

09-DaskBag

August 11, 2020

1 Dask bag

Dask proposes "big data" collections with a small set of high-level primitives like `map`, `filter`, `groupby`, and `join`. With these common patterns we can often handle computations that are more complex than `map`, but are still structured.

- Dask-bag excels in processing data that can be represented as a sequence of arbitrary inputs ("messy" data)
- When you encounter a set of data with a format that does not enforce strict structure and datatypes.

Related Documentation

- [Bag Documentation](#)
- [Bag API](#)

```
[1]: data = list(range(1,9))  
data
```

```
[1]: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
```

```
[2]: import dask.bag as db  
  
b = db.from_sequence(data)
```

```
[3]: b.compute() # Gather results back to local process
```

```
[3]: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
```

```
[4]: b.map(lambda x : x//2).compute() # compute length of each element and collect  
↪ results
```

```
[4]: [0, 1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 4]
```

```
[5]: from time import sleep  
  
def slow_half( x):  
    sleep(1)  
    return x // 2
```

```
res = b.map(slow_half)
res
```

```
[5]: dask.bag<slow_half, npartitions=8>
```

```
[6]: %%time
res.compute()
```

```
CPU times: user 13.9 ms, sys: 8.66 ms, total: 22.6 ms
Wall time: 4.38 s
```

```
[6]: [0, 1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 4]
```

```
[7]: res.visualize()
```

```

└─
↳-----

FileNotFoundError                                Traceback (most recent call↳
↳last)

  /usr/share/miniconda3/envs/big-data/lib/python3.8/site-packages/graphviz/
↳backend.py in run(cmd, input, capture_output, check, encoding, quiet, **kwargs)
    165     try:
--> 166         proc = subprocess.Popen(cmd, startupinfo=get_startupinfo(),↳
↳**kwargs)
    167     except OSError as e:

  /usr/share/miniconda3/envs/big-data/lib/python3.8/subprocess.py in↳
↳__init__(self, args, bufsize, executable, stdin, stdout, stderr, preexec_fn,↳
↳close_fds, shell, cwd, env, universal_newlines, startupinfo, creationflags,↳
↳restore_signals, start_new_session, pass_fds, encoding, errors, text)
    853
--> 854         self._execute_child(args, executable, preexec_fn,↳
↳close_fds,
    855                                pass_fds, cwd, env,

  /usr/share/miniconda3/envs/big-data/lib/python3.8/subprocess.py in↳
↳_execute_child(self, args, executable, preexec_fn, close_fds, pass_fds, cwd,↳
↳env, startupinfo, creationflags, shell, p2cread, p2cwrite, c2pread, c2pwrite,↳
↳errread, errwrite, restore_signals, start_new_session)
    1701                                err_msg = os.strerror(errno_num)
```

```

-> 1702                                raise child_exception_type(errno_num, err_msg,
↳err_filename)
    1703                                raise child_exception_type(err_msg)

```

FileNotFoundError: [Errno 2] No such file or directory: 'dot'

During handling of the above exception, another exception occurred:

```

ExecutableNotFound                                Traceback (most recent call
↳last)

```

```

<ipython-input-7-2dde28612c67> in <module>
----> 1 res.visualize()

```

```

/usr/share/miniconda3/envs/big-data/lib/python3.8/site-packages/dask/
↳base.py in visualize(self, filename, format, optimize_graph, **kwargs)
    91         https://docs.dask.org/en/latest/optimize.html
    92         """
---> 93         return visualize(
    94             self,
    95             filename=filename,

```

```

/usr/share/miniconda3/envs/big-data/lib/python3.8/site-packages/dask/
↳base.py in visualize(*args, **kwargs)
    551         raise NotImplementedError("Unknown value color=%s" % color)
    552
--> 553         return dot_graph(dsk, filename=filename, **kwargs)
    554
    555

```

```

/usr/share/miniconda3/envs/big-data/lib/python3.8/site-packages/dask/dot.
↳py in dot_graph(dsk, filename, format, **kwargs)
    270         """
    271         g = to_graphviz(dsk, **kwargs)
--> 272         return graphviz_to_file(g, filename, format)
    273
    274

```

```

/usr/share/miniconda3/envs/big-data/lib/python3.8/site-packages/dask/dot.
↳py in graphviz_to_file(g, filename, format)

