# The ClueWeb09 Dataset



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## Why Build a New Web Dataset?

### There are not many web datasets available for research

• wt10g: 1.7 million pages from 1997

• gov2: 25 million pages from 2004

• uk-2006: A partial crawl of the .uk domain

– Available from Yahoo! Research (?)

wt10g and gov2 are the most widely available

... but are not very representative of the web

## Why Build a New Web Dataset?

### The NSF / Google / IBM CluE cluster was available

- Many machines
- Lightly loaded in late 2008 / early 2009
- Willing to temporarily provide a fast network connection

### Craswell & Fetterly's breadth-first crawl (SIGIR '08)

- 700 million pages (later extended to 1 billion)
- Inspirational

# How We Built It: An Initial Plan + Community Input

### Initial plan: A <u>best-first</u> crawl of 700 million – 1 billion pages

- Approximate 'Tier 1' of a commercial search engine
- Complement the Craswell & Fetterly crawl

#### A white paper was circulated and revised several times

### A broad community commented

- Colleagues in the research community
- Google, Microsoft, Yahoo
- NIST

# How We Built It: Key Ideas That Shaped the Dataset

### **Scope**

- Be big enough to be credible
  - 500M to 1B web pages
- Unfiltered content
  - Give researchers the real web
    - » Spam, pornography, ...
- Avoid temporal skew
  - Complete the crawl quickly

# How We Built It: Key Ideas That Shaped the Dataset

### Languages

- 50% English
  - Provide high coverage of one language
- 50% the next 9 most important languages on the web
  - Chinese, Japanese, Korean
  - Spanish, French, German, Portuguese, Italian
  - Arabic

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# How We Built It: Key Ideas That Shaped the Dataset

### **Include the full English wikipedia**

- A last minute addition
  - ... thanks to the Wikimedia Foundation for enabling this

### How We Built It: The Crawler

#### We used a modified version of the Nutch crawler

- Open source, written in Java
- Runs under Hadoop
- Crawl ordered by OPIC (an approximation of PageRank)

### **Major modifications**

- Added language id
- Improved OPIC propagation for redirected links
- Many modifications to improve crawler speed
- Modifications to improve crawler reliability

### How We Built It: Basic Crawler Architecture

#### • Get N urls

- Initially from the seed file
- Later selected by OPIC from the web graph
- Send urls to multi-node / multi-threaded download processes
  - Download urls, trying to be nice, spread the load, etc
  - Each process ran for about 2 hours
- Process downloaded pages
  - Extract urls, language id, update web graph, ...
- Repeat

### How We Built It: Crawl Seeds

#### There were two types of seed URLs

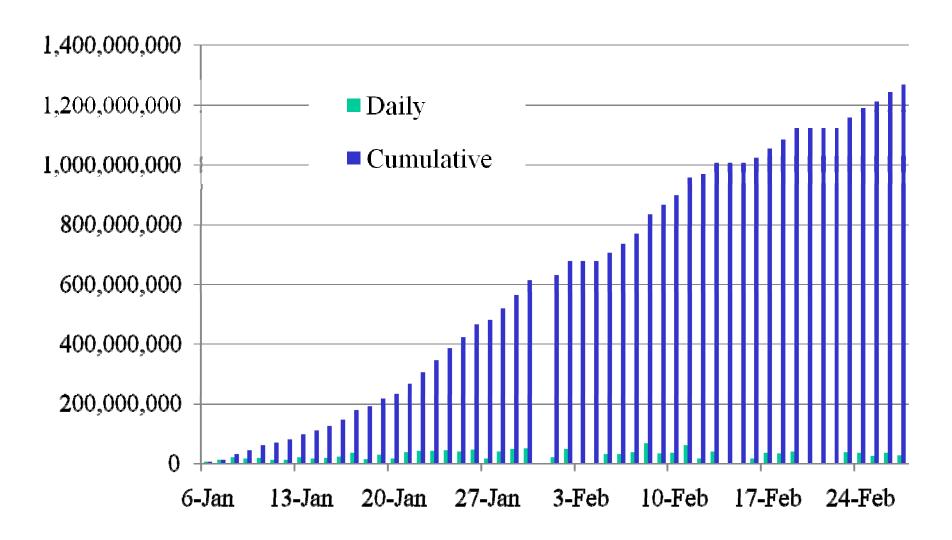
- urls from an earlier 200 million page crawl
  - Urls that had high OPIC scores
- urls returned by commercial search engines
  - Submit query, add top N results to the seed file
  - Search engines: Google, Yahoo, MSN, Baidu (Chinese)

