Documentation for sample code

Adrián Lozano-Durán and Guillem Borrell

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1 Folder information

This package contains the next folders:

- 1. Src: source files for the sample codes. Serial and Coarrays.
- 2. Doc: documentation (this file).
- 3. data: input data required to execute the example.

2 Compilation

To compile the code with GNU Fortran go to the *Src/fortran_serial/* folder and run in a linux terminal:

make genus

To compile with Intel[®] Fortran Compiler edit the F90 variable in the Makefile and use F90=ifort. Modify the flags F90FLAGS and LFLAGS accordingly. To compile the Fortran Coarrays version go to $Src/fortran_coarray/$ and run make genus_coarray.

3 Usage

To run the code, in a linux terminal:

```
./genus <file-name>
```

where file-name contains the raw data.

4 Example

To run the example:

```
./genus ../../data/random.128.dat
```

The results should match those from case Random2 in Ref. [1], table III. For the Fortran Coarrays version with OpenCoarray - GNU Fortran¹

¹IMPORTANT NOTE: By the time this document was generated, the *critical constructs* cause an internal compiler error with OpenCoarray version 1.0.3. In that case, comment all the *critical constructs* and the code should work. Note that this change will not affect the output of the program, but could lead to I/O bottlenecks when the number of images used is large. Intel Fortran Compiler at version 2016 16.0.0 20150815 is free from this issue.

```
{\tt mpiexec -n < N> ./genus\_coarrays ../../data/random.128.dat}
```

where N is the number of processing images.

For the Fortran Coarrays version with Intel® Fortran Compiler

```
./genus_coarrays ../../data/random.128.dat
```

Use the environment variable $FOR_COARRAY_NUM_IMAGES$ to set the number of processing images.

5 References

[1] Adrián Lozano-Durán and Guillem Borrell 'An efficient algorithm to compute the genus of discrete surfaces and applications to turbulent flows' ACM TOMS, 2015.