

Computes the area under the ROC curve for the predicted probabilities, given the true observed outcomes.

computeAucFromDataFrames

Compute the area under the ROC curve

Description

Compute the area under the ROC curve

Usage

```
computeAucFromDataFrames(prediction, status, time = NULL,
  confidenceInterval = FALSE, timePoint, modelType = "logistic")
```

Arguments

prediction A vector with the predicted hazard rate.

status A vector with the status of 1 (event) or 0 (no event).

time Only for survival models: a vector with the time to event or censor (which ever

comes first).

confidenceInterval

Should 95 percebt confidence intervals be computed?

timePoint Only for survival models: time point when the AUC should be evaluated

modelType Type of model. Currently supported are "logistic" and "survival".

Details

Computes the area under the ROC curve for the predicted probabilities, given the true observed outcomes.

computeCovariateMeans

computeCovariateMeans Compute covariate means

Description

Compute covariate means

Usage

```
computeCovariateMeans(plpData, cohortId = NULL, outcomeId = NULL)
```

Arguments

plpData An object of type plpData.

cohortId The ID of the specific cohort for which to compute the means.

outcomeId The ID of the specific outcome for which to compute the subgroup means.

createCohortAttrCovariateSettings

Create cohort attribute covariate settings

Description

Create cohort attribute covariate settings

Usage

```
createCohortAttrCovariateSettings(attrDatabaseSchema,
  attrDefinitionTable = "attribute_definition",
  cohortAttrTable = "cohort_attribute", includeAttrIds = c())
```

Arguments

attrDatabaseSchema

The database schema where the attribute definition and cohort attribute table can be found.

attrDefinitionTable

The name of the attribute definition table.

 ${\tt cohortAttrTable}$

The name of the cohort attribute table.

includeAttrIds (optional) A list of attribute definition IDs to restrict to.

Details

Creates an object specifying where the cohort attributes can be found to construct covariates. The attributes should be defined in a table with the same structure as the attribute_definition table in the Common Data Model. It should at least have these columns:

```
attribute_definition_id A unique identifier of type integer.
```

attribute_name A short description of the attribute.

The cohort attributes themselves should be stored in a table with the same format as the cohort attribute table in the Common Data Model. It should at least have these columns:

cohort_definition_id A key to link to the cohort table. On CDM v4, this field should be called cohort_concept_id.

subject_id A key to link to the cohort table.

cohort start date A key to link to the cohort table.

attribute_definition_id An foreign key linking to the attribute definition table.

value_as_number A real number.

Value

An object of type covariateSettings, to be used in other functions.

createCovariateSettings

Create covariate settings

Description

Create covariate settings

Usage

```
createCovariateSettings(useCovariateCohortIdIs1 = FALSE,
 useCovariateDemographics = TRUE, useCovariateDemographicsGender = TRUE,
 useCovariateDemographicsRace = TRUE,
 useCovariateDemographicsEthnicity = TRUE,
 useCovariateDemographicsAge = TRUE, useCovariateDemographicsYear = TRUE,
 useCovariateDemographicsMonth = TRUE,
 useCovariateConditionOccurrence = TRUE,
 useCovariateConditionOccurrence365d = TRUE,
 useCovariateConditionOccurrence30d = FALSE,
 useCovariateConditionOccurrenceInpt180d = FALSE,
 useCovariateConditionEra = FALSE, useCovariateConditionEraEver = FALSE,
 useCovariateConditionEraOverlap = FALSE,
 useCovariateConditionGroup = FALSE,
 useCovariateConditionGroupMeddra = FALSE,
 useCovariateConditionGroupSnomed = FALSE,
 useCovariateDrugExposure = FALSE, useCovariateDrugExposure365d = FALSE,
 useCovariateDrugExposure30d = FALSE, useCovariateDrugEra = FALSE,
 useCovariateDrugEra365d = FALSE, useCovariateDrugEra30d = FALSE,
```

useCovariateDrugEraOverlap = FALSE, useCovariateDrugEraEver = FALSE, useCovariateDrugGroup = FALSE, useCovariateProcedureOccurrence = FALSE, useCovariateProcedureOccurrence365d = FALSE, useCovariateProcedureOccurrence30d = FALSE, useCovariateProcedureGroup = FALSE, useCovariateObservation = FALSE, useCovariateObservation365d = FALSE, useCovariateObservation30d = FALSE, useCovariateObservationCount365d = FALSE, useCovariateMeasurement = FALSE, useCovariateMeasurement365d = FALSE, useCovariateMeasurement30d = FALSE, useCovariateMeasurementCount365d = FALSE, useCovariateMeasurementBelow = FALSE, useCovariateMeasurementAbove = FALSE, useCovariateConceptCounts = FALSE, useCovariateRiskScores = FALSE, useCovariateRiskScoresCharlson = FALSE, useCovariateRiskScoresDCSI = FALSE, useCovariateRiskScoresCHADS2 = FALSE, useCovariateRiskScoresCHADS2VASc = FALSE, useCovariateInteractionYear = FALSE, useCovariateInteractionMonth = FALSE, excludedCovariateConceptIds = c(), includedCovariateConceptIds = c(), deleteCovariatesSmallCount = 100)

Arguments

useCovariateCohortIdIs1

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if a covariate should be contructed for whether the cohort ID is 1 (currently primarily used in Cohort-Method).

useCovariateDemographics

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if demographic covariates (age in 5-yr increments, gender, race, ethnicity, year of index date, month of index date) will be created and included in future models.

use Covariate Demographics Gender

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if gender should be included in the model.

useCovariateDemographicsRace

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if race should be included in the model.

useCovariateDemographicsEthnicity

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if ethnicity should be included in the model.

