Package 'MF'

August 5, 2019

Type Package

Title Mitigated Fraction

Version 4.3.6
Date 2019-08-15
Description Calculate MF (mitigated fraction) with clustering and bootstrap options. See http://goo.gl/pcXYVr for definition of MF. No endorsement, claim, or warranty is implied for this package. It is made available for investigational or pedagogical use only.
License CC0
<pre>URL https://github.com/ABS-dev/MF/blob/master/README.md</pre>
<pre>BugReports https://github.com/ABS-dev/MF/issues</pre>
LazyLoad yes
LazyData yes
Depends R (>= 3.5)
Imports methods, dplyr (>= 0.7.1), plyr, stringr, tidyr, forcats, purrr, rlang
Suggests rmarkdown, tidyverse, kableExtra, testthat, knitr, covr
Collate 'aaa.r' 'classes.r' 'generic_methods.r' 'MF.R' 'MF-package.r' 'HLBoot.r' 'MFBoot.r' 'MFClus.r' 'MFClusBoot.r' 'MFClusHier.R' 'MFmp.r' 'MFnestBoot.r' 'MFr.r' 'MFSubj.r' 'MFHier-wrappers.r'
RoxygenNote 6.1.1
VignetteBuilder knitr
NeedsCompilation no
Author CVB Statistics [cre], David Siev [fmo, aut] (until 2019), CVB Statistics [aut] (starting 2010)
Maintainer CVB Statistics < CVB. Data. Help@usda.gov>
R topics documented:
calflung HLBoot mf-class MFBoot

2 HLBoot

mfboot-class	 . (
mfbootcluster-class	 . ′
MFClus	 . 8
MFClusBoot	 . 9
MFClusBootHier	 . 1
mfclusboothier-class	 . 12
MFClusHier	 . 13
mfclushier-class	 . 14
mfcluster-class	 . 13
mfcomponents-class	 . 1.
MFh	 . 10
MFhBoot	 . 1
mfhierdata-class	 . 19
mfhlboot-class	 . 19
MFmp	 . 20
mfmp-class	 . 2
MFnest	 . 22
MFnestBoot	 . 24
MFr	 . 20
MFSubj	 . 2
mlesions	 . 28
piglung	 . 29
	2
	30

calflung

Index

calflung dataset

Description

Post-mortem examination of the lungs of groups of calves.

Format

a data frame with 50 observations of the following 2 variables, no NAs

group Treatment group. One of con = control or vac = vaccinate

lesion Fraction of lungs with gross lesions.

HLBoot

Bootstrap CI for MF, HL, and Qdif

Description

Estimates bootstrap confidence intervals for MF, HL, and Qdif.

Usage

```
HLBoot(formula, data, compare = c("con", "vac"), b = 100, B = 100,
alpha = 0.05, hpd = TRUE, bca = FALSE, return.boot = FALSE,
trace.it = FALSE, seed = sample(1:1e+05, 1))
```

HLBoot 3

Arguments

formula Formula of the form $y \sim x + cluster(w)$, where y is a continuous response, x

is a factor with two levels of treatment, and w is a factor indicating the clusters.

data Data frame

compare Text vector stating the factor levels - compare[1] is the control or reference

group to which compare[2] is compared

b Number of bootstrap samples to take with each cycle

B Number of cycles, giving the total number of samples = B * b

alpha Complement of the confidence level

hpd Boolean whether to estimate highest density intervals for MF and HL.

bca Boolean whether to estimate BCa intervals for MF.

return.boot Boolean whether to save the bootstrap samples of the statistics.

trace.it Boolean whether to display verbose tracking of the cycles.

seed to initialize random number generator for reproducibility. Passed to set.seed.

Details

Estimates bootstrap confidence intervals for the mitigated fraction (MF), Hodge-Lehmann estimator (HL), and the difference of medians and quartiles (Qdif). Equal tailed intervals are provided for all three, highest density intervals are optionally provided for MF and HL, and BCa intervals are optionally provided for MF. The Hodges-Lehmann estimator is the median difference; it assumes that the two distributions have the same shape and differ by a constant shift. Assumes data is single pool (no nesting).

Value

a mfhlboot-class data object

Author(s)

MF-package

References

Hodges JL, Lehmann EL, (1963). Estimates of location based on rank tests. *Annals of Mathematical Statistics*. **34:598–611**.

Siev D, (2005). An estimator of intervention effect on disease severity. *Journal of Modern Applied Statistical Methods*. **4:500–508**.

Efron B, Tibshirani RJ. An Introduction to the Bootstrap. Chapman and Hall, New York, 1993.

See Also

mfhlboot-class

4 mf-class

Examples

```
HLBoot(lesion~group, calflung, seed = 12345)
# Bootstrapping
# 10000 bootstrap samples
# 95% confidence intervals
# Comparing vac to con
# Mitigated Fraction
# observed median lower upper
# Equal Tailed 0.44 0.4496 0.152 0.7088
# Highest Density 0.44 0.4496 0.152 0.7088
#
# Hodges-Lehmann
# observed median lower
                               upper
# Equal Tailed
              -0.07335 -0.07615 -0.17220 -0.01565000
# Highest Density -0.07335 -0.07615 -0.15635 -0.00850065
# Quartile Differences (quartiles of vac - quartiles of con)
# observed
            median
                     lower
# Q25 -0.041500 -0.041500 -0.10340 -0.000905
# Q50 -0.112525 -0.111175 -0.28115 0.019350
# Q75 -0.168000 -0.170425 -0.38890 0.005300
# Quartiles of con
# observed median
                   lower upper
# Q25 0.054000 0.054000 0.021005 0.11275
# Q50 0.139275 0.139275 0.061400 0.31000
# Q75 0.315000 0.315000 0.173000 0.44625
# Quartiles of vac
# observed median lower
                          upper
# Q25 0.01250 0.01250 0.00125 0.026000
# Q50 0.02675 0.02675 0.01665 0.144575
# Q75 0.14700 0.14700 0.02810 0.219250
```

mf-class

Class mf

Description

Parent class for package MF data objects.

