



Sales & Supply Chain **Analysis Report**

Technical Provider: AST

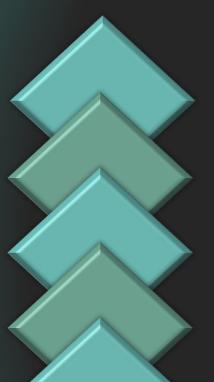
Instructor: Ahmed Abdellatif







Meet our team



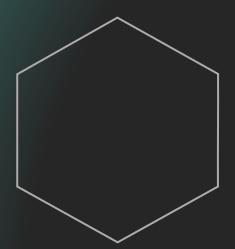
Mohamed Shehata

Youssef Tarek

Hassan Hashish

Ibrahim Mohamed

Khaled Hossam



Agenda





The goal of this project is to analyze the sales and supply chain performance of Data Co company to identify insights and key requirements by analyzing the performance over the past few years and providing decisions and recommendations for improvement to the company.



Data Overview

The dataset contains 180,519 rows and 53 columns of data related to sales and supply chain operations, including product details, delivery times, shipping methods, customer details, sales information, and department details. The dataset contains only one fact table, so it needs to be normalized to reduce the data redundancy and make it suitable for data modeling. And there some cleaning and nulls to handle.



First, we imported libraries like Pandas for cleaning, Matplotlib & Seaborn for visualization, and HTML for downloading the file after we finished cleaning. Then, we uploaded the file and checked the number of rows and columns, and there was 180,519 rows and 53 columns.

Imported Libraries

```
[2]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from IPython.display import HTML
```

Overview

(180519, 53)

```
[4]: df = pd.read_csv(r'C:\Users\nopog\OneDrive\Documents\DEPI\Datasets\Data Co\DataCoSupplyChainDataset.csv', encoding = 'unicode_escape')
[6]: df.shape
```

Second, we checked each column for its data type and the number of null values. Then, we examined how many duplicates were in the data and reviewed the format of each column and deleted two columns that contained nearly 100% null values.

```
48 Product Name
                                                                                                         180519 non-null object
df.info()
                                                                       49 Product Price
                                                                                                         180519 non-null float64
                                                                       50 Product Status
                                                                                                        180519 non-null int64
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
                                                                       51 shipping date (DateOrders)
                                                                                                       180519 non-null object
                                                                       52 Shipping Mode
                                                                                                        180519 non-null object
RangeIndex: 180519 entries, 0 to 180518
                                                                      dtypes: float64(15), int64(14), object(24)
Data columns (total 53 columns):
                                                                      memory usage: 73.0+ MB
     Column
                                   Non-Null Count
                                                                     df.duplicated().sum()
                                   180519 non-null object
    Type
                                                                [7]: 0
    Days for shipping (real) 180519 non-null int64
    Days for shipment (scheduled) 180519 non-null int64
                                                                [8]: df.head(10)
    Benefit per order
                                  180519 non-null float64
df.drop(['Product Description', 'Order Zipcode'], axis = 1, inplace = True)
```

Third, we created the customer table, which contained all the customer information. Then, we deleted duplicates from the table and ensured there were no duplicates in the customer ID, confirming that there were no multivalued attributes.

```
dfcus = df[['Customer Id', 'Customer Fname', 'Customer Lname', 'Customer Email', 'Customer Password', 'Customer Country', 'Customer State', 'Customer Cit
      dfcus.info()
      <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
      RangeIndex: 180519 entries, 0 to 180518
      Data columns (total 11 columns):
           Column
                     Non-Null Count
                                     Dtype
           ID
                     180519 non-null int64
       0
                     180519 non-null object
           Fname
           Lname
                     180511 non-null object
       3
           Email
                     180519 non-null object
           Password 180519 non-null object
           Country 180519 non-null object
           State
                     180519 non-null object
           City
                     180519 non-null object
           Street 180519 non-null object
           Zipcode 180516 non-null float64
          Segment 180519 non-null object
      dtypes: float64(1), int64(1), object(9)
      memory usage: 15.1+ MB
      dfcus.duplicated().sum()
[24]: 159867
      dfcus = dfcus.drop_duplicates()
       dfcus['ID'].duplicated().sum()
[32]: 0
```

dfcus.head()

dfcus['Country'] = 'United States'