useCovariateDemographicsAge

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if age (in 5 year increments) should be included in the model.

use Covariate Demographics Year

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if calendar year should be included in the model.

use Covariate Demographics Month

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if calendar month should be included in the model.

useCovariateConditionOccurrence

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates derived from CON-DITION OCCURRENCE table will be created and included in future models.

useCovariateConditionOccurrence365d

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates will be created and used in models that look for presence/absence of condition in 365d window prior

to or on cohort index date. Only applicable if useCovariateConditionOccurrence = TRUE.

useCovariateConditionOccurrence30d

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates will be created and used in models that look for presence/absence of condition in 30d window prior to or on cohort index date. Only applicable if useCovariateConditionOccurrence = TRUE.

useCovariateConditionOccurrenceInpt180d

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates will be created and used in models that look for presence/absence of condition within inpatient type in 180d window prior to or on cohort index date. Only applicable if useCovariateConditionOccurrence = TRUE.

useCovariateConditionEra

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates derived from CON-DITION ERA table will be created and included in future models.

useCovariateConditionEraEver

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates will be created and used in models that look for presence/absence of condition era anytime prior to or on cohort index date. Only applicable if useCovariateConditionEra = TRUE.

useCovariateConditionEraOverlap

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates will be created and used in models that look for presence/absence of condition era that overlaps the cohort index date. Only applicable if useCovariateConditionEra = TRUE.

useCovariateConditionGroup

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if all CONDITION_OCCURRENCE and CONDITION_ERA covariates should be aggregated or rolled-up to higher-level concepts based on vocabluary classification.

use Covariate Condition Group Meddra

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if all CONDITION_OCCURRENCE and CONDITION_ERA covariates should be aggregated or rolled-up to higher-level concepts based on the MEDDRA classification.

use Covariate Condition Group Snomed

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if all CONDITION_OCCURRENCE and CONDITION_ERA covariates should be aggregated or rolled-up to higher-level concepts based on the SNOMED classification.

useCovariateDrugExposure

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates derived from DRUG_EXPOSURE table will be created and included in future models.

useCovariateDrugExposure365d

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates will be created and used in models that look for presence/absence of drug in 365d window prior to or on cohort index date. Only applicable if useCovariateDrugExposure = TRUE.

useCovariateDrugExposure30d

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates will be created and used in models that look for presence/absence of drug in 30d window prior to or on cohort index date. Only applicable if useCovariateDrugExposure = TRUE.

useCovariateDrugEra

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates derived from DRUG_ERA table will be created and included in future models.

useCovariateDrugEra365d

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates will be created and used in models that look for presence/absence of drug era in 365d window prior to or on cohort index date. Only applicable if useCovariateDrugEra = TRUE.

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useCovariateDrugEra30d

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates will be created and used in models that look for presence/absence of drug era in 30d window prior to or on cohort index date. Only applicable if useCovariateDrugEra = TRUE.

useCovariateDrugEraOverlap

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates will be created and used in models that look for presence/absence of drug era that overlaps the cohort index date. Only applicable if useCovariateDrugEra = TRUE.

useCovariateDrugEraEver

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates will be created and used in models that look for presence/absence of drug era anytime prior to or on cohort index date. Only applicable if useCovariateDrugEra = TRUE.

useCovariateDrugGroup

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if all DRUG_EXPOSURE and DRUG_ERA covariates should be aggregated or rolled-up to higher-level concepts of drug classes based on vocabluary classification.

useCovariateProcedureOccurrence

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates derived from PRO-CEDURE OCCURRENCE table will be created and included in future models.

useCovariateProcedureOccurrence365d

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates will be created and used in models that look for presence/absence of procedure in 365d window prior to or on cohort index date. Only applicable if useCovariateProcedureOccurrence = TRUE.

useCovariateProcedureOccurrence30d

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates will be created and used in models that look for presence/absence of procedure in 30d window prior to or on cohort index date. Only applicable if useCovariateProcedureOccurrence = TRUE.

useCovariateProcedureGroup

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if all PROCEDURE_OCCURRENCE covariates should be aggregated or rolled-up to higher-level concepts based on vocabluary classification.

useCovariateObservation

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates derived from OB-SERVATION table will be created and included in future models.

useCovariateObservation365d

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates will be created and used in models that look for presence/absence of observation in 365d window prior to or on cohort index date. Only applicable if useCovariateObservation = TRUE.

useCovariateObservation30d

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates will be created and used in models that look for presence/absence of observation in 30d window prior to or on cohort index date. Only applicable if useCovariateObservation = TRUE.

useCovariateObservationCount365d

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates will be created and used in models that look for the count of each observation concept in 365d window prior to or on cohort index date. Only applicable if useCovariateObservation = TRUE.

useCovariateMeasurement

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates derived from OB-SERVATION table will be created and included in future models.

useCovariateMeasurement365d

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates will be created and used in models that look for presence/absence of measurement in 365d window prior to or on cohort index date. Only applicable if useCovariateMeasurement = TRUE.

useCovariateMeasurement30d

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates will be created and used in models that look for presence/absence of measurement in 30d window prior to or on cohort index date. Only applicable if useCovariateMeasurement = TRUE.

use Covariate Measurement Count 365 d

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates will be created and used in models that look for the count of each measurement concept in 365d window prior to or on cohort index date. Only applicable if useCovariateMeasurement = TRUE.

useCovariateMeasurementBelow

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates will be created and used in models that look for presence/absence of measurement with a numeric value below normal range for latest value within 180d of cohort index. Only applicable if useCovariateMeasurement = TRUE (CDM v5+) or useCovariateObservation = TRUE (CDM v4).

