



Achieving cooperation in Social Networks through peer punishment



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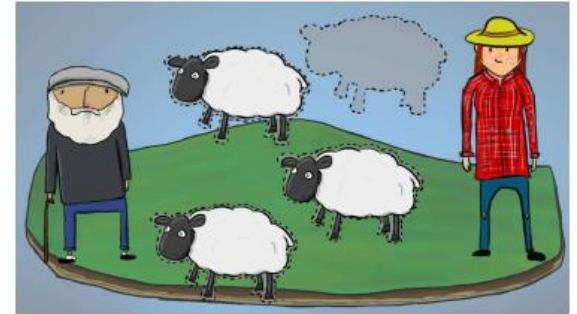
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Alvaro Cabrejas Egea – Centre for Complexity Science

Escaping the Tragedy of the Commons

- ▶ A shared-resource
- ▶ Individual users acting independently according to their own self-interest
- ▶ This leads to depletion or spoiling of that resource through their collective action
 - Non renewable resources
 - Deforestation, overfishing
 - Public Goods Game



Networks and Communities

- ▶ How did we escape it initially?

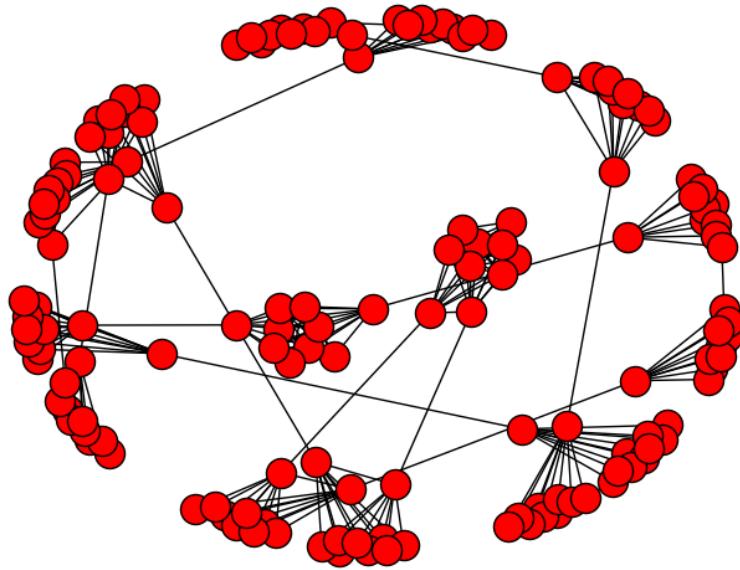
Punishment = Lowering potential payoff of defectors

- ▶ Real world has topology

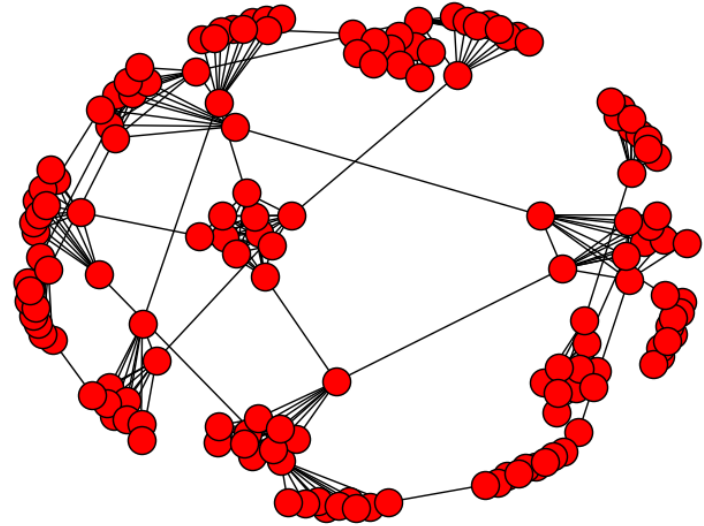
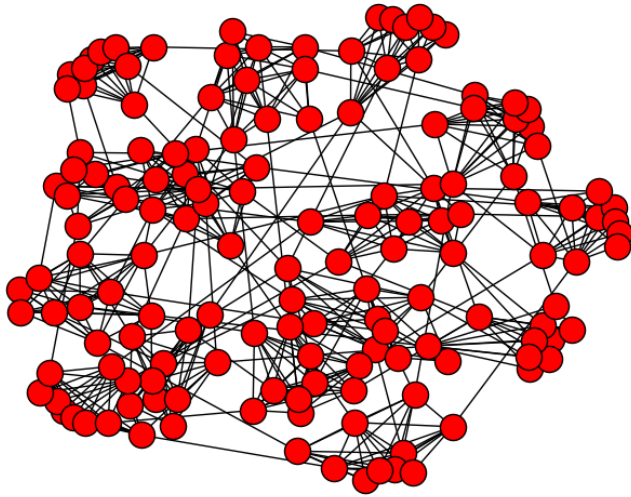
- ▶ Modular (Community/Cluster) Structure



