

ET-580 – Templates & Exceptions – Homework

Reading

Submit Notes: **Chapter 17 Linked Data Structures**

Implementation

Implement a class `SomeObj`:

- 1) data member:
 - a) `id` - an integer named
- 2) constructors:
 - a) default
 - b) single parameter constructor to set the value of `id`
- 3) functions:
 - a) `getId` - return the value of `id`
 - a) `output` - output the value of `id` to console

Implement a Template Class `MyArray` (modify/augment example 12.6):

- 1) data members:
 - a) `data` - dynamic array of type `T`
 - b) `capacity` - capacity of the dynamic array
 - c) `size` - number of elements in the array
- 2) constructors:
 - a) default - create an empty array of capacity 10
 - b) single parameter - create an array of a specified capacity
- 3) functions:
 - a) `getSize` - return the size
 - b) `getCapacity` - return the capacity
 - b) `grow` - private grow function $(capacity*2)+1$
 - c) `getIndex` - given a value, return its index or -1 if not found
use a linear or binary search
 - d) `push_back` - append element to the end of the array
 - e) `erase` - remove the element at the specified index
 - f) `[]` - overloaded `[]` operator (regular and const versions)
- 4) the big three

A Non-Member Print function:

- 1) Prints the contents of a template `MyArray` object given via as a parameter.

Main:

- 1) Instantiate a template `MyArray` object of `SomeObj` pointers.
- 2) Instantiate 10 `SomeObj` objects and append them to the `MyArray` object.
- 3) Print the `SomeObj` contents of the `MyArray` object.

Some additional information:

getIndex function (using linear search):

- 1) Accepts a value of type T as a parameter.
- 2) Iterate through the array checking if the value is in the array.
 If it is return the index.
 If it is not, return -1.

Example

Given **5 10 15 20 25 30** and value **15**, return the index **2**.

erase function:

- 1) Accepts an index as a parameter.
- 2) Use a loop to shift all elements from the index to the end of the array to the left by 1.
- 3) Decrement size by 1.

Example

Given **5 10 15 20 25 30** and index **3** we would shift **25** and **30** to the left thereby overwriting the number **20** resulting in the array **5 10 15 25 30**.