useCovariateMeasurementAbove

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates will be created and used in models that look for presence/absence of measurement with a numeric value above normal range for latest value within 180d of cohort index. Only applicable if useCovariateMeasurement = TRUE (CDM v5+) or useCovariateObservation = TRUE (CDM v4).

useCovariateConceptCounts

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates will be created and used in models that count the number of concepts that a person has within each domain (CONDITION, DRUG, PROCEDURE, OBSERVATION)

useCovariateRiskScores

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates will be created and used in models that calculate various Risk Scores, including Charlson, DCSI.

useCovariateRiskScoresCharlson

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if the Charlson comorbidity index should be included in the model.

useCovariateRiskScoresDCSI

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if the DCSI score should be included in the model.

useCovariateRiskScoresCHADS2

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if the CHADS2 score should be included in the model.

useCovariateRiskScoresCHADS2VASc

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if the CHADS2VASc score should be included in the model.

useCovariateInteractionYear

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates will be created and used in models that represent interaction terms between all other covariates and the year of the cohort index date.

useCovariateInteractionMonth

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates will be created and used in models that represent interaction terms between all other covariates and the month of the cohort index date.

excludedCovariateConceptIds

A list of concept IDs that should NOT be used to construct covariates.

includedCovariateConceptIds

A list of concept IDs that should be used to construct covariates.

deleteCovariatesSmallCount

A numeric value used to remove covariates that occur in both cohorts fewer than deleteCovariateSmallCounts time.

Details

creates an object specifying how covariates should be contructed from data in the CDM model.

Value

An object of type defaultCovariateSettings, to be used in other functions.

createHdpsCovariateSettings

Create HDPS covariate settings

Description

Create HDPS covariate settings

Usage

```
createHdpsCovariateSettings(useCovariateCohortIdIs1 = FALSE,
   useCovariateDemographics = TRUE, useCovariateDemographicsGender = TRUE,
   useCovariateDemographicsRace = TRUE,
   useCovariateDemographicsEthnicity = TRUE,
   useCovariateDemographicsAge = TRUE, useCovariateDemographicsYear = TRUE,
   useCovariateDemographicsMonth = TRUE,
   useCovariateConditionOccurrence = TRUE,
   useCovariate3DigitIcd9Inpatient180d = FALSE,
   useCovariate3DigitIcd9Inpatient180dMedF = FALSE,
   useCovariate3DigitIcd9Inpatient180d75F = FALSE,
   useCovariate3DigitIcd9Ambulatory180d = FALSE,
   useCovariate3DigitIcd9Ambulatory180dMedF = FALSE,
   useCovariate3DigitIcd9Ambulatory180dMedF = FALSE,
   useCovariate3DigitIcd9Ambulatory180d75F = FALSE,
   useCovariateDrugExposure = FALSE,
```

```
useCovariateIngredientExposure180d = FALSE,
useCovariateIngredientExposure180dMedF = FALSE,
useCovariateIngredientExposure180d75F = FALSE,
useCovariateProcedureOccurrence = FALSE,
useCovariateProcedureOccurrenceInpatient180d = FALSE,
useCovariateProcedureOccurrenceInpatient180dMedF = FALSE,
useCovariateProcedureOccurrenceInpatient180d75F = FALSE,
useCovariateProcedureOccurrenceAmbulatory180d = FALSE,
useCovariateProcedureOccurrenceAmbulatory180dMedF = FALSE,
useCovariateProcedureOccurrenceAmbulatory180d75F = FALSE,
useCovariateProcedureOccurrenceAmbulatory180d75F = FALSE,
excludedCovariateConceptIds = c(), includedCovariateConceptIds = c(),
deleteCovariateSmallCount = 100)
```

Arguments

useCovariateCohortIdIs1

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if a covariate should be contructed for whether the cohort ID is 1 (currently primarily used in Cohort-Method).

useCovariateDemographics

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if demographic covariates (age in 5-yr increments, gender, race, ethnicity, year of index date, month of index date) will be created and included in future models.

useCovariateDemographicsGender

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if gender should be included in the model.

useCovariateDemographicsRace

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if race should be included in the model.

use Covariate Demographics Ethnicity

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if ethnicity should be included in the model.

useCovariateDemographicsAge

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if age (in 5 year increments) should be included in the model.

useCovariateDemographicsYear

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if calendar year should be included in the model.

useCovariateDemographicsMonth

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if calendar month should be included in the model.

useCovariateConditionOccurrence

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates derived from CON-DITION_OCCURRENCE table will be created and included in future models.

useCovariate3DigitIcd9Inpatient180d

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates will be created and used in models that look for presence/absence of condition within inpatient setting in 180d window prior to or on cohort index date. Conditions are aggregated at the ICD-9 3-digit level. Only applicable if useCovariateConditionOccurrence = TRUE.

useCovariate3DigitIcd9Inpatient180dMedF

Similar to useCovariate3DigitIcd9Inpatient180d, but now only if the frequency of the ICD-9 code is higher than the median.

useCovariate3DigitIcd9Inpatient180d75F

Similar to useCovariate3DigitIcd9Inpatient180d, but now only if the frequency of the ICD-9 code is higher than the 75th percentile.

useCovariate3DigitIcd9Ambulatory180d

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates will be created and used in models that look for presence/absence of condition within ambulatory setting in 180d window prior to or on cohort index date. Conditions are aggregated at the ICD-9 3-digit level. Only applicable if useCovariateConditionOccurrence = TRUE.

use Covariate 3 DigitIcd 9 Ambulatory 180 d Med F

Similar to useCovariate3DigitIcd9Ambulatory180d, but now only if the frequency of the ICD-9 code is higher than the median.