Fourth, we checked the format and values in each column in the table, replacing any necessary values, whether they were garbage values or nulls values, and changed the column names if necessary.

```
[36]:
                                                                                   City
                                                                                                        Street Zipcode
            ID Fname
                                        Email
                                                 Password
                                                             Country State
                                                                                                                           Segment
                           Lname
      0 20755
                  Cally
                          Holloway XXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX Puerto Rico
                                                                                Caguas
                                                                                        5365 Noble Nectar Island
                                                                                                                  725.0
                                                                                                                          Consumer
         19492
                             Luna XXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXX Puerto Rico
                  Irene
                                                                                Caguas
                                                                                               2679 Rustic Loop
                                                                                                                  725.0
                                                                                                                          Consumer
                       Maldonado XXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX
                                                              EE. UU.
                                                                        CA
                                                                               San Jose
                                                                                           8510 Round Bear Gate
                                                                                                               95125.0
                                                                                                                          Consumer
      3 19490
                              Tate XXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX
                                                              EE. UU.
                                                                        CA Los Angeles
                                                                                              3200 Amber Bend
                                                                                                                90027.0 Home Office
                  Tana
      4 19489
                         Hendricks XXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX Puerto Rico
                                                                                Caguas 8671 Iron Anchor Corners
                                                                                                                  725.0
                                                                                                                          Corporate
      dfcus['Country'].unique()
      array(['Puerto Rico', 'EE. UU.'], dtype=object)
```

Click here to download the CSV

Fifth, we deleted these columns from the fact table and once again ensured there were no duplicates in the fact table. Then, we downloaded the table as a CSV file.

```
df.duplicated().sum()

[56]: df.duplicated().sum()

[60]: dfcus.to_csv("Customers.csv", index = False)
    HTML('<a href="Customers.csv" download="Customers.csv">Click here to download the CSV</a>')
```

df.drop(['Customer Fname', 'Customer Lname', 'Customer Email', 'Customer Password', 'Customer Country', 'Customer State', 'Customer City', 'Customer Stre

After applying all the previous steps to each table, we ended up with one fact table, which was the order table, and dimension tables, which included the customer table, department table, products table, and category table.

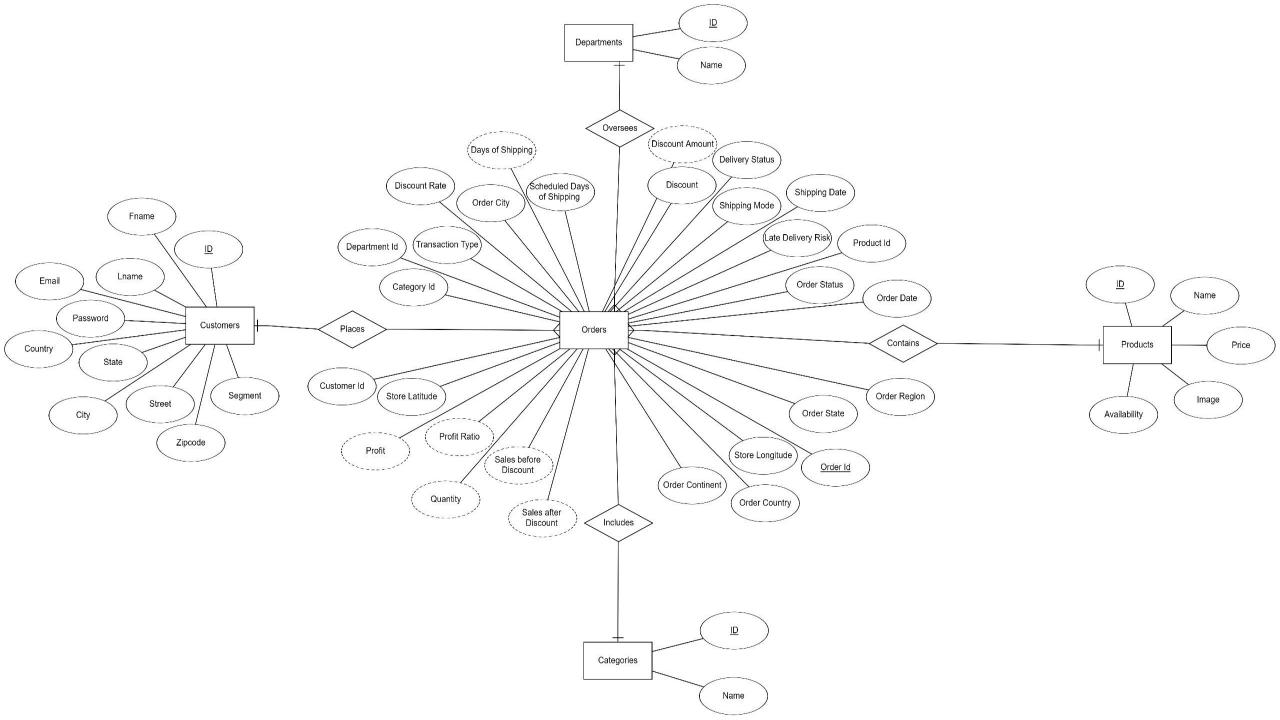
1. Order Table: 180,519 Row and 28 Column.

