

### Variant 7:

$AF = (Q, \Sigma, \delta, q_0, F)$

$Q = \{q_0, q_1, q_2, q_3, q_4\}$

$\Sigma = \{a, b\}$   $F = \{q_3\}$

$\delta(q_0, a) = q_1$

$\delta(q_1, b) = q_2$

$\delta(q_2, b) = q_3$

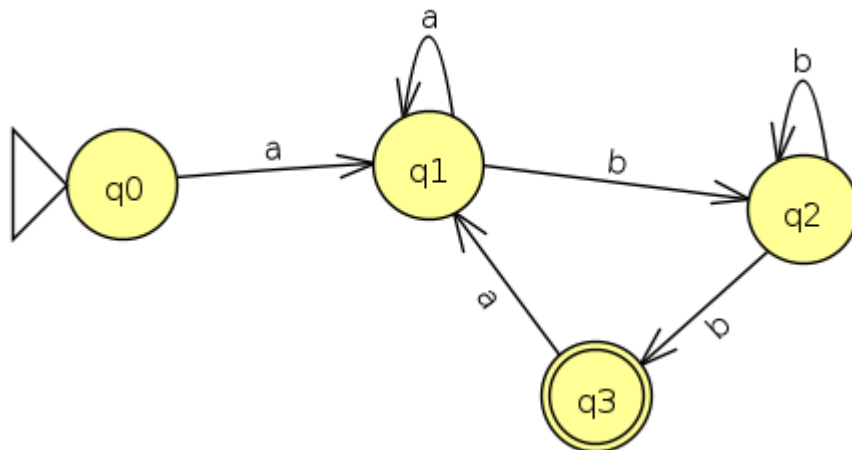
$\delta(q_3, a) = q_1$

$\delta(q_2, b) = q_2$

$\delta(q_1, a) = q_1$

### Tasks:

1. Present the automaton in the form of a graph. Is this automaton deterministic or not? Why?



This is a NFA because from node  $q_2$  there are 2 transitions with  $b$

$\delta(q_2, b) = q_3$

$\delta(q_2, b) = q_2$

2. Convert the Finite Automaton to the Regular Grammar.

$G(V_N, V_T, S, P)$

$V_N = \{S, X, Y, Z\}$

$V_T = \{a, b\}$

$P = \{ S \rightarrow aX$

$X \rightarrow aX \mid bY$

$Y \rightarrow bY \mid bZ$

$Z \rightarrow aX \mid \epsilon \}$

3. Transform nondeterministic finite automaton (NFA ) into a deterministic automaton (DFA). Present the DFA in the form of a graph.