```

```

282         format = "png"
283
--> 284     data = g.pipe(format=format)
285     if not data:
286         raise RuntimeError(

/usr/share/miniconda3/envs/big-data/lib/python3.8/site-packages/graphviz/
↳files.py in pipe(self, format, renderer, formatter, quiet)
134         data = text_type(self.source).encode(self._encoding)
135
--> 136         out = backend.pipe(self._engine, format, data,
137                             renderer=renderer, formatter=formatter,
138                             quiet=quiet)

/usr/share/miniconda3/envs/big-data/lib/python3.8/site-packages/graphviz/
↳backend.py in pipe(engine, format, data, renderer, formatter, quiet)
244         """
245         cmd, _ = command(engine, format, None, renderer, formatter)
--> 246         out, _ = run(cmd, input=data, capture_output=True, check=True,
↳quiet=quiet)
247         return out
248

/usr/share/miniconda3/envs/big-data/lib/python3.8/site-packages/graphviz/
↳backend.py in run(cmd, input, capture_output, check, encoding, quiet, **kwargs)
167     except OSError as e:
168         if e.errno == errno.ENOENT:
--> 169             raise ExecutableNotFound(cmd)
170         else:
171             raise

ExecutableNotFound: failed to execute ['dot', '-Tpng'], make sure the
↳Graphviz executables are on your systems' PATH

```

```
[8]: b.topk
```

```
[8]: <bound method Bag.topk of dask.bag<from_sequence, npartitions=8>>
```

```
[9]: b.product(b).compute() # Cartesian product of each pair
# of elements in two sequences (or the same sequence in this case)
```

[9] : [(1, 1),
(1, 2),
(1, 3),
(1, 4),
(1, 5),
(1, 6),
(1, 7),
(1, 8),
(2, 1),
(2, 2),
(2, 3),
(2, 4),
(2, 5),
(2, 6),
(2, 7),
(2, 8),
(3, 1),
(3, 2),
(3, 3),
(3, 4),
(3, 5),
(3, 6),
(3, 7),
(3, 8),
(4, 1),
(4, 2),
(4, 3),
(4, 4),
(4, 5),
(4, 6),
(4, 7),
(4, 8),
(5, 1),
(5, 2),
(5, 3),
(5, 4),
(5, 5),
(5, 6),
(5, 7),
(5, 8),
(6, 1),
(6, 2),
(6, 3),
(6, 4),
(6, 5),
(6, 6),
(6, 7),

```
(6, 8),
(7, 1),
(7, 2),
(7, 3),
(7, 4),
(7, 5),
(7, 6),
(7, 7),
(7, 8),
(8, 1),
(8, 2),
(8, 3),
(8, 4),
(8, 5),
(8, 6),
(8, 7),
(8, 8)]
```

Chain operations to construct more complex computations

```
[10]: (b.filter(lambda x: x % 2 > 0)
      .product(b)
      .filter(lambda v : v[0] % v[1] == 0 and v[0] != v[1])
      .compute())
```

```
[10]: [(3, 1), (5, 1), (7, 1)]
```

```
[ ]:
```

1.1 Daily stock example

Let's use the bag interface to read the json files containing time series.

Each line is a JSON encoded dictionary with the following keys - timestamp: Day. - close: Stock value at the end of the day. - high: Highest value. - low: Lowest value. - open: Opening price.

```
[11]: # preparing data
import os # library to get directory and file paths
import tarfile # this module makes possible to read and write tar archives

def extract_data(name, where):
    datadir = os.path.join(where,name)
    if not os.path.exists(datadir):
        print("Extracting data...")
        tar_path = os.path.join(where, name+'.tgz')
        with tarfile.open(tar_path, mode='r:gz') as data:
            data.extractall(where)
```

```
extract_data('daily-stock','data') # this function call will extract json files
```

