## **Question 1: Lists and Loops**

Write a Python program that performs the following:

- Define the list:
  numbers = [15, 8, 22, 7, 31, 4, 17]
- 2. Print all even numbers from the list.
- 3. Create a new list containing the square of each odd number.
- 4. Print the new list.

### **Question 2: Strings and Dictionaries**

Write a program to count how many times each word appears in a sentence.

- 1. Given the sentence:
  - "The book was interesting because the book covered many topics, and the topics discussed in the book were engaging"
- 2. Convert the sentence to lowercase and split it into words.
- 3. Create a dictionary where:
  - Keys are unique words
  - Values are the word counts
- 4. Print the dictionary.

#### **Question 3: Functions and Conditional Logic**

Define a function called is\_prime(n) that checks if a number is prime.

- 1. Given the list: nums = [2, 4, 5, 10, 13, 17, 20, 23]
- 2. Use the function to check each number in the list.
- 3. Store and print only the prime numbers in a new list.

#### **Question 4: NumPy Array Operations and Statistics**

Use NumPy to simulate and analyze student test scores.

- 1. Generate a 2D NumPy array scores of shape (10, 5) representing scores of 10 students in 5 subjects, with random integers between 50 and 100.
- 2. Perform the following:
  - o Compute the average score per student.

- o Compute the maximum score per subject.
- o Add a new column with each student's average score.
- Print the final array.

#### Question 5: Saving Data to CSV

Using the array from Question 4:

- Create a CSV file named student\_scores.csv with the following header: "Subject1,Subject2,Subject3,Subject4,Subject5,Average"
- 2. Save the data (including the average column) to the file.
- 3. Ensure the file contains:
  - One row per student
  - Comma-separated values
  - The header row at the top

## **Question 6: Creating and Exploring a DataFrame**

Create a Pandas DataFrame with the following structure:

- Columns: Product (string), Price (float), Quantity (integer)
- Add at least 8 rows of sample data of your choice.

Perform the following operations:

- 1. Add a column TotalValue calculated as Price × Quantity.
- 2. Sort the DataFrame in descending order by TotalValue.
- 3. Group the data by Price and compute the average Quantity for each price group.

### **Question 7: Analysis of a Real-World Dataset (Titanic)**

Use the Titanic dataset:

- https://www.kaggle.com/c/titanic/data (Download train.csv)
  - 1. Load the dataset using Pandas.
  - 2. Display the total number of missing values in each column.
  - 3. Filter and display:
    - Passengers who are under 18 years old
    - Female passengers who survived

4. Calculate the average fare paid by passengers in each passenger class (pclass).

## **Question 8: Data Cleaning and Aggregation (Heart Disease Dataset)**

Use the UCI Heart Disease dataset:

https://archive.ics.uci.edu/dataset/45/heart+disease

(File: processed.cleveland.data)

Assign these column names when loading the file:
 ['Age', 'Sex', 'ChestPainType', 'RestingBP', 'Cholesterol', 'FastingBS', 'RestingECG',
 'MaxHR', 'ExerciseAngina', 'Oldpeak', 'ST\_Slope', 'NumVesselsFluoro',
 'Thalassemia', 'HeartDisease']

- 2. Replace '?' with np.nan and convert relevant columns to numeric.
- 3. Perform the following:
  - o Display the count of missing values in each column.
  - Replace missing values in NumVesselsFluoro and Thalassemia using the median or mode, whichever is appropriate.
  - o Drop any row where more than two columns have missing values.
  - Group the data by HeartDisease and compute the average cholesterol level for each group.

## **Question 9: Visualizing Student Scores**

Given this data representing student performance:

Name	Math	Science	English	History
Alice	85	90	78	84
Bob	78	82	85	80
Charlie	92	89	88	91
David	88	94	80	79
Eva	76	75	82	77

#### Tasks:

- 1. Create a bar chart showing each student's Math score.
- 2. Create a line plot comparing all 4 subjects for each student (one line per subject).
- 3. Add proper title, axis labels, and a legend to the plot.

# **Question 10: Visualizing Random Data Distribution**

Use NumPy and Matplotlib to generate and visualize data.

- 1. Generate 1000 random numbers from a normal distribution with mean = 50 and std = 10.
- 2. Plot a histogram of the data.
- 3. Customize the plot with:
  - o 20 bins
  - o A vertical line indicating the mean
  - o Title, axis labels, and grid lines