Caveman Networks

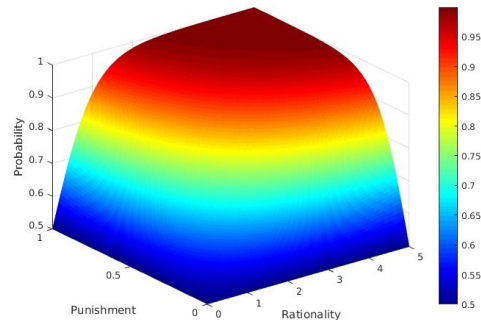


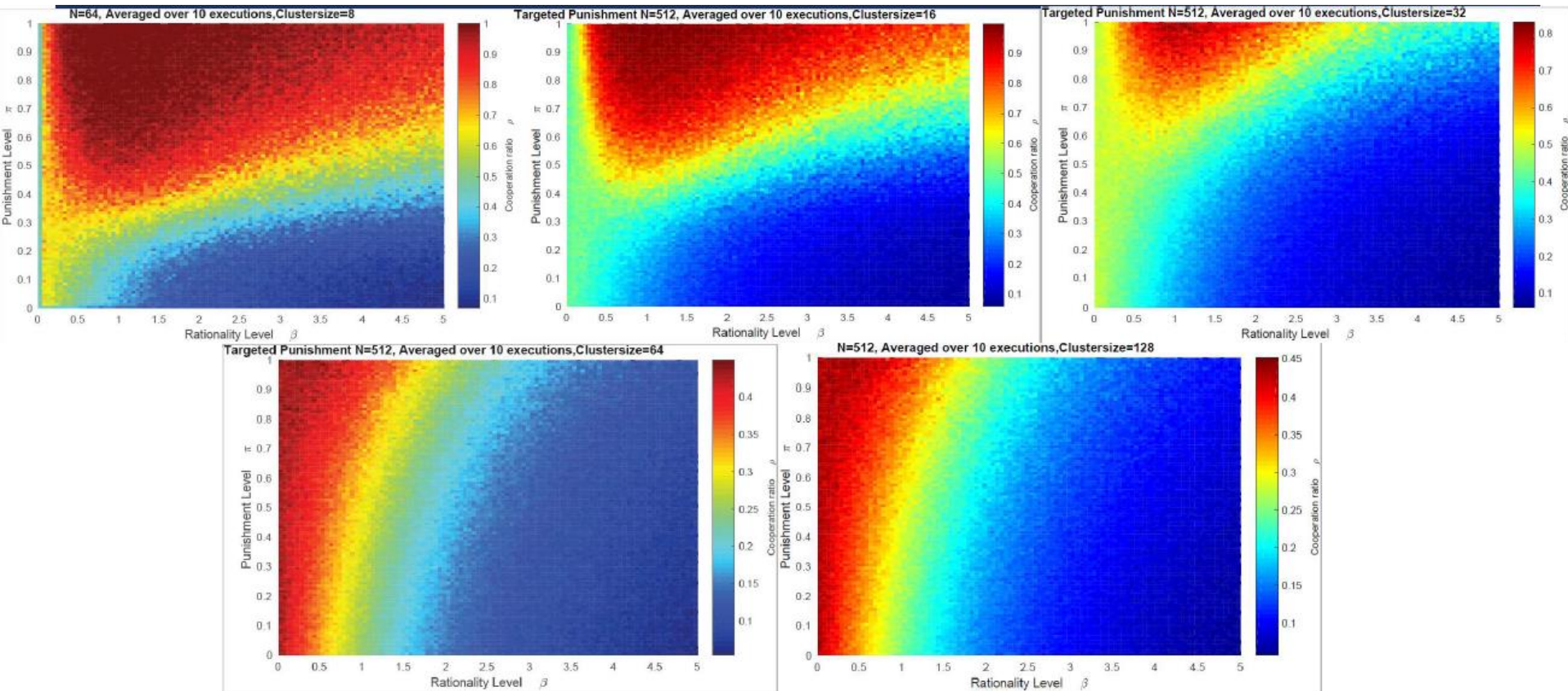
Relaxed Caveman Networks



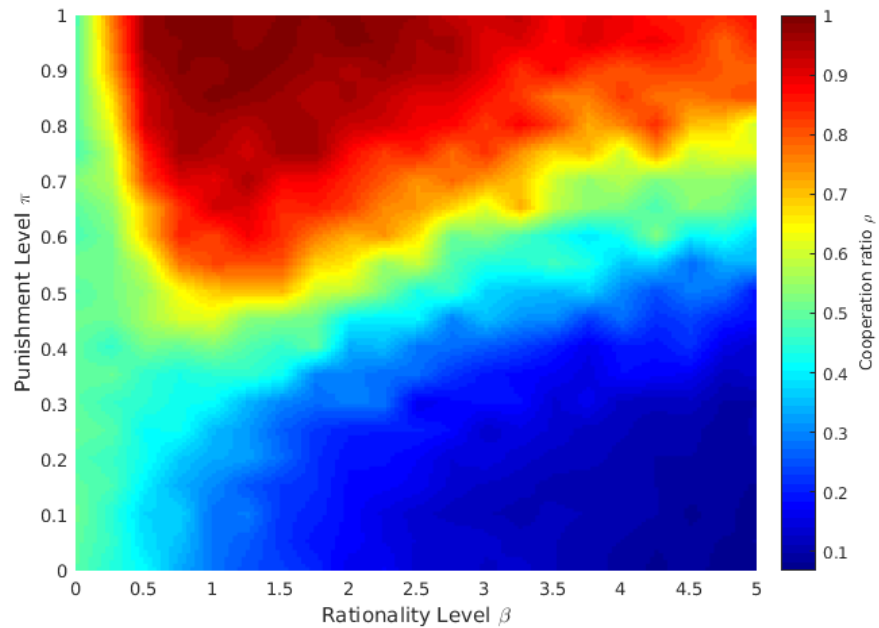
Baseline Model

- ▶ Probabilistic cooperation $P_i = \frac{1}{2} [\tanh(\beta H_i) + 1]$
- ▶ System inherently against cooperation