# How We Built It: Crawl Seeds From Commercial Search Engines

### Queries were generated in a variety of ways

- Selected from the AOL query log
  - 1,050 most frequent queries + 1,050 random queries
  - Translated to other languages by Google Translate
- Generated from DMOZ category names
  - 2,000 queries from largest categories (up to depth 3)
  - E.g., "Northern Mariana Islands", "Snowbiking"
  - Translated to other languages by Google Translate
- Provided by Yahoo: 1,000 most frequent queries × 9 languages
- Provided by Sogou: 1,000 most frequent queries (Chinese)

### **The Crawl**



# **Language Distribution**

|      |            | Internet  | Crawl           | Crawl      | Crawl                  |
|------|------------|-----------|-----------------|------------|------------------------|
| Rank | Language   | Users (%) | <b>Goal</b> (%) | Actual (%) | Actual (Million Pages) |
| 1    | English    | 29.40%    | 50.00%          | 48.41%     | 503.9                  |
| 2    | Chinese    | 18.90%    | 17.00%          | 17.05%     | 177.5                  |
| 3    | Spanish    | 8.50%     | 7.70%           | 7.62%      | 79.3                   |
| 4    | Japanese   | 6.40%     | 5.80%           | 6.47%      | 67.3                   |
| 5    | French     | 4.70%     | 4.20%           | 4.89%      | 50.9                   |
| 6    | German     | 4.20%     | 3.80%           | 4.79%      | 49.8                   |
| 7    | Arabic     | 4.10%     | 3.70%           | 2.80%      | 29.2                   |
| 8    | Portuguese | 4.00%     | 3.60%           | 3.61%      | 37.6                   |
| 9    | Korean     | 2.40%     | 2.10%           | 1.74%      | 18.1                   |
| 10   | Italian    | 2.40%     | 2.10%           | 2.62%      | 27.3                   |
| Rest | Others     | 15.10%    | 0.00%           | 0.00%      |                        |
|      |            |           | 13              |            | © 2009 Jamie Callan    |

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#### A Blunder

- Information about url redirection was discarded
  - A major problem for people who care about web graphs
- During the summer, we recreated redirect information for the Category B subset of the data
  - Available on the wiki

# Summary of the ClueWeb09 Dataset (Category A)

- Size (count): 1.04 billion web pages
- Size (TB): 25 Terabytes (uncompressed)
- Crawl period: January & February, 2009
- Crawl order: OPIC (an approximation of PageRank)
- 7,944,351,835 outlinks
  - -4,780,950,903 unique urls

## The Category B Subset

# The Category B subset was defined to make it easier for groups not yet ready to scale up to 1 billion documents

**Size:** 50 million documents

- About 2x the gov2 dataset
- 454,075,638 outlinks
  - 428,136,613 unique urls

### There were no strong opinions about how to define the subset

• So ... we picked something convenient

### The Category B Subset

#### What does it consist of?

• English crawl seeds: 2.5 million

• Crawled pages: 41.8 million

English wikipedia: 6.0 million

### This might be an unusual subset of the web ... or not

- Highly ranked pages for reasonable (?) queries
- Pages closely linked to those pages
- English wikipedia

# ClueWeb09-Image Dataset

### **Some research requires text + graphics data**

• E.g., user studies





# **ClueWeb09-Image Dataset**

### **Some research requires text + graphics data**

• E.g., user studies

### After the text crawl was complete, we crawled the image data

- Size (count): 870 million images
- Size (TB): 23 Terabytes (mostly uncompressable)
- Crawl period: May July, 2009

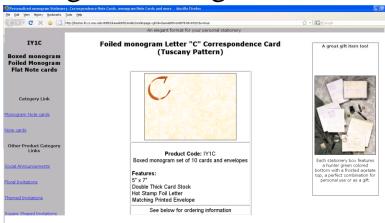
### Currently being transferred back to CMU

#### **Dataset Related Services**

### Carnegie Mellon hosts a variety of dataset-related services

- The ClueWeb09 wiki
  - Language id, web graph, redirects, working with warc, ...
- Derived data (e.g., PageRank data)
- Indri search engine for Category A (English) and Category B

Page rendering service





## What We Wish We Had Done Differently

### In order of importance...

- 1. Save redirect information
  - Deleted accidentally due to miscommunication
- 2. Complete the crawl in 30 days, instead of 60 days
  - An original goal, not achieved
- 3. Include wikipedias for each of the 10 languages
  - Wikipedia was a (very) late dataset requirement
- 4. Gather text + images, rather than text followed by images
  - We had the software, but not the bandwidth or disk

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#### What Next?

### We hope that there will be more large web datasets

- It was an interesting experience
  - We learned a lot, we would do it again
- The research community needs more good web datasets

### Should the next big web dataset use the same approach?

- The IR community should debate what it wants next
  - Redo ClueWeb09 one year later?
  - Weekly crawls of important / fast changing sites?

**–** ...

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# We Couldn't Have Done It Without A Whole Lot of Help



Nick Craswell
Dennis Fetterly
Jim French
Don Metzler
Ian Soboroff
... and many others











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