useCovariate3DigitIcd9Ambulatory180d75F

Similar to useCovariate3DigitIcd9Ambulatory180d, but now only if the frequency of the ICD-9 code is higher than the 75th percentile.

useCovariateDrugExposure

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates derived from DRUG_EXPOSURE table will be created and included in future models.

useCovariateIngredientExposure180d

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates will be created and used in models that look for presence/absence of drug ingredients within inpatient setting in 180d window prior to or on cohort index date. Only applicable if useCovariateDrugExposure = TRUE.

useCovariateIngredientExposure180dMedF

Similar to useCovariateIngredientExposure180d, but now only if the frequency of the ingredient is higher than the median.

useCovariateIngredientExposure180d75F

Similar to useCovariateIngredientExposure180d, but now only if the frequency of the ingredient is higher than the 75th percentile.

useCovariateProcedureOccurrence

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates derived from PRO-CEDURE_OCCURRENCE table will be created and included in future models.

useCovariateProcedureOccurrenceInpatient180d

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates will be created and used in models that look for presence/absence of procedures within inpatient setting in 180d window prior to or on cohort index date. Only applicable if useCovariateProcedureOccurrence = TRUE.

useCovariateProcedureOccurrenceInpatient180dMedF

Similar to useCovariateProcedureOccurrenceInpatient180d, but now only if the frequency of the procedure code is higher than the median.

useCovariateProcedureOccurrenceInpatient180d75F

Similar to useCovariateProcedureOccurrenceInpatient180d, but now only if the frequency of the procedure code is higher than the 75th percentile.

useCovariateProcedureOccurrenceAmbulatory180d

A boolean value (TRUE/FALSE) to determine if covariates will be created and used in models that look for presence/absence of procedures within ambulatory setting in 180d window prior to or on cohort index date. Only applicable if useCovariateProcedureOccurrence = TRUE.

useCovariateProcedureOccurrenceAmbulatory180dMedF

Similar to useCovariateProcedureOccurrenceAmbulatory180d, but now only if the frequency of the procedure code is higher than the median.

useCovariateProcedureOccurrenceAmbulatory180d75F

Similar to useCovariateProcedureOccurrenceAmbulatory180d, but now only if the frequency of the procedure code is higher than the 75th percentile.

excludedCovariateConceptIds

A list of concept IDs that should NOT be used to construct covariates.

includedCovariateConceptIds

A list of concept IDs that should be used to construct covariates.

deleteCovariatesSmallCount

A numeric value used to remove covariates that occur in both cohorts fewer than deleteCovariateSmallCounts time.

Details

creates an object specifying how covariates should be contructed from data in the CDM model.

Value

An object of type hdpsCovariateSettings, to be used in other functions.

createPlpSimulationProfile

Create simulation profile

Description

createplpDataSimulationProfile creates a profile based on the provided plpData object, which can be used to generate simulated data that has similar characteristics.

Usage

createPlpSimulationProfile(plpData)

Arguments

plpData

An object of type plpData as generated using getDbplpData.

Details

The output of this function is an object that can be used by the simulateplpData function to generate a plpData object.

Value

An object of type plpDataSimulationProfile.

createTextCovariateSettings

Create text covariate settings

Description

Create text covariate settings

Usage

```
createTextCovariateSettings(language = "eng", removeNegations = TRUE,
   deleteCovariatesSmallCount = 100)
```

Arguments

language Specify the language of the free-text.

removeNegations

Remove negated text prior to constructing features.

 ${\tt deleteCovariatesSmallCount}$

A numeric value used to remove covariates that occur in both cohorts fewer than deleteCovariateSmallCounts time.

Details

creates an object specifying how covariates should be constructed from text in notes table in the CDM model.

Value

An object of type covariateSettings, to be used in other functions.

exportPlpDataToCsv Export all data in a plpData object to CSV files

Description

Export all data in a plpData object to CSV files

Usage

```
exportPlpDataToCsv(plpData, outputFolder)
```

Arguments

plpData An object of type plpData.

outputFolder The folder on the file system where the CSV files will be created. If the folder

does not yet exist it will be created.

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Details

Created a set of CSV files in the output folder with all the data in the plplData object. This function is intended to be used for research into prediction methods. The following files will be created:

cohort.csv Listing all persons and their prediction periods. This file will have these fields: row_id (a unique ID per period), person_id, cohort_start_date, cohort_id, time (number of days in the window).

outcomes.csv Listing all outcomes per period. This file will have these fields: row_id, outcome_id, outcome_count, time_to_event.

exclude.csv Either not exported or a file listing per outcome ID which windows had the outcome prior to the window and should therefore be removed prior to fitting the model. This object will have these fields: rowId, outcomeId.

covariates.csv Listing the baseline covariates per person in the cohorts. This is done using a sparse representation: covariates with a value of 0 are omitted to save space. The covariates file will have three columns: rowId, covariateId, and covariateValue.

covariateRef.csv A file describing the covariates that have been extracted.

metaData Some information on how the plpData object was constructed.

Examples

```
## Not run:
exportPlpDataToCsv(plpData, "s:/temp/exportTest")
## End(Not run)
```

fitPredictiveModel

Fit a predictive model

Description

Fit a predictive model

Usage

```
fitPredictiveModel(plpData, modelType = "logistic",
  removeDropoutsForLr = TRUE, cohortId = NULL, outcomeId = NULL,
  prior = createPrior("laplace", exclude = c(0), useCrossValidation = TRUE),
  control = createControl(noiseLevel = "silent", cvType = "auto",
  startingVariance = 0.1))
```

Arguments

plpData An object of type plpData.

modelType The type of predictive model. Options are "logistic", "poisson", and "survival".

removeDropoutsForLr

If TRUE and modelType is "logistic", subjects that do not have the full observation window (i.e. are censored earlier) and do not have the outcome are removed

prior to fitting the model.

cohortId The ID of the specific cohort for which to fit a model.

outcomeId The ID of the specific outcome for which to fit a model.

prior The prior used to fit the model. See createPrior for details.

control The control object used to control the cross-validation used to determine the

hyperparameters of the prior (if applicable). See createControl for details.

getDbCohortAttrCovariatesData

Getcovariate information from the database through the cohort attribute table

Description

Constructs a large default set of covariates for one or more cohorts using data in the CDM schema. Includes covariates for all drugs, drug classes, condition, condition classes, procedures, observations, etc.

