

Conservation of mass

$$\frac{\partial(\cancel{\rho} \omega v_x)}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial(\cancel{\rho} \omega v_y)}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial}{\partial t}(\cancel{\rho} \omega) + 2 \cancel{\rho} u_L = 0$$

$$v_x = -\frac{\omega^2}{12\mu} \frac{\partial p}{\partial x}$$

$$\omega(x, y) = \iint f(x, y, x', y') p(x', y') dx' dy'$$

$$-\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\omega^3}{12\mu} \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} \right) + \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial t} + 2u_L = 0$$

NO LEAKOFF

$$-\frac{1}{12\mu} \left[\frac{\partial \omega^3}{\partial x} \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} + \omega^3 \frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial x^2} \right] + \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial t} + 2u_L = 0$$

$$f(x + \Delta x) = f(x) + \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \Delta x + \frac{1}{2!} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} \Delta x^2 + \dots$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x} - \frac{1}{2!} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} \Delta x + \dots$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \approx \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x} \quad \text{error} \sim \mathcal{O}(\Delta x) \quad \text{Forward finite-difference}$$

$$f(x - \Delta x) = f(x) - \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \Delta x + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} \Delta x^2 + \dots$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \approx \frac{f(x) - f(x - \Delta x)}{\Delta x} \quad \text{Error} \sim \mathcal{O}(\Delta x)$$

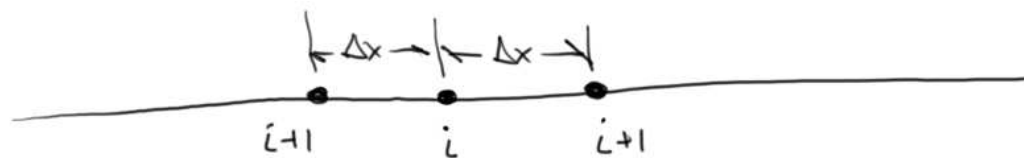
FD - BD (Taylor expansions)

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \approx \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x - \Delta x)}{2 \Delta x} \quad \text{error } \mathcal{O}(\Delta x^2)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \right) = \frac{\frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x} - \frac{f(x) - f(x - \Delta x)}{\Delta x}}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - 2f(x) + f(x - \Delta x)}{\Delta x^2}$$

error $\mathcal{O}(\Delta x^2)$

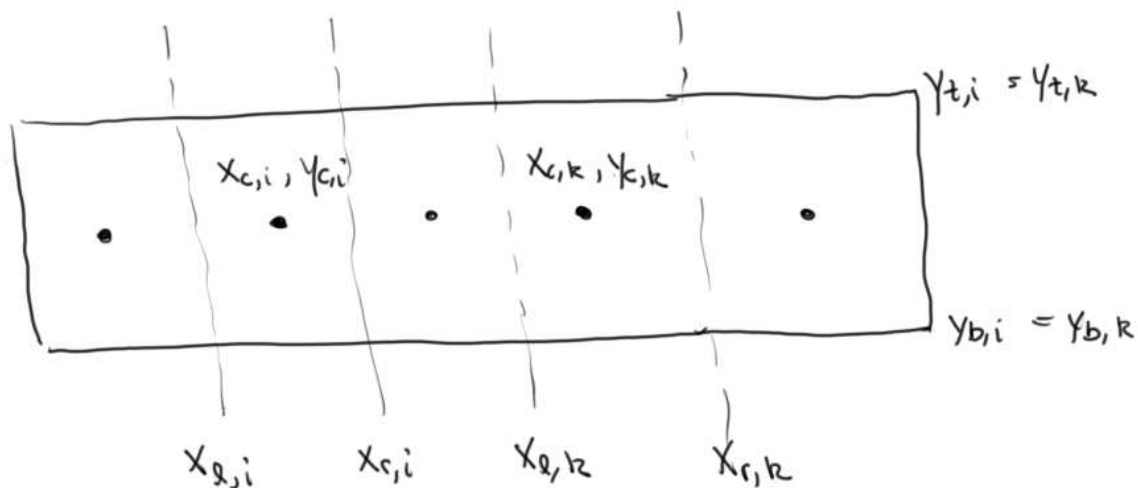


$$t = 0\Delta t, 1\Delta t, 2\Delta t, \dots, N\Delta t$$

$$-\frac{1}{12\mu} \left[\frac{\omega_{i+1}^3 - \omega_{i-1}^3}{2\Delta x} \cdot \frac{p_{i+1} - p_{i-1}}{2\Delta x} + \omega_i^3 \left[\frac{p_{i+1} - 2p_i + p_{i-1}}{\Delta x^2} \right] \right] + \frac{\omega_i^{p+1} - \omega_i^N}{\Delta t} = 0$$

Crouch & Starfield (1983)

$$\begin{aligned} \omega(x, y) &= \iint f(x, y, x', y') p(x', y') dx' dy' \\ &= \sum_k f(x_i, y_i, x_k, y_k) p(x_k, y_k) \end{aligned}$$



$$p(x_i) = \sum_u A_{iu} \omega_u$$

↙ shear modulus

$$A_{iu} = \frac{G}{4\pi(1-\nu)} I(x_{c,i}, y_{c,i}, x_{q,u}, y_{q,u}, x_{r,u}, y_{b,u})$$

$$I = \frac{\left[(x_{c,i} - x_{r,k})^2 + (y_{c,i} - y_{t,k})^2 \right]^{1/2}}{(x_{c,i} - x_{r,k})(y_{c,i} - y_{t,k})}$$

$$- \frac{\left[(x_{c,i} + x_{l,k})^2 + (y_{c,i} - y_{t,k})^2 \right]^{1/2}}{(x_{c,i} + x_{l,k})(y_{c,i} - y_{t,k})}$$

$$+ \frac{\left[(x_{c,i} + x_{r,k})^2 + (y_{c,i} + y_{b,k})^2 \right]^{1/2}}{(x_{c,i} + x_{r,k})(y_{c,i} + y_{b,k})}$$

$$- \frac{\left[(x_{c,i} - x_{r,k})^2 + (y_{c,i} + y_{b,k})^2 \right]^{1/2}}{(x_{c,i} - x_{r,k})(y_{c,i} + y_{b,k})}$$

$$p(x_i) = A_{ik} \omega_k$$

$$-\frac{1}{12\mu} \left[\frac{\omega_{i+1}^3 - \omega_{i-1}^3}{2\Delta x} \cdot \frac{A_{(i+1)k} \omega_k - A_{(i-1)k} \omega_k}{2\Delta x} + \omega_i^3 \left[\frac{A_{(i+1)k} \omega_k - 2A_{ik} \omega_k + A_{(i-1)k} \omega_k}{\Delta x^2} \right] \right] \\ + \frac{\omega_i^{N+1} - \omega_i^N}{\Delta t} = 0$$