## Package 'MF'

April 17, 2024

```
Type Package
Title Mitigated Fraction
Version 4.4.8
Date 2024-04-17
Description Calculate MF (mitigated fraction) with clustering and bootstrap
      options. See http://goo.gl/pcXYVr for definition of MF. No endorsement,
      claim, or warranty is implied for this package. It is made available for
      investigational or pedagogical use only.
License file LICENSE
URL https://github.com/ABS-dev/MF/blob/master/README.md
BugReports https://github.com/ABS-dev/MF/issues
LazyLoad true
LazyData true
Depends R (>= 4.0)
Imports methods,
      dplyr (>= 0.7.1),
      plyr,
     stringr,
      tidyr (>= 1.3.0),
      forcats,
      purrr,
     rlang (>= 1.1.1)
Suggests rmarkdown,
     tidyverse,
      kableExtra,
      testthat,
      covr,
      R.rsp,
      knitr
Collate 'aaa.r'
      'classes.r'
      'generic_methods.r'
      'MF.R'
      'MF-package.r'
      'HLBoot.r'
```

2 R topics documented:

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| 'MFClus.r'                           |
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| 'MFClusHier.R'                       |
| 'MFmp.r'                             |
| 'MFnestBoot.r'                       |
| 'MFr.r'                              |
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| 'MFHier-wrappers.r'                  |
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|--|------------------|----------|

## Description

Post-mortem examination of the lungs of groups of calves.

#### **Format**

```
a data frame with 50 observations of the following 2 variables, no NAs
```

```
group Treatment group. One of con = control or vac = vaccinate lesion Fraction of lungs with gross lesions.
```

HLBoot

Bootstrap CI for MF, HL, and Qdif

## **Description**

Estimates bootstrap confidence intervals for MF, HL, and Qdif.

## Usage

```
HLBoot(
  formula,
  data,
  compare = c("con", "vac"),
  b = 100,
  B = 100,
  alpha = 0.05,
  hpd = TRUE,
  bca = FALSE,
  return.boot = FALSE,
  trace.it = FALSE,
  seed = sample(1:1e+05, 1)
)
```

## Arguments

| formula | Formula of the form $y \sim x + cluster(w)$ , where y is a continuous response, x is a factor with two levels of treatment, and w is a factor indicating the clusters. |
|---------|--|
| data    | Data frame   |
| compare | Text vector stating the factor levels - compare[1] is the control or reference group to which compare[2] is compared   |
| b       | Number of bootstrap samples to take with each cycle  |
| В       | Number of cycles, giving the total number of samples = B * b   |
| alpha   | Complement of the confidence level   |
| hpd     | Boolean whether to estimate highest density intervals for MF and HL.   |

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bca Boolean whether to estimate BCa intervals for MF.

return.boot Boolean whether to save the bootstrap samples of the statistics.
trace.it Boolean whether to display verbose tracking of the cycles.

seed to initialize random number generator for reproducibility. Passed to set. seed.

#### **Details**

Estimates bootstrap confidence intervals for the mitigated fraction (MF), Hodge-Lehmann estimator (HL), and the difference of medians and quartiles (Qdif). Equal tailed intervals are provided for all three, highest density intervals are optionally provided for MF and HL, and BCa intervals are optionally provided for MF. The Hodges-Lehmann estimator is the median difference; it assumes that the two distributions have the same shape and differ by a constant shift. Assumes data is single pool (no nesting).

#### Value

```
a mfhlboot-class data object
```

#### Author(s)

MF-package

#### References

Hodges JL, Lehmann EL, (1963). Estimates of location based on rank tests. **Annals of Mathematical Statistics.** *34:598–611*.

Siev D, (2005). An estimator of intervention effect on disease severity. **Journal of Modern Applied Statistical Methods. 4:500–508**.

Efron B, Tibshirani RJ. An Introduction to the Bootstrap. Chapman and Hall, New York, 1993.

#### See Also

```
mfhlboot-class
```

#### **Examples**

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```
# Highest Density
                     0.44 0.4496 0.152 0.7088
#
#
# Hodges-Lehmann
# observed median
                      lower
                                  upper
# Equal Tailed -0.07335 -0.07615 -0.17220 -0.01565000
# Highest Density -0.07335 -0.07615 -0.15635 -0.00850065
# Quartile Differences (quartiles of vac - quartiles of con)
# observed
             median
                       lower
# Q25 -0.041500 -0.041500 -0.10340 -0.000905
# Q50 -0.112525 -0.111175 -0.28115 0.019350
# Q75 -0.168000 -0.170425 -0.38890 0.005300
# Quartiles of con
# observed median
                      lower upper
# Q25 0.054000 0.054000 0.021005 0.11275
# Q50 0.139275 0.139275 0.061400 0.31000
# Q75 0.315000 0.315000 0.173000 0.44625
# Quartiles of vac
# observed median
                   lower
                             upper
# Q25 0.01250 0.01250 0.00125 0.026000
# Q50 0.02675 0.02675 0.01665 0.144575
# Q75 0.14700 0.14700 0.02810 0.219250
```

mf-class

Class mf

## **Description**

Parent class for package MF data objects.

## **Fields**

- nboot: numeric value specifying number of samples
- alpha: numeric value specifying complement of confidence interval
- seed: vector of integers specifying seed for pseudo-random number generator used
- compare: vector of character strings naming groups compared
- rng: character string naming type of random number generator

## Author(s)

MF-package

#### See Also

Other mf: mfboot-class, mfbootcluster-class, mfhlboot-class

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MFBoot

Bootstrap MF CI

## Description

Estimates bootstrap confidence intervals for the mitigated fraction.

## Usage