2. Customer Table: 20,652 Row and 11 Column.

3. Product Table: 118 Row and 5 Column.

4. Category Table: 51 Row and 2 Column.

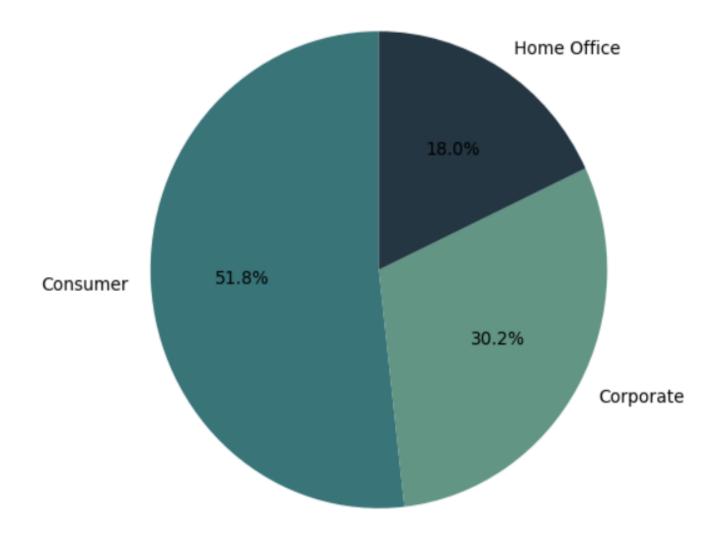
5. Department Table: 11 Row and 2 Column.





