

MEPS Programming Overview

Emily Mitchell, PhD



MEPS summary tables



MEPS summary tables

AHRO home | MEPS home

WARNING! This app is still in beta testing and results may not be accurate. Use at own risk!

Use, expenditures, and population characteristics

The MEPS online summary tables provide an interactive platform allowing users to quickly access statistics on health care utilization and expenditures. Some of the types of data available here include: mean and median expenditures per person, total number of healthcare events and average spending per event type. Data can be grouped by event type (such as prescription medicines or dental services), by source of payment (such as Medicare or Medicaid), or by demographic characteristics (such as age, race or sex).

Accessibility and quality of care

This MEPS online summary table provides statistics on accessibility and quality of care, such as the percent of the population with a usual source of care, difficulty accessing needed care, persons with diabetes care, and patient-reported quality of doctor's visits. Data can be viewed over time or for a single year by demographic characteristics (such as age, race or sex).

Return to top

Send feedback

View on GitHub 🗗



MEPS Public Use Files

www.meps.ahrq.gov

MEPS Public Use Files

Data files and related documentation are available for downloading from the MEPS Web site: www.meps.ahrq.gov/mepsweb

- Data files in SAS transport and ASCII formats
- Documentation files
- Codebooks
- SAS, SPSS, and Stata users notes
 - Sample code to read SAS transport and ASCII files, including variable positions
 - Variable labels
 - Variable formats
- Questionnaires



MEPS Reserve Codes

-1	Inapplicable	Question was not asked due to skip pattern
-7	Refused	Question was asked and respondent refused to answer question
-8	Don't Know	Question was asked and respondent did not know answer
-9	Not Ascertained	Interviewer did not record the data
-10	Top-Coded	Variable was top-coded for confidentiality



MEPS Reserve Codes

-1 Inapplicable

-7 Refused

-8 Don't Know

-9 Not Ascertained

-10 Top-Coded ← Jobs file

EXAMPLES

FYC file: Pregnant

Event file: Phone Calls

and **Expenditures**

Jobs file: Hourly Wage



Variable Naming Conventions

Edited Variables end in an "X"

RACEX

Year-specific variables use last two digits of year

TOTEXP**14** PERWT**14**F

Round-specific variables, use two-digit round

Certain questions or instrument sections are only asked in certain rounds, e.g. the Self-Administered Questionnaire in rounds 2 and 4 AGE<u>**31**</u>X AGE<u>**42**</u>X AGE**53**X



Person-level

- ► Full-year consolidated file
- Longitudinal files

Event-level

► Event files: RX, DN, OM, IP, ER, OP, OB, HH

Condition-level

Medical conditions file

Job-level

► Jobs file



Person-level

DUID	PID	DUPERSID
20004	101	20004101
20004	102	20004102
20004	103	20004103
20005	101	20005101

Event-level

DUPERSID	EVNTIDX
20004101	200041010011
20004101	200041010021
20005101	200051010151
20005101	200051010201

Conditions-level

DUPERSID	CONDN	CONDIDX
20004103	11	200041030011
20005101	11	200051010011
20005101	21	200051010021
20005101	51	200051010051

Jobs-level

DUPERSID	RN	JOBSN	JOBSIDX
20004101	3	1	20004101301
20004101	4	1	20004101401
20004101	5	1	20004101501
20004102	3	1	20004102301



Person-level

DUID	PID	DUPERSID
20004	101	20004101
20004	102	20004102
20004	103	20004103
20005	101	20005101

Event-level

DUPERSID	EVNTIDX
20004101	200041010011
20004101	200041010021
20005101	200051010151
20005101	200051010201

Conditions-level

DUPERSID	CONDN	CONDIDX
20004103	11	200041030011
20005101	11	200051010011
20005101	21	200051010021
20005101	51	200051010051

Jobs-level

DUPERSID	RN	JOBSN	JOBSIDX
20004101	3	1	20004101301
20004101	4	1	20004101401
20004101	5	1	20004101501
20004102	3	1	20004102301



Person-level

DUID	PID	DUPERSID
20004	101	20004101
20004	102	20004102
20004	103	20004103
20005	101	20005101

Event-level

DUPERSID	EVNTIDX
20004101	200041010011
20004101	200041010021
20005101	200051010151
20005101	200051010201

Conditions-level

DUPERSID	CONDN	CONDIDX
20004103	11	200041030011
20005101	11	200051010011
20005101	21	200051010021
20005101	51	200051010051

Jobs-level

DUPERSID	RN	JOBSN	JOBSIDX
20004101	3	1	20004101301
20004101	4	1	20004101401
20004101	5	1	20004101501
20004102	3	1	20004102301



Estimation Variables

Weight Variables – which one?

