

# lib\_xua

USB Audio Shared Components. For use in the XMOS USB Audio Refererence Designs.

This library enables the development of USB Audio devices on the XMOS xCORE architecture.

#### **Features**

Key features of the various applications in this repository are as follows

- USB Audio Class 1.0/2.0 Compliant
- Fully Asynchronous operation
- Support for the following sample frequencies: 8, 11.025, 12, 16, 32, 44.1, 48, 88.2, 96, 176.4, 192, 352.8, 384kHz
- Input/output channel and individual volume/mute controls supported
- Support for dynamically selectable output audio formats (e.g. resolution)
- Field firmware upgrade compliant to the USB Device Firmware Upgrade (DFU) Class Specification
- S/PDIF output
- S/PDIF input
- ADAT output
- ADAT input
- MIDI input/output (Compliant to USB Class Specification for MIDI devices)
- DSD output (Native and DoP mode) at DSD64 and DSD128 rates
- Mixer with flexible routing
- Simple playback controls via Human Interface Device (HID)
- Support for operation with Apple devices (requires software module sc\_mfi for MFI licensees only please contact XMOS)

Note, not all features may be supported at all sample frequencies, simultaneously or on all devices. Some features also require specific host driver support.

#### Software version and dependencies

This document pertains to version 0.1.2 of this library. It is known to work on version 14.3.2 of the xTIMEcomposer tools suite, it may work on other versions.

This library depends on the following other libraries:

• lib\_xud (>=0.1.0)

• lib\_logging (>=2.1.0)

#### **Related Application Notes**

The following application notes use this library:

• AN000246 - Simple USB Audio Device using lib\_xua



## 1 About This Document

This document describes the structure of the library, its basic use and resources required.

This document assumes familiarity with the XMOS xCORE architecture, the Universal Serial Bus 2.0 Specification (and related specifications), the XMOS tool chain and XC language.



## 2 Host System Requirements

- Mac OSX version 10.6 or later
- Windows XP, Vista, 7, 8 or 10 with Thesycon Audio Class 2.0 driver for Windows (Tested against version 3.20). Please contact XMOS for details.
- Windows XP, Vista, 7, 8 or 10 with built-in USB Audio Class 1.0 driver.



## 3 Overview

Functionality		
Provides USB interfac	ce to audio I/O.	
Supported Standards		
USB	USB 2.0 (Full-speed and High-speed)	
	USB Audio Class 1.0 <sup>1</sup>	
	USB Audio Class 2.0 <sup>2</sup>	
	USB Firmware Upgrade (DFU) 1.1 <sup>3</sup>	
	USB Midi Device Class 1.0 <sup>4</sup>	
Audio	I2S/TDM	
	S/PDIF	
	ADAT	
	Direct Stream Digital (DSD)	
	PDM Microphones	
	MIDI	
Supported Sample F	requencies	
44.1kHz, 48kHz, 88.	2kHz, 96kHz, 176.4kHz, 192kHz, 352.8kHz, 384kHz	
Supported Devices		
XMOS Devices	xCORE-200 Series	
Requirements		
Development Tools	xTIMEcomposer Development Tools v14 or later	
USB	xCORE-200 Series device with integrated USB Phy	
Audio	External audio DAC/ADC/CODECs (and required	
	supporting componentry) supporting I2S/TDM	
Boot/Storage	Compatible SPI Flash device (or xCORE-200 device with internal flash)	
Licensing and Supp	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	ided without charge under license from XMOS.	
Please visit http://www.xmos.com/support/contact for support.		
Reference code is maintained by XMOS Limited.		

<sup>1</sup>http://www.usb.org/developers/devclass\_docs/audio10.pdf
2http://www.usb.org/developers/devclass\_docs/Audio2.0\_final.zip
3http://www.usb.org/developers/devclass\_docs/DFU\_1.1.pdf
4http://www.usb.org/developers/devclass\_docs/midi10.pdf



## 4 Hardware Platforms

A range of hardware platforms for evaluating USB Audio on XMOS devices.

Specific, in depth, details for each platform/board are out of scope of this library documentation however, the features of the most popular platform are described below with the view of providing a worked example.

Please also see application note AN00246.

### 4.1 xCORE-200 Multi-Channel Audio Board

The XMOS xCORE-200 Multi-channel Audio board<sup>5</sup> (XK-AUDIO-216-MC) is a complete hardware and reference software platform targeted at up to 32-channel USB and networked audio applications, such as DJ decks and mixers.

