

Advanced Topics in Statistics 2020/2021

Homework set 2

1. Let X_1, X_2, \dots be a sequence of independent and identically distributed random variables with common density given by

$$f(x | \theta) = \theta x^{-(\theta+1)}, \quad x > 1$$

where $\theta > 0$. Denote by G_n the geometric mean of the first n variables, that is,

$$G_n = \left(\prod_{i=1}^n X_i \right)^{1/n}.$$

- (a) Verify that $\ln X_i \sim \text{Ex}(\theta)$.
(b) Show that $G_n \xrightarrow{P} \exp(1/\theta)$.
(c) Prove that

$$\sqrt{n} (\ln G_n - 1/\theta) \xrightarrow{d} N(0, \theta^{-2}).$$

- (d) Verify that

$$\sqrt{n} [G_n - \exp(1/\theta)] \xrightarrow{d} N(0, \theta^{-2} \exp(2/\theta)).$$

- (e) Show that

$$\sqrt{n} \frac{G_n - \exp(1/\theta)}{G_n} \xrightarrow{d} N(0, \theta^{-2}).$$

(Finalizing the proof of the Delta Method)

2. Show that if $a_n(T_n - \theta) \xrightarrow{d} T$ then $T_n \xrightarrow{P} \theta$ as long as the sequence of real numbers (a_n) is such that $a_n \rightarrow +\infty$.
3. Recall that in class we were able to conclude that

$$\sqrt{n} (g(X_n) - g(\theta_0)) = \sqrt{n} g'(\theta_0)(X_n - \theta_0) + \sqrt{n} r(X_n - \theta_0)$$

where $r(x)/x \rightarrow 0$ as $x \rightarrow 0$, and that we only need to show that $\sqrt{n} r(X_n - \theta_0) \xrightarrow{P} 0$ to finish the proof.

- (a) Justify the statement $r(X_n - \theta_0)/(X_n - \theta_0) \xrightarrow{P} 0$.
(b) Finally show that $\sqrt{n} r(X_n - \theta_0) \xrightarrow{P} 0$.