```
MFBoot(
  formula,
  data,
  compare = c("con", "vac"),
  b = 100,
  B = 100,
  alpha = 0.05,
  hpd = TRUE,
  bca = FALSE,
  return.boot = FALSE,
  trace.it = FALSE,
  seed = sample(1:1e+05, 1)
)
```

## Arguments

| formula     | Formula of the form $y \sim x$ , where y is a continuous response and x is a factor with two levels.                 |
|-------------|--|
| data        | Data frame   |
| compare     | Text vector stating the factor levels - compare[1] is the control or reference group to which compare[2] is compared |
| b           | Number of bootstrap samples to take with each cycle  |
| В           | Number of cycles, giving the total number of samples = B * b   |
| alpha       | Complement of the confidence level   |
| hpd         | Estimate highest density intervals?  |
| bca         | Estimate BCa intervals?  |
| return.boot | Save the bootstrap sample of the MF statistic?   |
| trace.it    | Verbose tracking of the cycles?  |
| seed        | to initialize random number generator for reproducibility. Passed to set.seed.                                       |

## **Details**

Resamples the data and produces bootstrap confidence intervals. Equal tailed intervals are estimated by the percentile method. Highest density intervals are estimated by selecting the shortest of all possible intervals. For BCa intervals, see Efron and Tibshirani section 14.3.

## Value

```
a mfboot-class data object
```

mfboot-class 7

#### Author(s)

MF-package

## References

Siev D. (2005). An estimator of intervention effect on disease severity. *Journal of Modern Applied Statistical Methods*. **4:500–508** 

Efron B, Tibshirani RJ. An Introduction to the Bootstrap. Chapman and Hall, New York, 1993.

## See Also

```
mfboot-class
```

#### **Examples**

mfboot-class

Class mfboot

## **Description**

class for data objects produced by MFBoot, contains class mf with the two additional fields *stat* and *stuff*.

#### **Fields**

- nboot: numeric value specifying number of samples
- alpha: numeric value specifying complement of confidence interval
- seed: vector of integers specifying seed for pseudo-random number generator used
- compare: vector of character strings naming groups compared
- rng: character string naming type of random number generator
- sample: what is this?
- stat: matrix of estimates

## Contains

mf-class

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#### Author(s)

MF-package

#### See Also

MFBoot

Other mf: mf-class, mfbootcluster-class, mfhlboot-class

mfbootcluster-class

Class mfbootcluster

## Description

Class mfbootcluster is created from output of function MFClusBoot

#### **Fields**

- nboot: numeric value specifying number of samples
- alpha: numeric value specifying complement of confidence interval
- seed: vector of integers specifying seed for pseudo-random number generator used
- compare: vector of character strings naming groups compared
- rng: character string naming type of random number generator
- stat: matrix matrix with columns observed, median, lower, upper for estimates
- what: character vector naming what was resampled: clusters, units, both
- excludedClusters: character vector naming clusters excluded because of missing treatment(s)
- call: the call to MFClusBoot
- sample: what is this?
- All: Field "All" from MFClus call.

#### **Contains**

mf-class

#### Author(s)

MF-package

#### See Also

**MFClusBoot** 

Other mf: mf-class, mfboot-class, mfhlboot-class

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| MFClus | Clustered mitigated fraction |
|--------|------------------------------|
|        |                              |

#### **Description**

Estimates mitigated fraction from clustered or stratified data.

## Usage

```
MFClus(formula, data, compare = c("con", "vac"), trace.it = FALSE)
```

## **Arguments**

| formula  | Formula of the form $y \sim x + cluster(w)$ , where y is a continuous response, x is a factor with two levels of treatment, and w is a factor indicating the clusters. |
|----------|--|
| data     | Data frame. See Note for handling of input data with more than two levels.   |
| compare  | Text vector stating the factor levels - compare[1] is the control or reference group to which compare[2] is compared   |
| trace.it | Verbose tracking of the cycles? Default FALSE.   |

#### **Details**

Averages the U statistic over the clusters and computes MF from it. Clusters are excluded if they do not include both treatments.

#### Value

```
a mfcluster-class data object
```

## Note

If input data contains more than two levels of treatment, rows associated with unused treatment levels will be removed.

Factor levels for treatments not present in the input data will be ignored.

Clusters with missing treatments will be excluded. See mfbootcluster-class or use trace.it to identify excluded clusters.

## Author(s)

MF-package

## References

Siev D. (2005). An estimator of intervention effect on disease severity. *Journal of Modern Applied Statistical Methods*. **4:500–508** 

## See Also

```
mfcluster-class
```

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#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
MFClus(lesion ~ group + cluster(litter), piglung)
  Comparing vac to con
#
#
 MF = 0.3533835
#
 By Cluster
#
#
     w u
                 r n1 n2
 U 25 10 0.4000000 5 5 -0.2000000
 K 12 2 0.2500000 4 2 -0.5000000
 Z 16 10 0.8333333 3 4 0.6666667
 D 3 2 1.0000000 1 2 1.0000000
 N 1 0 0.0000000 1 3 -1.0000000
 T 8 5 0.8333333 2 3 0.6666667
 P 4 1 0.5000000 2 1 0.0000000
 L 3 2 0.6666667 1 3 0.3333333
 G 15 9 0.7500000 3 4 0.5000000
 J 15 9 1.0000000 3 3 1.0000000
 W 6 3 0.7500000 2 2 0.5000000
  A 9 3 0.3333333 3 3 -0.3333333
  X 12 6 1.0000000 3 2 1.0000000
  F 13 7 0.7777778 3 3 0.5555556
  S 21 11 0.9166667 4 3 0.8333333
  H 14 8 0.8888889 3 3
                         0.7777778
  Y 2
       1 1.0000000 1 1
                         1.0000000
  E 2 1 1.0000000 1 1 1.0000000
#
  All
#
        w u
                    r n1 n2
#
  All 181 90 0.6766917 50 52 0.3533835
 Excluded Clusters
# [1] M, Q, R, B, O, V, I, C
## End(Not run)
```

MFClusBoot

Bootstrap MF CI from clustered data

## **Description**

Estimates bootstrap confidence intervals for the mitigated fraction from clustered or stratified data.

