Definition (Strong monoidal functor). Let $\langle \mathbf{C}, \boldsymbol{\otimes}_{\mathbf{C}}, \mathbf{1}_{\mathbf{C}} \rangle$ and $\langle \mathbf{D}, \boldsymbol{\otimes}_{\mathbf{D}}, \mathbf{1}_{\mathbf{D}} \rangle$ be two monoidal categories. A *strong monoidal functor* between **C** and **D** is given by:

1. A functor

$$F: \mathbf{C} \to \mathbf{D};$$

2. An isomorphism

iso:
$$\mathbf{1}_{\mathbf{D}} \to F(\mathbf{1}_{\mathbf{C}});$$

3. A natural isomorphism μ

$$\mu_{X,Y}: F(X) \otimes_{\mathbf{D}} F(Y) \to F(X \otimes_{\mathbf{C}} Y), \quad \forall X, Y \in \mathbf{C},$$

satisfying the following conditions:

a) Associativity: For all objects $X, Y, Z \in \mathbb{C}$, the following diagram commutes.

$$(F(X) \otimes_{\mathbf{D}} F(Y)) \otimes_{\mathbf{D}} F(Z) \xrightarrow{\operatorname{as}_{F(X),F(Y),F(Z)}^{\mathbf{D}}} F(X) \otimes_{\mathbf{D}} (F(Y) \otimes_{\mathbf{D}} F(Z))$$

$$\mu_{X,Y} \otimes_{\mathbf{D}} \operatorname{Id}(F(Z)) \qquad \qquad \operatorname{Id}(F(X)) \otimes_{\mathbf{D}} \mu_{Y,Z}$$

$$F(X \otimes_{\mathbf{C}} Y) \otimes_{\mathbf{D}} F(Z) \qquad \qquad F(X) \otimes_{\mathbf{D}} F(Y \otimes_{\mathbf{C}} Z)$$

$$\mu_{X \otimes_{\mathbf{D}} Y,Z} \qquad \qquad \mu_{X,Y \otimes_{\mathbf{D}} Z}$$

$$F((X \otimes_{\mathbf{C}} Y) \otimes_{\mathbf{C}} Z) \qquad \qquad F(X \otimes_{\mathbf{C}} Y) \otimes_{\mathbf{C}} Z)$$

where as^C and as^D are called associators.

b) Unitality: For all $X \in \mathbb{C}$, the following diagrams commute:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
\mathbf{1_{D}} \otimes_{\mathbf{D}} F(X) & \xrightarrow{\mathbf{Id}_{F(X)}} F(\mathbf{1_{C}}) \otimes_{\mathbf{D}} F(X) \\
\downarrow \mathbf{1_{U_{D}}} & & \mu_{\mathbf{1_{C}},X} \\
F(X) & & F(\mathbf{1_{C}} \otimes_{\mathbf{C}} X)
\end{array}$$

$$F(X) \otimes_{\mathbf{D}} \mathbf{1_{D}} & \xrightarrow{\mathbf{Id}_{F(X)}} F(X) \otimes_{\mathbf{D}} F(X) \otimes_{\mathbf{D}} F(\mathbf{1_{C}}) \\
\downarrow \mathbf{1_{U_{C}}} & & \mu_{X,\mathbf{1_{C}}} \\
F(X) & & F(X) & & F(X) \otimes_{\mathbf{C}} \mathbf{1_{C}}
\end{array}$$

where lu^C and ru^C represent the left and right *unitors*.