**Definition** (Profunctor composition). Given two profunctors  $F: \mathbb{C} \to \mathbb{D}$  and  $G: \mathbb{D} \to \mathbb{E}$  we can define their composition  $(F ; G): \mathbb{C} \to \mathbb{E}$  as follows:

$$(F_{\circ}G)_{ob}: Ob(\mathbf{C}^{op} \times \mathbf{E}) \to Ob \operatorname{\mathbf{Set}},$$

$$\langle C^{*}, E \rangle \mapsto \coprod_{D \in ObD} F_{ob}(C^{*}, D) \times G_{ob}(D^{*}, E) / \sim$$

$$(F_{\circ}G)_{mor}: \operatorname{Hom}_{(\mathbf{C}^{op} \times \mathbf{E})}(\langle C_{1}^{*}, E_{1} \rangle; \langle C_{2}^{*}, E_{2} \rangle) \to \operatorname{Hom}_{\operatorname{\mathbf{Set}}}((F_{\circ}G)_{ob}(C_{1}^{*}, E_{1}); (F_{\circ}G)_{ob}(C_{2}^{*}, E_{2}))$$

 $\langle \alpha^*, \beta \rangle \mapsto \begin{cases} (F \circ G)_{\text{ob}}(C_1^*, E_1) \to (F \circ G)_{\text{ob}}(C_2^*, E_2)) \\ \langle s, t \rangle \mapsto \langle F_{\text{mor}}(\langle \alpha, \text{Id}_D \rangle)(s), G_{\text{mor}}(\langle \text{Id}_{D^*}, \beta \rangle)(t) \rangle \end{cases}$ 

In the formulas:

$$\alpha: C_2 \rightarrow C_1, \qquad \beta: E_1 \rightarrow E_2,$$

and  $\langle s, t \rangle$  is a pair of elements for which there exists a  $D \in Ob\mathbf{D}$  such that

$$s \in F_{ob}(C_1^*, D), \qquad t \in G_{ob}(D^*, E).$$