Usage

```
getDbCohortAttrCovariatesData(connection, oracleTempSchema = NULL,
    cdmDatabaseSchema, cdmVersion = "4", cohortTempTable = "cohort_person",
    rowIdField = "subject_id", covariateSettings)
```

Arguments

connection

A connection to the server containing the schema as created using the connect

function in the DatabaseConnector package.

oracleTempSchema

A schema where temp tables can be created in Oracle.

cdmDatabaseSchema

The name of the database schema that contains the OMOP CDM instance. Requires read permissions to this database. On SQL Server, this should specify both the database and the schema, so for example 'cdm, instance dbo'

both the database and the schema, so for example 'cdm_instance.dbo'. Define the OMOP CDM version used: currently support "4" and "5".

cohortTempTable

cdmVersion

Name of the temp table holding the cohort for which we want to construct covaraites

rowIdField

The name of the field in the cohort temp table that is to be used as the row_id field in the output table. This can be especially usefull if there is more than one

period per person.

covariate Settings

An object of type covariateSettings as created using the cohortAttrCovariateSettings function.

Details

This function uses the data in the CDM to construct a large set of covariates for the provided cohort. The cohort is assumed to be in an existing temp table with these fields: 'subject_id', 'cohort_definition_id', 'cohort_start_date'. Optionally, an extra field can be added containing the unique identifier that will be used as rowID in the output. This function is called automatically by the getDbPlpData function.

18 getDbCovariateData

Value

Returns an object of type covariateData, containing information on the baseline covariates. Information about multiple outcomes can be captured at once for efficiency reasons. This object is a list with the following components:

covariates An ffdf object listing the baseline covariates per person in the cohorts. This is done using a sparse representation: covariates with a value of 0 are omitted to save space. The covariates object will have three columns: rowId, covariateId, and covariateValue. The rowId is usually equal to the person_id, unless specified otherwise in the rowIdField argument.

covariateRef An ffdf object describing the covariates that have been extracted.

metaData A list of objects with information on how the covariateData object was constructed.

getDbCovariateData

Get covariate information from the database

Description

Uses one or several covariate builder functions to construct covariates.

Usage

```
getDbCovariateData(connection, oracleTempSchema = NULL, cdmDatabaseSchema,
    cdmVersion = "4", cohortTempTable = "cohort_person",
    rowIdField = "subject_id", covariateSettings, normalize = TRUE)
```

Arguments

connection

A connection to the server containing the schema as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package.

oracleTempSchema

A schema where temp tables can be created in Oracle.

cdmDatabaseSchema

The name of the database schema that contains the OMOP CDM instance. Requires read permissions to this database. On SQL Server, this should specify both the database and the schema, so for example 'cdm_instance.dbo'.

cdmVersion

Define the OMOP CDM version used: currently support "4" and "5".

cohortTempTable

Name of the temp table holding the cohort for which we want to construct covaraites

rowIdField

The name of the field in the cohort temp table that is to be used as the row_id field in the output table. This can be especially usefull if there is more than one period per person.

covariateSettings

Either an object of type covariateSettings as created using one of the create-Covariate functions, or a list of such objects.

normalize

Should covariate values be normalized? If true, values will be divided by the max value per covariate.

Details

This function uses the data in the CDM to construct a large set of covariates for the provided cohort. The cohort is assumed to be in an existing temp table with these fields: 'subject_id', 'cohort_definition_id', 'cohort_start_date'. Optionally, an extra field can be added containing the unique identifier that will be used as rowID in the output. This function is called automatically by the getDbPlpData function.

Value

Returns an object of type covariateData, containing information on the baseline covariates. Information about multiple outcomes can be captured at once for efficiency reasons. This object is a list with the following components:

covariates An ffdf object listing the baseline covariates per person in the cohorts. This is done using a sparse representation: covariates with a value of 0 are omitted to save space. The covariates object will have three columns: rowId, covariateId, and covariateValue. The rowId is usually equal to the person_id, unless specified otherwise in the rowIdField argument.

covariateRef An ffdf object describing the covariates that have been extracted.

metaData A list of objects with information on how the covariateData object was constructed.

getDbDefaultCovariateData

Get default covariate information from the database

Description

Constructs a large default set of covariates for one or more cohorts using data in the CDM schema. Includes covariates for all drugs, drug classes, condition, condition classes, procedures, observations, etc.

Usage

```
getDbDefaultCovariateData(connection, oracleTempSchema = NULL,
  cdmDatabaseSchema, cdmVersion = "4", cohortTempTable = "cohort_person",
  rowIdField = "subject_id", covariateSettings)
```

Arguments

connection

A connection to the server containing the schema as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package.

oracleTempSchema

A schema where temp tables can be created in Oracle.

cdmDatabaseSchema

The name of the database schema that contains the OMOP CDM instance. Requires read permissions to this database. On SQL Server, this should specifiy both the database and the schema, so for example 'cdm_instance.dbo'.

cdmVersion cohortTempTable

Define the OMOP CDM version used: currently support "4" and "5".