The Multichannel Audio Platform hardware is based around the XE216-512-TQ128 multicore microcontroller; an dual-tile xCORE-200 device with an integrated High Speed USB 2.0 PHY, RGMII (Gigabit Ethernet) interface and 16 logical cores delivering up to 2000MIPS of deterministic and responsive processing power.

Exploiting the flexible programmability of the xCORE-200 architecture, the Multi-channel Audio Platform supports either USB or network audio source, streaming 8 analogue input and 8 analogue output audio channels simultaneously - at up to 192kHz.

For full details regarding the hardware please refer to xCORE-200 Multichannel Audio Platform Hardware Manual<sup>6</sup>.

The reference board has an associated firmware application that uses *lib\_xua* to implemented a USB Audio Devicce. Full details of this application can be found in the USB Audio Design Guide.

## 4.1.1 Analogue Input & Output

A total of eight single-ended analog input channels are provided via 3.5mm stereo jacks. Each is fed into a CirrusLogic CS5368 ADC. Similarly a total of eight single-ended analog output channels are provided. Each is fed into a CirrusLogic CS4384 DAC.

The four digital I2S/TDM input and output channels are mapped to the xCORE input/outputs through a header array. This jumper allows channel selection when the ADC/DAC is used in TDM mode

#### 4.1.2 Digital Input & Output

Optical and coaxial digital audio transmitters are used to provide digital audio input output in formats such as IEC60958 consumer mode (S/PDIF) and ADAT. The output data streams from the xCORE-200 are re-clocked using the external master clock to synchronise the data into the audio clock domain. This is achieved using simple external D-type flip-flops.

### 4.1.3 MIDI

MIDI I/O is provided on the board via standard 5-pin DIN connectors. The signals are buffered using 5V line drivers and are then connected to 1-bit ports on the xCORE-200, via a 5V to 3.3V buffer.

<sup>5</sup>https://www.xmos.com/support/boards?product=18334

<sup>6</sup>https://www.xmos.com/support/boards?product=18334&component=18687



### 4.1.4 Audio Clocking

A flexible clocking scheme is provided for both audio and other system services. In order to accommodate a multitude of clocking options, the low-jitter master clock is generated locally using a frequency multiplier PLL chip. The chip used is a Phaselink PL611-01, which is pre-programmed to provide a 24MHz clock from its CLK0 output, and either 24.576 MHz or 22.5792MHz from its CLK1 output.

The 24MHz fixed output is provided to the xCORE-200 device as the main processor clock. It also provides the reference clock to a Cirrus Logic CS2100, which provides a very low jitter audio clock from a synchronisation signal provided from the xCORE-200.

Either the locally generated clock (from the PL611) or the recovered low jitter clock (from the CS2100) may be selected to clock the audio stages; the xCORE-200, the ADC/DAC and Digital output stages. Selection is conntrolled via an additional I/O, bit 5 of PORT 8C.

## 4.1.5 LEDs, Buttons and Other IO

An array of 4\*4 green LEDs, 3 buttons and a switch are provided for general purpose user interfacing. The LED array is driven by eight signals each controlling one of 4 rows and 4 columns.

A standard XMOS xSYS interface is provided to allow host debug of the board via JTAG.



## 5 Software Overview

This section describes the software architecture of a USB Audio device implemented using *lib\_xua*, its dependancies and other supporting libraries.

lib\_xua provides the fundamental building blocks for producing USB Audio products on XMOS devices.

Every system is required to have the shared components from lib\_xua listed in Table 1.

Component	Description
Endpoint 0	Provides the logic for Endpoint 0 which handles enumeration and control of the device including DFU related requests.
Endpoint buffer	Buffers endpoint data packets to and from the host. Manages delivery of audio packets between the endpoint buffer component and the audio components. It can also handle volume control processing.Note, this currently utlises two cores
AudioHub	Handles audio I/O over I2S and manages audio data to/from other digital audio I/O components.

Table 1: Required XUA Components

In addition low-level USB I/O is required and is provided by the external dependency lib\_xud

Component	Description
XMOS USB Device Driver (XUD)	Handles the low level USB I/O.

Table 2: Additional Components Required

In addition Table 3 shows optional components that can be added/enabled from lib\_xua

Component	Description
Mixer	Allows digital mixing of input and output channels. It can also handle volume control instead of the decoupler.
S/PDIF Transmitter	Outputs samples of an S/PDIF digital audio interface.
S/PDIF Receiver	Inputs samples of an S/PDIF digital audio interface (requires the clockgen component).
ADAT Receiver	Inputs samples of an ADAT digital audio interface (requires the clockgen component).
Clockgen	Drives an external frequency generator (PLL) and manages changes between internal clocks and external clocks arising from digital input.
MIDI	Outputs and inputs MIDI over a serial UART interface.
PDM Microphones	Receives PDM data from microphones and performs PDM to PCM conversion

Table 3: Optional Components

Figure 1 shows how the components interact with each other in a typical system. The green circles represent cores with arrows indicating inter-core communications.