- Person-level (e.g. PERWT14F, DIABW14F, SAQWT14F)
- Family-level (e.g. FAMWT14F, FAMWT14C)
- Longitudinal (e.g. LONGWT)

Variance-Estimation Variables:

- After 2002 FY data: VARSTR, VARPSU
- 1996-2001 FY data: VARSTRyy, VARPSUyy
 - When calculating variances with *pooled data*, use STRA9614, PSU9614 in HC-036



Common Mistakes

Mistake	25
---------	----

Solutions

Not reading documentation or checking results

Read the documentation! Check your results!

Ignoring reserve codes: -1, -9, -7, -8, etc.

Check summary statistics of all variables

Sub-setting to specific populations

Use survey-specific subsetting procedures (e.g. 'domain' analysis)

Using default analysis methods (e.g. proc means)

Using complex survey methods (e.g. proc surveymeans)

Using incorrect weights (e.g. using PERWT for family-level analysis)

Verify weights correspond to analysis

Incorrect merging

Check dataset at every step

- can end up double-counting expenditures



Common Mistakes

Not thinking about what statistic is desired, e.g.

- Expenditures for persons who reported being diabetic
 Conditions file + FYC file
- Expenditures for persons who were treated with at least one diabetes-associated event

Event file + FYC file

Expenditures for events associated with diabetes Event file



Programming Example

How do 2014 medical expenses for the elderly (age 65 and over) compare to those for persons under 65?*

^{*} Not including people that have \$0 in expenses



Process

- 1. Download / load datasets
- 2. Create Analytic File
- 3. Quality checks on new variables
- 4. Run a survey procedure
- 5. Examine results



Process

1. Download / load datasets

- 2. Create Analytic File
- 3. Quality checks on new variables
- 4. Run a survey procedure
- 5. Examine results



Download datasets

FYC 2014 (h171)

Documentation	File type
Documentation	<u>PDF</u> (982 KB) / <u>HTML</u>
Codebook	<u>PDF</u> (1.6 MB) / <u>HTML</u> *
SAS Programming Statements	<u>TXT</u> (500 KB)
SPSS Programming Statements	<u>TXT</u> (342 KB)
STATA Programming Statements	<u>TXT</u> (416 KB)
2007 Industry Codes File	PDF (229 KB) / HTML
2010 Occupation Codes File	PDF (225 KB) / HTML
Data	File type**
Data File, ASCII format	ZIP (9.3 MB) / EXE (6.3 MB)
Data File, SAS transport format	ZIP (12 MB) / EXE (7.5 MB)



Download datasets

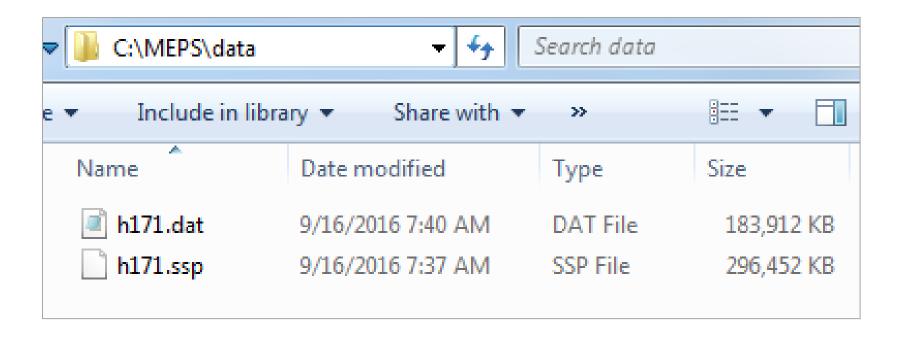
FYC 2014 (h171)

Documentation	File type
Documentation	PDF (982 KB) / HTML
Codebook	<u>PDF</u> (1.6 MB) / <u>HTML</u> *
SAS Programming Statements	<u>TXT</u> (500 KB)
SPSS Programming Statements	<u>TXT</u> (342 KB)
STATA Programming Statements	<u>TXT</u> (416 KB)
2007 Industry Codes File	<u>PDF</u> (229 KB) / <u>HTML</u>
2010 Occupation Codes File	<u>PDF</u> (225 KB) / <u>HTML</u>
Data	File type**
Data File, ASCII format	ZIP (9.3 MB) / EXE (6.3 MB)
Data File, SAS transport format	ZIP (12 MB) / EXE (7.5 MB)



Download datasets

Store .dat and .ssp files in a local directory:





Load datasets

SAS 9.4

```
FILENAME in_h171 'C:\MEPS\data\h171.ssp';
proc xcopy in = in_h171 out = WORK IMPORT;
run;
```

Stata

```
import sasxport "C:\MEPS\data\h171.ssp"
```

```
R
```

```
install.packages("foreign")
library(foreign)

h171 = read.xport("C:/MEPS/data/h171.ssp")
```