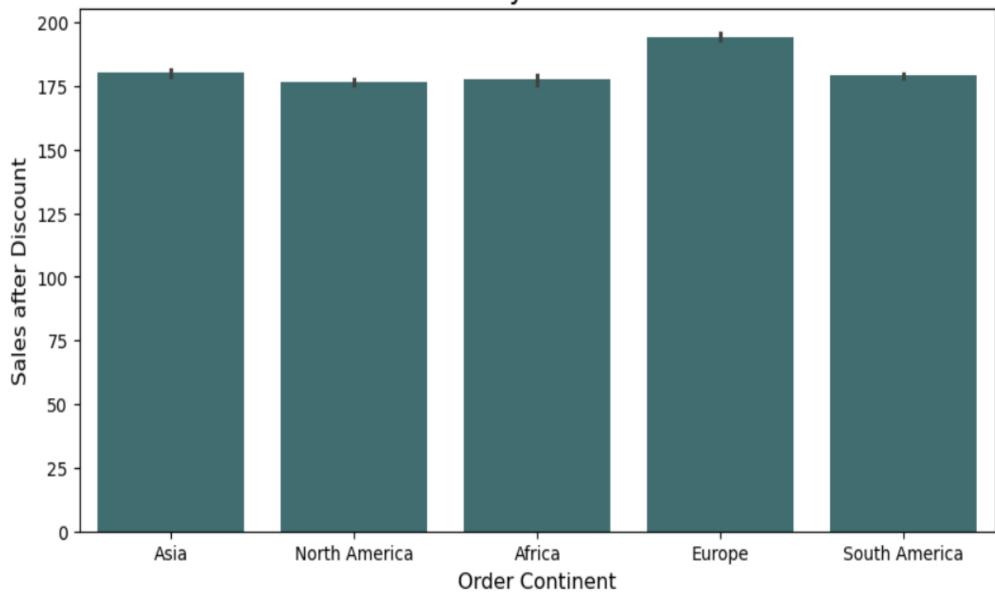
EDA with Python

Proportion of Customers by Segment



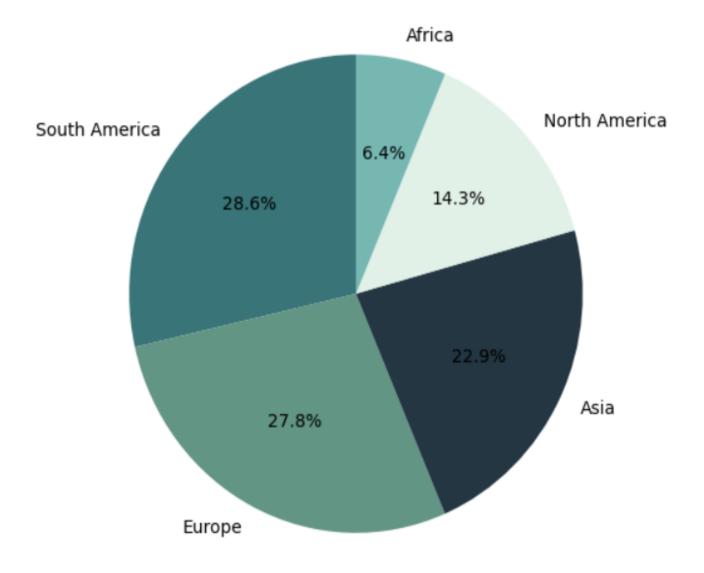
• The pie chart Proportion of Customers by Segment shows the data into Consumer, Corporate, and Home Office across the number of customers.