Name of the temp table holding the cohort for which we want to construct covaraites

rowIdField

The name of the field in the cohort temp table that is to be used as the row_id field in the output table. This can be especially usefull if there is more than one period per person.

covariateSettings

An object of type defaultCovariateSettings as created using the createCovariateSettings function.

Details

This function uses the data in the CDM to construct a large set of covariates for the provided cohort. The cohort is assumed to be in an existing temp table with these fields: 'subject_id', 'cohort_definition_id', 'cohort_start_date'. Optionally, an extra field can be added containing the unique identifier that will be used as rowID in the output. This function is called automatically by the getDbPlpData function.

Value

Returns an object of type covariateData, containing information on the baseline covariates. Information about multiple outcomes can be captured at once for efficiency reasons. This object is a list with the following components:

covariates An ffdf object listing the baseline covariates per person in the cohorts. This is done using a sparse representation: covariates with a value of 0 are omitted to save space. The covariates object will have three columns: rowId, covariateId, and covariateValue. The rowId is usually equal to the person_id, unless specified otherwise in the rowIdField argument.

covariateRef An ffdf object describing the covariates that have been extracted.

metaData A list of objects with information on how the covariateData object was constructed.

getDbHdpsCovariateData

Get HDPS covariate information from the database

Description

Constructs the set of covariates for one or more cohorts using data in the CDM schema. This implements the covariates typically used in the HDPS algorithm.

Usage

```
getDbHdpsCovariateData(connection, oracleTempSchema = NULL, cdmDatabaseSchema,
    cdmVersion = "4", cohortTempTable = "cohort_person",
    rowIdField = "subject_id", covariateSettings)
```

Arguments

connection

A connection to the server containing the schema as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package.

oracleTempSchema

A schema where temp tables can be created in Oracle.

getDbPlpData 21

cdmDatabaseSchema

The name of the database schema that contains the OMOP CDM instance. Requires read permissions to this database. On SQL Server, this should specify both the database and the schema, so for example 'cdm_instance.dbo'.

cdmVersion
cohortTempTable

Define the OMOP CDM version used: currently support "4" and "5".

rembrabte .

Name of the temp table holding the cohort for which we want to construct covaraites

rowIdField

The name of the field in the cohort temp table that is to be used as the row_id field in the output table. This can be especially usefull if there is more than one period per person.

covariateSettings

An object of type covariateSettings as created using the createHdpsCovariateSettings function.

Details

This function uses the data in the CDM to construct a large set of covariates for the provided cohort. The cohort is assumed to be in an existing temp table with these fields: 'subject_id', 'cohort_definition_id', 'cohort_start_date'. Optionally, an extra field can be added containing the unique identifier that will be used as rowID in the output. This function is called automatically by the getDbPlpData function.

Value

Returns an object of type covariateData, containing information on the baseline covariates. Information about multiple outcomes can be captured at once for efficiency reasons. This object is a list with the following components:

covariates An ffdf object listing the baseline covariates per person in the cohorts. This is done using a sparse representation: covariates with a value of 0 are omitted to save space. The covariates object will have three columns: rowId, covariateId, and covariateValue. The rowId is usually equal to the person_id, unless specified otherwise in the rowIdField argument.

covariateRef An ffdf object describing the covariates that have been extracted.

metaData A list of objects with information on how the covariateData object was constructed.

getDbPlpData

Get outcomes for persons in the cohort

Description

Get all the data for the prediction problem from the server.

Usage

```
getDbPlpData(connectionDetails = NULL, cdmDatabaseSchema,
  oracleTempSchema = NULL, cohortDatabaseSchema = cdmDatabaseSchema,
  cohortTable = "cohort", cohortIds = c(0, 1), washoutWindow = 183,
  useCohortEndDate = TRUE, windowPersistence = 0, covariateSettings,
  outcomeDatabaseSchema = cdmDatabaseSchema,
  outcomeTable = "condition_occurrence", outcomeIds = c(),
  outcomeConditionTypeConceptIds = "", firstOutcomeOnly = FALSE,
  cdmVersion = "4")
```

22 getDbPlpData

Arguments

connectionDetails

An R object of type connectionDetails created using the function createConnectionDetails in the DatabaseConnector package.

cdmDatabaseSchema

The name of the database schema that contains the OMOP CDM instance. Requires read permissions to this database. On SQL Server, this should specify both the database and the schema, so for example 'cdm_instance.dbo'.

oracleTempSchema

A schema where temp tables can be created in Oracle.

cohortDatabaseSchema

Where is the source cohort table located? Note that on SQL Server, one should include both the database and schema, e.g. "cdm_schema.dbo".

cohortTable What is the name of the table holding the cohort?

cohortIds The IDs of the cohorts for which we want to create models.

washoutWindow
The mininum required continuous observation time prior to index date for a

person to be included in the cohort.

useCohortEndDate

Use the cohort end date as the basis for the end of the risk window? If FALSE, the cohort start date will be used instead.

windowPersistence

The number of days the risk window should persist.

covariateSettings

An object of type covariateSettings as created using the createCovariateSettings function.

outcomeDatabaseSchema

The name of the database schema that is the location where the data used to define the outcome cohorts is available. If outcomeTable = CONDITION_ERA, outcomeDatabaseSchema is not used. Requires read permissions to this database.

outcomeTable The tablename that contains the outcome cohorts. If outcomeTable <> CONDI-

 $TION_OCCURRENCE, then \ expectation \ is \ outcome Table \ has \ format \ of \ CO-HORT \ table: COHORT_CONCEPT_ID, SUBJECT_ID, COHORT_START_DATE,$

COHORT_END_DATE.

outcomeIds A list of ids used to define outcomes. If outcomeTable = CONDITION OCCURRENCE,

the list is a set of ancestor CONCEPT_IDs, and all occurrences of all descendant concepts will be selected. If outcomeTable <> CONDITION_OCCURRENCE,

the list contains records found in COHORT_DEFINITION_ID field.

