LESSON 3

In this lesson we will create a User Profile Lambda function. This function will talk to Auth0 and retrieve information about the user. We will also set up an API Gateway. The API Gateway will allow our website to invoke the function.

Lastly, we will create a custom authorizer. A custom authorizer is a special Lambda function that the API Gateway executes to decide whether to allow or reject a request. We will use this custom authorizer to make sure that only authenticated users have access to the User Profile Lambda function.

NOTE: PLEASE CREATE ALL YOUR RESOURCES IN THE N. VIRGINIA REGION (US-EAST-1)

1. SET UP THE USER PROFILE LAMBDA FUNCTION

Let's get our User Profile Lambda function organized first.

• Install npm packages

In the terminal / command-prompt, change to the directory of the function:

cd lab-3/lambda/user-profile

Install npm packages by typing:

npm install

• Zip Lambda function

For OS X / Linux Users

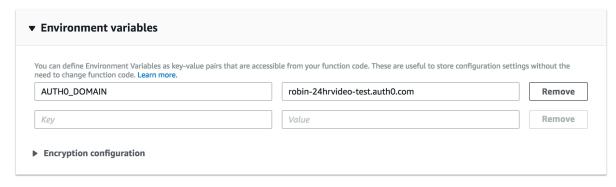
Now create create a ZIP file of the function, by typing:

npm run predeploy

For Windows

You will need to **zip up all the files** in the **lab-3/lambda/user-profile** folder via the Windows Explorer GUI, or using a utility such as 7zip. (**Note: don't zip the user-profile folder. Zip up the files inside of it**).

- In the AWS console's Services, click Lambda under Compute, and then click the Create function button.
- Click the Author from scratch button.
- Name the function user-profile.
- Under Role select Choose an existing role and lambda-s3-execution-role.
- Click Create function.
- Once the function is created, in the **Configuration** tab, under **Basic settings**, set the **Timeout** to 0 minutes, 30 seconds.
- Set the Runtime to Node.js 4.3.
- For Code entry type, select Upload a .ZIP file.
- Click Upload, and choose the zip file you just created: /lab-3/lambda/user-profile/Lambda-Deployment.zip
- Expand the Environment variables section, and create an environment variable with the key
 AUTHO DOMAIN and set its value to the AuthO domain from the last lesson.

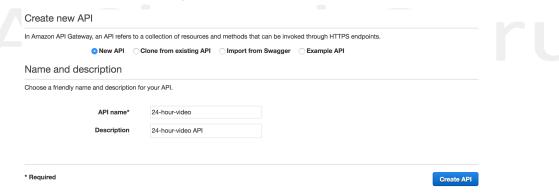


• Click the Save button at the top of the page.

2. CREATE THE API GATEWAY

The API Gateway needs to be set up to accept requests from our website. We need to create a resource, add support for a GET method, and enable Cross-Origin Resource Sharing (CORS). In the AWS console follow these steps:

- In the AWS Console's Services tab, click on API Gateway under Application Services.
- If this is your first API Gateway, click the Get Started button. Otherwise, click the Create API button.
- Select the New API radio button.
- Type in a name for your API, such as **24-Hour-Video** and optionally, a description.
- Click Create API to create your API:

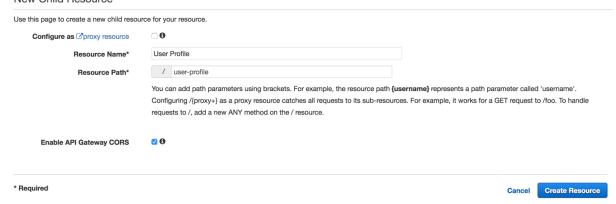


3. CREATE RESOURCE AND METHOD

APIs in the Gateway are built around *Resources*. We are going to create a Resource called *user-profile* and combine it with a GET method.

- In the Resources tab in the left navigation menu, select the Actions dropdown and click Create
 Resource.
- Type "User Profile" in the Resource Name. The Resource Path should be automatically filled in.
 - Note: Since the website will connect to the resource path /user-profile, this value must match exactly.
- Tick the Enable API Gateway CORS box.
- Click the Create Resource button.

New Child Resource

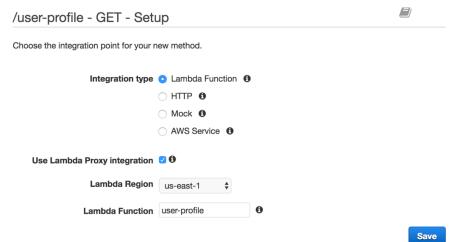


- The left-hand side list should now show /user-profile. Click it and then select the Actions dropdown
 again, and click the Create Method button to see a small dropdown under /user-profile.
- From that dropdown select **GET** and click the button with the **tick/check mark** on it to confirm.