MFBoot 5

Fields

- nboot: numeric value specifying number of samples
- alpha: numeric value specifying complement of confidence interval
- seed: vector of integers specifying seed for pseudo-random number generator used
- compare: vector of character strings naming groups compared
- rng: character string naming type of random number generator

Author(s)

MF-package

See Also

Other mf: mfboot-class, mfbootcluster-class, mfhlboot-class

MFBoot

Bootstrap MF CI

Description

Estimates bootstrap confidence intervals for the mitigated fraction.

Usage

```
MFBoot(formula, data, compare = c("con", "vac"), b = 100, B = 100,
    alpha = 0.05, hpd = TRUE, bca = FALSE, return.boot = FALSE, trace.it = FALSE,
    seed = sample(1:100000, 1))
```

Arguments

seed

formula	Formula of the form $y \sim x$, where y is a continuous response and x is a factor with two levels.
data	Data frame
compare	Text vector stating the factor levels - compare[1] is the control or reference group to which compare[2] is compared
b	Number of bootstrap samples to take with each cycle
В	Number of cycles, giving the total number of samples = B * b
alpha	Complement of the confidence level
hpd	Estimate highest density intervals?
bca	Estimate BCa intervals?
return.boot	Save the bootstrap sample of the MF statistic?
trace.it	Verbose tracking of the cycles?

to initialize random number generator for reproducibility. Passed to set. seed.

6 mfboot-class

Details

Resamples the data and produces bootstrap confidence intervals. Equal tailed intervals are estimated by the percentile method. Highest density intervals are estimated by selecting the shortest of all possible intervals. For BCa intervals, see Efron and Tibshirani section 14.3.

Value

```
a mfboot-class data object
```

Author(s)

MF-package

References

Siev D. (2005). An estimator of intervention effect on disease severity. *Journal of Modern Applied Statistical Methods*. **4:500–508**

Efron B, Tibshirani RJ. An Introduction to the Bootstrap. Chapman and Hall, New York, 1993.

See Also

```
mfboot-class
```

Examples

mfboot-class

Class mfboot

Description

class for data objects produced by MFBoot, contains class mf with the two additional fields *stat* and *stuff*.

mfbootcluster-class 7

Fields

• nboot: numeric value specifying number of samples

• alpha: numeric value specifying complement of confidence interval

• seed: vector of integers specifying seed for pseudo-random number generator used

• compare: vector of character strings naming groups compared

• rng: character string naming type of random number generator

sample: what is this?stat: matrix of estimates

Contains

mf-class

Author(s)

MF-package

See Also

MFBoot

Other mf: mf-class, mfbootcluster-class, mfhlboot-class

mfbootcluster-class Class mfbootcluster

Description

Class mfbootcluster is created from output of function MFClusBoot

Fields

- nboot: numeric value specifying number of samples
- alpha: numeric value specifying complement of confidence interval
- seed: vector of integers specifying seed for pseudo-random number generator used
- compare: vector of character strings naming groups compared
- rng: character string naming type of random number generator
- stat: matrix matrix with columns observed, median, lower, upper for estimates
- what: character vector naming what was resampled: clusters, units, both
- excludedClusters: character vector naming clusters excluded because of missing treatment(s)
- call: the call to MFClusBoot
- sample: what is this?
- All: Field "All" from MFClus call.

Contains

mf-class

MFClus MFClus

Author(s)

MF-package

See Also

MFClusBoot

Other mf: mf-class, mfboot-class, mfhlboot-class

MFClus

Clustered mitigated fraction

Description

Estimates mitigated fraction from clustered or stratified data.

Usage

```
MFClus(formula, data, compare = c("con", "vac"), trace.it = FALSE)
```

Arguments

formula	Formula of the form $y \sim x + cluster(w)$, where y is a continuous response, x is a factor with two levels of treatment, and w is a factor indicating the clusters.
data	Data frame. See Note for handling of input data with more than two levels.
compare	Text vector stating the factor levels - compare[1] is the control or reference group to which compare[2] is compared
trace.it	Verbose tracking of the cycles? Default FALSE.

Details

Averages the U statistic over the clusters and computes MF from it. Clusters are excluded if they do not include both treatments.

Value

```
a mfcluster-class data object
```

Note

If input data contains more than two levels of treatment, rows associated with unused treatment levels will be removed.

Factor levels for treatments not present in the input data will be ignored.

Clusters with missing treatments will be excluded. See mfbootcluster-class or use trace.it to identify excluded clusters.

Author(s)

MF-package

MFClusBoot 9

References

Siev D. (2005). An estimator of intervention effect on disease severity. *Journal of Modern Applied Statistical Methods*. **4:500–508**

See Also

mfcluster-class

Examples

```
MFClus(lesion ~ group + cluster(litter), piglung)
 Comparing vac to con
#
#
 MF = 0.3533835
#
#
 By Cluster
#
                r n1 n2
    w u
 U 25 10 0.4000000 5 5 -0.2000000
# K 12 2 0.2500000 4 2 -0.5000000
# Z 16 10 0.8333333 3 4 0.6666667
# D 3 2 1.0000000 1 2 1.0000000
# N 1 0 0.0000000 1 3 -1.0000000
# T 8 5 0.8333333 2 3 0.6666667
# P 4 1 0.5000000 2 1 0.0000000
# L 3 2 0.6666667 1 3 0.3333333
 G 15 9 0.7500000 3 4 0.5000000
  J 15 9 1.0000000 3 3 1.0000000
       3 0.7500000 2 2 0.5000000
  W 6
  A 9
       3 0.3333333 3 3 -0.3333333
  X 12 6 1.0000000 3 2 1.0000000
  F 13 7 0.7777778 3 3 0.5555556
 S 21 11 0.9166667 4 3 0.8333333
 H 14 8 0.8888889 3 3 0.7777778
  Y 2 1 1.0000000 1 1 1.0000000
  E 2 1 1.0000000 1 1 1.0000000
#
#
  A11
#
                   r n1 n2
        w u
 All 181 90 0.6766917 50 52 0.3533835
# Excluded Clusters
# [1] M, Q, R, B, O, V, I, C
## End(Not run)
```

MFClusBoot

Bootstrap MF CI from clustered data

Description

Estimates bootstrap confidence intervals for the mitigated fraction from clustered or stratified data.