Extracting data...

```
[12]: %ls data/daily-stock/*.json
```

```
data/daily-stock/aet.json  data/daily-stock/hpq.json
data/daily-stock/afl.json  data/daily-stock/ibm.json
data/daily-stock/aig.json  data/daily-stock/jbl.json
data/daily-stock/al.json   data/daily-stock/jpm.json
data/daily-stock/amgn.json data/daily-stock/luv.json
data/daily-stock/avy.json  data/daily-stock/met.json
data/daily-stock/b.json    data/daily-stock/pcg.json
data/daily-stock/bwa.json  data/daily-stock/tgt.json
data/daily-stock/ge.json   data/daily-stock/usb.json
data/daily-stock/hal.json  data/daily-stock/xom.json
data/daily-stock/hp.json
```

```
[13]: import dask.bag as db
import json
stocks = db.read_text('data/daily-stock/*.json')
```

```
[14]: stocks.npartitions
```

```
[14]: 22
```

```
[15]: stocks.visualize()
```

```
↳ -----
FileNotFoundError                                Traceback (most recent call↳
↳last)

  /usr/share/miniconda3/envs/big-data/lib/python3.8/site-packages/graphviz/
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    165     try:
--> 166         proc = subprocess.Popen(cmd, startupinfo=get_startupinfo(),↳
↳**kwargs)
    167     except OSError as e:

  /usr/share/miniconda3/envs/big-data/lib/python3.8/subprocess.py in↳
↳__init__(self, args, bufsize, executable, stdin, stdout, stderr, preexec_fn,↳
↳close_fds, shell, cwd, env, universal_newlines, startupinfo, creationflags,↳
↳restore_signals, start_new_session, pass_fds, encoding, errors, text)
```

```

853
--> 854             self._execute_child(args, executable, preexec_fn,
↳close_fds,
855                                     pass_fds, cwd, env,

/usr/share/miniconda3/envs/big-data/lib/python3.8/subprocess.py in
↳_execute_child(self, args, executable, preexec_fn, close_fds, pass_fds, cwd,
↳env, startupinfo, creationflags, shell, p2cread, p2cwrite, c2pread, c2pwrite,
↳errread, errwrite, restore_signals, start_new_session)
1701                 err_msg = os.strerror(errno_num)
-> 1702                 raise child_exception_type(errno_num, err_msg,
↳err_filename)
1703                 raise child_exception_type(err_msg)

```

FileNotFoundError: [Errno 2] No such file or directory: 'dot'

During handling of the above exception, another exception occurred:

```

ExecutableNotFound                                Traceback (most recent call
↳last)

<ipython-input-15-a27501b2e8e0> in <module>
----> 1 stocks.visualize()

```

```

/usr/share/miniconda3/envs/big-data/lib/python3.8/site-packages/dask/
↳base.py in visualize(self, filename, format, optimize_graph, **kwargs)
91         https://docs.dask.org/en/latest/optimize.html
92         """
---> 93         return visualize(
94             self,
95             filename=filename,

```

```

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↳base.py in visualize(*args, **kwargs)
551         raise NotImplementedError("Unknown value color='%s' % color)
552
--> 553         return dot_graph(dsk, filename=filename, **kwargs)
554
555

```



```

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274

```

```

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```

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135
--> 136     out = backend.pipe(self._engine, format, data,
137                        renderer=renderer, formatter=formatter,
138                        quiet=quiet)

```

```

/usr/share/miniconda3/envs/big-data/lib/python3.8/site-packages/graphviz/
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quiet=quiet)
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248

```

```

/usr/share/miniconda3/envs/big-data/lib/python3.8/site-packages/graphviz/
backend.py in run(cmd, input, capture_output, check, encoding, quiet, **kwargs)
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168         if e.errno == errno.ENOENT:
--> 169             raise ExecutableNotFound(cmd)
170         else:
171             raise

```

ExecutableNotFound: failed to execute ['dot', '-Tpng'], make sure the
↳ Graphviz executables are on your systems' PATH

```
[16]: import json
js = stocks.map(json.loads)
```

```
[17]: import os, sys
from glob import glob
import pandas as pd
import json

here = os.getcwd() # get the current directory
filenames = sorted(glob(os.path.join(here, 'data', 'daily-stock', '*.json')))
filenames
```

```
[17]: ['/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/aet.json',
'/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/afl.json',
'/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/aig.json',
'/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/al.json',
'/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/amgn.json',
'/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/avy.json',
'/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/b.json',
'/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/bwa.json',
'/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/ge.json',
'/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/hal.json',
'/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/hp.json',
'/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/hpq.json',
'/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/ibm.json',
'/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/jbl.json',
'/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/jpm.json',
'/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/luv.json',
'/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/met.json',
'/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/pcg.json',
'/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/tgt.json',
'/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/usb.json',
'/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/xom.json']
```

```
[18]: %rm data/daily-stock/*.h5
```

