has the same elements as **P**, but is equipped with the reverse ordering (??). For a given  $p \in \mathbf{P}$ , we will sometimes write  $p^*$  do denote its corresponding copy in  $\mathbf{P}^{op}$ ,

**Definition.** The *opposite* of a poset  $\langle \mathbf{P}, \leq_{\mathbf{P}} \rangle$  is the poset denoted  $\langle \mathbf{P}^{op}, \leq_{\mathbf{P}}^{op} \rangle$ . It

in order to emphasize that p and  $p^*$  belong to distinct posets. However, often we

will not be so pedantic with our notation. Reversing the order means that, for all  $p, q \in \mathbf{P}$ ,  $\frac{p \leq_{\mathbf{P}} q}{q^* \leq_{\mathbf{p}}^{op} p^*}$