Sales by Continent

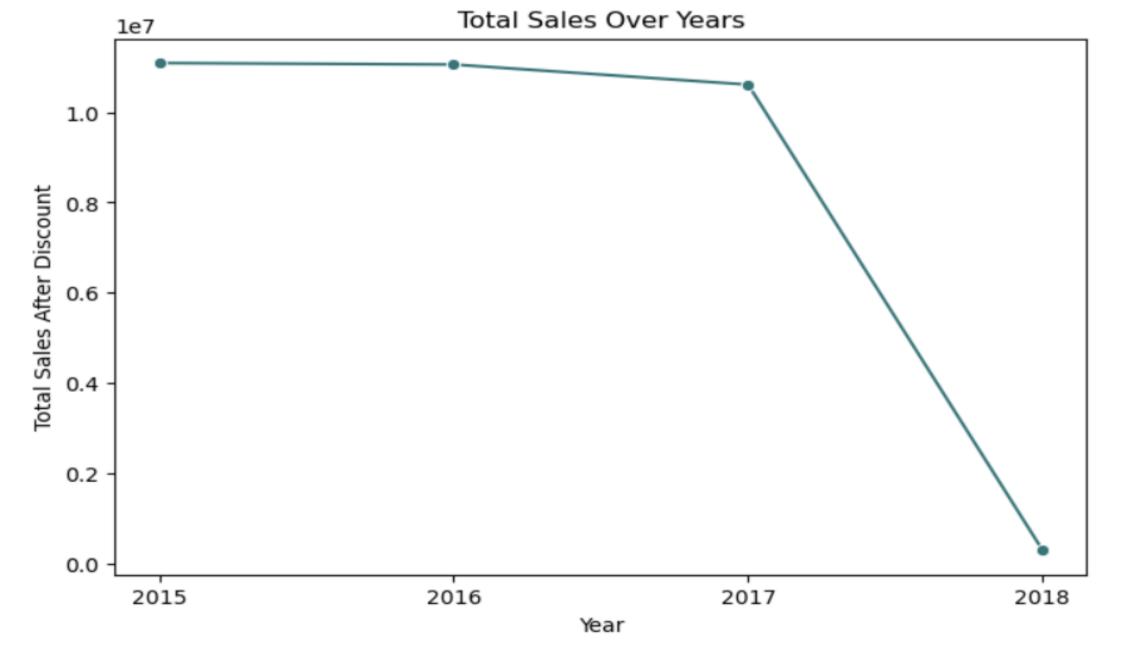


• The bar plot Sales by Continent shows the data into continents like North America, Europe, and Asia with its sales.

Proportion of Orders by Continent

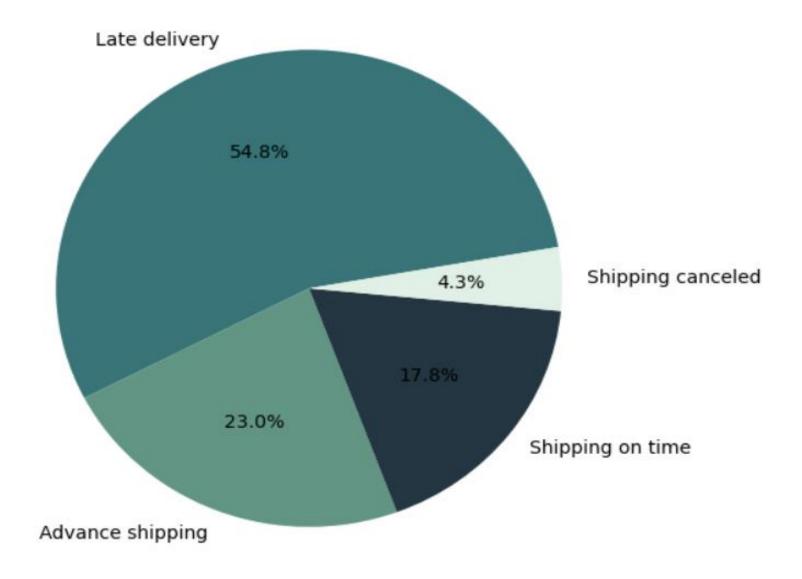


• The pie chart Proportion of Orders by Continent shows the data into North America, Europe, Asia, Africa, and South America across the number of orders.