## Usage

```
MFClusBoot(
  formula,
  data,
  compare = c("con", "vac"),
  boot.cluster = TRUE,
  boot.unit = TRUE,
```

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```
b = 100,
B = 100,
alpha = 0.05,
hpd = TRUE,
return.boot = FALSE,
trace.it = FALSE,
seed = sample(1:1e+05, 1)
```

#### **Arguments**

formula Formula of the form  $y \sim x + cluster(w)$ , where y is a continuous response, x is a factor with two levels of treatment, and w is a factor indicating the clusters.

data Data frame. See Note for handling of input data with more than two levels.

compare Text vector stating the factor levels - compare[1] is the control or reference

group to which compare[2] is compared

boot.cluster Boolean whether to resample the clusters.

boot.unit Boolean whether to resample the units within cluster.

b Number of bootstrap samples to take with each cycle

Number of cycles, giving the total number of samples = B \* b

alpha Complement of the confidence level

hpd Boolean whether to estimate highest density intervals.

return.boot Boolean whether to save the bootstrap sample of the MF statistic.

trace.it Boolean whether to display verbose tracking of the cycles.

seed to initialize random number generator for reproducibility. Passed to set. seed.

#### **Details**

Resamples the data and produces bootstrap confidence intervals. Equal tailed intervals are estimated by the percentile method. Highest density intervals are estimated by selecting the shortest of all possible intervals.

#### Value

```
a mfbootcluster-class data object
```

## Note

If input data contains more than two levels of treatment, rows associated with unused treatment levels will be removed.

Factor levels for treatments not present in the input data will be ignored.

Clusters with missing treatments will be excluded. See mfbootcluster-class or use trace.it to identify excluded clusters.

## Author(s)

MF-package

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## References

Siev D. (2005). An estimator of intervention effect on disease severity. *Journal of Modern Applied Statistical Methods*. **4:500–508** 

Efron B, Tibshirani RJ. An Introduction to the Bootstrap. Chapman and Hall, New York, 1993.

## **Examples**

MFClusBootHier

*MFClusBootHier* 

## Description

Combines MFhBoot and MFnestBoot into a single function.

## Usage

```
MFClusBootHier(
  formula,
  data,
  compare = c("con", "vac"),
  nboot = 10000,
  boot.unit = TRUE,
  boot.cluster = TRUE,
  which.factor = "All",
  alpha = 0.05,
  seed = sample(1:1e+05, 1)
)
```

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## **Arguments**

| formula      | formula Formula of the form $y \sim x + a/b/c$ , where y is a continuous response, x is a factor with two levels of treatment, and $a/b/c$ are grouping variables corresponding to the clusters. Nesting is assumed to be in order, left to right, highest to lowest. So a single level of "a" will contain multiple levels of "b" and a single level of "b" will contain multiple levels of "c". |
|--------------|---|
| data         | a data.frame or tibble with the variables specified in formula. Additional variables will be ignored.   |
| compare      | Text vector stating the factor levels - compare[1] is the control or reference group to which compare[2] is compared.   |
| nboot        | number of bootstrapping events  |
| boot.unit    | Boolean whether to sample observations from within those of the same core.  |
| boot.cluster | Boolean whether to sample which cores are present. If TRUE, some trees have all the cores while others only have a subset.  |
| which.factor | Which variables to include in the mitigated fraction summation. Default is 'All', to sum over entire tree.  |
| alpha        | Passed to emp_hpd to calculate high tailed upper and high tailed lower of mitigated fraction.   |
| seed         | Passed to MFhBoot to to initialize random number generator for reproducibility.   |
|              |   |

## Value

A list with the following elements:

- **MFhBoot** as output from MFhBoot.
- MFnestBoot as output from MFnestBoot.

## Note

Core variable is the variable corresponding to the lowest nodes of the hierarchical tree. Nest variables are those above the core. All refers to a summary of the entire tree.

## Author(s)

MF-package

## See Also

MFhBoot, MFnestBoot.

## **Examples**

```
a <- data.frame(
  room = paste('Room', rep(c('W','Z'), each=24)),
  pen = paste('Pen', rep(LETTERS[1:6], each=8)),
  litter = paste('Litter', rep(11:22, each=4)),
  tx = rep(rep(c('vac','con'), each=2), 12),
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE
)</pre>
```

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mfclusboothier-class Class mfclusboothier

## **Description**

Class mfclusboothier is created from output of function MFClusBootHier.

## **Fields**

• MFhBoot: output from MFhBoot. A list.

 $\bullet \ \mathsf{MFnestBoot} \colon output \ from \ \mathsf{MFnestBoot}. \ A \ list.$ 

## Author(s)

MF-package

#### See Also

MFhBoot, MFnestBoot

MFClusHier

**MFClusHier** 

## **Description**

Calculate mitigated fraction directly from hierarchial nested data. Combines MFh and MFnest into a single function.

## Usage

```
MFClusHier(formula, data, compare = c("con", "vac"), which.factor = "All")
```

## **Arguments**

| formula      | Formula of the form $y \sim x + a/b/c$ , where y is a continuous response, x is a factor with two levels of treatment, and $a/b/c$ are grouping variables corresponding to the clusters. Nesting is assumed to be in order, left to right, highest to lowest. So a single level of "a" will contain multiple levels of "b" and a single level of "b" will contain multiple levels of "c". |
|--------------|---|
| data         | a data.frame or tibble with the variables specified in formula. Additional variables will be ignored.   |
| compare      | Text vector stating the factor levels - compare[1] is the control or reference group to which compare[2] is compared.   |
| which.factor | one or more variable(s) of interest. This can be any of the core or nest variables from the data set. If none or NULL is specified, MF will be calculated for the whole tree.   |

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#### Value

A list with the following elements:

- **MFh** as output from MFh.
- MFnest as output from MFnest.

#### Note

Core variable is the variable corresponding to the lowest nodes of the hierarchical tree. Nest variables are those above the core. All refers to a summary of the entire tree.

#### Author(s)

MF-package

#### See Also

MFh, MFnest

#### **Examples**

