**Definition** (Strong monoidal functor)

Let  $\langle \mathbf{C}, \bigotimes_{\mathbf{C}}, \mathbf{1}_{\mathbf{C}} \rangle$  and  $\langle \mathbf{D}, \bigotimes_{\mathbf{D}}, \mathbf{1}_{\mathbf{D}} \rangle$  be two monoidal categories.

A strong monoidal functor between C and D is given by:

1. A functor

$$F: \mathbf{C} \to \mathbf{D};$$

2. An isomorphism

iso: 
$$\mathbf{1}_{\mathbf{D}} \to F(\mathbf{1}_{\mathbf{C}});$$

3. A natural isomorphism  $\mu$ 

$$\mu_{X,Y}: F(X) \otimes_{\mathbf{D}} F(Y) \to F(X \otimes_{\mathbf{C}} Y), \quad \forall X, Y \in \mathbf{C},$$

satisfying the following conditions:

- a) Associativity: For all objects  $X, Y, Z \in \mathbb{C}$ , there are associators as and as such that the diagram in ?? commutes.
- b) Unitality: For all  $X \in \mathbb{C}$ , there exist left and right unitors lu<sup>C</sup> and ru<sup>C</sup>, the diagram in ?? commutes.