10 MFClusBoot

Usage

```
MFClusBoot(formula, data, compare = c("con", "vac"),
boot.cluster = TRUE, boot.unit = TRUE, b = 100, B = 100,
alpha = 0.05, hpd = TRUE, return.boot = FALSE, trace.it = FALSE,
seed = sample(1:1e+05, 1))
```

Arguments

formula Formula of the form y ~ x + cluster(w), where y is a continuous response, x

is a factor with two levels of treatment, and w is a factor indicating the clusters.

data Data frame. See Note for handling of input data with more than two levels.

compare Text vector stating the factor levels - compare[1] is the control or reference

group to which compare[2] is compared

boot.cluster Boolean whether to resample the clusters.

boot.unit Boolean whether to resample the units within cluster.

b Number of bootstrap samples to take with each cycle

Number of cycles, giving the total number of samples = B * b

alpha Complement of the confidence level

hpd Boolean whether to estimate highest density intervals.

return.boot Boolean whether to save the bootstrap sample of the MF statistic.

trace.it Boolean whether to display verbose tracking of the cycles.

seed to initialize random number generator for reproducibility. Passed to set. seed.

Details

Resamples the data and produces bootstrap confidence intervals. Equal tailed intervals are estimated by the percentile method. Highest density intervals are estimated by selecting the shortest of all possible intervals.

Value

```
a mfbootcluster-class data object
```

Note

If input data contains more than two levels of treatment, rows associated with unused treatment levels will be removed.

Factor levels for treatments not present in the input data will be ignored.

Clusters with missing treatments will be excluded. See mfbootcluster-class or use trace.it to identify excluded clusters.

Author(s)

MF-package

References

Siev D. (2005). An estimator of intervention effect on disease severity. *Journal of Modern Applied Statistical Methods*. **4:500–508**

Efron B, Tibshirani RJ. An Introduction to the Bootstrap. Chapman and Hall, New York, 1993.

MFClusBootHier 11

Examples

MFClusBootHier

MFClusBootHier

Description

Combines MFhBoot and MFnestBoot into a single function.

Usage

```
MFClusBootHier(formula, data, compare = c("con", "vac"), nboot = 10000,
boot.unit = TRUE, boot.cluster = TRUE, which.factor = "All",
alpha = 0.05, seed = sample(1:1e+05, 1))
```

Arguments

formula	formula Formula of the form $y \sim x + a/b/c$, where y is a continuous response, x is a factor with two levels of treatment, and $a/b/c$ are grouping variables corresponding to the clusters. Nesting is assumed to be in order, left to right, highest to lowest. So a single level of "a" will contain multiple levels of "b" and a single level of "b" will contain multiple levels of "c".
data	a data.frame or tibble with the variables specified in formula. Additional variables will be ignored.
compare	Text vector stating the factor levels - compare[1] is the control or reference group to which compare[2] is compared.
nboot	number of bootstrapping events
boot.unit	Boolean whether to sample observations from within those of the same core.
boot.cluster	Boolean whether to sample which cores are present. If TRUE, some trees have all the cores while others only have a subset.
which.factor	Which variables to include in the mitigated fraction summation. Default is 'All', to sum over entire tree.

12 mfclusboothier-class

alpha Passed to emp.hpd to calculate high tailed upper and high tailed lower of mitigated fraction.

Seed Passed to MFhBoot to to initialize random number generator for reproducibility.

Value

A list with the following elements:

- MFhBoot as output from MFhBoot.
- MFnestBoot as output from MFnestBoot.

Note

Core variable is the variable corresponding to the lowest nodes of the hierarchical tree. Nest variables are those above the core. All refers to a summary of the entire tree.

Author(s)

MF-package

See Also

MFhBoot, MFnestBoot.

Examples

mfclusboothier-class Class mfclusboothier

Description

Class mfclusboothier is created from output of function MFClusBootHier.

Fields

- MFhBoot: output from MFhBoot. A list.
- MFnestBoot: output from MFnestBoot. A list.

MFClusHier 13

Author(s)

MF-package

See Also

MFhBoot, MFnestBoot

MFClusHier MFClusHier

Description

Calculate mitigated fraction directly from hierarchial nested data. Combines MFh and MFnest into a single function.

Usage

```
MFClusHier(formula, data, compare = c("con", "vac"),
   which.factor = "All")
```

Arguments

formula	Formula of the form $y \sim x + a/b/c$, where y is a continuous response, x is a factor with two levels of treatment, and $a/b/c$ are grouping variables corresponding to the clusters. Nesting is assumed to be in order, left to right, highest to lowest. So a single level of "a" will contain multiple levels of "b" and a single level of "b" will contain multiple levels of "c".
data	a data.frame or tibble with the variables specified in formula. Additional variables will be ignored.
compare	Text vector stating the factor levels - compare[1] is the control or reference group to which compare[2] is compared.
which.factor	one or more variable(s) of interest. This can be any of the core or nest variables from the data set. If none or NULL is specified, MF will be calculated for the whole tree.

Value

A list with the following elements:

- **MFh** as output from MFh.
- $\bullet \ \ MFnest \ as \ output \ from \ {\tt MFnest}.$

Note

Core variable is the variable corresponding to the lowest nodes of the hierarchical tree. Nest variables are those above the core. All refers to a summary of the entire tree.