```
a <- data.frame(</pre>
room = paste('Room', rep(c('W','Z'), each=24)),
pen = paste('Pen', rep(LETTERS[1:6], each=8)),
litter = paste('Litter', rep(11:22, each=4)),
tx = rep(rep(c('vac', 'con'), each=2), 12),
stringsAsFactors = FALSE
)
set.seed(76153)
a$lung[a$tx=='vac'] <- rnorm(24, 5, 1.3)
a$lung[a$tx=='con'] <- rnorm(24, 7, 1.3)
thismf <- MFClusHier(lung ~ tx + room / pen / litter, a)</pre>
thismf$MFnest
aCore <- thismf$MFh
aCore
aCore$data
aCore$formula
aCore$compare
```

mfclushier-class

Class mfclushier

#### **Description**

Class mfclushier is created from output of function MFClusHier

#### **Fields**

- MFh: output from MFh. A mfhierdata object.
- MFnest: output from MFnest. A tibble.

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## Author(s)

MF-package

#### See Also

MFh, MFnest

mfcluster-class

Class mfcluster

## Description

Class mfcluster is created from output of function MFClus

## **Fields**

- All: vector with elements:
  - w Wilcoxon statistic
  - u Mann-Whitney statistic
  - r mean ridit
  - n1 size of group 1
  - n2 size of group 2
  - mf mitigated fraction
- byCluster: As for All, by clusters
- excludedClusters: character vector naming clusters excluded because of missing treatment
- call: the call to MFClus
- compare: character vector naming groups compared

## Author(s)

MF-package

## See Also

**MFClus** 

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mfcomponents-class

Class mfcomponents

## **Description**

Class mfcomponents is created from output of function MFSubj

## **Fields**

- mf: numeric estimator for mitigated fraction
- x: numeric vector containing responses of group 1
- y: numeric vector containing responses of group 2
- subj: matrix where mf. j are the subject components
- · compare: character vector naming groups being compared

#### Author(s)

MF-package

## See Also

MFSubj

MFh

Identify ranks for use when evaluating MF for nested hierarchy.

## Description

Identify ranks for use when evaluating MF for nested hierarchy.

#### Usage

```
MFh(formula, data, compare = c("con", "vac"))
```

## **Arguments**

| formula |  | response, x is a factor |
|---------|--|-------------------------|
|         |  |                         |
|         |  |                         |
|         |  |                         |

with two levels of treatment, and a/b/c are vgrouping variables corresponding to the clusters. Nesting is assumed to be in order, left to right, highest to lowest. So a single level of "a" will contain multiple levels of "b" and a single level of "b" a

"b" will contain multiple levels of "c".

data a data.frame or tibble with the variables specified in formula. Additional vari-

ables will be ignored.

compare Text vector stating the factor levels - compare[1] is the control or reference

group to which compare[2] is compared.

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#### Value

A mfhierdata object, which is a list of three items.

coreTbl A tibble with one row for each unique core level showing values for:

- con\_n & vac\_n counts of observations for each treatment level in the core level.
- con\_medResp & vac\_medResp median of the y continuous response for each treatment level.
- n1n2 product of the counts, con\_n \* vac\_n.
- w Wilcoxon statistic
- u Mann-Whitney statistic

data A tibble of the restructured input data used for calculations.

**compare** The compare variables as input by user.

formula The formula as input by user.

#### Note

Core variable is the variable corresponding to the lowest nodes of the hierarchial tree. Nest variables are those above the core.

#### Author(s)

MF-package

#### See Also

MFnest for calculation of MF for nest, core and all variables. mfhierdata for returned object.MFClusHier for a wrapper.

#### **Examples**

```
a <- data.frame(
room = paste('Room', rep(c('W','Z'), each=24)),
pen = paste('Pen', rep(LETTERS[1:6], each=8)),
litter = paste('Litter', rep(11:22, each=4)),
tx = rep(rep(c('vac', 'con'), each=2), 12),
stringsAsFactors = FALSE
set.seed(76153)
a$lung[a$tx=='vac'] <- rnorm(24, 5, 1.3)
a\log[a\tx=='con'] <- rnorm(24, 7, 1.3)
aCore <- MFh(lung ~ tx + room / pen / litter, a)
aCore
# A tibble: 12 x 10
    room pen litter
                        con_medResp con_n
                                           w vac_medResp vac_n n1n2
#
     <chr> <chr> <chr>
                         <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
  1 Room W Pen A Litter 11
                             8.24 2 7
                                                  5.13
                                                         2
  2 Room W Pen A Litter 12
                             4.91 2 5
                                                  3.81
                                                           2
                                                                4
  3 Room W Pen B Litter 13
                             8.10 2 7
                                                  5.23
                                                         2
  4 Room W Pen B Litter 14
                             8.11 2 7
                                                 5.59
                                                         2
 5 Room W Pen C Litter 15
                             8.09 2 7
                                                 5.26
                                                        2
                                                                4
  6 Room W Pen C Litter 16
                              6.77 2 7
                                                   4.50
                                                           2
```

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| # | 7 Room Z Pen D Litter 17  | 5.58 | 2 | 7 | 4.26 | 2 | 4 |
|---|---------------------------|------|---|---|------|---|---|
| # | 8 Room Z Pen D Litter 18  | 7.44 | 2 | 6 | 6.33 | 2 | 4 |
| # | 9 Room Z Pen E Litter 19  | 7.98 | 2 | 7 | 4.58 | 2 | 4 |
| # | 10 Room Z Pen E Litter 20 | 6.78 | 2 | 7 | 4.86 | 2 | 4 |
| # | 11 Room Z Pen F Litter 21 | 6.82 | 2 | 7 | 5.36 | 2 | 4 |
| # | 12 Room 7 Pen F Litter 22 | 7 27 | 2 | 7 | 5 13 | 2 | 4 |

MFhBoot MFhBoot

## Description

Calculate rank tables for MF using bootstrapping.

## Usage