rm: cannot remove 'data/daily-stock/*.h5': No such file or directory

```
[19]: from tqdm.notebook import tqdm
for fn in tqdm(filenames):
    with open(fn) as f:
        data = [json.loads(line) for line in f]
```

```
df = pd.DataFrame(data)

out_filename = fn[:-5] + '.h5'
df.to_hdf(out_filename, '/data')
```

```
HBox(children=(FloatProgress(value=0.0, max=21.0), HTML(value='')))
```

```
[20]: filenames = sorted(glob(os.path.join(here, 'data', 'daily-stock', '*.h5')))
      filenames
```

```
[20]: ['/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/aet.h5',
      '/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/afl.h5',
      '/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/aig.h5',
      '/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/al.h5',
      '/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/amgn.h5',
      '/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/avy.h5',
      '/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/b.h5',
      '/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/bwa.h5',
      '/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/ge.h5',
      '/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/hal.h5',
      '/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/hp.h5',
      '/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/hpq.h5',
      '/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/ibm.h5',
      '/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/jbl.h5',
      '/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/jpm.h5',
      '/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/luv.h5',
      '/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/met.h5',
      '/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/pcg.h5',
      '/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/tgt.h5',
      '/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/usb.h5',
      '/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/xom.h5']
```

1.1.1 Serial version

```
[21]: %%time
      series = {}
      for fn in filenames:    # Simple map over filenames
          series[fn] = pd.read_hdf(fn)['close']

      results = {}

      for a in filenames:    # Doubly nested loop over the same collection
          for b in filenames:
              if a != b:    # Filter out bad elements
```

```

        results[a, b] = series[a].corr(series[b]) # Apply function

((a, b), corr) = max(results.items(), key=lambda kv: kv[1]) # Reduction

```

CPU times: user 853 ms, sys: 70.9 ms, total: 924 ms
 Wall time: 923 ms

```
[22]: a, b, corr
```

```
[22]: ('/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/aet.h5',
       '/home/runner/work/big-data/big-data/notebooks/data/daily-stock/luv.h5',
       0.9413176064560881)
```

1.2 Dask.bag methods

We can construct most of the above computation with the following dask.bag methods:

- `collection.map(function)`: apply function to each element in collection
- `collection.product(collection)`: Create new collection with every pair of inputs
- `collection.filter(predicate)`: Keep only elements of collection that match the predicate function
- `collection.max()`: Compute maximum element

```
[23]: %%time

import dask.bag as db

b = db.from_sequence(filenamees)
series = b.map(lambda fn: pd.read_hdf(fn)['close'])

corr = (series.product(series)
        .filter(lambda ab: not (ab[0] == ab[1]).all())
        .map(lambda ab: ab[0].corr(ab[1])).max())

```

CPU times: user 3.09 ms, sys: 3.47 ms, total: 6.56 ms
 Wall time: 6.39 ms

```
[24]: %%time

result = corr.compute()

```

CPU times: user 1.69 s, sys: 611 ms, total: 2.31 s
 Wall time: 4.16 s

```
[25]: result
```

```
[25]: 0.9413176064560881
```

