## Number Sense Exam 097, 2/21/2020

(1)  $2468 \div 9$  has a remainder of \_\_\_\_\_

(2)  $321 \times 9 - 1 =$ 

(3)  $1216 \div 4 =$ 

(4)  $\frac{19}{400} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ (decimal)

(5)  $2016 \div 3 =$ 

(6) DCXX = \_\_\_\_\_ (Arabic Numeral)

(7)  $12 + 4 \div 8 \times 6 =$ 

(8) 317 - 713 =

(9)  $4133 \div 5 =$  \_\_\_\_\_ (decimal)

\*(10)  $94 \times 85 - 76 =$ 

(11)  $8\frac{2}{3} - 4\frac{5}{6} =$  (mixed number)

 $(12) \ 2+4+6+8+10+\ldots+22 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ 

(13)  $13 \times 2121 =$ 

(14) The sum of the first 4 odd prime numbers is \_\_\_\_\_

(15) CMIX - CDIV = (Arabic Numeral)

(16) Which is larger:  $\frac{7}{9}$  or 0.8?

 $(17) 48 \times 28 + 27 \times 28 =$ 

(18)  $108 \times 109 =$ 

(19) 280 plus 30% of 320 is \_\_\_\_\_

\*(20) 8 × 15 × 1947 = \_\_\_\_\_

 $(21) 12^3 =$ 

(22)  $3\frac{1}{6} - 6\frac{1}{3} =$  (mixed number)

(23) If the area of a square is 72 sq. in., then the length of its diagonal is \_\_\_\_\_\_ in.

(24) 45 is  $2\frac{1}{2}\%$  of \_\_\_\_\_

(25) If  $f(x) = 2x^3 - 6x^2 + 6x - 2$ , then f(4) =

(26)  $21 \times 336.7 =$  \_\_\_\_\_ (decimal)

(27) How many positive integral divisors does
40 have?

(28)  $91 \times 55 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

(29) Find the units digit of  $4^9$ .

 $*(30) \ 36089 \div 239 =$ 

 $(31) \ 33 \times 91 =$ 

(32)  $112 \times 102 =$ 

 $(33) \ 109 \times 107 =$ 

(34) Given:  $2, 7, 9, 16, 25, 41, k, 107, 173, \ldots, k =$ 

(35)  $666\frac{2}{3}\%$  of  $333\frac{1}{3}$  is \_\_\_\_\_

(36) A regular hexagon with side length of 4" has a perimeter of \_\_\_\_\_\_ inches

 $(37) 15^2 + 45^2 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ 

(38) A square with a side length of  $8\sqrt{5}$  has an area of \_\_\_\_\_

(39) If  $f(x) = 4x^2 - 12x + 9$  then f(9) =

\*(40)  $31.25\% \times 481 \div \frac{1}{16} =$ 

 $(41) \ \frac{4}{25} - \frac{11}{76} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ 

(43) The slope of the line x + 2y = 4 is \_\_\_\_\_

(44) The sum of the roots minus the product of the roots of  $15x^2 - 13x + 10 = 0$  is \_\_\_\_\_

- (45) The sides of a right triangle are integers. If one leg is 7 in., then the other leg is \_\_\_\_\_ in.
- (47) The arithmetic mean of 22, 43, and 52 is \_\_\_\_\_
- (48) The number of distinct diagonals in a regular octagon is \_\_\_\_\_
- (49) If  $7^2 + b^2 = 25^2$ , then |b| =
- \*(50)  $12 \times 24 \times 36 \times 48 =$
- (51) The number of distinct diagonals of a regular nonagon is \_\_\_\_\_
- (52) Find the 25th term of  $3, 8, 13, 18, 23, \dots$
- (53)  $(3i-2) \div (3i+2) = a + bi. b =$
- $(54) \ 32_6 \div 5_6 \times 4_6 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}_6$
- (55) The largest number of regions created by five intersecting lines is \_\_\_\_\_
- $(56) 1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + \ldots + 7^2 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- (57) If  $\log 2 = .3$  and  $\log 3 = .48$ , then  $\log 6 =$
- (58) The sum of the coefficients of the expansion  $(4x 2y)^3$  is \_\_\_\_\_\_
- (59)  $(3-2i)^2 = a + bi$  and a =\_\_\_\_\_
- \*(60) 87493  $\div$  12497  $\times$  625 = \_\_\_\_\_\_
- (61) If f(x) = 2x 5 and g(x) = 4x + 3, then f(g(-1)) =
- (62) If  $9^{(2x-1)} = 3^{(x+2)}$ , then x =
- (63)  $\frac{\pi}{5}$  radians = \_\_\_\_\_\_ degrees

- (64)  $\sqrt{5329} =$
- $(65) \ 6+2+\frac{2}{3}+\ldots=$
- (66) 4 coins are tossed. What is that probability of getting all four tails?
- (67)  $12^6 \div 5$  has a remainder of \_\_\_\_\_
- (68)  $(x^3 + 2x^2 + x + 4) \div (x + 1)$  has a remainder of
- (69) Find the sum of the squares of the roots of the equation  $x^2 + 5x + 6 = 0$ .
- \*(70) The surface area of a right cylinder with a radius of 3" and a height of 4" is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sq. in.
- (71) The phase shift of  $5\cos 4(x+3) 2$  is \_\_\_\_\_
- (72) Let  $f(x) = 2x^3 + 3x^2 + 2x + 3$ . Find f''(-2).
- $(73) \ \frac{1}{18} + \frac{1}{36} + \frac{1}{60} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- $(74) \ \ 2(1!) + 3(2!) + 4(3!) + 5(4!) + 6(5!) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- $(75) 111 \times 27 =$
- (76) Find x, if det  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ x & 4 \end{bmatrix} = 5$ .
- (77)  $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{4}{5} \times \frac{6}{7} =$
- (78) The vertical displacement of  $y = 5\cos 4(x+3) 2$  is
- $(79) 1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3 + 4^3 + 5^3 + 6^3 + 7^3 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- \*(80) 223121  $\div$   $(101 \times 11) =$