(a) 1 player	game. You	ir strategy to n	naximiz = earning
20 sided	dice. 10	O rounds. Eit	maximize earning ther roll of ke money maround
		ta	ke money maround
EV of th	re game?		and the subsection
Sol Chance	es of no	Urng a 20	will take me e that
arou	nd 20 ro	lls to achieve	e that
Une si	rategy (fi	157-pan) = 10,	ll until you get a
		20	and then every und take the money
→ 80(.	20)= 1600	The second secon	ond race money
7			The same of the sa
Now,	I am thin	iking of halan	iceho this and
comba	nhy to ta	king anything	icens this and 18 or greater.
Get to	20 Stake	(19 or 20) & take 111 \$10(90)(19.5)	(18 or 19 or 20) 4 take
	(1)	HA(90)(195)	2% rounds to get then
	=1600	= 1755	≈ 93×19 ≅ (1767)
	(		
Further	/*	9 ~ 20) & take	
	95 rounds	to get here	
	=)99951	(18.5 ≈ 1757	

continued ...

" and "	
(b) Now, if you take the money, then you have to roll again & take dice off the table.	
have to roll again & take dice off the	
My first inclination is that I would be willing to accept a much lower number	
willing to accept a much lower number	
to take the money (and re-ro(1)	
The second of th	
Let's say, if I have a strategy to accept the top half of numbers (11-20), I am thinking	
top half of numbers (11-20), I am thinking	1
through how that would look like.	
=> 1 times take money	
=> 2 rolls & 1 more round => 15.5 aug to take money 33 times => 511	
VS Slightly wo	1
Baseline strategy: > 10.5 aug = 50 hmes = (525)	
(1 roll & 1 collect)	
⇒ Now, I think it is matter of finding above which number, I would be willing to take the money.	
which number, I would be writing to the	
the money.	
O	

continued.

conthued
I will take anything in top 12% from 1-20
I will take anything in top n.1. from 1-20 will take (20-20n) or higher
# turns used = $\left(\frac{1}{n}+1\right) \Rightarrow \#games = \frac{100}{\left(\frac{1}{n}+1\right)} = \frac{100n}{n+1}$
also, average payout pergame = $(20-2n)+20=(20-10n)$
also, average payout pergame = $(20-2n)+20=(20-10n)$ Payout total (n) = $(100n(20-10n))$ $\Rightarrow$ derivative = 0 (x+1) $\Rightarrow$ do a sanity check to make sure it is max $\Rightarrow n = 0.732 \Rightarrow$ (Willing to accept anything >6)
sure it is max
$\Rightarrow \pi = 0.732 \Rightarrow \text{(Willing to accept anything $76)}$
Makes sense since I was expectify somewhere between 1 to 10.
=> Sanity: calculated that going to make around \$500 in total using earlier strategy
naively. So roughly making \$5 using that strategy in each round, so I
should should a round taking \$700
\$6 if there, hence answer makes sense, and is (SATISFYING)!
and the substitute of the part of the
continued.

continued ...

- This time casino gets to play. [Ohwow!!]

  Once you take money, casino gets to choose whether or not to re-roll the die [once everythe you take money]
  - A Note that this is complicated enough that we can't exactly solve by hand, but I am curious to hear how you think this version would work?

My first guess about Now this would go is if I play with a strategy is that I will accept anything nor higher, and Casino plays with a strategy of re-rolling any or higher, perhaps at some point (say 10) we both will accept 10 & continue without asking and wanting to re-roll kind of like an equillibrium condition.

Where do you think this number is going to be? well, if I play a strat of taking 18 or higher, casino well definitely re-roll me on that

continued

continued ... Let's say you ralled a 19, you take it, then obviously Casino re-rolls, now what hoppens? dam, my strategy has been failled, I don't get to keep 19 in future rounds. Then, I would probably have to accept a lower number. My strategy would become to accept 15 or higher. Casino sees 15 and thinks "if I re-roll expectation is 10.5, so I should revoll. I would guess it should settle at 10 or 11 where we both don't have significant incentive to re-roll and try let's say we take you playing strategy of 10 or higher OR 11 or higher, tell me something concrete. (10 or higher strategy for me What do you think casino is going to do? If it sees 15 (or something > 10.5) it will still re-rolline and try to bring me down. If it lands on 10, then casino might let me

Ljust keep it since 10 < 10-5

continued.

continued	,
(01.11.0	_

Why don't we imagine playsly this out and seeing how much money you will make? You are playsly 10 or higher & Casino playsly re-vall if 11 or higher.

- ) grewe both agree > 11 is too good for me
- => I will want it, but Casino will re-rall me whenever I get it.
- -) seems like an oscillation between us.
- I times (# is <10) => Casino doesn't want to re-roll
- I three (# is 7/10) I keep it, and casino re-vall me on it.
- I make \$15.5 (= \frac{1}{2}(2x10+11)) every 2rolls
- => 50 hmes repeated => (\$755)

each roll is worth around 7-8\$

in this case I would like to change my threshald.

continued.

Neal what Loune want to do with it?
Ahal what do you want to do with it?
If I get a 8 on a rall, then I should say Hmm not bad & just take the money.
Calculate that one
[0-20] => 14 on average
$\frac{13}{20} \text{ thres} \Rightarrow \boxed{100} \text{ games}$ $\binom{4}{\binom{13}{20}} \text{ games}$ $265 \times 14 = \boxed{\$910} \Rightarrow \text{ each rathis worth}$ $\text{around $\$9$},$
65 games
2 65×14 = (\$910) => each roll is worth around \$9
strategy ofthnal answer is between 8411.
- Loved iterative & collaborative problem-solving - liked to see diff. strategies, spurred ideas clarifying is good.
- communication => help us give you hints!
- quantitative breaking down of the problem
- Perceptive and able to grasp hints leads to more exciting discussions.