Description of APATML-XML output of APAT System

<results>

The main tag that wraps various kinds of annotations produced by different servers.

Contains

<input> tag and <result> tag.

Input Data

<input>

Contains details of the input sequence

Contains:

```
<seqid> and <seq> tags.
```

Example:

<seqid>

Contains the protein sequence identification details.

<seq>

Contains the amino acids of the input protein (one residue per tag).

Output Data

<result>

Includes the output from one particular server.

Attributes:

```
program : says about name of the annotation server
version : (optional) says about version of the annotation server
```

Contains:

```
<function>, <run> and dictions> tags.
```

Example:

<function>

Describes the function of the annotation server.

Example:

```
<function>Protein Phosphorylation sites prediction</function>
```

<run>

Contains <params> tag that describes run parameters and date.

Example:

<params>

Contains tags that represent the run parameters.

Contains:

<param> tags

<param>

Contains name and value associated with the parameter as attributes. (One or more tags)

Attributes:

name: name of the parameter.

value: value assigned for the parameter.

<date>

Contains details about day, date, time of run.

ctions>

Contains the predictions from the server.

Contains:

<perres - number>, <perres - character>, <threshold>, <perdom> and <perseq> tags (all optional).

Per-residue output data

<perres-number>

Describes numeric annotation at the per-residue level. The actual values appear in <value-perres> tags.

Attributes:

name: name of the type of numeric data stored in the array (like 'p-score').

clrmin: minimum value for colouring range.

clrmax: maximum value for colouring range.

```
graph : (optional) whether a graph is required or not (1 for yes and 0 for no).
graphtype : (optional, required if graph = 1) type of graph to be used 'bars' or 'lines'.
```

Contains:

```
<value-perres>
```

Example:

<value-perres>

These tags specify a value to be assigned to each residue.

Attributes:

residue: sequential number of the residue in the protein sequence.

<perres-character>

Describes text annotation at the per-residue level. The actual values appear in <value-perres> tags.

Attributes:

name: name of the type of numeric data stored in the array (like 'p-score').

Contains:

```
<value-perres> (see description above)
```

Example:

```
<perres-character name='sspred'>
    <value-perres residue='1'>C</value-perres>
    <value-perres residue='2'>C</value-perres>
    <value-perres residue='3'>H</value-perres>
    <value-perres residue='4'>H</value-perres>
    <value-perres residue='5'>H</value-perres>
</perres-character>
```

<threshold>

Used to indicate residues that pass some prediction threshold – i.e. Those that are considered 'positive' predictions and should therefore be highlighted. The actual residues are indicated with <thr-res> tags and a <description> tag explains the meaning of the threshold prediction.

Contains:

```
<description> and <thr-res> tags
```

Example:

```
<threshold>
    <description>P-scores greater than 0.5 are considered as
    positive predictions</description>
    <thr-res>!</thr-res>
    <thr-res>4</thr-res>
</threshold>
```

<description>

Description of what the threshold represents.

<thr-res>

Stores the residue numbers (one per tag) of those residues that pass the threshold value.

Per-domain output data

<perdom>

Describes annotations (either numeric or character) that apply to a continuous range of residues.

Attributes:

class: (optional) contains the name of the server; used for servers that produce multiple types of annotation.

name: (optional) annotation name applied to the domain.

highlight: whether to highlight the value or not (1 for yes and 0 for no).

rangemin: minimum sequence number of the range of the annotated region.

rangemax: maximum sequence number of the range of the annotated region.

Contains:

```
<value-perdom> and <perdom-description> tags
```

Example:

<value-perdom>

Includes either numeric or character data of annotation. Typically used for indicating confidence or match region.

Attributes:

label: A description of what the value refers to (e.g. 'Confidence, e-value, match pattern')

<perdom-description>

Provides an extended general description of the kind of domain predicted.

Attributes:

class: (optional) contains the name of the server and is used for servers that produce multiple types of annotation.

name: annotation name applied to the domain.

Example:

```
<perdom-description class="PRINTS" name="SH2_DOMAIN">
The SH2 domain is the Src Homology domain which is characteristic of intracellular signal-transducing proteins
</perdom-description>
```

Per-sequence output data

<perseq>

Sequence level annotation that contains either number or character output from the server. Actual values are stored in <value-perseq> tags containing either numeric or character data along with a <description> tag that briefly describes the kind of prediction/output.

Attributes:

name: name of the prediction/type of output.

Example 1:

Example 2:

```
<perseq name="Loc-pred">
        <description>SUBCELLULAR LOCATION PREDICTION</description>
        <value-perseq highlight="1">SECRETORY PATHWAY, i.e. THE SEQUENCE CONTAINS
A SIGNAL PEPTIDE, SP.</value-perseq>
</perseq>
```

<value-perseq>

Contains the actual value (output) of prediction.

Attributes:

highlight: whether to highlight the value or not (1 for yes and 0 for no).

<description>

More detailed description of the prediction/output.