**Definition** (Monoidal poset). A monoidal structure on a poset  $P = \langle P, \leq_P \rangle$  is specified by:

## Constituents

1. A monotone map  $\otimes$ :  $\mathbf{P} \times \mathbf{P} \to \mathbf{P}$ , called the *monoidal product*. Note that here we are implicitly assuming  $\mathbf{P} \times \mathbf{P}$  as having the product order. In detail, monotonicity means that, for all  $x_1, x_2, y_1, y_2 \in \mathbf{P}$ :

$$x_1 \leq_{\mathbf{P}} y_1$$
 and  $x_2 \leq_{\mathbf{P}} y_2 \implies (x_1 \otimes x_2) \leq_{\mathbf{P}} (y_1 \otimes y_2)$ .

2. An element  $1 \in \mathbb{P}$ , called the *monoidal unit*.

## Conditions

1. Associativity: for all  $x, y, z \in \mathbf{P}$ :

$$(x \otimes y) \otimes z = x(\otimes y \otimes z).$$

2. Left and right unitality: for all  $x \in \mathbb{P}$ :

$$\mathbf{1} \otimes x = x$$
 and  $x \otimes \mathbf{1} = x$ .

A poset equipped with a monoidal structure is called a monoidal poset.