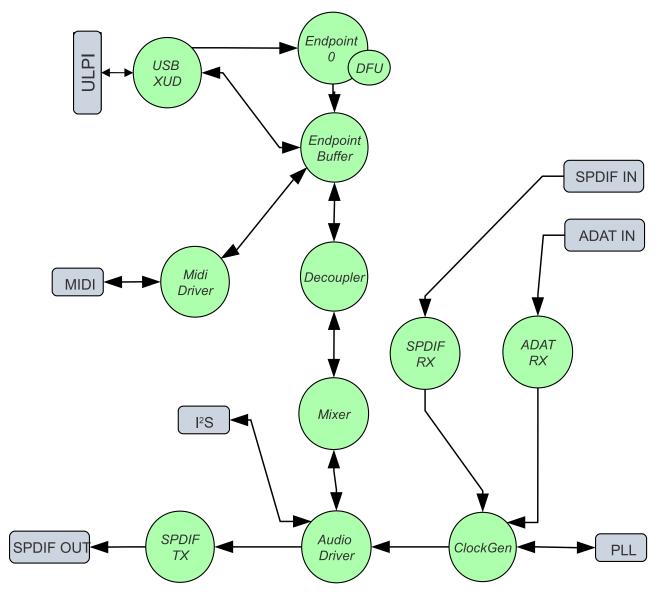


Figure 1: USB Audio Core Diagram



## 6 Using lib\_xua

This sections describes the basic usage of *lib\_xud*. It provides a guide on how to program the USB Audio Devices using *lib\_xud*.

Reviewing application note AN00246 is highly recommended at this point.

## 6.1 Library structure

The code is split into several directories.

core	Common code for USB audio applications
midi	MIDI I/O code
dfu	Device Firmware Upgrade code

Table 4: lib\_xua structure

Note, the midi and dfu directories are potential candidates for separate libs in their own right.

## 6.2 Including in a project

All lib\_xua functions can be accessed via the xua.h header filer:

```
#include <xua.h>
```

It is also required to add lib\_xua to the USED\_MODULES field of your application Makefile:

```
USED_MODULES = .. lib_xua ...
```

#### 6.3 Core hardware resources

The user must declare and initialise relevant hardware resources (globally) and pass them to the relevant function of *lib\_xua*.

As an absolute minimum the following resources are required:

- A 1-bit port for audio master clock input
- A n-bit port for internal feedback calculation (typically a free, unused port is used e.g. 16B)
- A clock-block, which will be clocked from the master clock input port

Example declaration of these resources might look as follows:



The PORT\_MCLK\_IN and PORT\_MCLK\_COUNT defintions are derived from the projects XN file

The XUA\_AudioHub() function requires an audio master clock input to clock the physical audio I/O. Less obvious is the reasoning for the XUA\_Buffer() task having the same requirement - it is used for the USB feedback system and packet sizing.

Due to the above, if the XUD\_AudioHub() and XUA\_Buffer() cores must reside on separate tiles a separate master clock input port must be provided to each, for example:



Whilst the hardware resources described in this section satisfy the basic requirements for the operation (or build) of *lib\_xua* projects typically also needs some additional audio I/O, I2S or SPDIF for example.

These should be passed into the various cores as required - see API and Features sections.

## 6.4 Running the core components

In their most basic form the core components can be run as follows:

```
par
{
    /* Endpoint 0 core from lib_xua */
    XUA_Endpoint0(c_ep_out[0], c_ep_in[0], c_aud_ctl, null, null, null, null);

    /* Buffering cores - handles audio data to/from EP's and gives/gets data to/from the audio I/O core */
    /* Note, this spawns two cores */
    XUA_Buffer(c_ep_out[1], c_ep_in[1], c_sof, c_aud_ctl, p_for_mclk_count, c_aud);

    /* AudioHub/IO core does most of the audio IO i.e. I2S (also serves as a hub for all audio) */
    XUA_AudioHub(c_aud, ...);
}
```

XUA\_Buffer() expects its p\_for\_mclk\_count argument to be clocked from the audio master clock before being passed it. The following code satisfies this requirement:



Keeping this configuration outside of XUA\_Buffer() does not preclude the possibility of sharing p\_mclk\_in\_usb port with additional components

To produce a fully operating device a call to XUD\_Main() (from lib\_xud) must also be made for USB connectivity:

Additionally the required communication channels must also be declared:



```
/* Channel arrays for lib_xud */
chan c_ep_out[2];
chan c_ep_in[2];
/* Channel for communicating SOF notifications from XUD to the Buffering cores */
chan c_sof;
/* Channel for audio data between buffering cores and AudioHub/IO core */
chan c_aud;
/* Channel for communicating control messages from EPO to the rest of the device (via the buffering cores) */
chan c_aud_ctl;
```

This section provides enough information to implement a skeleton program for a USB Audio device. When running the xCORE device will present itself as a USB Audio Class device on the bus.

### 6.5 Configuring XUA

Configuration of the various build time options of lib\_xua is done via the optional header xua\_conf.h. Such build time options include audio class version, sample rates, channel counts etc. Please see the API section for full listings.

The build system will automatically include the *xua\_conf.h* header file as appropriate - the user should continue to include *xua.h* as previously directed. A simple example is shown below:

```
#ifndef _XUA_CONF_H_
#define _XUA_CONF_H_

/* Output channel count */
#define XUA_NUM_USB_CHAN_OUT (2)

/* Product string */
#define XUA_PRODUCT_STR_A2 "My Product"

#endif
```

#### 6.6 User functions

To enable custom functionality, such as configuring external audio hardware, custom functionality on stream start/stop etc various user overridable functions are provided (see API section for full listings). The default implementations are empty.

#### 6.7 Codeless programming model

Whilst it is possible to code a USB Audio device using the building blocks provided by *lib\_xud* it is realised that this might not be desirable for some classes of customers or product.

For instance, some users may not have a large software development experience and simply want to customise some basic settings such as strings. Others may want to fully customise the implementation - adding additional functionality such as adding DSD or possibly only using a subset of the functions provided - just XUA\_AudioHub, for example.

In addition, the large number of supported features can lead a large number of tasks, hardware resources, communication channels etc, requiring quite a lot of code to be authored for each product.

In order to cater for the former class of users, a "codeless" option is provided. Put simply, a file main.xc is provided which includes a pre-authored main() function along with all of the required hardware resource declarations. Code is generated based on the options provided in xua\_conf.h



Using this development model the user simply must include a xua\_conf.h with their settings and optionally implementations of any 'user functions' as desired. This, along with an XN file for their hardware platform, is all that is required to build a fully featured and functioning product.

This model also provides the benefit of a known-good, full codebase as a basis for a product.

This behaviour described in this section is the default behaviour of *lib\_xud*, to disable this please set EXCLUDE\_USB\_AUDIO\_MAIN to 1 in the application makefile or xua\_conf.h.



### 7 Features

The previous sections describes only the basic core set of lib\_xua details on enabling additional features e.g. S/PDIF are discussed in this section.

If using the "codeless" programming model then the steps in this section are informational only.

## 7.1 I2S/TDM

I2S/TDM is typically fundamental to most products and is built into the XUA\_AudioHub() core.

In order to enable I2S on must declare an array of ports for the data-lines (one for each direction):

```
/* Port declarations. Note, the defines come from the xn file */
buffered out port:32 p_i2s_dac[] = {PORT_I2S_DACO}; /* I2S Data-line(s) */
buffered in port:32 p_i2s_adc[] = {PORT_I2S_ADCO}; /* I2S Data-line(s) */
```

Ports for the sample and bit clocks are also required:

```
buffered out port:32 p_lrclk = PORT_I2S_LRCLK; /* I2S Bit-clock */
buffered out port:32 p_bclk = PORT_I2S_BCLK; /* I2S L/R-clock */
```



All of these ports must be buffered, width 32

These ports must then be passed to the XUA\_AudioHub() task appropriately.



Based on whether the xCORE is bus slave/master the ports must be declared as input/output respectively I2S functionality also requires two clock-blocks, one for bit and sample clock e.g.:

```
/* Clock-block declarations */
clock clk_audio_bclk = on tile[0]: XS1_CLKBLK_4; /* Bit clock */
clock clk_audio_mclk = on tile[0]: XS1_CLKBLK_5; /* Master clock */
```

These hardware resources must be passed into the call to XUA\_AudioHub():

```
/* AudioHub/IO core does most of the audio IO i.e. I2S (also serves as a hub for all audio) */
on tile[0]: XUA_AudioHub(c_aud, clk_audio_mclk, clk_audio_bclk, p_mclk_in, p_lrclk, p_bclk);
```

For configuration options, master vs slave, TDM etc please see the API section.