```
MFhBoot(
  formula,
  data,
  compare = c("con", "vac"),
  nboot = 10000,
  boot.unit = TRUE,
  boot.cluster = TRUE,
  seed = sample(1:1e+05, 1)
)
```

## Arguments

| formula      | Formula of the form $y \sim x + a/b/c$ , where y is a continuous response, x is a factor with two levels of treatment, and a/b/c are grouping variables corresponding to the clusters. Nesting is assumed to be in order, left to right, highest to lowest. So a single level of "a" will contain multiple levels of "b" and a single level of "b" will contain multiple levels of "c". |
|--------------|---|
| data         | a data.frame or tibble with the variables specified in formula. Additional variables will be ignored.   |
| compare      | Text vector stating the factor levels - compare[1] is the control or reference group to which compare[2] is compared.   |
| nboot        | number of bootstrapping events  |
| boot.unit    | Boolean whether to sample observations from within those of the same core.  |
| boot.cluster | Boolean whether to sample which cores are present. If TRUE, some trees have all the cores while others only have a subset.  |
| seed         | to initialize random number generator for reproducibility. Passed to set. seed.   |

## Value

A list with the following elements:

**bootmfh** Rank table for the bootstrapped values as output from MFh. Includes a new bootID variable to distinguish each bootstrapped incidence.

20 mfhierdata-class

```
clusters Table of unique nodes with an ID.compare Compare vector as specified by user.mfh MFh run on original data input.
```

#### Author(s)

MF-package

#### See Also

MFClusBootHier, MFnestBoot

## **Examples**

```
set.seed(76153)
a <- data.frame(room = paste('Room', rep(c('W','Z'), each = 24)),</pre>
                pen = paste('Pen', rep(LETTERS[1:6], each = 8)),
                litter = paste('Litter', rep(11:22, each = 4)),
                 tx = rep(rep(c('vac', 'con'), each = 2), 12),
                stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
a[a$tx == 'vac', 'lung'] <- rnorm(24, 5, 1.3)
a[a$tx == 'con', 'lung'] <- rnorm(24, 7, 1.3)
formula <- lung ~ tx + room / pen / litter</pre>
nboot <- 10000
boot.cluster <- TRUE</pre>
boot.unit <- \ TRUE
which.factors <- c('All', 'room', 'pen', 'litter')</pre>
system.time(test1 <- MFhBoot(formula, a,</pre>
                             nboot = 10000,
                              boot.cluster = TRUE,
                              boot.unit = TRUE,
                               seed = 12345))
test1$bootmfh
```

mfhierdata-class

Class mfhierdata

#### **Description**

Class mfhierdata is created from output of function MFh

#### **Fields**

- coreTb1: data.frame with one row for each unique core level showing values for nx, ny, N, w, u, and median observed response.
- data: data.frame is the restructured input data used for calculations in MFh and MFnest.
- compare: character vector naming groups being compared.
- formula: formula that was called by user.

mfhlboot-class 21

#### Author(s)

MF-package

#### See Also

MFh

mfhlboot-class

Class mfhlboot

#### **Description**

class for data objects produced by HLBoot, contains class mf with additional fields *MFstat*, *HLstat*, *QDIFstat*, *QXstat*, *QYstat* 

#### **Fields**

- nboot: Numeric value specifying number of samples.
- alpha: Numeric value specifying complement of confidence interval.
- seed: Vector of integers specifying seed for pseudo-random number generator used.
- compare: Vector of character strings naming groups compared.
- rng: Character string naming type of random number generator.
- sample: The bootstrapped values.
- MFstatMatrix with columns *observed, median, lower, upper* for Equal Tailed and Highest Density estimates of mitigated fraction (MF).
- HLstatMatrix with columns *observed, median, lower, upper* for Equal Tailed and Highest Density estimates of Hodge-Lehmann estimator (HL).
- QDIFstatMatrix with columns *observed*, *median*, *lower*, *upper* for estimates of Quartile Differences.
- QXstatMatrix with columns *observed, median, lower, upper* for quartiles of treatments, equal tailed.
- QYstatMatrix with columns observed, median, lower, upper for quartiles of response, equal tailed.

#### **Contains**

mf-class

## Author(s)

MF-package

#### See Also

HLBoot

Other mf: mf-class, mfboot-class, mfbootcluster-class

22 MFmp

MFmp

Mitigated fraction from matched pairs

## Description

Estimates mitigated fraction from matched pairs.

## Usage

```
MFmp(
  formula = NULL,
  data = NULL,
  compare = c("con", "vac"),
  x = NULL,
  alpha = 0.05,
  df = NA,
  tdist = TRUE
)
```

## Arguments

| formula | Formula of the form $y \sim x + cluster(w)$ , where y is a continuous response, x is a factor with two levels of treatment, and w is a factor indicating the clusters. |
|---------|--|
| data    | Data frame   |
| compare | Text vector stating the factor levels - compare[1] is the control or reference group to which compare[2] is compared   |
| х       | Trinomial vector $\{\Sigma I(x < y), \Sigma I(x = y), \Sigma I(x > y)\}$   |
| alpha   | Complement of the confidence level.  |
| df      | Degrees of freedom. Default N-2  |
| tdist   | Use quantiles of t or Gaussian distribution for confidence interval? Default t distribution.   |

## **Details**

