## **Definition** (Disjoint union category)

Given two categories  $\mathbf{C}$  and  $\mathbf{D}$ , their *disjoint union*  $\mathbf{C}+\mathbf{D}$  is the category specified as follows:

- 1. *Objects*: Objects are elements of  $Ob_C + Ob_D$ ; that is, objects are tuples of the form  $\langle X, i \rangle$ , with i = 1 or i = 2, depending on whether  $X \in Ob_C$  or  $X \in Ob_D$ .
- 2. Morphisms: Given objects  $\langle X, i \rangle$ ,  $\langle Y, j \rangle \in \mathrm{Ob}_{\mathbf{C} + \mathbf{D}}$ ,

$$\operatorname{Hom}_{\mathbf{C}+\mathbf{D}}\left(\langle \boldsymbol{X},i\rangle;\langle \boldsymbol{Y},j\rangle\right) := \begin{cases} \operatorname{Hom}_{\mathbf{C}}\left(\boldsymbol{X};\boldsymbol{Y}\right) & \text{if } i=j=1,\\ \operatorname{Hom}_{\mathbf{D}}\left(\boldsymbol{X};\boldsymbol{Y}\right) & \text{if } i=j=2,\\ \emptyset & \text{else.} \end{cases}$$

3. Identity morphisms: Given a morphism  $f: X \to Y \in \operatorname{Hom}_{\mathbf{C}+\mathbf{D}}(\langle X, i \rangle; \langle Y, i \rangle)$ , one has

$$Id_{\mathbf{C}+\mathbf{D}} := \begin{cases} Id_{\mathbf{C}} & \text{if } i = 1, \\ Id_{\mathbf{D}} & \text{if } i = 2. \end{cases}$$

4. Composition of morphisms: Given morphisms  $f: X \to Y \in \operatorname{Hom}_{\mathbf{C}+\mathbf{D}}(\langle X, i \rangle; \langle Y, i \rangle)$  and  $g: Y \to Z \in \operatorname{Hom}_{\mathbf{C}+\mathbf{D}}(\langle Y, j \rangle; \langle Z, j \rangle)$ , one has

$$f \, \, _{\mathbf{C}+\mathbf{D}} \, g := \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} f \, _{\mathbf{C}} \, g & \text{if } i = j = 1, \\ f \, _{\mathbf{D}} \, g & \text{if } i = j = 2, \\ \text{does not exist} & \text{else.} \end{array} \right.$$