## 8 Known Issues

- Quad-SPI DFU will corrupt the factory image with tools version < 14.0.4 due to an issue with libquadflash
- (#14762) When in DSD mode with S/PDIF output enabled, DSD samples are transmitted over S/PDIF if the DSD and S/PDIF channels are shared, this may or may not be desired
- (#14173) I2S input is completely disabled when DSD output is active any input stream to the host will contain 0 samples
- (#14780) Operating the design at a sample rate of less than or equal to the SOF rate (i.e. 8kHz at HS, 1kHz at FS) may expose a corner case relating to 0 length packet handling in both the driver and device and should be considered un-supported at this time.
- (#14883) Before DoP mode is detected a small number of DSD samples will be played out as PCM via I2S
- (#14887) Volume control settings currently affect samples in both DSD and PCM modes. This results in invalid DSD output if volume control not set to 0
- Windows XP volume control very sensitive. The Audio 1.0 driver built into Windows XP (usbaudio.sys) does not properly support master volume AND channel volume controls, leading to a very sensitive control. Descriptors can be easily modified to disable master volume control if required (one byte bmaControls(0) in Feature Unit descriptors)
- 88.2kHz and 176.4kHz sample frequencies are not exposed in Windows control panels. These are known OS restrictions.



## 9 lib\_xua Change Log

#### 9.1 0.2.0

- ADDED: Documentation
- CHANGE: I2S hardware resources no longer used globally and must be passed to XUA\_AudioHub()
- CHANGE: NO\_USB define renamed to XUA\_USB\_EN

#### 9.2 0.1.2

- ADDED: Application note AN00246
- CHANGE: xmosdfu emits warning if empty image read via upload
- CHANGE: Simplified mclk port sharing no longer uses unsafe pointer
- RESOLVED: Runtime exception issues when incorrect feedback calculated (introduced in sc\_usb\_audio 6.13)
- RESOLVED: Output sample counter reset on stream start. Caused playback issues on some Linux based hosts

#### 9.3 0.1.1

- RESOLVED: Configurations where I2S\_CHANS\_DAC and I2S\_CHANS\_ADC are both 0 now build
- RESOLVED: Deadlock in mixer when MAX\_MIX\_COUNT > 0 for larger channel counts
- Changes to dependencies:
  - lib\_logging: Added dependency 2.1.1
  - lib\_xud: Added dependency 0.1.0

### 9.4 0.1.0

- ADDED: FB\_USE\_REF\_CLOCK to allow feedback generation from xCORE internal reference
- · ADDED: Linux Makefile for xmosdfu host application
- ADDED: Raspberry Pi Makefile for xmosdfu host application
- ADDED: Documentation of PID argument to xmosdfu
- ADDED: Optional build time microphone delay line (MIC\_BUFFER\_DEPTH)
- CHANGE: Removal of audManage\_if, users should define their own interfaces as required
- CHANGE: Vendor specific control interface in UAC1 descriptor now has a string descriptor so it shows up with a descriptive name in Windows Device Manager
- CHANGE: DFU\_BCD\_DEVICE removed (now uses BCD\_DEVICE)
- CHANGE: Renaming in descriptors.h to avoid clashes with application
- CHANGE: Make device reboot function no-argument (was one channel end)
- RESOLVED: FIR gain compensation for PDM mics set incorrectly for divide of 8
- RESOLVED: Incorrect xmosdfu DYLD path in test script code
- RESOLVED: xmosdfu cannot find XMOS device on modern MacBook Pro (#17897)
- RESOLVED: Issue when feedback is initially incorrect when two SOF's are not yet received
- RESOLVED: AUDIO\_TILE and PDM\_TILE may now share the same value/tile
- RESOLVED: Cope with out of order interface numbers in xmosdfu
- RESOLVED: DSD playback not functional on xCORE-200 (introduced in sc\_usb\_audio 6.14)
- RESOLVED: Improvements made to clock sync code in TDM slave mode



## 9.5 Legacy release history

(Note: Forked from sc\_usb\_audio at this point)

#### 9.6 7.4.1

• RESOLVED: Exception due to null chanend when using NO\_USB

## 9.7 7.4.0

• RESOLVED: PID\_DFU now based on AUDIO\_CLASS. This potentially caused issues with UAC1 DFU

#### 9.8 7.3.0

• CHANGE: Example OSX DFU host app updated to now take PID as runtime argument. This enabled multiple XMOS devices to be attached to the host during DFU process