```
Estimates MF from matched pairs by the difference of multinomial fractions (\Sigma I(x < y) - \Sigma I(x > y))/N. The trinomial vector is \{\Sigma I(x < y), \Sigma I(x = y), \Sigma I(x > y)\}
```

## Value

```
a mfmp-class data object
```

#### Note

upper confidence interval is truncated to 1; lower confidence interval is truncated to -1. Point estimate of 1.0 indicates complete separation.

## Author(s)

```
MF-package
```

mfmp-class 23

#### References

Siev D. (2005). An estimator of intervention effect on disease severity. *Journal of Modern Applied Statistical Methods*. **4:500–508** 

## See Also

```
mfmp-class
```

## **Examples**

```
MFmp(les ~ tx + cluster(cage), mlesions, compare = c('con', 'vac')) MFmp(x = c(12, 12, 2))
```

mfmp-class

Class mfmp

## Description

Class mfmp is created from output of function MFmp

## **Fields**

- ci: numeric vector of point and interval estimates
- x: numeric vector of length three holding data
- what: text string describing interval type
- alpha: numeric value specifying complement of confidence interval
- $\bullet \ \ tdist\colon Logical\ indicating\ if\ t\ distribution(TRUE)\ or\ gaussian\ (FALSE)$
- df: numeric value indicating degrees freedom

#### Author(s)

MF-package

## See Also

MFmp

24 MFnest

MFnest

Summations to calculate the MF for nested data from a rank table.

#### **Description**

Summations to calculate the MF for nested data from a rank table.

#### Usage

```
MFnest(Y, which.factor = "All")
```

#### **Arguments**

Y rank table (tibble or data.frame), structured as \$coreTbl output from MFh or

returned object from MFh().

 $\label{eq:which.factor} \text{ one or more grouping variable}(s) \ \text{of interest. This can be any of the core or nest}$ 

variables from the data set. If none or All is specified, a summary MF will be

calculated for the whole tree.

#### Value

A tibble with each unique level of a variable as a row. Other values include:

MF Mitigated fraction for the particular level of the variable in this row.

N1N2 Sum of the n1n2 variable in \$coreTbl field of mfhierdata object output by MFh for this particular variable-level combination.

- U Sum of u variable in \$coreTbl field of mfhierdata object output by MFh for this particular variable-level combination.
- \_N Sum of the \_n variable in \$coreTbl field of mfhierdata object output by MFh for this particular variable-level combination.
- \_medResp Median of observed responses for each comparison group for this particular variablelevel combination.

#### Note

Core variable is the variable corresponding to the lowest nodes of the hierarchial tree. Nest variables are those above the core. All refers to a summary of the entire tree.

#### Author(s)

MF-package

## See Also

MFh

MFnest 25

#### **Examples**

