

Date: Good for small things: ☐ Mo ☐ Tu ☐ We ☐ Th ☐ Fr ☐ Sa ☐ Su

K-NN: { K - Nearest Neighbors }

K → No. of nearest Neighbors needed to classify something

to choose K: $K = \sqrt{n}$ $n = \text{total points}$
and if K is even
 $K + 1$

Euclidean distance: $\sqrt{(x-a)^2 + (y-b)^2}$

<u>Weight</u>	<u>Height</u>	<u>Class</u>	<u>Distance</u>
51	162	Under	6.7
62	182	Normal	13
69	176	Normal	13.4
64	173	Normal	7.6
65	172	Normal	8.2
56	174	Under	4.1
56	169	Normal	1.4
57	173	Normal	3
55	170	Normal	2

BE THE CHANGE

for (57, 170) → $k=3$

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for many attributes :

Pregnancies Glucose BP Skin Insulin

BMI Diabetes test Age Outcome :

~~where~~ Steps:

- Whenever zero replace with NULL
- Mean of column (skip NULL)
- Replace NULL with respective Mean.
- Split dataset into training and testing part.
- $X \rightarrow$ all inputs $Y \rightarrow$ output
- test-size : 90% of data for testing
- Scale data (standardize)
- Scale X_{test} & X_{train}
- StandardScaler(). fit_transform(X_{train})

GENERATOR RANGE : 3.5 - 4200 kVA

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[] [] [] [] [] [] []

→ Use KNN:

classifier = KNeighborsClassifier
(n_neighbors = 11, p = 2, metric = 'euclidean')
↓^k ↓^{outputs}
↑
distance.

classifier.fit(x_train, y_train)

→ Evaluate Model (confusion Matrix)