1.2.1 Wordcount with Dask bag

```
[26]: import lorem
```

```
lorem.text()
```

```
[26]: 'Labore labore voluptatem quaerat numquam magnam. Dolor modi voluptatem voluptatem porro dolore. Amet voluptatem numquam quisquam quiquia. Consectetur labore dolore etincidunt voluptatem consectetur neque labore. Neque tempora dolorem velit dolore eius sit. Consectetur dolorem sit consectetur numquam tempora non. Velit quisquam etincidunt quaerat voluptatem est quiquia quisquam. Quaerat ut adipisci quiquia aliquam.\n\nTempora amet ut numquam dolore modi aliquam quisquam. Dolor sit sed ut dolorem adipisci aliquam adipisci. Sed sed eius numquam magnam porro. Velit tempora labore consectetur voluptatem dolore. Tempora quaerat quisquam tempora magnam voluptatem magnam. Dolor adipisci etincidunt dolore labore. Magnam magnam velit modi porro labore dolore.\n\nAdipisci eius neque velit dolorem magnam neque etincidunt. Voluptatem modi non eius est tempora quisquam. Modi quaerat voluptatem sed numquam sed. Ipsum numquam magnam voluptatem voluptatem. Sit sit tempora sit dolor sed eius non. Numquam dolore quiquia etincidunt aliquam.\n\nLabore quaerat ipsum velit. Voluptatem quiquia ipsum neque sit. Aliquam sit magnam sit est quaerat etincidunt magnam. Amet etincidunt quiquia ut. Consectetur labore etincidunt non modi tempora etincidunt. Etincidunt amet magnam labore numquam velit eius tempora. Amet tempora consectetur eius etincidunt dolore consectetur consectetur.\n\nPorro sed numquam tempora. Neque magnam dolorem quiquia modi etincidunt magnam velit. Modi velit voluptatem dolor aliquam non. Dolore eius dolorem amet amet. Magnam quisquam numquam etincidunt tempora sed est. Dolorem neque modi sed neque. Quisquam numquam quisquam eius adipisci neque sed dolor. Labore sed ipsum sit adipisci eius. Quaerat sed dolor ipsum numquam. Voluptatem aliquam modi velit non sit.'
```

```
[27]: import lorem
```

```
for i in range(20):  
    with open(f"sample{i:02d}.txt", "w") as f:  
        f.write(lorem.text())
```

```
[28]: %ls *.txt
```

```
sample00.txt  sample04.txt  sample08.txt  sample12.txt  sample16.txt  
sample01.txt  sample05.txt  sample09.txt  sample13.txt  sample17.txt  
sample02.txt  sample06.txt  sample10.txt  sample14.txt  sample18.txt  
sample03.txt  sample07.txt  sample11.txt  sample15.txt  sample19.txt
```

```
[29]: import glob  
glob.glob('sample*.txt')
```

```
[29]: ['sample13.txt',
       'sample01.txt',
       'sample14.txt',
       'sample00.txt',
       'sample17.txt',
       'sample19.txt',
       'sample07.txt',
       'sample09.txt',
       'sample08.txt',
       'sample16.txt',
       'sample02.txt',
       'sample04.txt',
       'sample11.txt',
       'sample10.txt',
       'sample05.txt',
       'sample06.txt',
       'sample18.txt',
       'sample03.txt',
       'sample15.txt',
       'sample12.txt']
```

```
[30]: import dask.bag as db
import glob
b = db.read_text(glob.glob('sample*.txt'))

wordcount = (b.str.replace(".", "") # remove dots
             .str.lower()           # lower text
             .str.strip()           # remove \n and trailing spaces
             .str.split()           # split into words
             .flatten()             # chain all words lists
             .frequencies()         # compute occurrences
             .topk(10, lambda x: x[1])) # sort and return top 10 words

wordcount.compute() # Run all tasks and return result
```

```
[30]: [('ut', 179),
       ('consectetur', 177),
       ('quaerat', 176),
       ('non', 165),
       ('sit', 164),
       ('quiquia', 164),
       ('dolor', 162),
       ('porro', 161),
       ('neque', 158),
       ('etincidunt', 157)]
```

1.3 Genome example

We will use a Dask bag to calculate the frequencies of sequences of five bases, and then sort the sequences into descending order ranked by their frequency.

- First we will define some functions to split the bases into sequences of a certain size

1.3.1 Exercise 9.1

- Implement a function `group_characters(line, n=5)` to group `n` characters together and return a iterator. `line` is a text line in `genome.txt` file.

```
>>> line = "abcdefghijklmno"
>>> for seq in group_character(line, 5):
    print(seq)
```

```
"abcde"
"efghi"
"klmno"
```

- Implement `group_and_split(line)`

```
>>> group_and_split('abcdefghijklmno')
['abcde', 'fghij', 'klmno']
```
- Use the dask bag to compute the frequencies of sequences of five bases.

```
[31]: from string import ascii_lowercase as alphabet
alphabet
```

```
[31]: 'abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz'
```

```
[32]: def reverse(text):
    k = len(text)
    while k > 0:
        k = k-1
        yield text[k]

reverse_alphabet = reverse(alphabet)
print(*reverse_alphabet)
```

```
z y x w v u t s r q p o n m l k j i h g f e d c b a
```

```
[33]: class Reverse:

    def __init__(self, data):
        self.data = data
        self.index = len(data)

    def __iter__(self):
```

```

        return self

    def __next__(self):
        self.index = self.index-1
        if self.index < 0:
            raise StopIteration
        else:
            return self.data[self.index]

