where **P** is a set (also called the *carrier set*), together with a relation $\leq_{\mathbf{p}}$ that is 1. Reflexive: For all $p \in \mathbf{P}$, $p \leq_{\mathbf{P}} p$. 2. Antisymmetric: For all $p_1, p_2 \in \mathbf{P}$, if $p_1 \leq_{\mathbf{P}} p_2$ and $p_2 \leq_{\mathbf{P}} p_1$, then $p_1 = p_2$.

3. Transitive: For all $p_1, p_2, p_3 \in \mathbf{P}$, if $p_1 \leq_{\mathbf{P}} p_2$ and $p_2 \leq_{\mathbf{P}} p_3$, then $p_1 \leq_{\mathbf{P}} p_3$.

Definition (Partially ordered set). A partially-ordered set (poset) is a tuple $\langle \mathbf{P}, \leq_{\mathbf{P}} \rangle$,