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1. 翻: (a) 用继承属性 d 作为辉度, 则有下面的语法制导翻译3字
          <' -> \( \sigma \) of = 0, \( \sigma \) S
          S -> {L.ol = S.ol+1;][L]
          s > a {print(s,d)}
           L -> { LI. ol = L. ol; } LI, { S. ol = L. ol; } S
           L -> {S,d=L,d}S
      (b) 用继承属性 ipos 、深合属性 spos 分别记录该点法符号推出的有个字符前面字符
          的数量,推出的市方一个工行的位置
               5'> 15. ipos = 0, 15
               S → { L, ipos = S.ipos + 1} (L) { S. spos = L. spos + 1}
               S \rightarrow a \{S : Spas = S : [pas + 1 : print(S : Spac)]^n
               L -> 31. ipos = L.ipos; 4 L1, { S.ipos = L1. spos + 1} S { L. spos = S. spos}
               L > { S. ipos = Lipos, b S | L. spos = S. spos,}
 ム旗
  E> E,+T E.npty = ruk Noole ('+', E, nptv, T.nptv)
                                                    [top->]=mkNode(s[top-1], s[top-2], s[top])
 E > EI-T E.mptr = mkNoole('-', E.mptr, T.nptr)
                                                  s[top-]]=mkNode(s[top-1],s[top])
  E > T [.nptr = T.nptr
                                                   s[top]=s[top] (河省略)
  7-> (E) Timptr = Emptr
                                                   s[top-]]= s[top-1]
  T-> id T.nptr = mkleaf (id, id.entry)
                                                  s[top] = mkleaf(id, stop])
           T. npti = mkleaf (num, num val)
                                                   s[top] = mkleat (id, s[top])
  T→ num
3. 城子: (a) a>b or true and not c<f
      假设下条指令从100开始
      (100) if a>b gots -
      (101) goto 102
                                A B true list = {100, 64}
      (102) goto 103
                                  B. fakelist = {103}
      (103) if c<f goto -
      (124 goto -
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