```

```

[34]: class Fibonacci:

    def __init__(self, n):
        self.n = n
        self.f0 = 0
        self.f1 = 1

    def __iter__(self):
        return self

    def __next__(self):
        self.n = self.n - 1
        if self.n < 0:
            raise StopIteration
        else:
            self.f0, self.f1 = self.f1, self.f0 + self.f1
            return self.f1

print(*Fibonacci(7))

```

1 2 3 5 8 13 21

```

[35]: for c in Reverse(alphabet):
        print(c, end="")

```

zyxwvutsrqponmlkjihgfedcba

```

[36]: for c in reverse(alphabet):
        print(c, end="")

```

zyxwvutsrqponmlkjihgfedcba

```

[37]: def group_character( line, n=5):
        bases = ''
        for i, b in enumerate(line):
            bases += b
            if (i+1) % n == 0:

```



```
yield bases
bases = ''
```

```
[38]: line = "abcdefghijklmno"
      for seq in group_character(line, 5):
          print(seq)
```

```
abcde
fghij
klmno
```

```
[39]: def group_and_split( line, n):
      return [seq for seq in group_character(line,n)]
```

```
[40]: %ls data
```

```
daily-stock/      genome04.txt
monthly.land.90S.90N.df_1901-2000mean.dat.txt
daily-stock.tgz   genome05.txt   nucleotide-sample.txt
genome.txt        genome06.txt   nycflights.tar.gz
genome00.txt      genome07.txt   people.json
genome01.txt      irmar.csv     philadelphia-crime-data-2015-ytd.csv
genome02.txt      irmar.json
genome03.txt      latinbooks.tgz
```

```
[41]: import os
      from glob import glob

      data_path = os.path.join("data")
      with open(os.path.join(data_path,"genome.txt")) as g:
          data = g.read()
          for i in range(8):
              file = os.path.join(data_path,f"genome{i:02d}.txt")
              with open(file,"w") as f:
                  f.write(data)

      glob("data/genome0*.txt")
```

```
[41]: ['data/genome00.txt',
      'data/genome01.txt',
      'data/genome07.txt',
      'data/genome06.txt',
      'data/genome02.txt',
      'data/genome05.txt',
      'data/genome03.txt',
      'data/genome04.txt']
```

```
[42]: from operator import itemgetter

import dask.bag as db

b = db.read_text("data/genome0*.txt")

result = (b.filter(lambda line: not line.startswith(">"))
          .map(lambda line: line.strip())
          .map(lambda line : group_and_split(line,5))
          .flatten()
          .frequencies()
          .topk(10,lambda v : v[1]))
```

```
[43]: result.visualize()
```

```

      □
↳ -----

FileNotFoundError                                Traceback (most recent call↳
↳ last)

  /usr/share/miniconda3/envs/big-data/lib/python3.8/site-packages/graphviz/
↳ backend.py in run(cmd, input, capture_output, check, encoding, quiet, **kwargs)
      165     try:
--> 166         proc = subprocess.Popen(cmd, startupinfo=get_startupinfo(),↳
↳ **kwargs)
      167     except OSError as e:

  /usr/share/miniconda3/envs/big-data/lib/python3.8/subprocess.py in↳
↳ __init__(self, args, bufsize, executable, stdin, stdout, stderr, preexec_fn,↳
↳ close_fds, shell, cwd, env, universal_newlines, startupinfo, creationflags,↳
↳ restore_signals, start_new_session, pass_fds, encoding, errors, text)
      853
--> 854         self._execute_child(args, executable, preexec_fn,↳
↳ close_fds,
      855                                pass_fds, cwd, env,

  /usr/share/miniconda3/envs/big-data/lib/python3.8/subprocess.py in↳
↳ _execute_child(self, args, executable, preexec_fn, close_fds, pass_fds, cwd,↳
↳ env, startupinfo, creationflags, shell, p2cread, p2cwrite, c2pread, c2pwrite,↳
↳ errread, errwrite, restore_signals, start_new_session)
      1701         err_msg = os.strerror(errno_num)
-> 1702         raise child_exception_type(errno_num, err_msg,↳
↳ err_filename)
```

```
1703                 raise child_exception_type(err_msg)
```

```
FileNotFoundError: [Errno 2] No such file or directory: 'dot'
```