- ▶ Cooperators can lower the payoff of their defector neighbours by equally splitting their allocated punishment
- ▶ Cooperators can be defined recursively as an increasing sequence of sets

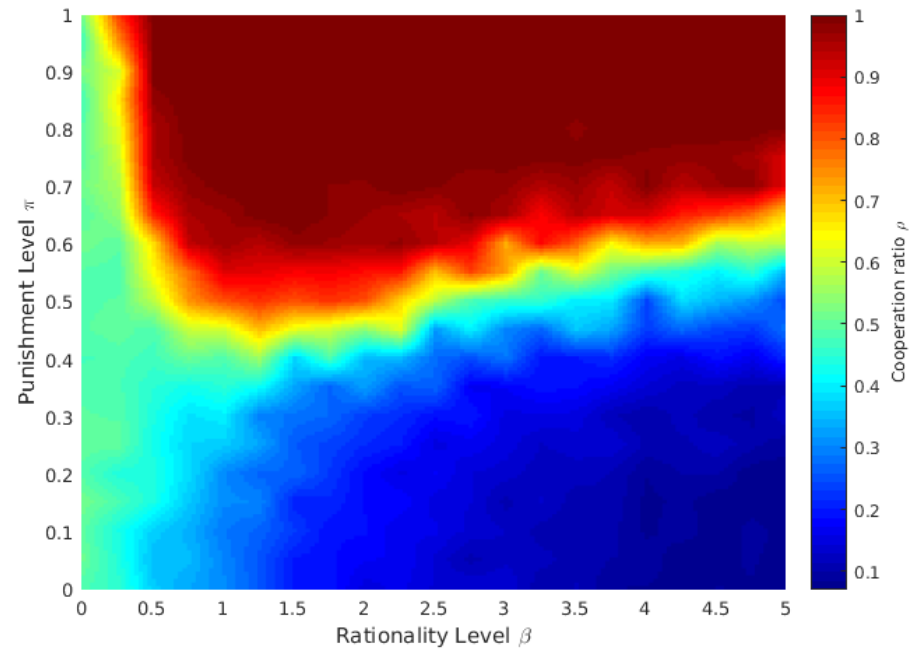
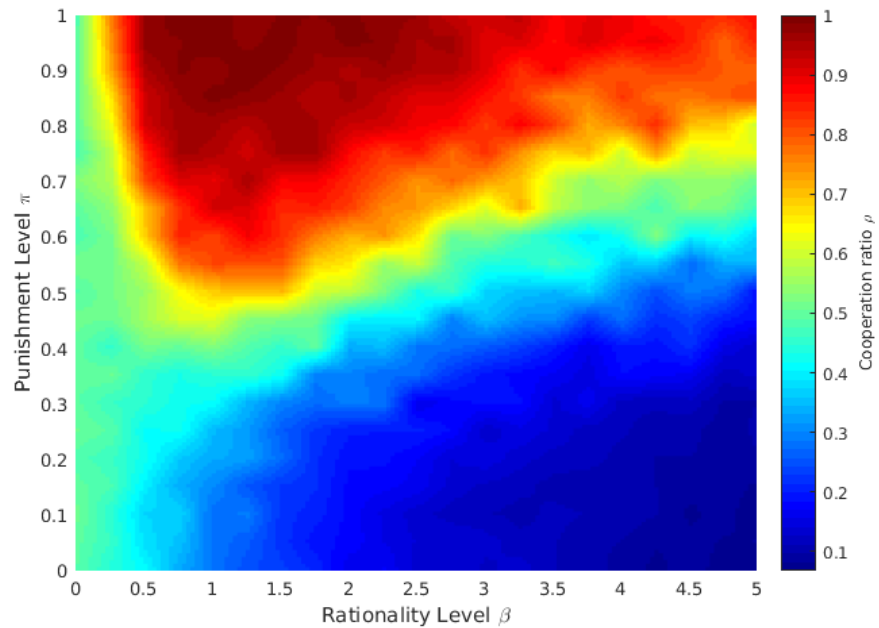




