

Definition (Monoidal poset)

A *monoidal structure* on a poset $\mathbf{P} = \langle \mathbf{P}, \leq_{\mathbf{P}} \rangle$ is specified by:

Constituents

1. A monotone map $\otimes : \mathbf{P} \times \mathbf{P} \rightarrow \mathbf{P}$, called the *monoidal product*.

Note that here we are implicitly assuming $\mathbf{P} \times \mathbf{P}$ as having the product order. In detail, monotonicity means that, for all $x_1, x_2, y_1, y_2 \in \mathbf{P}$:

$$\frac{x_1 \leq_{\mathbf{P}} y_1 \quad x_2 \leq_{\mathbf{P}} y_2}{(x_1 \otimes x_2) \leq_{\mathbf{P}} (y_1 \otimes y_2)}.$$

2. An element $\mathbf{1} \in \mathbf{P}$, called the *monoidal unit*.

Conditions

1. Associativity: for all $x, y, z \in \mathbf{P}$:

$$(x \otimes y) \otimes z = x \otimes (y \otimes z).$$

2. Left and right unitality: for all $x \in \mathbf{P}$:

$$\mathbf{1} \otimes x = x \quad \text{and} \quad x \otimes \mathbf{1} = x.$$

A poset equipped with a monoidal structure is called a *monoidal poset*.