During handling of the above exception, another exception occurred:

```
ExecutableNotFound                                Traceback (most recent call
↳last)

<ipython-input-43-dc769738af30> in <module>
----> 1 result.visualize()

/usr/share/miniconda3/envs/big-data/lib/python3.8/site-packages/dask/
↳base.py in visualize(self, filename, format, optimize_graph, **kwargs)
    91         https://docs.dask.org/en/latest/optimize.html
    92         """
--> 93         return visualize(
    94             self,
    95             filename=filename,

/usr/share/miniconda3/envs/big-data/lib/python3.8/site-packages/dask/
↳base.py in visualize(*args, **kwargs)
    551         raise NotImplementedError("Unknown value color=%s" % color)
    552
--> 553         return dot_graph(dsk, filename=filename, **kwargs)
    554
    555

/usr/share/miniconda3/envs/big-data/lib/python3.8/site-packages/dask/dot.
↳py in dot_graph(dsk, filename, format, **kwargs)
    270         """
    271         g = to_graphviz(dsk, **kwargs)
--> 272         return graphviz_to_file(g, filename, format)
    273
    274

/usr/share/miniconda3/envs/big-data/lib/python3.8/site-packages/dask/dot.
↳py in graphviz_to_file(g, filename, format)
    282         format = "png"
    283
```

```

--> 284     data = g.pipe(format=format)
      285     if not data:
      286         raise RuntimeError(

/usr/share/miniconda3/envs/big-data/lib/python3.8/site-packages/graphviz/
↳files.py in pipe(self, format, renderer, formatter, quiet)
      134         data = text_type(self.source).encode(self._encoding)
      135
--> 136         out = backend.pipe(self._engine, format, data,
      137                             renderer=renderer, formatter=formatter,
      138                             quiet=quiet)

/usr/share/miniconda3/envs/big-data/lib/python3.8/site-packages/graphviz/
↳backend.py in pipe(engine, format, data, renderer, formatter, quiet)
      244     """
      245     cmd, _ = command(engine, format, None, renderer, formatter)
--> 246     out, _ = run(cmd, input=data, capture_output=True, check=True,
↳quiet=quiet)
      247     return out
      248

/usr/share/miniconda3/envs/big-data/lib/python3.8/site-packages/graphviz/
↳backend.py in run(cmd, input, capture_output, check, encoding, quiet, **kwargs)
      167     except OSError as e:
      168         if e.errno == errno.ENOENT:
--> 169             raise ExecutableNotFound(cmd)
      170     else:
      171         raise

ExecutableNotFound: failed to execute ['dot', '-Tpng'], make sure the
↳Graphviz executables are on your systems' PATH

```

```
[44]: result.compute()
```

```

[44]: [('CTGTG', 472),
      ('CCCAG', 440),
      ('CCTGG', 416),
      ('AAAAA', 392),
      ('TGCTG', 336),
      ('TGTGT', 328),
      ('CCACC', 312),
      ('GGCTG', 304),

```

```
('CACCA', 296),  
( 'GGTGG', 296)]
```

1.3.2 Exercise 9.2

The [FASTA](#) file format is used to write several genome sequences.

- Create a function that can read a [FASTA file](#) and compute the frequencies for $n = 5$ of a given sequence.

1.3.3 Exercise 9.3

Write a program that uses the function implemented above to read several FASTA files stored in a Dask bag.

2 Some remarks about bag

- Higher level dask collections include functions for common patterns
- Move data to collection, construct lazy computation, trigger at the end
- Use Dask.bag (`product + map`) to handle nested for loop

Bags have the following known limitations

1. Bag operations tend to be slower than array/dataframe computations in the same way that Python tends to be slower than NumPy/Pandas
2. `Bag.groupby` is slow. You should try to use `Bag.foldby` if possible.
3. Check the [API](#)
4. `dask.dataframe` can be faster than `dask.bag`. But sometimes it is easier to load and clean messy data with a bag. We will see later how to transform a bag into a `dask.dataframe` with the [to_dataframe](#) method.