```
output: resolved grid point to grid point visibility
\mathbf{for}\ \mathit{each}\ \mathit{grid}\ \mathit{point}\ \mathit{in}\ \mathit{ever}\ \mathit{edge}\ \mathbf{do}
    pick one random vertex and cast a ray to that vertex;
    cast rays to all the other vertexes;
    sort other vertexes by the angle between that one vertex ray, and
   other vertexes rays;
    prepare an array to hold a slice of an edge, same size as number of
    vertexes;
    for each non transparent edge, but the one the grid point belongs
       find its end vertexes positions in the sorted array, loop around
       if necessary (the two vertexes this edge connects);
       divide the edge into edge slices using rays between this edge
       end vertexes, as determined by vertexes index in sorted array;
       for for each sliced edge piece do
           if array is empty at slicing ray vertex index or this edge
           slice is closer to grid point than the one already occupying
           the array then
               put edge slice in the structure at slicing ray vertex
               index;
           \mathbf{end}
       \quad \text{end} \quad
    end
   for each edge slice in the array do
       mark all coressponding points as visible by the grid point
       considered in outer loop;
   end
end
```

input: a collection of edges, and a collection of vertexes