```
a <- data.frame(</pre>
 room = paste('Room', rep(c('W', 'Z'), each=24)),
 pen = paste('Pen', rep(LETTERS[1:6], each=8)),
 litter = paste('Litter', rep(11:22, each=4)),
 tx = rep(rep(c('vac', 'con'), each=2), 12),
 stringsAsFactors = FALSE
set.seed(76153)
a = vac' < -rnorm(24, 5, 1.3)
a\log[a\tx=='con'] <- rnorm(24, 7, 1.3)
aCore <- MFh(lung ~ tx + room / pen / litter, a)
MFnest(aCore)
# # A tibble: 1 x 9
  variable level
                    MF N1N2
                                 U con_N vac_N con_medResp vac_medResp
  <fct> <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
                                                    <dbl>
                                                                <dbl>
# 1 All
            All 0.875
                                                     7.24
                                                                4.91
                          48
                                45
                                    24
                                            24
MFnest(aCore$coreTbl)
# Skipping median summary, no response data provided.
# # A tibble: 1 x 7
# variable level
                    MF N1N2
                                 U con_N vac_N
   <fct>
            <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
# 1 All
            All 0.875
                          48
                                45
                                    24
MFnest(aCore, 'room')
# # A tibble: 2 x 9
  variable level
                     MF N1N2
                                  U con_N vac_N con_medResp vac_medResp
  <fct>
            <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
                                                     <dbl>
# 1 room
            Room W 0.833
                           24
                                 22
                                      12 12
                                                      7.79
                                                                  4.85
# 2 room
            Room Z 0.917
                           24
                                 23
                                       12
                                            12
                                                      6.71
                                                                  4.98
MFnest(aCore, 'pen')
# Complete separation observed for variable(s): pen
# # A tibble: 6 x 9
# variable level
                    MF N1N2
                                 U con_N vac_N con_medResp vac_medResp
           <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> 
  <fct>
                                                    <dbl>
                                                               <dbl>
# 1 pen
            Pen A 0.5
                        8
                              6
                                                     6.79
                                                                4.24
                                    4
                                          4
# 2 pen
            Pen B 1
                           8
                                 8
                                       4
                                            4
                                                     8.11
                                                                5.59
            Pen C 1
# 3 pen
                           8
                                 8
                                       4
                                            4
                                                     7.69
                                                                 4.85
            Pen D 0.75
# 4 pen
                           8
                                 7
                                       4
                                            4
                                                     6.10
                                                                 4.98
            Pen E 1
                           8
                                 8
                                                     6.86
# 5 pen
                                       4
                                            4
                                                                 4.86
# 6 pen
            Pen F 1
                           8
                                       4
                                                     6.88
                                                                 5.13
MFnest(aCore, c('All', 'litter'))
# Complete separation observed for variable(s): litter
# # A tibble: 13 x 9
                         MF N1N2
    variable level
                                      U con_N vac_N con_medResp vac_medResp
    <fct>
            <chr>
                      <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
                                                      <db1>
                                                                     < db1>
# 1 All
             All
                                                          7.24
                                                                     4.91
                      0.875
                              48
                                           24
                                                24
                                     45
# 2 litter Litter 11 1
                                           2
                                                 2
                                                         8.24
                                                                      5.13
# 3 litter Litter 12 0
                                     2
                                          2
                                                 2
                                                         4.91
                                                                     3.81
# 4 litter Litter 13 1
                                          2
                                                 2
                                                          8.10
                                                                      5.23
# 5 litter Litter 14 1
                                            2
                                                 2
                                                          8.11
                                                                      5.59
# 6 litter Litter 15 1
                                            2
                                                 2
                                                          8.09
                                                                      5.26
```

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```
# 7 litter Litter 16 1
                                               2
                                                       6.77
                                                                  4.50
# 8 litter
           Litter 17 1
                                         2
                                                       5.58
                                                                  4.26
                                        2
                                 3
# 9 litter Litter 18 0.5
                                               2
                                                       7.44
                                                                  6.33
                                   4
# 10 litter Litter 19 1
                                        2
                                                       7.98
                                                                  4.58
                                               2
                                   4
# 11 litter Litter 20 1
                                        2
                                                       6.78
                                                                  4.86
                                               2
# 12 litter Litter 21 1
                                        2
                                                                  5.36
                                               2
                                                       6.82
# 13 litter Litter 22 1
                                               2
                                                      7.27
                                                                  5.13
MFnest(aCore. 'litter')
# Complete separation observed for variable(s): litter
# # A tibble: 12 x 9
    variable level
                        MF N1N2
                                    U con_N vac_N con_medResp vac_medResp
#
    <fct>
            <chr>
                     <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
                                                     <db1>
                                                                 <fdb>>
                                                      8.24
# 1 litter Litter 11 1
                                                                 5.13
                            4
                                 4 2
                                            2
# 2 litter Litter 12 0
                                    2
                                         2
                                               2
                                                      4.91
                                                                  3.81
                              4
                                        2
# 3 litter Litter 13
                                                                  5.23
                                              2
                                                      8.10
                       1
                              4
                                   4
                                        2
# 4 litter Litter 14
                              4
                                   4
                                              2
                                                      8.11
                                                                  5.59
                       1
                                       2
# 5 litter Litter 15
                                                       8.09
                              4
                                   4
                                              2
                                                                  5.26
                       1
                                       2
# 6 litter
           Litter 16
                              4
                                   4
                                              2
                                                       6.77
                                                                  4.50
                       1
                                       2
# 7 litter
           Litter 17
                       1
                              4
                                   4
                                               2
                                                       5.58
                                                                  4.26
                                  4
3
# 8 litter
            Litter 18
                       0.5
                              4
                                         2
                                               2
                                                       7.44
                                                                  6.33
# 9 litter
           Litter 19
                       1
                              4
                                   4
                                         2
                                               2
                                                       7.98
                                                                  4.58
# 10 litter
            Litter 20
                       1
                              4
                                   4
                                         2
                                               2
                                                       6.78
                                                                  4.86
# 11 litter
           Litter 21
                       1
                              4
                                   4
                                         2
                                               2
                                                       6.82
                                                                  5.36
# 12 litter Litter 22
                                         2
                                               2
                                                       7.27
                       1
                              4
                                   4
                                                                  5.13
MFnest(aCore, c('room', 'pen', 'litter'))
# # A tibble: 20 x 9
   variable level
                       MF N1N2
                                    U con_N vac_N con_medResp vac_medResp
                     <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
    <fct>
            <chr>
                                                      <dbl>
                                                       7.79
# 1 room
            Room W
                     0.833
                             24
                                   22
                                        12
                                              12
                                                                  4.85
# 2 room
            Room Z
                     0.917
                                        12
                                                       6.71
                                                                  4.98
                              24
                                   23
                                              12
# 3 pen
            Pen A
                     0.5
                                   6
                                         4
                                              4
                                                       6.79
                                                                  4.24
# 4 pen
            Pen B
                     1
                              8
                                 8
                                         4
                                              4
                                                      8.11
                                                                  5.59
# 5 pen
            Pen C
                    1
                              8
                                 8
                                      4
                                              4
                                                      7.69
                                                                  4.85
# 6 pen
            Pen D
                     0.75
                             8
                                    7
                                        4
                                              4
                                                      6.10
                                                                  4.98
                   1
                                        4
# 7 pen
            Pen E
                              8 8
                                                      6.86
                                                                  4.86
                                              4
# 8 pen
            Pen F
                    1
                              8 8
                                        4
                                              4
                                                      6.88
                                                                  5.13
# 9 litter
           Litter 11 1
                              4
                                   4
                                         2
                                               2
                                                      8.24
                                                                  5.13
# 10 litter
            Litter 12 0
                              4
                                   2
                                         2
                                               2
                                                       4.91
                                                                  3.81
            Litter 13 1
# 11 litter
                              4
                                   4
                                         2
                                               2
                                                       8.10
                                                                  5.23
# 12 litter
            Litter 14 1
                              4
                                    4
                                         2
                                               2
                                                       8.11
                                                                  5.59
# 13 litter
            Litter 15 1
                              4
                                    4
                                         2
                                               2
                                                       8.09
                                                                  5.26
            Litter 16 1
# 14 litter
                              4
                                   4
                                         2
                                               2
                                                       6.77
                                                                  4.50
           Litter 17 1
# 15 litter
                              4
                                   4
                                         2
                                               2
                                                       5.58
                                                                  4.26
# 16 litter
           Litter 18 0.5
                              4
                                    3
                                         2
                                               2
                                                       7.44
                                                                  6.33
           Litter 19 1
# 17 litter
                                                       7.98
                                    4
                                         2
                                               2
                                                                  4.58
           Litter 20 1
# 18 litter
                                         2
                                               2
                                                       6.78
                                                                  4.86
                                   4
# 19 litter Litter 21 1
                                        2
                                               2
                                                       6.82
                                                                  5.36
# 20 litter Litter 22 1
                                               2
                                                       7.27
                                                                  5.13
```