Having created the GET method, we need to configure the *Integration Point*. This is the screen you should be looking at right now. (If you are not on it, click **GET** under **/user-profile**). An Integration Point specifies which Lambda function (or HTTP endpoint) the API Gateway should invoke.

- Click the **Lambda Function** radio button.
- Tick the checkbox labeled **Use Lambda Proxy Integration**.
- Select your region (us-east-1) from the Lambda Region dropdown.
- Type user-profile in the Lambda Function text box.

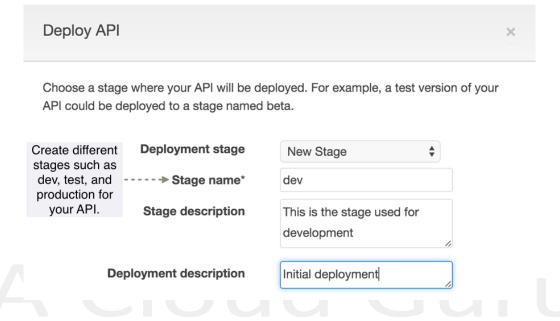


- Click Save.
- Click **OK** if you are asked if it's ok to add permission to the Lambda function.

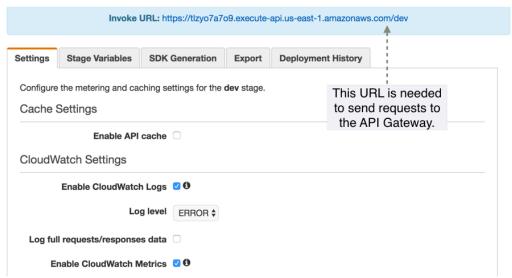
4. DEPLOY

Next, we need to deploy the API and get a URL to invoke it from the website.

- You should still be on your new API within API Gateway.
- Select the **Actions** dropdown again.
- Click Deploy API.
- In the **Deploy API** popup select [New Stage].
- Type **dev** as the Stage Name.
- Click **Deploy** to deploy the API.



- The next page you will see will show the **Invoke URL** and a number of settings.
- Copy the Invoke URL as you will need it in the next step.



5. UPDATE THE WEBSITE

We need to update the website to invoke the right API Gateway URL.

- Copy the config.js file containing your account specific settings, from the last lesson: Copy lab-2/website/js/config.js to lab-3/website/js/config.js
- Now edit the config.js file you just copied (lab-3/website/js/config.js) to add the following line after the **auth0** section:

apiBaseUrl: 'API GATEWAY INVOKE URL FROM STEP 4'

```
var configConstants = {
    auth0: {
        domain: 'serverless.auth0.com',
        clientId: 'ab1Qdr91xU3KTGQ01e598bwee8MQr'
    },
    apiBaseUrl: 'https://tlzyo7a7o9.execute-api.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/dev'
    };
```

Don't forget to save **config.js** when you are done.

6. A NEW ROLE

API Gateway supports custom request authorizers. These are Lambda functions that the API Gateways uses to authorize requests. Custom authorizers can validate a token and return an IAM policy to authorize the request. However, before we begin using custom authorizers we are going to create a different role for it.

- In the AWS console's **Services** tab, click **IAM** under **Security**, **Identity & Compliance** and then click **Roles** from the left navigation menu.
- Click Create role.
- From the Select role type step, select Lambda, and click the Next: Permissions button.
- From the list of policies check the box next to AWSLambdaBasicExecutionRole.
- Click Next: Review.
- Name the role api-gateway-lambda-exec-role.
- Click Create role to save and exit.

7. CUSTOM AUTHORIZER

Having created a new IAM role we can begin work on the custom authorizer now.

Install npm packages

In the terminal / command-prompt, change to the directory of the function:

cd lab-3/lambda/custom-authorizer

Install npm packages by typing:

npm install

Zip Lambda function

For OS X / Linux Users

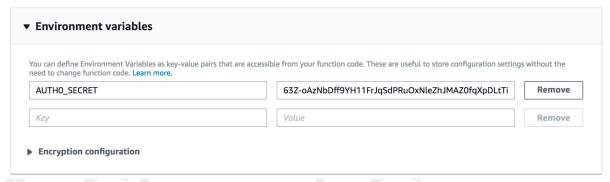
Now create create a ZIP file of the function, by typing:

npm run predeploy

For Windows

You will need to **zip up all the files** in the **lab-3/lambda/custom-authorizer** folder via the Windows Explorer GUI, or using a utility such as 7zip. (**Note: don't zip the custom-authorizer folder. Zip up the files inside of it**).

