Assignment-6

EE22BTECH11012-A.Chhatrapati

Question 34.2023)Let $X_{n\geq 1}$ be a Markov chain with state space { 1, 2, 3 } and transition probability matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

Then $Pr(X_2 = 1 | X_1 = 1, X_3 = 2)$ equals

Solution: Since

probability matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix}
\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\
\frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} \\
0 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2}
\end{pmatrix}$$
(2)

$$\implies \Pr(X_2 = 1 | X_1 = 1) = P_{11} = \frac{1}{2}$$
 (3)

$$\implies \Pr(X_2 = 1 | X_1 = 1) = P_{11} = \frac{1}{2}$$
 (3)
$$\implies \Pr(X_2 = 1 | X_1 = 1, X_3 = 2) = \frac{1}{2} = 0.5$$
 (4)

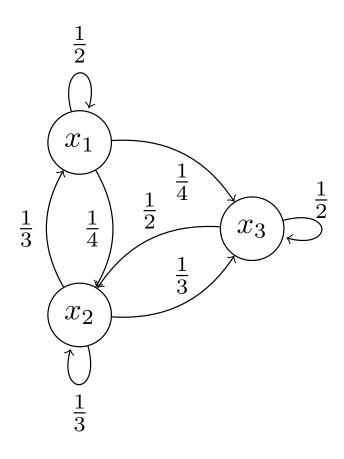


Fig. 0. Markov Chain diagram

$$Pr(X_2 = 1|X_1 = 1, X_3 = 2) = Pr(X_2 = 1|X_1 = 1)$$
(1)

(by markov's property)

Let's calculate $Pr(X_2 = 1 | X_1 = 1)$ using transition