**Definition** (Functor). Given categories C and D, a *functor*  $F: C \to D$  from C to D is defined by the following data, satisfying the following conditions.

## Data:

- i) For every object  $X \in \mathrm{Ob}_{\mathbf{C}}$ , an object  $F(X) \in \mathrm{Ob}_{\mathbf{D}}$ ;
- ii) For every morphism  $f: X \to Y$  in  $\mathbb{C}$ , a morphism  $F(f): F(X) \to F(Y)$  in  $\mathbb{D}$ .

## Conditions:

- i) For every object  $X \in \mathrm{Ob}_{\mathbb{C}}$ , one has  $F(\mathrm{Id}_X) = \mathrm{Id}_{F(X)}$ ;
- ii) For every three objects  $X, Y, Z \in \mathrm{Ob}_{\mathbf{C}}$  and two morphisms  $f \in \mathrm{Hom}_{\mathbf{C}}(X; Y), g \in \mathrm{Hom}_{\mathbf{C}}(Y; Z)$ , the equation

$$F(f \circ g) = F(f) \circ F(g)$$

holds in **D**.

This situation is graphically reported in ??.