

Definition (Monoidal poset). A *monoidal structure* on a poset $\mathbf{P} = \langle \mathbf{P}, \leq \rangle$ is specified by:

Constituents

1. A monotone map $\otimes : \mathbf{P} \times \mathbf{P} \rightarrow \mathbf{P}$, called the *monoidal product*.

Note that here we are implicitly assuming $\mathbf{P} \times \mathbf{P}$ as having the product order.
In detail, monotonicity means that, for all $x_1, x_2, y_1, y_2 \in \mathbf{P}$,

$$x_1 \leq y_1 \text{ and } x_2 \leq y_2 \Rightarrow (x_1 \otimes x_2) \leq (y_1 \otimes y_2).$$

2. An element $1 \in \mathbf{P}$, called the *monoidal unit*.

Conditions

1. Associativity: for all $x, y, z \in \mathbf{P}$,

$$(x \otimes y) \otimes z = x(\otimes y \otimes z).$$

2. Left and right unitality: for all $x \in \mathbf{P}$,

$$1 \otimes x = x \quad \text{and} \quad x \otimes 1 = x.$$

A poset equipped with a monoidal structure is called a *monoidal poset*.