MFnestBoot 27

#### **Description**

MFnest using bootstrapping

#### Usage

```
MFnestBoot(x, which.factor = "All", alpha = 0.05)
```

#### **Arguments**

output from MFhBoot
 which.factor
 one or more grouping variable(s) of interest. This can be any of the core or nest variables from the data set. A MF value will be calculated for each level of the variable(s) specified. Default is 'All', to sum over entire tree.
 alpha
 Passed to emp\_hpd to calculate eq tailed upper and high lower of mitigated fraction

#### Value

A list with the following elements:

**mfnest\_details** The MF and summary statistics as calculated for each bootstrap event. Variables as in MFnest output.

**mfnest\_summary** Statistical summary of bootstrapped MF with each unique level of a core or nest variable passed to which.factor as a row. Other variables include:

- median Median of MFs from all of the bootstrap events.
- etlower Lower value of equal tailed range.
- etupper Upper value of equal tailed range.
- hdlower Lower value of the highest posterior density range.
- hdupper Upper value of the highest posterior density range.
- mf. obs MF calculated from data using MFh.

## Author(s)

MF-package

## See Also

MFClusBootHier, MFhBoot

## **Examples**

28 MFr

```
formula <- lung ~ tx + room / pen / litter</pre>
nboot <- 10000
boot.cluster <- TRUE</pre>
boot.unit <- TRUE</pre>
which.factors <- c('All', 'room', 'pen', 'litter')</pre>
###################
test1 <- MFhBoot(formula, a,</pre>
                   nboot = 10000,
                  boot.cluster = TRUE, boot.unit = TRUE, seed = 12345)
MFnestBoot(test1, c('All', 'litter'))
## Not run:
system.time(test2 <- MFnestBoot(test1, which.factors))</pre>
test2
system.time(test3 <- MFnestBoot(test1, which.factors[1]))</pre>
test3
system.time(test4 <- MFnestBoot(test1, which.factors[2]))</pre>
system.time(test5 <- MFnestBoot(test1, which.factors[2:3]))</pre>
system.time(test6 <- MFnestBoot(test1, which.factors[2:4]))</pre>
test6
## End(Not run)
```

MFr

Mitigated fraction

## Description

Mitigated fraction comparing treatment to control.

#### Usage

```
MFr(formula, data, compare = c("con", "vac"))
```

#### **Arguments**

formula Formula of the form  $y \sim x$ , where y is a continuous response and x is a factor

with two levels

data Data frame

compare Text vector stating the factor levels – compare[1] is the control or reference

group to which compare[2] is compared

#### **Details**

The mitigated fraction is an estimator that quantifies an intervention's effect on reducing the severity of a condition. Since its units are on the probability scale, it is often a good idea to accompany it with an estimator on the original scale of measurement.

MFSubj 29

#### Value

The estimated mitigated fraction.

#### Author(s)

MF-package

#### References

Siev D, 2005. An estimator of intervention effect on disease severity. *Journal of Modern Applied Statistical Methods*. 4:500-508

## **Examples**

```
MFr(lesion~group, calflung)
# [1] 0.44
```

MFSubj

Subject components of mitigated fraction

#### **Description**

Estimates the subject components of the mitigated fraction.

#### Usage

```
MFSubj(formula, data, compare = c("con", "vac"))
```

## **Arguments**

formula Formula of the form  $y \sim x$ , where y is a continuous response and x is a factor

with two levels

data Data frame

compare Text vector stating the factor levels - compare[1] is the control or reference

group to which compare[2] is compared

#### **Details**

The mitigated fraction is an estimator that quantifies an intervention's effect on reducing the severity of a condition. Since its units are on the probability scale, it is often a good idea to accompany it with an estimator on the original scale of measurement.

The subject components are the individual contributions of the treated subjects to MF, which is the average of the subject components.

#### Value

```
a mfcomponents-class data object
```

#### Author(s)

MF-package

30 mlesions

#### References

Siev D. (2005). An estimator of intervention effect on disease severity. *Journal of Modern Applied Statistical Methods*. **4:500–508** 

## **Examples**

```
x <- MFSubj(lesion ~ group, calflung)</pre>
\# MF = 0.44 comparing vac to con
# MF Subject Components
#
    mf.j freq
#
                min.y max.y
#
    1.00 6 0.000030 0.00970
#
    0.84
            1 0.012500 0.01250
    0.76
            3 0.016650 0.02030
    0.68
            6 0.023250 0.03190
#
    0.04
            1 0.132100 0.13210
   -0.04
            3 0.144575 0.16325
   -0.20
            2 0.210000 0.21925
   -0.36
            1 0.292000 0.29200
   -0.52
            1 0.356500 0.35650
   -0.84
            1 0.461500 0.46150
mean(x$subj[,'mf.j'])
# [1] 0.44
```

mlesions

mlesions dataset

## Description

Post-mortem examination of the lungs of dogs housed in cages by pairs.

#### **Format**

A data frame with 52 observations of the following 3 variables, no NAs.

```
cage Cage ID. 1 - 26.tx Treatment. One of 'con' or 'vac'.les Percent gross lung lesions.
```

piglung 31

|--|

## Description

Post-mortem examination of the lungs of pigs in litters.

## **Format**

A data frame with 102 observations of the following 3 variables, no NAs.

lesion Percent gross lung lesions.

group Treatment group. One of 'con' or 'vac'.

litter ID.

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