Process

1. Download / load datasets

2. Create Analytic File

- 3. Quality checks on new variables
- 4. Run a survey procedure
- 5. Examine results



Create Analytic File

SAS 9.4

```
data h171;
  set h171; /*keep= is optional*/

if 0 <= AGELAST <= 64 then agecat ='0-64';
  else if AGELAST > 64 then agecat = '65+';

if TOTEXP14>0 then has_exp = 1;
  else if TOTEXP14=0 then has_exp = 0;
run;
```

Stata

```
gen agecat = 1
replace agecat = 2 if agelast > 64

gen has_exp = 1
replace has_exp = 0 if (totexp14 <= 0)</pre>
```

R

```
install.packages("dplyr")
library(dplyr)

h171 = h171 %>%
    mutate(
    agecat = ifelse(AGELAST > 64, '0-64', '65+'),
    has_exp = ifelse(TOTEXP14 <= 0, 1, 0)
)</pre>
```



(optional) Add formats

SAS 9.4

proc format; value AGECAT

1 = '0-64'

2 = '65+';

run;

Stata

label define agecat 1 "0-64" 2 "65+" label value agecat agecat

R

```
h171 = h171 %>%

mutate(

AGECAT = recode_factor(agecat,

'1'='0-64',

'2'='65+')

)
```



Process

- 1. Download / load datasets
- 2. Create Analytic File
- 3. Quality checks on new variables
- 4. Run a survey procedure
- 5. Examine results



SAS 9.4

```
proc means data = h171;
  format agecat agecat.;
  class agecat;
  var agelast;
run;

proc means data = h171;
  class has_exp;
  var totexp14;
run;
```

Stata

bys agecat: sum agelast
bys has_exp: sum totexp14

R

h171 %>% group_by(AGECAT) %>% summarise(min=min(AGELAST), max=max(AGELAST))

h171 %>% **group_by**(has_exp) %>% **summarise**(min=**min**(TOTEXP14), max=**max**(TOTEXP14))



SAS 9.4

Analysis Variable: AGELAST PERSON'S AGE LAST TIME ELIGIBLE								
AGECAT N Obs N Mean Std Dev Minimum Ma						Maximum		
0-64	30770	30770	29.8894053	18.4666760	0	64.0000000		
65+	4105	4105	73.8068210	6.6630803	65.0000000	85.0000000		

Analysis Variable: TOTEXP14 TOTAL HEALTH CARE EXP 14								
HAS_EXP N Obs N Mean Std Dev Minimum Maximum								
1	27650	27650	4938.68	14269.34	1.0000000	491858.00		
2	7225	7225	0	0	0	0		



Stata

. bys agecat:	sum agelas	t						
-> agecat = 0-	64							
Variable	Obs	Mean	Std. Dev.	Min	Max			
agelast	30,770	29.88941	18.46668	0	64			
-> agecat = 65	-> agecat = 65+							
Variable	Obs	Mean	Std. Dev.	Min	Max			
agelast	4,105	73.80682	6.66308	65	85			



R

has_exp	min	max
<db1></db1>	<db1></db1>	<db1></db1>
1	1	491858
2	0	0



Process

- 1. Download / load datasets
- 2. Create Analytic File
- 3. Quality checks on new variables
- 4. Run a survey procedure
- 5. Examine results



SAS 9.4

```
proc surveymeans data = h171 mean;
    stratum VARSTR;
    cluster VARPSU;
    weight PERWT14F;
    var TOTEXP14;
    domain has_exp * AGECAT;
    format agecat agecat.;
run;
```

R

```
library(survey); options(survey.lonely.psu='adjust');
mepsdsgn = svydesign(
  id = ~VARPSU,
    strata = ~VARSTR,
    weights = ~PERWT14F,
    data = h171,
    nest = TRUE)

svyby(~TOTEXP14,
    by = ~AGECAT,
    FUN = svymean,
    design = subset(mepsdsgn,has_exp==1))
```

Stata

svyset [pweight=perwt14f], strata(varstr) psu(varpsu) vce(linearized) singleunit(missing)

svy, subpop(if has_exp==1): mean totexp14, over(agecat)



SAS 9.4

```
proc surveymeans data = h171 mean;
    stratum VARSTR;
    cluster VARPSU;
    weight PERWT14F;
    var TOTEXP14;
    domain has_exp * AGECAT;
    format agecat agecat.;
run;
```

WARNING

- Must use DOMAIN, not WHERE, so all observations stay in analysis
- If using alternate weight (DIABW14F, SAQWT14), SAS will drop zero-weights.

```
data h171; set h171;

if DIABW14F = 0 then do;
    poswt = 0;
    altwt = 0.0001;
    end;
    else do;
    poswt = 1;
    altwt = DIABW14F;
    end;
run;
```