 $\verb"outcomeConditionTypeConceptIds"$

A list of TYPE_CONCEPT_ID values that will restrict condition occurrences. Only applicable if outcomeTable = CONDITION_OCCURRENCE.

firstOutcomeOnly

Only keep the first outcome per person?

cdmVersion Define the OMOP CDM version used: currently support "4" and "5".

Details

For the specified cohorts, retrieve the outcomes of interest and covariates to be used for the prediction problem.

Value

An object of type plpData containing information on the prediction problem. This object will contain the following data:

cohorts An ffdf object listing all persons and their prediction periods. This object will have these fields: row_id (a unique ID per period), person_id, cohort_start_date, cohort_id, time (number of days in the window).

outcomes An ffdf object listing all outcomes per period. This object will have these fields: row_id, outcome id, outcome count, time to event.

exclude Either NULL or an ffdf object listing per outcome ID which windows had the outcome prior to the window. This object will have these fields: rowld, outcomeId.

covariates An ffdf object listing the baseline covariates per person in the cohorts. This is done using a sparse representation: covariates with a value of 0 are omitted to save space. The covariates object will have three columns: rowId, covariateId, and covariateValue.

covariateRef An ffdf object describing the covariates that have been extracted.

metaData A list of objects with information on how the plpData object was constructed.

getDbTextCovariateData

Get text covariate information from the database

Description

Uses a bag-of-words approach to construct covariates based on free-text.

Usage

```
getDbTextCovariateData(connection, oracleTempSchema = NULL, cdmDatabaseSchema,
    cdmVersion = "4", cohortTempTable = "cohort_person",
    rowIdField = "subject_id", covariateSettings)
```

Arguments

connection

A connection to the server containing the schema as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package.

oracleTempSchema

A schema where temp tables can be created in Oracle.

cdmDatabaseSchema

The name of the database schema that contains the OMOP CDM instance. Requires read permissions to this database. On SQL Server, this should specify both the database and the schema, so for example 'cdm_instance.dbo'.

cdmVersion

Define the OMOP CDM version used: currently support "4" and "5".

cohortTempTable

Name of the temp table holding the cohort for which we want to construct covaraites

rowIdField

The name of the field in the cohort temp table that is to be used as the row_id field in the output table. This can be especially usefull if there is more than one period per person.

covariateSettings

An object of type covariateSettings as created using the createTextCovariateSettings function.

24 getModelDetails

Details

This function uses the data in the CDM to construct a large set of covariates for the provided cohort. The cohort is assumed to be in an existing temp table with these fields: 'subject_id', 'cohort_definition_id', 'cohort_start_date'. Optionally, an extra field can be added containing the unique identifier that will be used as rowID in the output. This function is called automatically by the getDbPlpData function.

Value

Returns an object of type covariateData, containing information on the baseline covariates. Information about multiple outcomes can be captured at once for efficiency reasons. This object is a list with the following components:

covariates An ffdf object listing the baseline covariates per person in the cohorts. This is done using a sparse representation: covariates with a value of 0 are omitted to save space. The covariates object will have three columns: rowId, covariateId, and covariateValue. The rowId is usually equal to the person_id, unless specified otherwise in the rowIdField argument.

covariateRef An ffdf object describing the covariates that have been extracted.

metaData A list of objects with information on how the covariateData object was constructed.

getModelDetails

Get the predictive model details

Description

getModelDetails shows the full model, so showing the betas of all variables included in the model, along with the variable names

Usage

```
getModelDetails(predictiveModel, plpData)
```

Arguments

predictiveModel

An object of type predictiveModel as generated using he fitPredictiveModel

function.

plpData An object of type plpData as generated using getDbPlpData.

Details

Shows the coefficients and names of the covariates with non-zero coefficients.

loadCovariateData 25

loadCovariateData

Load the covariate data from a folder

Description

loadCovariateData loads an object of type covariateData from a folder in the file system.

Usage

```
loadCovariateData(file, readOnly = FALSE)
```

Arguments

file The name of the folder containing the data.

readOnly If true, the data is opened read only.

Details

The data will be written to a set of files in the folder specified by the user.

Value

An object of class covariateData

Examples

todo

loadPlpData

Load the PatientLevelPrediction data from a folder

Description

loadPlPData loads an object of type plpData from a folder in the file system.

Usage

```
loadPlpData(file, readOnly = FALSE)
```

Arguments

file The name of the folder containing the data.

readOnly If true, the data is opened read only.

Details

The data will be written to a set of files in the folder specified by the user.

26 PatientLevelPrediction

Value

An object of class PlPData

Examples

todo

normalizeCovariates

Normalize covariate values

Description

Normalize covariate values

Usage

normalizeCovariates(covariates)

Arguments

covariates

An ffdf object as generated using the getDbCovariateData function.#'

Details

Normalize covariate values by dividing by the max. This is to avoid numeric problems when fitting models.

PatientLevelPrediction

PatientLevelPrediction

Description

PatientLevelPrediction

plotCalibration 27

plotCalibration	Plot the calibration
procession action	i wi me cambranoi

Description

Plot the calibration

Usage

```
plotCalibration(prediction, plpData, removeDropoutsForLr = TRUE,
    numberOfStrata = 5, truncateFraction = 0.01, fileName = NULL)
```

Arguments

prediction A prediction object as generated using the predictProbabilities function.

plpData An object of type plpData.

removeDropoutsForLr

If TRUE and modelType is "logistic", subjects that do not have the full observation window (i.e. are censored earlier) and do not have the outcome are removed

prior to evaluating the model.

numberOfStrata The number of strata in the plot.

truncateFraction

This fraction of probability values will be ignored when plotting, to avoid the

x-axis scale being dominated by a few outliers.

fileName Name of the file where the plot should be saved, for example 'plot.png'. See the

function ggsave in the ggplot2 package for supported file formats.

