

Definition (Cartesian product of categories)

Given two categories \mathbf{C} and \mathbf{D} , their *cartesian product* $\mathbf{C} \times \mathbf{D}$ is the category specified as follows:

1. *Objects*: Objects are pairs $\langle X, Y \rangle$, with $X \in \mathbf{Ob}_{\mathbf{C}}$ and $Y \in \mathbf{Ob}_{\mathbf{D}}$.
2. *Morphisms*: Morphisms are pairs of morphisms $\langle f, g \rangle : \langle X, Z \rangle \rightarrow \langle Y, U \rangle$, with $f : X \rightarrow_{\mathbf{C}} Y$, $g : Z \rightarrow_{\mathbf{D}} U$.
3. *Identity morphisms*: Given objects $X \in \mathbf{Ob}_{\mathbf{C}}$ and $Y \in \mathbf{Ob}_{\mathbf{D}}$, the identity morphism on $\langle X, Y \rangle$ is the pair $\langle \text{Id}_X, \text{Id}_Y \rangle$.
4. *Composition of morphisms*: The composition of morphisms is given by composing each component of the pair separately:

$$\langle f, g \rangle \circ_{\mathbf{C} \times \mathbf{D}} \langle h, k \rangle = \langle f \circ_{\mathbf{C}} h, g \circ_{\mathbf{D}} k \rangle.$$