

## Number Sense Exam 095, 2/7/2020

- (1)  $15^2 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (2)  $2.25 \div (-1.5) =$  \_\_\_\_\_ (decimal)
- (3)  $15 \times 222 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (4)  $4 + 60 \div 12 \times 5 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (5)  $0.444 \dots =$  \_\_\_\_\_ (proper fraction)
- (6)  $0.1875 =$  \_\_\_\_\_ (proper fraction)
- (7)  $3913 + 3193 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (8) 5 yards = \_\_\_\_\_ inches
- (9)  $321 \times 8 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- \*(10)  $115 + 2013 - 511 + 3102 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (11) DLV - CDXLIV = \_\_\_\_\_ (Arabic Numeral)
- (12)  $23 \times 45 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (13)  $113 \times 107 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (14)  $84 + 64 - 44 - 61 + 41 - 21 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (15)  $214 \times 16 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (16) The multiplicative inverse of  $3^{-2}$  is \_\_\_\_\_
- (17)  $11 \times 319 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (18)  $3\frac{4}{5} - 8\frac{9}{10} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ (mixed number)
- (19)  $4\frac{5}{12} - 2\frac{2}{3} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ (mixed number)
- \*(20)  $\sqrt{1230} \times \sqrt{1220} =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (21) The volume of a cube with side 11 is \_\_\_\_\_
- (22)  $122 \times 16 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (23) The length of a diagonal of a square is  $3\sqrt{5}$  cm.  
The area of the square is \_\_\_\_\_ sq. cm.
- (24)  $41 \times 49 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (25) If  $23^2 - 21^2 = 11k$ , find  $k$ . \_\_\_\_\_
- (26)  $85 \times 85 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (27)  $(\sqrt{64} - \sqrt{36})^5 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (28) 36 is 24% of \_\_\_\_\_
- (29) The 11th triangular number is \_\_\_\_\_
- \*(30)  $\sqrt{34596} =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (31)  $4\frac{3}{5} - 1\frac{7}{10} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ (mixed number)
- (32) How many improper subsets does the set  $\{S, H, A, R, Y\}$  have? \_\_\_\_\_
- (33) If  $2x + 7y = 5$  and  $3x - 7y = 0$ , then  $y =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (34) The product of the prime numbers less than 11 is \_\_\_\_\_
- (35)  $\frac{6! - 4!}{5!} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ (mixed number)
- (36)  $9 \times 6! - 18 \times 5! =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (37) Let  $P = -2$ ,  $Q = 3$ , and  $R = 45$ .  $(Q^P)R =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (38)  $2.8333 \dots =$  \_\_\_\_\_ (fraction)
- (39)  $\sqrt{196} \times \sqrt{256} =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- \*(40)  $\sqrt{959} + \sqrt{487} =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (41) The  $y$ -intercept of the line  $2x - 3y = 4$  is  $(h, k)$ .  
Find  $k$ . \_\_\_\_\_
- (42) A right triangle has integral sides. If one leg is 13 then the other leg is \_\_\_\_\_
- (43)  $12 \times 39 + 13 \times 34 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (44)  $64\frac{2}{7}\% =$  \_\_\_\_\_ (proper fraction)
- (45) If  $3x - 2y = 7$  and  $3x - y = 9$ , then  $y =$  \_\_\_\_\_

- (46) How many pentagons meet at each vertex of a Platonic dodecahedron? \_\_\_\_\_
- (47)  $A$  is 25% less than  $B$  and  $B$  is 25% less than  $C$ .  
 $A$  is what % less than  $C$ ? \_\_\_\_\_ %
- (48) The 5th pentagonal number is \_\_\_\_\_
- (49)  $28 \times 38 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- \*(50)  $\sqrt[3]{700000} =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (51) The larger root of  $3x^2 - 16x + 5 = 0$  is \_\_\_\_\_
- (52)  $888 \times \frac{4}{37} =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (53) The point  $(3, 1)$  is reflected across the line  $y = x$  to the point  $(h, k)$ . Find  $k$ . \_\_\_\_\_
- (54) The 12th pentagonal number is \_\_\_\_\_
- (55) If  $(\sqrt[3]{a^4})(\sqrt[5]{a^k}) = \sqrt[15]{a^{26}}$ , then  $k =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (56) The next term of .0324, .054, .09, .15, ... is \_\_\_\_\_
- (57)  $1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + \dots + 40 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (58)  $\cos(-3\pi) - \sin(-3\pi) =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (59) The smallest integer  $x$  such that  $7x - 8 \geq 9$  is \_\_\_\_\_
- \*(60)  $9^4 \div 6^3 \times 2^3 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (61)  $\sqrt{7.3441} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ (decimal)
- (62)  $11^{13} \div 15$  has a remainder of \_\_\_\_\_
- (63) The odds of losing are 4 to 9. The probability of winning is = \_\_\_\_\_
- (64) A box contains black, red, blue, and green pens.  
How many different sets of 3 pens can be packaged? \_\_\_\_\_
- (65) The harmonic mean of the roots of  $2x^3 - 9x^2 + 10x - 3 = 0$  is \_\_\_\_\_
- (66) If  $f(x) = \frac{3-2x}{4}$ , then  $f^{-1}(-1) =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (67)  $(\cos 225^\circ)(\sin 315^\circ) =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (68)  $\cos[\sec^{-1}(1.3)] =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (69)  $(2 + 3i)(4 - 5i) = a + bi$  and  $b =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- \*(70)  $2152008 \div 3579 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (71) The minimum value of  $f(x) = (x + 2)^2 + 2$  is \_\_\_\_\_
- (72)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \left( \frac{x^2 + x - 20}{x - 4} \right) =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (73) If  $f(x) = 3x - 4$ , then  $f^{-1}(5) =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (74) If  $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{2x - 1}$ , then  $f^{-1}(4) =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (75) Let  $f(x) = 2x^3 + 3x^2 + 2x + 3$ .  
Find  $f''(-2)$ . \_\_\_\_\_
- (76) The 4-th pentagonal number is \_\_\_\_\_
- (77) Truncate  $(2\sqrt{3} + 3\sqrt{2})$  to the nearest whole. \_\_\_\_\_
- (78) A store has red, blue, green, brown, purple, and yellow crayons. How many different sets of four crayons can the store sell? \_\_\_\_\_
- (79)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1}{2x} =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- \*(80)  $833 \times \frac{2}{9} \times 67\% =$  \_\_\_\_\_