14 mfclushier-class

Author(s)

MF-package

See Also

MFh, MFnest

Examples

```
a <- data.frame(</pre>
room = paste('Room',rep(c('W','Z'),each=24)),
pen = paste('Pen',rep(LETTERS[1:6],each=8)),
litter = paste('Litter',rep(11:22,each=4)),
tx = rep(rep(c('vac', 'con'), each=2), 12),
stringsAsFactors = FALSE
set.seed(76153)
a$lung[a$tx=='vac'] <- rnorm(24,5,1.3)
a$lung[a$tx=='con'] <- rnorm(24,7,1.3)
thismf <- MFClusHier(lung ~ tx + room/pen/litter,a)</pre>
thismf$MFnest
aCore <- thismf$MFh
aCore
aCore$data
aCore$formula
aCore$compare
```

mfclushier-class

Class mfclushier

Description

Class mfclushier is created from output of function MFClusHier

Fields

- MFh: output from MFh. A mfhierdata object.
- MFnest: output from MFnest. A tibble.

Author(s)

MF-package

See Also

MFh, MFnest

mfcluster-class 15

mfcluster-class

Class mfcluster

Description

Class mfcluster is created from output of function MFClus

Fields

- All: vector with elements:
 - w Wilcoxon statistic
 - u Mann-Whitney statistic
 - r mean ridit
 - n1 size of group 1
 - n2 size of group 2
 - mf mitigated fraction
- byCluster: As for All, by clusters
- excludedClusters: character vector naming clusters excluded because of missing treatment
- call: the call to MFClus
- compare: character vector naming groups compared

Author(s)

MF-package

See Also

MFClus

 ${\it mfcomponents-class}$

Class mfcomponents

Description

Class mfcomponents is created from output of function MFSubj

Fields

- mf: numeric estimator for mitigated fraction
- x: numeric vector containing responses of group 1
- y: numeric vector containing responses of group 2
- subj: matrix where mf. j are the subject components
- compare: character vector naming groups being compared

Author(s)

MF-package

16 MFh

See Also

MFSubj

MFh

Identify ranks for use when evaluating MF for nested hierarchy.

Description

Identify ranks for use when evaluating MF for nested hierarchy.

Usage

```
MFh(formula, data, compare = c("con", "vac"))
```

Arguments

formula Formula of the form $y \sim x + a/b/c$, where y is a continuous response, x is a factor

with two levels of treatment, and a/b/c are vgrouping variables corresponding to the clusters. Nesting is assumed to be in order, left to right, highest to lowest. So a single level of "a" will contain multiple levels of "b" and a single level of

"b" will contain multiple levels of "c".

data a data.frame or tibble with the variables specified in formula. Additional vari-

ables will be ignored.

compare Text vector stating the factor levels - compare[1] is the control or reference group

to which compare[2] is compared.

Value

A mfhierdata object, which is a list of three items.

coreTbl A **tibble** with one row for each unique core level showing values for:

- con_n & vac_n counts of observations for each treatment level in the core level.
- con_medResp & vac_medResp median of the y continuous response for each treatment level
- n1n2 product of the counts, con_n * vac_n.
- w Wilcoxon statistic
- u Mann-Whitney statistic

data A tibble of the restructured input data used for calculations.

compare The compare variables as input by user.

formula The formula as input by user.

Note

Core variable is the variable corresponding to the lowest nodes of the hierarchial tree. Nest variables are those above the core.

Author(s)

MF-package

MFhBoot 17

See Also

MFnest for calculation of MF for nest, core and all variables. mfhierdata for returned object. MFClusHier for a wrapper.

Examples

```
a <- data.frame(
 room = paste('Room',rep(c('W','Z'),each=24)),
pen = paste('Pen',rep(LETTERS[1:6],each=8)),
 litter = paste('Litter',rep(11:22,each=4)),
 tx = rep(rep(c('vac', 'con'), each=2), 12),
 stringsAsFactors = FALSE
set.seed(76153)
a$lung[a$tx=='vac'] <- rnorm(24,5,1.3)
a$lung[a$tx=='con'] <- rnorm(24,7,1.3)
aCore <- MFh(lung ~ tx + room/pen/litter,a)
aCore
# A tibble: 12 x 10
    room pen litter con_medResp con_n
                                           w vac_medResp vac_n n1n2
     <chr> <chr> <chr>
                         <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
  1 Room W Pen A Litter 11
                             8.24 2 7
                                                  5.13
  2 Room W Pen A Litter 12
                             4.91 2 5
                                                  3.81
  3 Room W Pen B Litter 13
                             8.10 2 7
                                                  5.23
                                                          2
  4 Room W Pen B Litter 14
                             8.11 2 7
                                                  5.59
                                                           2
                                                                     4
                             8.09 2 7
                                                                     4
  5 Room W Pen C Litter 15
                                                  5.26
                                                           2
                                                               4
                             6.77 2 7
                                                                     4
  6 Room W Pen C Litter 16
                                                  4.50
                                                          2
                             5.58 2 7
                                                                     4
   7 Room Z Pen D Litter 17
                                                  4.26
                                                          2
                                                               4
                              7.44
   8 Room Z Pen D Litter 18
                                     2 6
                                                          2
                                                               4
                                                                     3
                                                  6.33
                                     2
  9 Room Z Pen E Litter 19
                              7.98
                                           7
                                                   4.58
                                                          2
                                                                4
                                                                     4
  10 Room Z Pen E Litter 20
                              6.78
                                      2
                                                   4.86
                                                          2
                                      2
  11 Room Z Pen F Litter 21
                                                           2
                              6.82
                                                   5.36
                                                                4
  12 Room Z Pen F Litter 22
                              7.27
                                      2
                                           7
                                                   5.13
                                                           2
```

MFhBoot MFhBoot

Description

Calculate rank tables for MF using bootstrapping.

