**Definition** (Cartesian product of categories). Given two categories  $\mathbf{C}$  and  $\mathbf{D}$ , their *cartesian product*  $\mathbf{C} \times \mathbf{D}$  is the category specified as follows:

- 1. Objects: Objects are pairs  $\langle X, Y \rangle$ , with  $X \in \mathrm{Ob}_{\mathbf{C}}$  and  $Y \in \mathrm{Ob}_{\mathbf{D}}$ .
- 2. *Morphisms*: Morphisms are pairs of morphisms  $\langle f, g \rangle : \langle X, Z \rangle \rightarrow \langle Y, U \rangle$ , with  $f: X \rightarrow Y, g: Z \rightarrow U$ .
- 3. *Identity morphisms*: Given objects  $X \in \mathrm{Ob}_{\mathbf{C}}$  and  $Y \in \mathrm{Ob}_{\mathbf{D}}$ , the identity morphism on  $\langle X, Y \rangle$  is the pair  $\langle \mathrm{Id}_X, \mathrm{Id}_Y \rangle$ .
- 4. *Composition of morphisms*: The composition of morphisms is given by composing each component of the pair separately:

$$\langle f, g \rangle \, \, _{\mathbf{C} \times \mathbf{D}}^{\circ} \, \langle h, i \rangle = \langle f \, \, _{\mathbf{C}}^{\circ} \, h, \, g \, \, _{\mathbf{D}}^{\circ} \, i \rangle.$$