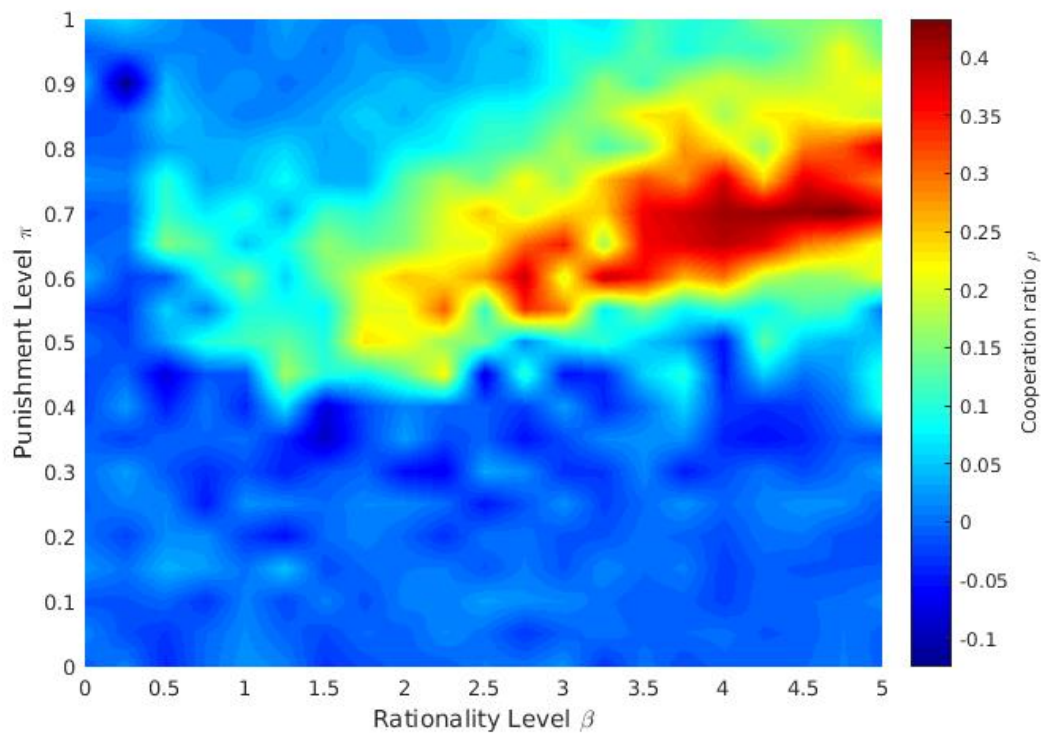
Results



Results



Results



Further work

- ▶ Forward looking agents
- ▶ Probabilistic end of the game
- ▶ Account for multi-level interaction
 - Multilayer networks



Main References

- ▶ Sam Johnson, Warwick – Escaping the Tragedy of the Commons through Targeted Punishment – Open Royal Science (2015)
- ▶ David Jimenez Gomez, Becker Friedman Institute – Social Pressure in Networks Induces Public Goods Provision