Usage

```
MFhBoot(formula, data, compare = c("con", "vac"), nboot = 10000,
boot.unit = TRUE, boot.cluster = TRUE, seed = sample(1:1e+05, 1))
```

Arguments

formula

Formula of the form $y \sim x + a/b/c$, where y is a continuous response, x is a factor with two levels of treatment, and a/b/c are grouping variables corresponding to the clusters. Nesting is assumed to be in order, left to right, highest to lowest. So a single level of "a" will contain multiple levels of "b" and a single level of "b" will contain multiple levels of "c".

18 MFhBoot

data	a data.frame or tibble with the variables specified in formula. Additional variables will be ignored.
compare	Text vector stating the factor levels - compare[1] is the control or reference group to which compare[2] is compared.
nboot	number of bootstrapping events
boot.unit	Boolean whether to sample observations from within those of the same core.
boot.cluster	Boolean whether to sample which cores are present. If TRUE, some trees have all the cores while others only have a subset.
seed	to initialize random number generator for reproducibility. Passed to set.seed.

Value

A list with the following elements:

bootmfh Rank table for the bootstrapped values as output from MFh. Includes a new bootID variable to distinguish each bootstrapped incidence.

clusters Table of unique nodes with an ID.

compare Compare vector as specified by user.

mfh MFh run on original data input.

Author(s)

MF-package

See Also

MFClusBootHier, MFnestBoot

Examples

```
set.seed(76153)
a <- data.frame(room = paste('Room', rep(c('W', 'Z'), each = 24)),
                  pen = paste('Pen', rep(LETTERS[1:6], each = 8)),
                  litter = paste('Litter', rep(11:22, each = 4)),
tx = rep(rep(c('vac', 'con'), each = 2), 12),
                  stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
a[a$tx == 'vac', 'lung'] <- rnorm(24, 5, 1.3)
a[a$tx == 'con', 'lung'] <- rnorm(24, 7, 1.3)
formula <- lung ~ tx + room/pen/litter</pre>
nboot <- 10000
boot.cluster <- TRUE
boot.unit <- TRUE</pre>
which.factors <- c('All', 'room', 'pen', 'litter')</pre>
system.time(test1 <- MFhBoot(formula, a,</pre>
                               nboot = 10000,
                                boot.cluster = TRUE, boot.unit = TRUE, seed = 12345))
test1$bootmfh
```

mfhierdata-class 19

mfhierdata-class

Class mfhierdata

Description

Class mfhierdata is created from output of function MFh

Fields

- coreTb1: data.frame with one row for each unique core level showing values for nx, ny, N, w, u, and median observed response.
- data: data.frame is the restructured input data used for calculations in MFh and MFnest.
- compare: character vector naming groups being compared.
- formula: formula that was called by user.

Author(s)

MF-package

See Also

MFh

mfhlboot-class

Class mfhlboot

Description

class for data objects produced by HLBoot, contains class mf with additional fields *MFstat*, *HLstat*, *QDIFstat*, *QXstat*, *QYstat*

Fields

- nboot: Numeric value specifying number of samples.
- alpha: Numeric value specifying complement of confidence interval.
- seed: Vector of integers specifying seed for pseudo-random number generator used.
- compare: Vector of character strings naming groups compared.
- rng: Character string naming type of random number generator.
- sample: The bootstrapped values.
- MFstatMatrix with columns *observed, median, lower, upper* for Equal Tailed and Highest Density estimates of mitigated fraction (MF).
- HLstatMatrix with columns *observed, median, lower, upper* for Equal Tailed and Highest Density estimates of Hodge-Lehmann estimator (HL).
- QDIFstatMatrix with columns observed, median, lower, upper for estimates of Quartile Differences.
- QXstatMatrix with columns *observed, median, lower, upper* for quartiles of treatments, equal tailed.
- QYstatMatrix with columns observed, median, lower, upper for quartiles of response, equal tailed.

20 MFmp

Contains

```
mf-class
```

Author(s)

MF-package

See Also

HLBoot

Other mf: mf-class, mfboot-class, mfbootcluster-class

 MFmp

Mitigated fraction from matched pairs

Description

Estimates mitigated fraction from matched pairs.

Usage

```
MFmp(formula = NULL, data = NULL, compare = c("con", "vac"),
    x = NULL, alpha = 0.05, df = NA, tdist = TRUE)
```

Arguments

formula	Formula of the form $y \sim x + cluster(w)$, where y is a continuous response, x is a factor with two levels of treatment, and w is a factor indicating the clusters.
data	Data frame
compare	Text vector stating the factor levels - compare[1] is the control or reference group to which compare[2] is compared
x	Trinomial vector $\{\Sigma I(x < y), \Sigma I(x = y), \Sigma I(x > y)\}$
alpha	Complement of the confidence level.
df	Degrees of freedom. Default N-2
tdist	Use quantiles of t or Gaussian distribution for confidence interval? Default t distribution.

Details

```
Estimates MF from matched pairs by the difference of multinomial fractions (\Sigma I(x < y) - \Sigma I(x > y))/N. The trinomial vector is \{\Sigma I(x < y), \Sigma I(x = y), \Sigma I(x > y)\}
```

Value

```
a mfmp-class data object
```

Note

upper confidence interval is truncated to 1; lower confidence interval is truncated to -1. Point estimate of 1.0 indicates complete separation.

mfmp-class 21

Author(s)

MF-package

References

Siev D. (2005). An estimator of intervention effect on disease severity. *Journal of Modern Applied Statistical Methods*. **4:500–508**

See Also

```
mfmp-class
```

Examples

```
MFmp(les ~ tx + cluster(cage), mlesions, compare = c('con', 'vac'))
MFmp(x = c(12, 12, 2))
```

mfmp-class

Class mfmp

Description

Class mfmp is created from output of function MFmp

Fields

- ci: numeric vector of point and interval estimates
- x: numeric vector of length three holding data
- what: text string describing interval type
- alpha: numeric value specifying complement of confidence interval
- tdist: Logical indicating if t distribution(TRUE) or gaussian (FALSE)
- df: numeric value indicating degrees freedom

Author(s)

MF-package

See Also

MFmp

22 MFnest

MFnest

Summations to calculate the MF for nested data from a rank table.