#### 9.9 7.2.0

- ADDED: DFU to UAC1 descriptors (guarded by DFU and FORCE\_UAC1\_DFU)
- RESOLVED: Removed 'reinterpretation to type of larger alignment' warnings
- RESOLVED: DFU flash code run on tile[0] even if XUD\_TILE and AUDIO\_IO\_TILE are not 0

#### 9.10 7.1.0

- ADDED: UserBufferManagementInit() to reset any state required in UserBufferManagement()
- ADDED: I2S output up-sampling (enabled when AUD\_TO\_USB\_RATIO is > 1)
- ADDED: PDM Mic decimator output rate can now be controlled independently (via AUD\_TO\_MICS\_RATIO)
- CHANGE: Rename I2S input down-sampling (enabled when AUD\_TO\_USB\_RATIO is > 1, rather than via I2S\_DOWNSAMPLE\_FACTOR)
- RESOLVED: Crosstalk between input channels when I2S input down-sampling is enabled
- RESOLVED: Mic decimation data tables properly sized when mic sample-rate < USB audio sample-rate

## 9.11 7.0.1

• RESOLVED: PDM microphone decimation issue at some sample rates caused by integration

#### 9.12 7.0.0

- ADDED: I2S down-sampling (I2S\_DOWNSAMPLE\_FACTOR)
- ADDED: I2S resynchronisation when in slave mode (CODEC\_MASTER=1)
- CHANGE: Various memory optimisations when MAX\_FREQ = MIN\_FREQ
- CHANGE: Memory optimisations in audio buffering
- CHANGE: Various memory optimisations in UAC1 mode
- CHANGE: user\_pdm\_process() API change
- CHANGE: PDM Mic decimator table now related to MIN\_FREQ (memory optimisation)
- RESOLVED: Audio request interrupt handler properly eliminated



#### 9.13 6.30.0

- RESOLVED: Number of PDM microphone channels configured now based on NUM\_PDM\_MICS define (previously hard-coded)
- RESOLVED: PDM microphone clock divide now based MCLK defines (previously hard-coded)
- CHANGE: Second microphone decimation core only run if NUM\_PDM\_MICS > 4

#### 9.14 6.20.0

- RESOLVED: Intra-frame sample delays of 1/2 samples on input streaming in TDM mode
- RESOLVED: Build issue with NUM\_USB\_CHAN\_OUT set to 0 and MIXER enabled
- RESOLVED: SPDIF\_TX\_INDEX not defined build warning only emitted when SPDIF\_TX defined
- RESOLVED: Failure to enter DFU mode when configured without input volume control

#### 9.15 6.19.0

- RESOLVED: SPDIF\_TX\_INDEX not defined build warning only emitted when SPDIF\_TX defined
- RESOLVED: Failure to enter DFU mode when configured without input volume control

#### 9.16 6.18.1

• ADDED: Vendor Specific control interface added to UAC1 descriptors to allow control of XVSM params from Windows (via lib\_usb)

#### 9.17 6.18.0

- ADDED: Call to VendorRequests() and VendorRequests\_Init() to Endpoint 0
- ADDED: VENDOR\_REQUESTS\_PARAMS define to allow for custom parameters to VendorRequest calls
- RESOLVED: FIR gain compensation set appropriately in lib\_mic\_array usage
- CHANGE: i\_dsp interface renamed i\_audManage

#### 9.18 6.16.0

- ADDED: Call to UserBufferManagement()
- ADDED: PDM\_MIC\_INDEX in devicedefines.h and usage
- CHANGE: pdm\_buffer() task now combinable
- CHANGE: Audio I/O task now takes i\_dsp interface as a parameter
- CHANGE: Removed built-in support for A/U series internal ADC
- CHANGE: User PDM Microphone processing now uses an interface (previously function call)

### 9.19 6.15.2

• RESOLVED: interrupt.h (used in audio buffering) now compatible with xCORE-200 ABI

## 9.20 6.15.1

- RESOLVED: DAC data mis-alignment issue in TDM/I2S slave mode
- CHANGE: Updates to support API changes in lib\_mic\_array version 2.0



#### 9.21 6.15.0

- RESOLVED: UAC 1.0 descriptors now support multi-channel volume control (previously were hard-coded as stereo)
- CHANGE: Removed 32kHz sample-rate support when PDM microphones enabled (lib\_mic\_array currently does not support non-integer decimation factors)