Details

Create a plot showing the predicted probabilities and the observed fractions. Predictions are strate-fied into equally sized bins of predicted probabilities.

Value

A ggplot object. Use the ggsave function to save to file in a different format.

```
\verb|plotCovariateDifferenceOfTopVariables| \\
```

Plot variables with largest standardized difference

Description

Create a plot showing those variables having the largest standardized difference between the group having the outcome and the group that doesn't have the outcome. Requires running computeCovariateMeans first.

28 plotRoc

Usage

```
plotCovariateDifferenceOfTopVariables(means, n = 20, maxNameWidth = 100,
    fileName = NULL)
```

Arguments

means A data frame created by the computeCovariateMeans funcion.

n Count of variates to plot.

maxNameWidth Covariate names longer than this number of characters are truncated to create a

nicer plot.

fileName Name of the file where the plot should be saved, for example 'plot.png'. See the

function ggsave in the ggplot2 package for supported file formats.

Value

A ggplot object. Use the ggsave function to save to file in a different format.

plotRoc Plot the ROC curve

Description

Plot the ROC curve

Usage

```
plotRoc(prediction, plpData, removeDropoutsForLr = TRUE, fileName = NULL)
```

Arguments

prediction A prediction object as generated using the predictProbabilities function.

plpData An object of type plpData.

removeDropoutsForLr

If TRUE and modelType is "logistic", subjects that do not have the full observation window (i.e. are censored earlier) and do not have the outcome are removed

prior to evaluating the model.

fileName Name of the file where the plot should be saved, for example 'plot.png'. See the

function ggsave in the ggplot2 package for supported file formats.

Details

Create a plot showing the Receiver Operator Characteristics (ROC) curve.

Value

A ggplot object. Use the ggsave function to save to file in a different format.

predictFfdf 29

plpDataSimulationProfile

A simulation profile

Description

A simulation profile

Usage

data(plpDataSimulationProfile)

predictFfdf

Generated predictions from a regression model

Description

Generated predictions from a regression model

Usage

```
predictFfdf(coefficients, outcomes, covariates, modelType = "logistic")
```

Arguments

coefficients A names numeric vector where the names are the covariateIds, except for the

first value which is expected to be the intercept.

outcomes A data frame or ffdf object containing the outcomes with predefined columns

(see below).

covariates A data frame or ffdf object containing the covariates with predefined columns

(see below).

modelType Current supported types are "logistic", "poisson", or "survival".

Details

These columns are expected in the outcome object:

rowId (integer) Row ID is used to link multiple covariates (x) to a single outcome (y)

time (real) For models that use time (e.g. Poisson or Cox regression) this contains time

(e.g. number of days)

These columns are expected in the covariates object:

rowId (integer) Row ID is used to link multiple covariates (x) to a single outcome (y)

covariateId (integer) A numeric identifier of a covariate covariateValue (real) The value of the specified covariate

30 saveCovariateData

predictProbabilities Create predictive probabilities

Description

Create predictive probabilities

Usage

```
predictProbabilities(predictiveModel, plpData)
```

Arguments

predictiveModel

An object of type predictiveModel as generated using fitPredictiveModel.

plpData

An object of type plpData as generated using getDbPlpData.

Details

Generates predictions for the population specified in plpData given the model.

Value

The value column in the result data.frame is: logistic: probabilities of the outcome, poisson: Poisson rate (per day) of the outcome, survival: hazard rate (per day) of the outcome.

saveCovariateData

Save the covariate data to folder

Description

saveCovariateData saves an object of type covariateData to folder.

Usage

```
saveCovariateData(covariateData, file)
```

Arguments

file

 ${\tt covariateData} \quad \text{An object of type covariateData as generated using getDbCovariateData}.$

The name of the folder where the data will be written. The folder should not yet exist.

Details

The data will be written to a set of files in the folder specified by the user.

Examples

todo

savePlpData 31

saveP]	l nD	ata
Saveil	LDD	ata

Save the PatientLevelPrediction data to folder

Description

savePlpData saves an object of type plpData to folder.

Usage

```
savePlpData(plpData, file)
```

Arguments

plpData An object of type plpData as generated using getDbPlPData.

file The name of the folder where the data will be written. The folder should not yet

exist.

Details

The data will be written to a set of files in the folder specified by the user.

Examples

todo

simulatePlpData

Generate simulated data

Description

simulateplpData creates a plpData object with simulated data.

Usage

```
simulatePlpData(plpDataSimulationProfile, n = 10000)
```

Arguments

plpDataSimulationProfile

An object of type plpDataSimulationProfile as generated using the createplpDataSimulationProfile function.

The size of the population to be generated.

Details

n

This function generates simulated data that is in many ways similar to the original data on which the simulation profile is based. The contains same outcome, comparator, and outcome concept IDs, and the covariates and their 1st order statistics should be comparable.

32 splitData

Value

An object of type plpData.

splitData

Split data into random subsets

Description

Split data into random subsets

Usage

```
splitData(plpData, splits = 2)
```

Arguments

plpData An object of type plpData.

splits This can be either a single integer, in which case the data will be split up into

equally sized parts. If a vector is provided instead, these are interpreted as the

relative sizes of each part.

Details

Splits cohort, covariate, and outcome data into random subsets, to be used for validation.

Value

A list with entries for each part. An entry itself is a plpData object.

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