SAS

	Domain Statistics in HAS_EXP*AGECAT									
HAS_EXP	AGECAT	Variable	Label	Mean	Std Error of Mean					
1	0-64	TOTEXP14	TOTAL HEALTH CARE EXP 14	4429.921466	149.960906					
	65+	TOTEXP14	TOTAL HEALTH CARE EXP 14	10890	302.614176					
2	0-64	TOTEXP14	TOTAL HEALTH CARE EXP 14	0	0					
	65+	TOTEXP14	TOTAL HEALTH CARE EXP 14	0	0					

```
_subpop_1: agecat = 0-64
_subpop_2: agecat = 65+
```

Stata

Over	Mean	Linearized Std. Err.	[95% Conf.	Interval]
totexp14 _subpop_1 _subpop_2	4429.921 10890	149.9609 302.6142	4134.223 10293.29	4725.62 11486.7



SAS

	Domain Statistics in HAS_EXP*AGECAT									
HAS_EXP	AGECAT	Variable	Label	Mean	Std Error of Mean					
1	0-64	TOTEXP14	TOTAL HEALTH CARE EXP 14	4429.921466	149.960906					
	65+	TOTEXP14	TOTAL HEALTH CARE EXP 14	10890	302.614176					
2	0-64	TOTEXP14	TOTAL HEALTH CARE EXP 14	0	0					
	65+	TOTEXP14	TOTAL HEALTH CARE EXP 14	0	0					



Process

- 1. Download / load datasets
- 2. Create Analytic File
- 3. Quality checks on new variables
- 4. Run a survey procedure
- 5. Examine results



AHR Examine the Results

<u>Table 1: Total Health Services-Median and Mean Expenses per Person With Expense and Distribution of Expenses by Source of Payment: United States, 2014</u>

			Per po with expe	n an
Population Characteristic	Population (in thousands)	Percent with expense	Median	Mean
Total	318,440	85.1	1,373	5,531
Age in years Under 65	270,479	83.1	1,040	4,430
Under 5	19,912	90.7	599	2,588
5-17	53,888	86.1	632	2,294
18-44	112,965	76.4	893	3,522
45-64	83,714	88.5	2,165	7,274
65 and over	47,961	96.4	4,875	10,890



Exercises (difficulty level)

SAS / Stata

1. National health care expenses by type of service



2. Expenditures and utilization of antipsychotics (from SB #275)



3. Constructing family-level estimates



4. Use and expenditures for persons with diabetes



5. Expenditures for all events associated with diabetes $\stackrel{\textstyle \leftarrow}{}$ $\stackrel{\textstyle \leftarrow}{}$ $\stackrel{\textstyle \leftarrow}{}$ $\stackrel{\textstyle \leftarrow}{}$







7. Constructing insurance status variables from monthly insurance variables







Exercises (difficulty level)

1. Estimates from MEPS summary table 2013, Table 1.



2. National health care expenses in 2013 (tables and Figure 1 from Stat brief #491)

=> ** Includes ggplot example **

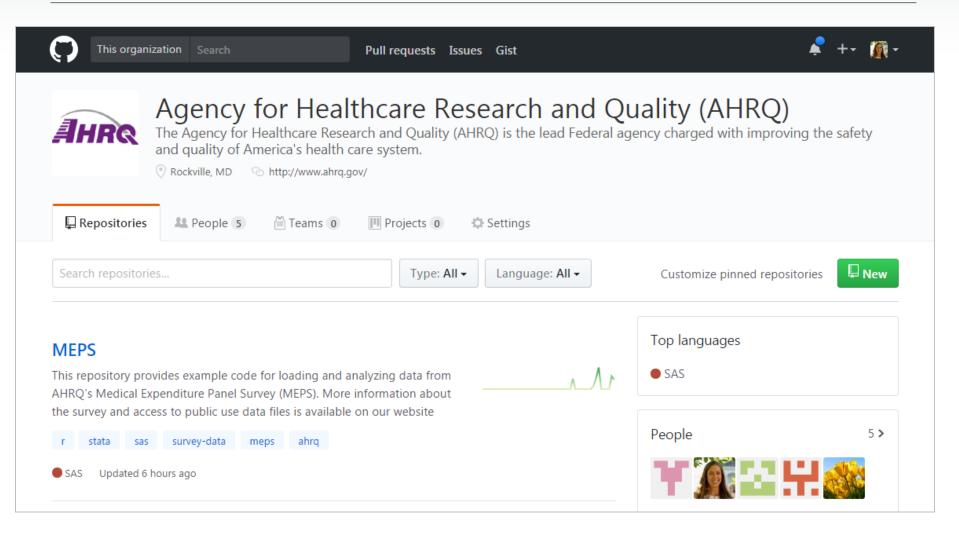








MEPS GitHub page



https://github.com/HHS-AHRQ/MEPS



Questions?

emily.mitchell@ahrq.hhs.gov