#### 9.22 6.14.0

- ADDED: Support for for master-clock/sample-rate divides that are not a power of 2 (i.e. 32kHz from 24.567MHz)
- ADDED: Extended available sample-rate/master-clock ratios. Previous restriction was <= 512x (i.e. could not support 1024x and above e.g. 49.152MHz MCLK for Sample Rates below 96kHz) (#13893)
- ADDED: Support for various "low" sample rates (i.e. < 44100) into UAC 2.0 sample rate list and UAC 1.0 descriptors
- ADDED: Support for the use and integration of PDM microphones (including PDM to PCM conversion) via lib\_mic\_array
- RESOLVED: MIDI data not accepted after "sleep" in OSX 10.11 (El Capitan) related to sc\_xud issue #17092
- CHANGE: Asynchronous feedback system re-implemented to allow for the first two ADDED changelog items
- CHANGE: Hardware divider used to generate bit-clock from master clock (xCORE-200 only).

  Allows easy support for greater number of master-clock to sample-rate ratios.
- CHANGE: module\_queue no longer uses any assert module/lib

#### 9.23 6.13.0

- ADDED: Device now uses implicit feedback when input stream is available (previously explicit feedback pipe always used). This saves chanend/EP resources and means less processing burden for the host. Previous behaviour available by enabling UAC\_FORCE\_FEEDBACK\_EP
- RESOLVED: Exception when SPDIF\_TX and ADAT\_TX both enabled due to clock-block being configured after already started. Caused by SPDIF\_TX define check typo
- RESOLVED: DFU flag address changed to properly conform to memory address range allocated to apps by tools
- RESOLVED: Build failure when DFU disabled
- RESOLVED: Build issue when I2S\_CHANS\_ADC/DAC set to 0 and CODEC\_MASTER enabled
- RESOLVED: Typo in MCLK\_441 checking for MIN\_FREQ define
- CHANGE: Mixer and non-mixer channel comms scheme (decouple <-> audio path) now identical
- CHANGE: Input stream buffering modified such that during overflow older samples are removed rather than ignoring most recent samples. Removes any chance of stale input packets being sent to host
- CHANGE: module\_queue (in sc\_usb\_audio) now uses lib\_xassert rather than module\_xassert

#### 9.24 6.12.6

- RESOLVED: Build error when DFU is disabled
- RESOLVED: Build error when I2S\_CHANS\_ADC or I2S\_CHANS\_DAC set to 0 and CODEC\_MASTER enabled



#### 9.25 6.12.5

• RESOLVED: Stream issue when NUM\_USB\_CHAN\_IN < I2S\_CHANS\_ADC

#### 9.26 6.12.4

• RESOLVED: DFU fail when DSD enabled and USB library not running on tile[0]

#### 9.27 6.12.3

• RESOLVED: Method for storing persistent state over a DFU reboot modified to improve resilience against code-base and tools changes

#### 9.28 6.12.2

- RESOLVED: Reboot code (used for DFU) failure in tools versions > 14.0.2 (xCORE-200 only)
- RESOLVED: Run-time exception in mixer when MAX\_MIX\_COUNT > 0 (xCORE-200 only)
- RESOLVED: MAX\_MIX\_COUNT checked properly for mix strings in string table
- CHANGE: DFU code re-written to use an XC interface. The flash-part may now be connected to a separate tile to the tile running USB code
- CHANGE: DFU code can now use quad-SPI flash
- CHANGE: Example xmos\_dfu application now uses a list of PIDs to allow adding PIDs easier.
  -listdevices command also added.
- CHANGE: I2S\_CHANS\_PER\_FRAME and I2S\_WIRES\_xxx defines tidied

#### 9.29 6.12.1

- RESOLVED: Fixes to TDM input timing/sample-alignment when BCLK=MCLK
- RESOLVED: Various minor fixes to allow ADAT\_RX to run on xCORE 200 MC AUDIO hardware
- CHANGE: Moved from old SPDIF define to SPDIF\_TX

#### 9.30 6.12.0

- ADDED: Checks for XUD\_200\_SERIES define where required
- RESOLVED: Run-time exception due to decouple interrupt not entering correct issue mode (affects XCORE-200 only)
- CHANGE: SPDIF Tx Core may now reside on a different tile from I2S
- CHANGE: I2C ports now in structure to match new module\_i2c\_singleport/shared API.
- Changes to dependencies:
  - sc\_util: 1.0.4rc0 -> 1.0.5alpha0
    - \* xCORE-200 Compatiblity fixes to module\_locks

#### 9.31 6.11.3

• RESOLVED: (Major) Streaming issue when mixer not enabled (introduced in 6.11.2)

#### 9.32 6.11.2

- RESOLVED: (Major) Enumeration issue when MAX\_MIX\_COUNT > 0 only. Introduced in mixer optimisations in 6.11.0. Only affects designs using mixer functionality.
- RESOLVED: (Normal) Audio buffering request system modified such that the mixer output is



not silent when in underflow case (i.e. host output stream not active) This issue was introduced with the addition of DSD functionality and only affects designs using mixer functionality.

