Loops and Orbits-Week 1-Day 1-Thysics & Math
Sloppy erminology we will *not * use, but let's review it anyway.
$S = \frac{d}{t}$ "speed is distance over time"
Notice the triple equals. That means this is the definition of speed
The definition of speed can be made precise. Let's look at one aspect of the definition of speed that is
problematic:
To the second se
parked cop with you, going 60 radar gun in a JSS zone
parked cop with you, going 60 radar gun in a JSS zone
parked cop with you, going 60 radar gun in a JSS zone  The cop says, "I got you going 60 in a SS Jone."
parked cop with you, going 60 radar gun in a JSS zone

On your day in court the judge pexplains that an accurate definition of speed does not depend on direction, and that you were confusing speed, with yelokity. Here is the definition of velocity: (After this bruising experience you decide you will always not speed.) The triangles are capital Greek letter places. We read this equation of loud or in our heads as; "Velocity is (by fetinition) delta X over delta t. Two things that well get more precise Jabout later: (1) This is just one equation of 2 or 3 if the movement can be in 2 or 3 timensions. (2) If you are accelerating (speeding up, slowing sown, or turning) then we have defined "average velocity" not velocity.

Two things that we'll get more precise about now: (1) It read "belta x" or "the change in x"  $\Delta X \equiv X_{after} - X_{before}$ X is the value on a coordinate axis, which in scientific work is usually measured in meters. (2)  $\Delta t \equiv t_{affer} - t_{before}$ Dt is read "Je/fat" or "the change in t," and it is the elapsed time. The before time and the after time can be any two times as long of as the before position and the after positions and the after correspond to those times. In scientific work time is almost always measured in seconds. The definitions of V, 1x, and st don't change, even if you are working in every day, units such as miles and thours. -> Do LAO-1-1-WS1