Description

Summations to calculate the MF for nested data from a rank table.

Usage

```
MFnest(Y, which.factor = "All")
```

Arguments

Y rank table (tibble or data.frame), structured as \$coreTbl output from MFh or

returned object from MFh().

which.factor one or more grouping variable(s) of interest. This can be any of the core or nest

variables from the data set. If none or All is specified, a summary MF will be

calculated for the whole tree.

Value

A tibble with each unique level of a variable as a row. Other values include:

MF Mitigated fraction for the particular level of the variable in this row.

N1N2 Sum of the n1n2 variable in \$coreTbl field of mfhierdata object output by MFh for this particular variable-level combination.

- U Sum of u variable in \$coreTbl field of mfhierdata object output by MFh for this particular variable-level combination.
- _N Sum of the _n variable in \$coreTbl field of mfhierdata object output by MFh for this particular variable-level combination.
- _medResp Median of observed responses for each comparison group for this particular variable-level combination.

Note

Core variable is the variable corresponding to the lowest nodes of the hierarchial tree. Nest variables are those above the core. All refers to a summary of the entire tree.

Author(s)

MF-package

See Also

MFh

MFnest 23

Examples

```
a <- data.frame(</pre>
 room = paste('Room',rep(c('W','Z'),each=24)),
 pen = paste('Pen',rep(LETTERS[1:6],each=8)),
 litter = paste('Litter',rep(11:22,each=4)),
 tx = rep(rep(c('vac', 'con'), each=2), 12),
 stringsAsFactors = FALSE
set.seed(76153)
a = vac' < - rnorm(24,5,1.3)
a$lung[a$tx=='con'] <- rnorm(24,7,1.3)
aCore <- MFh(lung ~ tx + room/pen/litter,a)
MFnest(aCore)
# # A tibble: 1 x 9
   variable level
                     MF N1N2
                                 U con_N vac_N con_medResp vac_medResp
#
  <fct> <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
                                                     <dbl>
                                                                <dbl>
# 1 All
            All 0.875
                                                     7.24
                                                                 4.91
                          48
                                45
                                      24
                                            24
MFnest(aCore$coreTbl)
# Skipping median summary, no response data provided.
# # A tibble: 1 x 7
# variable level
                     MF N1N2
                                 U con_N vac_N
   <fct>
            <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
# 1 All
            All 0.875
                          48
                                45
                                      24
MFnest(aCore, 'room')
# # A tibble: 2 x 9
  variable level
                     MF N1N2
                                  U con_N vac_N con_medResp vac_medResp
   <fct>
            <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
                                                     <dbl>
# 1 room
            Room W 0.833
                           24
                                 22
                                       12 12
                                                      7.79
                                                                  4.85
# 2 room
            Room Z 0.917
                            24
                                  23
                                       12
                                             12
                                                      6.71
                                                                  4.98
MFnest(aCore, 'pen')
# Complete separation observed for variable(s): pen
# # A tibble: 6 x 9
# variable level
                    MF N1N2
                                 U con_N vac_N con_medResp vac_medResp
           <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
  <fct>
                                                     <dbl>
                                                                <dbl>
# 1 pen
            Pen A 0.5
                        8
                               6
                                                     6.79
                                                                 4.24
                                    4
                                            4
# 2 pen
            Pen B 1
                           8
                                 8
                                       4
                                             4
                                                     8.11
                                                                 5.59
            Pen C 1
# 3 pen
                            8
                                 8
                                       4
                                             4
                                                     7.69
                                                                 4.85
            Pen D 0.75
# 4 pen
                           8
                                 7
                                       4
                                             4
                                                      6.10
                                                                 4.98
            Pen E 1
                            8
                                 8
                                                      6.86
# 5 pen
                                       4
                                             4
                                                                 4.86
# 6 pen
            Pen F 1
                            8
                                       4
                                                      6.88
                                                                 5.13
MFnest(aCore, c('All', 'litter'))
# Complete separation observed for variable(s): litter
# # A tibble: 13 x 9
                          MF N1N2
    variable level
                                      U con_N vac_N con_medResp vac_medResp
    <fct>
            <chr>
                       <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
                                                      <db1>
                                                                     < db1>
# 1 All
             All
                                                          7.24
                                                                      4.91
                       0.875
                               48
                                           24
                                                 24
                                     45
# 2 litter Litter 11 1
                                           2
                                                 2
                                                          8.24
                                                                      5.13
# 3 litter Litter 12 0
                                      2
                                          2
                                                 2
                                                          4.91
                                                                      3.81
# 4 litter Litter 13 1
                                          2
                                                 2
                                                          8.10
                                                                      5.23
# 5 litter Litter 14 1
                                            2
                                                  2
                                                           8.11
                                                                      5.59
# 6 litter Litter 15 1
                                            2
                                                  2
                                                           8.09
                                                                      5.26
```

