

What is Paris Agreement?

The Paris Agreement is an international treaty on climate change that was adopted by 196 Parties at the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) Conference of the Parties (COP 21) in Paris, France, on 12 December 2015. The agreement was opened for signature on 22 April 2016 in New York, and entered into force on 4 November 2016. The agreement aims to strengthen the global response to the threat of climate change by keeping a global temperature rise this century well below 2 degrees Celsius above pre-industrial levels and to pursue efforts to limit the temperature increase even further to 1.5 degrees Celsius.

The Paris Agreement is a legally binding international treaty on climate change. It sets a goal of keeping global warming "well below 2 degrees Celsius" and "pursuing efforts" to limit the increase to 1.5 degrees Celsius. The agreement also includes a mechanism for countries to regularly review and strengthen their commitments.

The Paris Agreement was negotiated by representatives of 196 countries and was adopted by consensus. It entered into force on 4 November 2016, one month after 55 countries representing 55 percent of global emissions joined. As of March 2018, 160 countries have formally joined the Agreement.

The Paris Agreement includes a global stocktake, which is a process for countries to assess the aggregate effect of their emissions reduction commitments every five years. This process will help countries determine whether they are on track to meet the goals of the agreement.

The Paris Agreement also includes a mechanism for countries to provide financial support to developing countries to help them adapt to the impacts of climate change and to transition to low-carbon economies.

The Paris Agreement has been hailed as a major success in the fight against climate change. However, there is still work to be done to implement the agreement and to ensure that the global temperature rise is kept to a minimum.

In conclusion, the Paris Agreement is a legally binding international treaty on climate change that sets a goal of keeping global warming "well below 2 degrees Celsius" and "pursuing efforts" to limit the increase to 1.5 degrees Celsius. The agreement includes a global stocktake, a mechanism for countries to provide financial support to developing countries, and a mechanism for countries to regularly review and strengthen their commitments. The Paris Agreement has been hailed as a major success in the fight against climate change, but there is still work to be done to implement the agreement and to ensure that the global temperature rise is kept to a minimum.