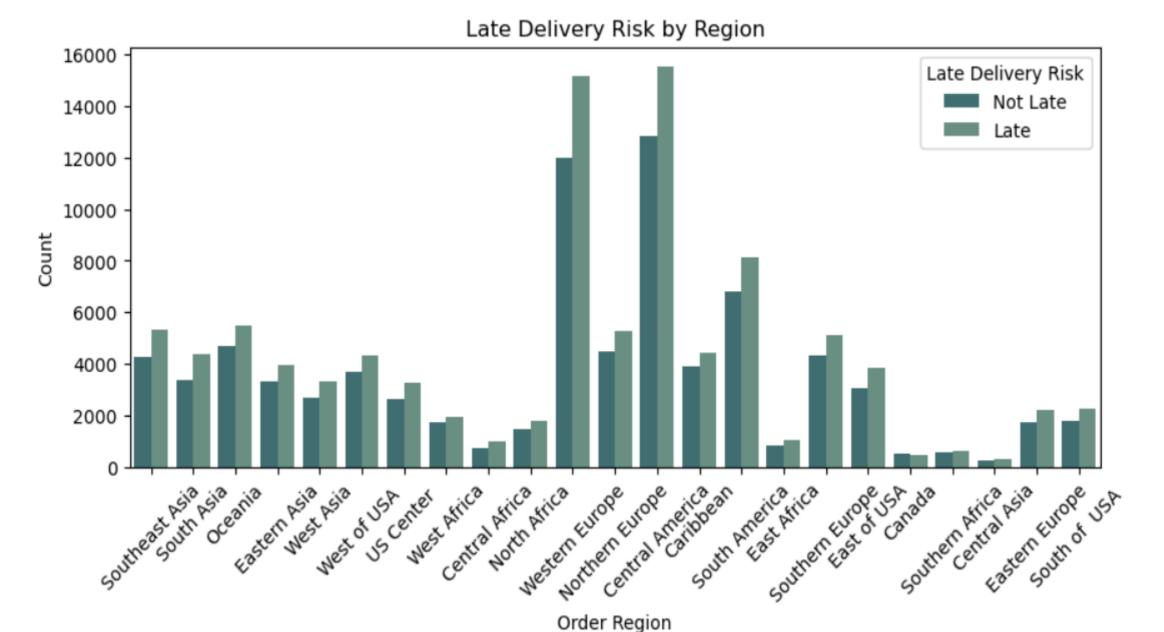


• The line plot Total Sales Over Time shows the sales by year.

Delivery Status Distribution

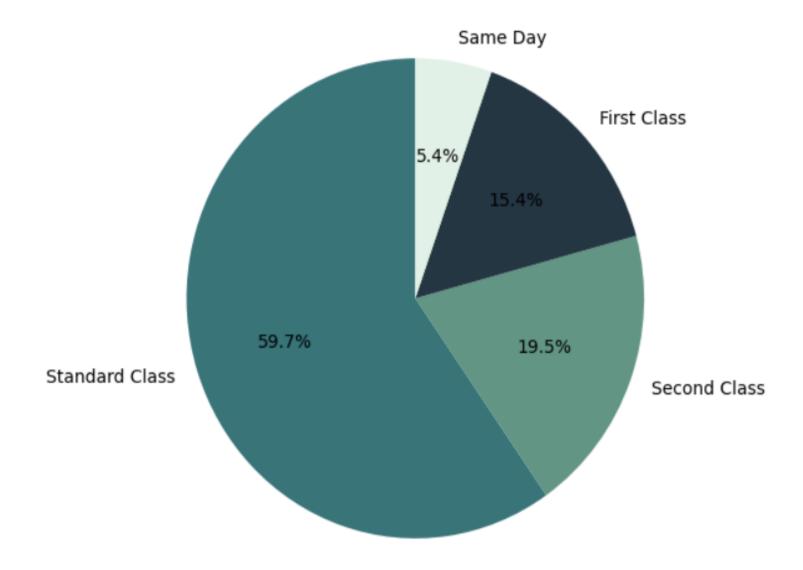


• The pie chart Delivery Status Distribution shows the data into On Time, Late, Advanced, and Canceled.



• The bar plot Late Delivery Risk by Region shows the data into regions such as North Aftica, Western Europe, and Central Asia with the late delivery risk.

Shipping Mode Distribution



• The pie chart Shipping Mode Distribution shows the data into Standard Shipping, First class, Second class, and Same day across the number of orders.

Delivery Status by Region **Delivery Status** Advance shipping 25000 Late delivery Shipping canceled Count of Orders 20000 Shipping on time 15000 10000 5000 Central Africa Central America Central Asia East Africa East of USA Eastern Asia Eastern Europe North Africa Northern Europe South America Southern Europe West Africa Western Europe Canada Caribbean Oceania South Asia Southeast Asia Southern Africa West Asia West of USA USA **US** Center South of

• The stacked bar plot Delivery Status by Region shows the data into Advanced, Late, On Time, and Cancelled orders across different regions.

Order Region



Blueprint

Pages

Filters



Dashboard Name

Pages

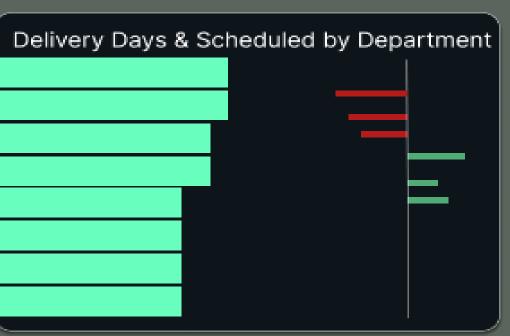
Filters

Cards











Cards







| Customers | Sales | Profit | Quantity | # of Orders | | |
|-----------|-------|--------|----------|-------------|--|--|
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

