QEPSLN(3) QEPSLN(3)

NAME

```
qepsln - Quadruple-precision epsilon
```

SYNOPSIS

```
Fortran (77, 90, 95, HPF):

f77 [ flags ] file(s) ... -L/usr/local/lib -lgjl

REAL*16 FUNCTION QEPSLN (X)

REAL*16 X

C (K&R, 89, 99), C++ (98):

cc [ flags ] -l/usr/local/include file(s) ... -L/usr/local/lib -lgjl

Use

#include <gampsi.h>

to get this prototype:
```

fortran_quadruple_precision qepsln(const fortran_quadruple_precision *x_);

NB: The definition of C/C++ data types **fortran**_ *xxx*, and the mapping of Fortran external names to C/C++ external names, is handled by the C/C++ header file. That way, the same function or subroutine name can be used in C, C++, and Fortran code, independent of compiler conventions for mangling of external names in these programming languages.

DESCRIPTION

Return the smallest representable number, ε , such that $(\mathbf{x} + \varepsilon)$ differs from \mathbf{x} .

This function is borrowed from a quadruple-precision version of the EISPACK library.