24 MFnestBoot

```
# 7 litter Litter 16 1
                                              2
                                                       6.77
                                                                 4.50
# 8 litter
           Litter 17 1
                                         2
                                               2
                                                       5.58
                                                                 4.26
                                       2
                                 3
# 9 litter Litter 18 0.5
                                              2
                                                       7.44
                                                                 6.33
# 10 litter Litter 19 1
                                   4
                                       2
                                                      7.98
                                                                 4.58
                                              2
                                   4
                                        2
# 11 litter Litter 20 1
                                                      6.78
                                                                 4.86
                                              2
# 12 litter Litter 21 1
                                        2
                                                                 5.36
                                              2
                                                      6.82
# 13 litter Litter 22 1
                                              2
                                                      7.27
                                                                 5.13
MFnest(aCore. 'litter')
# Complete separation observed for variable(s): litter
# # A tibble: 12 x 9
    variable level
                        MF N1N2
                                   U con_N vac_N con_medResp vac_medResp
#
    <fct>
            <chr>
                     <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
                                                     <fdb>>
                                                                 < db1>
                                                      8.24
# 1 litter Litter 11 1
                                                                 5.13
                            4
                                 4 2
                                            2
# 2 litter Litter 12 0
                                   2
                                         2
                                              2
                                                      4.91
                                                                 3.81
                              4
                                       2
# 3 litter Litter 13
                                              2
                                                      8.10
                                                                 5.23
                      1
                              4
                                   4
                                       2
# 4 litter Litter 14
                              4
                                   4
                                              2
                                                      8.11
                                                                 5.59
                       1
                                       2
# 5 litter Litter 15
                                                      8.09
                              4
                                   4
                                              2
                                                                 5.26
                       1
                                       2
# 6 litter
           Litter 16
                              4
                                   4
                                              2
                                                      6.77
                                                                 4.50
                       1
                                 4
                                       2
# 7 litter
           Litter 17
                       1
                              4
                                              2
                                                      5.58
                                                                 4.26
# 8 litter
            Litter 18
                       0.5
                              4
                                         2
                                              2
                                                      7.44
                                                                 6.33
# 9 litter
           Litter 19
                       1
                              4
                                   4
                                         2
                                              2
                                                      7.98
                                                                 4.58
# 10 litter
            Litter 20
                       1
                              4
                                   4
                                         2
                                              2
                                                       6.78
                                                                 4.86
# 11 litter
           Litter 21
                       1
                              4
                                   4
                                         2
                                              2
                                                       6.82
                                                                 5.36
# 12 litter Litter 22
                                         2
                                              2
                                                       7.27
                       1
                              4
                                   4
                                                                 5.13
MFnest(aCore, c('room', 'pen', 'litter'))
# # A tibble: 20 x 9
   variable level
                       MF N1N2
                                   U con_N vac_N con_medResp vac_medResp
                     <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
    <fct>
            <chr>
                                                      <dbl>
                                                      7.79
# 1 room
            Room W
                     0.833
                             24
                                   22
                                        12
                                             12
                                                                 4.85
# 2 room
            Room Z
                     0.917
                                        12
                                                      6.71
                                                                 4.98
                             24
                                   23
                                              12
# 3 pen
            Pen A
                     0.5
                                   6
                                        4
                                              4
                                                      6.79
                                                                 4.24
# 4 pen
            Pen B
                    1
                              8
                                 8
                                        4
                                              4
                                                      8.11
                                                                 5.59
# 5 pen
            Pen C
                    1
                              8
                                 8
                                      4
                                              4
                                                      7.69
                                                                 4.85
                                       4
# 6 pen
            Pen D
                     0.75
                             8
                                   7
                                              4
                                                      6.10
                                                                 4.98
                   1
                                       4
# 7 pen
            Pen E
                              8 8
                                                      6.86
                                                                 4.86
                                              4
# 8 pen
            Pen F
                    1
                              8 8
                                        4
                                              4
                                                      6.88
                                                                 5.13
# 9 litter Litter 11 1
                              4
                                   4
                                         2
                                              2
                                                      8.24
                                                                 5.13
                                        2
# 10 litter
            Litter 12 0
                              4
                                   2
                                              2
                                                      4.91
                                                                 3.81
            Litter 13 1
# 11 litter
                              4
                                   4
                                         2
                                              2
                                                      8.10
                                                                 5.23
# 12 litter
            Litter 14 1
                              4
                                   4
                                         2
                                              2
                                                      8.11
                                                                 5.59
# 13 litter
            Litter 15 1
                              4
                                   4
                                         2
                                              2
                                                      8.09
                                                                 5.26
            Litter 16 1
# 14 litter
                              4
                                   4
                                         2
                                              2
                                                       6.77
                                                                 4.50
# 15 litter
           Litter 17 1
                              4
                                   4
                                         2
                                              2
                                                      5.58
                                                                 4.26
# 16 litter
           Litter 18 0.5
                              4
                                   3
                                         2
                                              2
                                                      7.44
                                                                 6.33
           Litter 19 1
# 17 litter
                                                      7.98
                                   4
                                         2
                                              2
                                                                 4.58
           Litter 20 1
# 18 litter
                                         2
                                              2
                                                      6.78
                                                                 4.86
                                   4
# 19 litter Litter 21 1
                                        2
                                              2
                                                       6.82
                                                                 5.36
# 20 litter Litter 22 1
                                               2
                                                      7.27
                                                                 5.13
```

MFnestBoot 25

Description

MFnest using bootstrapping

Usage

```
MFnestBoot(x, which.factor = "All", alpha = 0.05)
```

Arguments

output from MFhBoot
 which.factor
 one or more grouping variable(s) of interest. This can be any of the core or nest variables from the data set. A MF value will be calculated for each level of the variable(s) specified. Default is 'All', to sum over entire tree.
 alpha
 Passed to emp.hpd to calculate eq tailed upper and high lower of mitigated fraction

Value

A list with the following elements:

mfnest_details The MF and summary statistics as calculated for each bootstrap event. Variables as in MFnest output.

mfnest_summary Statistical summary of bootstrapped MF with each unique level of a core or nest variable passed to which.factor as a row. Other variables include:

- median Median of MFs from all of the bootstrap events.
- etlower Lower value of equal tailed range.
- etupper Upper value of equal tailed range.
- hdlower Lower value of the highest posterior density range.
- hdupper Upper value of the highest posterior density range.
- mf. obs MF calculated from data using MFh.