Top 10 Customers by Profit



Dashboards



8.8K

\$33.1M **Total Sales**

\$4.0M **Total Profit**

181K

Total Orders

384K **Total Quantity**

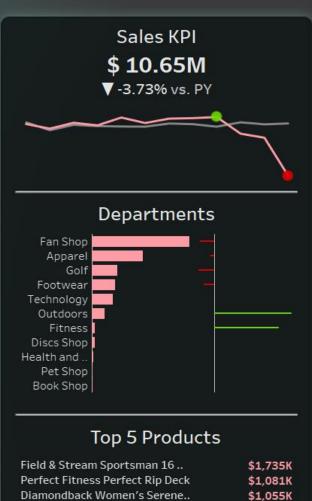
20.7K **Total Customers**

11

Total Departments

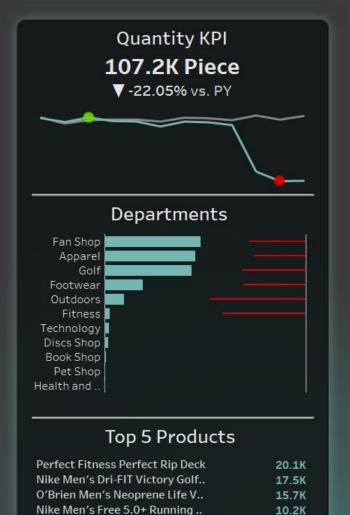
118

Total Products



Nike Men's Free 5.0+ Running .. \$919K Nike Men's Dri-FIT Victory Golf... \$785K





Under Armour Girls' Toddler S...

Delivery Dashboard

Sales

Delivery

Customers



\$33.1M Total Sales

\$4.0M Total Profit

181K Total Orders

384K Total Quantity

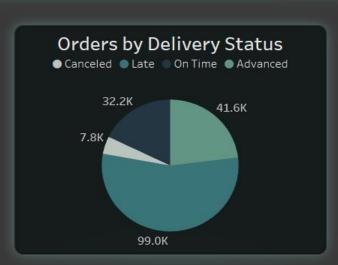
20.7K
Total Customers

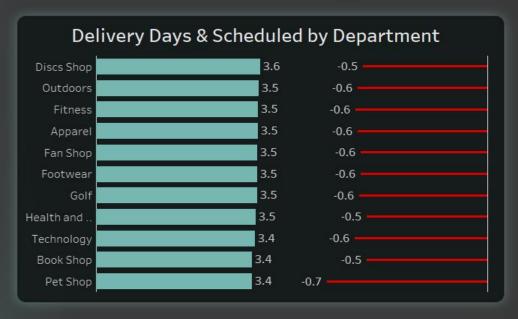
11 Total Departments

> 118 Total Products













\$33.1M Total Sales

\$4.0M

Total Profit

181K Total Orders

384K

Total Quantity

20.7K

Total Customers

11

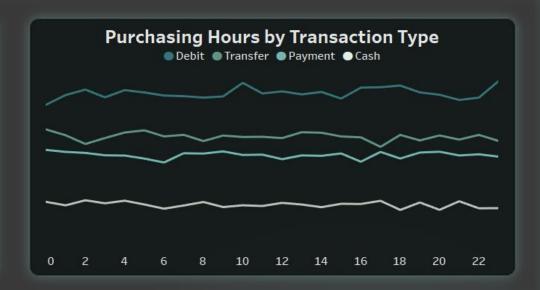
Total Departments

118

Total Products







Top 10 Customers by Profit

| Customer ID | Customers | Sales | Profit F | Quantity | Orders |
|---------------------|--|---------|--------------------|-----------|----------|
| 2641 | | | \$2.44K \$2.20K | 90 111 | 43 42 |
| 1657 | | | | | |
| 9833 | Jacob Smith | | \$1.94K | 48 | 24 |
| 2626 | 2626 Laura Smith | | \$1.93K | 55 | 27 |
| 5004 | The state of the s | | \$1.92K \$1.91K | 114 61 | 45 27 |
| 3735 | | | | | |
| 749 Jesse Matthews | | \$6.95K | \$1.86K | 64 | 38 |
| 5560 Mary Rodriguez | | \$6.12K | \$1.83K | 74 | 29 |
| 10967 | Alexander Cunningham | | \$1.82K | 64 | 27 |
| 5053 | Mary Smith | \$6.70K | \$1.81K | 67 | 33 |