- RESOLVED: (Minor) Potential build issue due to duplicate labels in inline asm in set\_interrupt\_handler macro
- RESOLVED: (Minor) BCD\_DEVICE define in devicedefines.h now guarded by ifndef (caused issues with DFU test build configs.
- RESOLVED: (Minor) String descriptor for Clock Selector unit incorrectly reported
- RESOLVED: (Minor) BCD\_DEVICE in devicedefines.h now guarded by #ifndef (Caused issues with default DFU test build configs.
- CHANGE: HID report descriptor defines added to shared user\_hid.h
- CHANGE: Now uses module\_adat\_rx from sc\_adat (local module\_usb\_audio\_adat removed)

#### 9.33 6.11.1

- ADDED: ADAT transmit functionality, including SMUX. See ADAT\_TX and ADAT\_TX\_INDEX.
- RESOLVED: (Normal) Build issue with CODEC\_MASTER (xCore is I2S slave) enabled
- RESOLVED: (Minor) Channel ordering issue in when TDM and CODEC\_MASTER mode enabled
- RESOLVED: (Normal) DFU fails when SPDIF\_RX enabled due to clock block being shared between SPDIF
  core and FlashLib

#### 9.34 6.11.0

- ADDED: Basic TDM I2S functionality added. See I2S\_CHANS\_PER\_FRAME and I2S\_MODE\_TDM
- CHANGE: Various optimisations in 'mixer' core to improve performance for higher channel counts including the use of XC unsafe pointers instead of inline ASM
- CHANGE: Mixer mapping disabled when MAX\_MIX\_COUNT is 0 since this is wasted processing.
- CHANGE: Descriptor changes to allow for channel input/output channel count up to 32 (previous limit was 18)

#### 9.35 6.10.0

- CHANGE: Endpoint management for iAP EA Native Transport now merged into buffer() core. Previously was separate core (as added in 6.8.0).
- CHANGE: Minor optimisation to I2S port code for inputs from ADC

## 9.36 6.9.0

- ADDED: ADAT S-MUX II functionality (i.e. 2 channels at 192kHz) Previously only S-MUX supported (4 channels at 96kHz).
- ADDED: Explicit build warnings if sample rate/depth & channel combination exceeds available USB bus bandwidth.
- RESOLVED: (Major) Reinstated ADAT input functionality, including descriptors and clock generation/control and stream configuration defines/tables.
- RESOLVED: (Major) S/PDIF/ADAT sample transfer code in audio() (from ClockGen()) moved to aid timing.
- CHANGE: Modifying mix map now only affects specified mix, previous was applied to all mixes. CS\_XU\_MIXSEL control selector now takes values 0 to MAX\_MIX\_COUNT + 1 (with 0 affecting all mixes).
- CHANGE: Channel c\_dig\_rx is no longer nullable, assists with timing due to removal of null checks inserted by compiler.
- CHANGE: ADAT SMUX selection now based on device sample frequency rather than selected stream format Endpoint 0 now configures clockgen() on a sample-rate change rather than



stream start.

#### 9.37 6.8.0

- ADDED: Evaluation support for iAP EA Native Transport endpoints
- RESOLVED: (Minor) Reverted change in 6.5.1 release where sample rate listing in Audio Class
  1.0 descriptors was trimmed (previously 4 rates were always reported). This change appears
  to highlight a Windows (only) enumeration issue with the Input & Output configs
- RESOLVED: (Major) Mixer functionality re-instated, including descriptors and various required updates compatibility with 13 tools
- RESOLVED: (Major) Endpoint 0 was requesting an out of bounds channel whilst requesting level data
- RESOLVED: (Major) Fast mix code not operates correctly in 13 tools, assembler inserting long jmp instructions
- RESOLVED: (Minor) LED level meter code now compatible with 13 tools (shared mem access)
- RESOLVED (Minor) Ordering of level data from the device now matches channel ordering into mixer (previously the device input data and the stream from host were swapped)
- CHANGE: Level meter buffer naming now resemble functionality

## 9.38 Legacy release history

Please see changelog in sw\_usb\_audio for changes prior to 6.8.0 release.



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