- In the AWS console's Services tab, click Lambda under Compute, and then click Create function.
- Click the Author from scratch button.
- Name the function custom-authorizer.
- Under Role, select Choose an existing role and your new role: api-gateway-lambda-exec-role.
- Click Create function.
- in the Configuration tab, under Function code, set the Runtime to Node.js 4.3.
- For Code entry type, select Upload a .ZIP file.
- Click Upload, and choose the zip file you just created: /lab-3/lambda/custom-authorizer/Lambda-Deployment.zip
- Click **Environment variables** to expand it, and create an environment variable with the key **AUTHO_SECRET** and set its value to the AuthO secret from the last lesson.

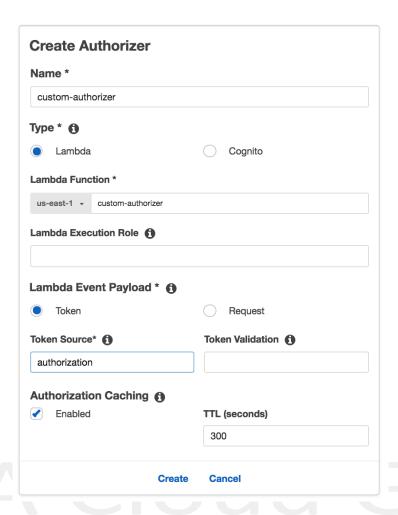


- Under Basic settings:
 - To improve the performance of your function, increase the **Memory (MB)** slider to *1536 MB*. This will also allocate more CPU to your function.
 - Set the **Timeout** to 0 minutes, 30 seconds.
- Click the Save button at the top of the page.

8. ASSIGN CUSTOM AUTHORIZER

Having deployed our custom authorizer function, we need to configure it so that it runs before our User Profile function.

- In API Gateway open the **24 Hour Video** API again.
- Click **Authorizers** from the left navigation menu.
- Click the Create New Authorizer button.
- Fill out the New Custom Authorizer form:
 - Set the name as custom-authorizer
 - Select region (us-east-1)
 - $\circ\quad$ Type in ${\bf custom\hbox{-}authorizer}$ as the name of the Lambda function.
 - Set the Token source to authorization.
- Click **Create** to create the custom authorizer.
- In the Add permission popup, click Grant & Create to confirm that you want to allow API Gateway
 to invoke the custom-authorizer function.



To make the custom authorizer invoke when the GET method is called, follow these steps:

- Click **Resources** under 24-hour-video in the left navigation menu.
- Click GET under /user-profile.
- Click Method Request.
- Click the pencil next to Authorization.
- From the dropdown select custom authorizer and click the tick/check mark icon to save.
- Click on the HTTP Request Headers section to expand it.
- Click on the **Add Header** link, put "authorization" for the name, and click the tick/check mark icon to the right and save it.
- Deploy the API again.
 - Select the **Actions** dropdown.
 - Click Deploy API.
 - \circ Select **dev** as the **Deployment Stage**.
 - o Click Deploy.

9. TEST THE SYSTEM

Lesson 3 is complete! Now it's time to test.

• In your terminal or command-prompt, change to the following folder:

lab-3/website

Run the following command to make sure that required npm components are installed:

npm install

Now run:

npm start

Open the web-site in your browser:

http://localhost:8100

To test whether everything has worked:

- If you're still logged in to your 24 hour video website, click the Sign Out button in the upper right.
- Log in to the website by clicking on Sign In button.
- Click the profile button (it'll have your nickname and, possibly, your picture). After a short wait you will see a modal box with your user information.

When you're done with this lab, exit the "npm start" command in your terminal by pressing <Control>-c.

Isn't this fun!? There is actually more goodness to come ②. See you in the next lesson.

Optional Exercises

Try to do the following exercises to confirm your understanding of concepts presented in this lesson.

- 1. Create a Lambda function (*user-profile-update*) for updating a user's personal profile. Assume that you can access the first name, last name, email address and the userId on the event object. Because we don't have a database yet, this function doesn't need to persist this information; however, you can log it to CloudWatch.
- 2. Create a POST method for the /user-profile resource in the API Gateway. This method should invoke the *user-profile-update* function and pass in the user's information. It should use the custom authorizer developed in this lesson.
- 3. Create a page in the *24 Hour Video* website to allow signed-in users to update their first name, last name, and email. This information should be submitted to the *user-profile-update* function via the API Gateway.