Analysis Report

Sales Dashboard

- The dashboard shows our business performance for every selected year, focusing on sales, profit, and quantity sold. We made \$10.65M in sales in 2017, but that's a decline of 3.73% from last year, which is a bit worrying. The Fan Shop and Apparel departments did the best. However, they did better last year.
- For profit, we earned \$1.31M in 2017, showing a slight drop of 0.36%. This is similar to the sales trend, meaning our profits depend on how well we sell. The same departments lead in profit, but areas like Book shop and Pet shop are struggling. Additionally, we sold 22.05% fewer products, which raises concerns about customer demand or stock issues. This decline suggests we need to work harder to keep our customers.
- To improve, we should find out why the quantity sold has dropped so much. We should focus on our successful departments like Fan Shop and Apparel. Focusing on our best departments can also help reduce this declines and improve the business. With these changes, we can aim for better growth in the future.

Delivery Dashboard

- The Delivery Dashboard provides a clear view of our delivery operations and reveals several important findings. One major issue is that nearly 25% of our orders are delivered late, which can frustrate customers and hurt our business. While a large number of deliveries are on time, we need to focus on improving our late deliveries. This could involve better planning and partnerships with shipping companies to ensure items arrive when promised.
- Another finding is that most customers use standard shipping, which is the cheapest option. However, this
 can lead to longer delivery times. We should promote faster shipping options, like First Class or Same Day
 delivery, to improve customer satisfaction. Offering these methods could encourage more customers to
 choose them, helping to reduce delays.
- Additionally, the dashboard shows that average delivery time is always less than scheduled. By identifying
 and addressing the reasons for these delays, we can improve efficiency. The geographical breakdown also
 indicates that delivery times can vary based on location. Targeting improvements in areas with longer
 delivery times can help us serve our customers better. Overall, these insights can guide us in making better
 decisions to enhance our delivery performance and boost customer satisfaction.

Customer Dashboard

- The Customer Dashboard gives us important information about our customers and their buying habits. One
 key finding is that many customers only make one purchase. This shows we need to work on getting them
 to come back for more. Building customer loyalty is crucial because it's often easier and cheaper to keep
 existing customers than to find new ones.
- Another important point is that a small number of customers make up an important part of our profits and reputation. This means we should pay special attention to these customers to keep them happy. By offering them exclusive deals or personalized services, we can encourage them to shop with us again and again, which will help our business grow.
- Lastly, the Home Office segment is much smaller than the Consumer and Corporate segments. Overall, the
 dashboard shows us where we can improve, especially in keeping customers, supporting our best ones,
 and reaching out to new segments.



Recommendations

Recommendations

- After conducting the analysis, we recommend that the company focus on a specific value proposition, such as fitness, rather than expanding into unrelated departments like book shop, pet shop, Discs shop, Health and Beauty, and technology. These additions have made the company's value proposition unclear, resulting in a loss of sales and customers. The departments that should be prioritized are apparel, footwear, golf, fitness, outdoors, and potentially the fan shop, while the rest should be closed. Then, we need to hire a delivery agency because the company takes more time than scheduled to deliver to the customers.
- We also need to rebrand the company to match its new focus. The rebranding should highlight the main areas: apparel, footwear, golf, fitness, and the outdoors, while removing the other, less relevant departments. The goal is to create a clear and simple brand that connects with customers and helps the company grow in these key areas.
- Lastly, we need to focus our marketing on our existing customers who align with our value proposition and segments. At the same time, we should target new customer segments through strategies like social media marketing. This will help us strengthen relationships with loyal customers, attract new ones who fit our brand, and build a trusted, well-known brand in the market.