Author(s)

MF-package

See Also

MFClusBootHier, MFhBoot

Examples

26 MFr

```
formula <- lung ~ tx + room/pen/litter</pre>
nboot <- 10000
boot.cluster <- TRUE</pre>
boot.unit <- TRUE</pre>
which.factors <- c('All', 'room', 'pen', 'litter')</pre>
###################
test1 <- MFhBoot(formula, a,</pre>
                   nboot = 10000,
                  boot.cluster = TRUE, boot.unit = TRUE, seed = 12345)
MFnestBoot(test1, c('All', 'litter'))
## Not run:
system.time(test2 <- MFnestBoot(test1, which.factors))</pre>
test2
system.time(test3 <- MFnestBoot(test1, which.factors[1]))</pre>
test3
system.time(test4 <- MFnestBoot(test1, which.factors[2]))</pre>
system.time(test5 <- MFnestBoot(test1, which.factors[2:3]))</pre>
system.time(test6 <- MFnestBoot(test1, which.factors[2:4]))</pre>
test6
## End(Not run)
```

MFr

Mitigated fraction

Description

Mitigated fraction comparing treatment to control.

Usage

```
MFr(formula, data, compare = c("con", "vac"))
```

Arguments

formula Formula of the form $y \sim x$, where y is a continuous response and x is a factor

with two levels

data Data frame

compare Text vector stating the factor levels – compare[1] is the control or reference

group to which compare[2] is compared

Details

The mitigated fraction is an estimator that quantifies an intervention's effect on reducing the severity of a condition. Since its units are on the probability scale, it is often a good idea to accompany it with an estimator on the original scale of measurement.

MFSubj 27

Value

The estimated mitigated fraction.

Author(s)

MF-package

References

Siev D, 2005. An estimator of intervention effect on disease severity. *Journal of Modern Applied Statistical Methods*. 4:500-508

Examples

```
MFr(lesion~group,calflung)
# [1] 0.44
```

MFSubj

Subject components of mitigated fraction

Description

Estimates the subject components of the mitigated fraction.

Usage

```
MFSubj(formula, data, compare = c("con", "vac"))
```

Arguments

formula Formula of the form $y \sim x$, where y is a continuous response and x is a factor

with two levels

data Data frame

compare Text vector stating the factor levels - compare[1] is the control or reference

group to which compare[2] is compared

Details

The mitigated fraction is an estimator that quantifies an intervention's effect on reducing the severity of a condition. Since its units are on the probability scale, it is often a good idea to accompany it with an estimator on the original scale of measurement.

The subject components are the individual contributions of the treated subjects to MF, which is the average of the subject components.

Value

```
a mfcomponents-class data object
```

Author(s)

MF-package

28 mlesions

References

Siev D. (2005). An estimator of intervention effect on disease severity. *Journal of Modern Applied Statistical Methods*. **4:500–508**

Examples

```
x <- MFSubj(lesion ~ group, calflung)</pre>
\# MF = 0.44 comparing vac to con
# MF Subject Components
#
#
    mf.j freq
                min.y max.y
#
    1.00 6 0.000030 0.00970
#
    0.84
            1 0.012500 0.01250
    0.76
            3 0.016650 0.02030
    0.68
            6 0.023250 0.03190
#
    0.04
            1 0.132100 0.13210
   -0.04
            3 0.144575 0.16325
   -0.20
            2 0.210000 0.21925
   -0.36
            1 0.292000 0.29200
   -0.52
            1 0.356500 0.35650
   -0.84
            1 0.461500 0.46150
mean(x$subj[,'mf.j'])
# [1] 0.44
```

mlesions

mlesions dataset

Description

Post-mortem examination of the lungs of dogs housed in cages by pairs.

Format

A data frame with 52 observations of the following 3 variables, no NAs.

```
cage Cage ID. 1 - 26.tx Treatment. One of 'con' or 'vac'.les Percent gross lung lesions.
```

piglung 29

|--|

Description

Post-mortem examination of the lungs of pigs in litters.

Format

A data frame with 102 observations of the following 3 variables, no NAs.

lesion Percent gross lung lesions.

group Treatment group. One of 'con' or 'vac'.

litter ID.

Index

```
*Topic datasets
                                                  mfhierdata, 14, 16, 17, 22
                                                  mfhierdata (mfhierdata-class), 19
    calflung, 2
    mlesions, 28
                                                  mfhierdata-class, 19
    piglung, 29
                                                  mfhlboot (mfhlboot-class), 19
*Topic documentation
                                                  mfhlboot-class, 19
    mf-class, 4
                                                  MFmp, 20, 21
    mfboot-class, 6
                                                  mfmp (mfmp-class), 21
                                                  mfmp-class, 21
    mfbootcluster-class, 7
    mfclusboothier-class, 12
                                                  MFnest, 13, 14, 17, 22, 25
    mfclushier-class, 14
                                                 MFnestBoot, 11-13, 18, 24
                                                 MFr, 26
    mfcluster-class, 15
    mfcomponents-class, 15
                                                 MFSubj, 16, 27
                                                  mlesions, 28
    mfhierdata-class, 19
                                                  mlesions-data (mlesions), 28
    mfhlboot-class, 19
    mfmp-class, 21
                                                  piglung, 29
                                                  piglung-data (piglung), 29
calflung, 2
calflung-data(calflung), 2
                                                  tibble, 16
HLBoot, 2, 20
mf (mf-class), 4
mf-class, 4
MF-package, 3, 5-8, 10, 12-16, 18-22, 25, 27
MFBoot, 5, 7
mfboot (mfboot-class), 6
mfboot-class, 6
mfbootcluster (mfbootcluster-class), 7
mfbootcluster-class, 7
MFClus, 8, 15
MFClusBoot, 8, 9
MFClusBootHier, 11, 18, 25
mfclusboothier (mfclusboothier-class),
         12
mfclusboothier-class, 12
MFClusHier, 13, 17
mfclushier (mfclushier-class), 14
mfclushier-class, 14
mfcluster (mfcluster-class), 15
mfcluster-class, 15
mfcomponents (mfcomponents-class), 15
mfcomponents-class, 15
MFh, 13, 14, 16, 18, 19, 22, 25
MFhBoot, 11–13, 17, 25
```