

Instructor:
Prof. Ighor Uzhinsky

Formula Student

Advanced PLM course
CDMM, 2020

**30
Countries**

**600
Universities**

**1500
Sponsors**





Introduction to PLM

Teams assembly



Rules management



Simulations



First digital twin



Advanced PLM

Design verification



Battery simulations



Powertrain simulations



Optimisation of Chassis



Advanced PLM 2

Finalization of the digital car



Purchases



Start of Assembly



Detailing



Assembly & Racing

Racing



Adjustments



Testing



Assembly



Teams Assembly



Systems Engineering

Powertrain

Suspension

Chassis

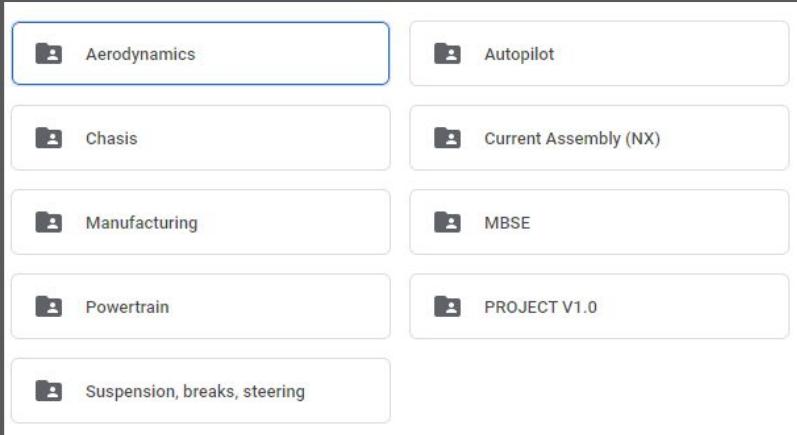
Systems Engineering



**Powertrain
Suspension
Chassis**

Project organization

How it was



Folder type organization

How it is now

A screenshot of a software interface showing a detailed view of a project component. The left panel displays properties for a car assembly, including ID, Name, Description, Type, Release Status, Date Released, Effectivity, Owner, Group ID, and Last Modifying User. The right panel shows a preview of the car assembly, which is a wireframe model of a chassis.

PROPERTIES	
ID:	FS.00.00
Name:	Car assembly
Description:	Whole car assembly, which includes all subsystems
Type:	Assembly
Release Status:	
Date Released:	
Effectivity:	
Owner:	Evgeniy Naumenko (e.naumenko)
Group ID:	Formula student.Introduction to PLM
Last Modifying User:	Denis Artemov (d.artemov)

PLM type organization

Cost report generation

Current approach

System	Part	Bought / Made	Cost	Quantity	Exchange rate	Multiplier	Total
Drivers' Equipment	Helmet	Bought	€500.00	2		73	73,000.00 P
	Underhelmet	Bought	€20.00	2		73	2,920.00 P
	Suit	Bought	€500.00	2		73	73,000.00 P
	Gloves	Bought	€100.00	2		73	14,600.00 P
	Undersuit	Bought	€50.00	2		73	7,300.00 P
	Underpants	Bought	€50.00	2		73	7,300.00 P
	Socks	Bought	€20.00	2		73	2,920.00 P
	Shoes	Bought	€200.00	2		73	29,200.00 P
	Seatbelts	Bought	€400.00	1		73	29,200.00 P
	Arm restraints	Bought	€50.00	2		73	7,300.00 P
Total system cost:							246,740.00 P

Excel, google sheets, etc.

Future approach

The screenshot shows a ValiSpace interface with a "Table Block" component. The table has a single row with the following data:

Name	Shoes cost_ru: 33524 rur
Caption	Suit cost_ru: 83810 rur
BUDGET	cost_ru 283277.8 rur
val	Drivers_Equipment.cost_ru 283277.8 rur

Below the table, there are checkboxes for "show margins", "collapse all", "expand all", and "copy". A button labeled "Click" is also visible.

ValiSpace

Completed plans

Requirements
implementation

All project in
Teamcenter

Smart car
assembly

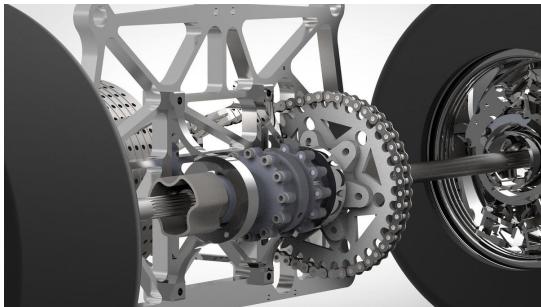
Powertrain

Peter Savchenko
Aleksandr Esin
Denis Artemov

TA: Tikhon Uglov

Suspension
Chassis

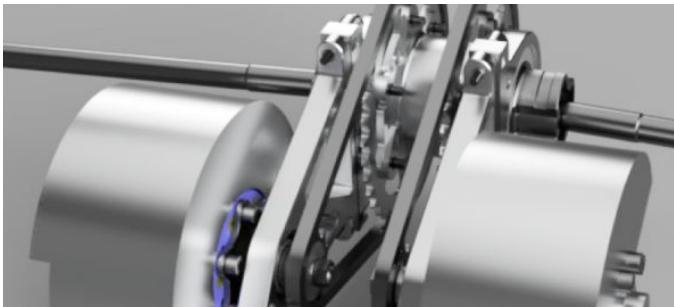
Configurations



One motor

Good for the first experience;
Simplest control system;
Requires less self manufactured parts: mounting parts, flanges for sprockets and motor shaft.

Loses in performance compared to multi-motors cars



Two motors

Better performance than 1 motor config;
Does not need differential

More complex control system;
Higher price;
Reduction gear design and manufacturing required.

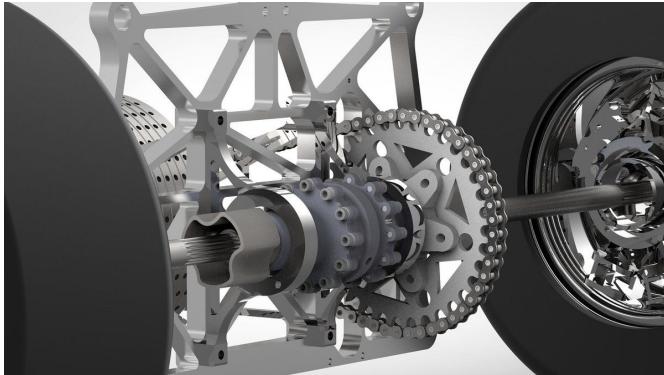


Four motors

Best performance and high acceleration;
Turning can be achieved by motors (tank like) - used in autopilot FS.

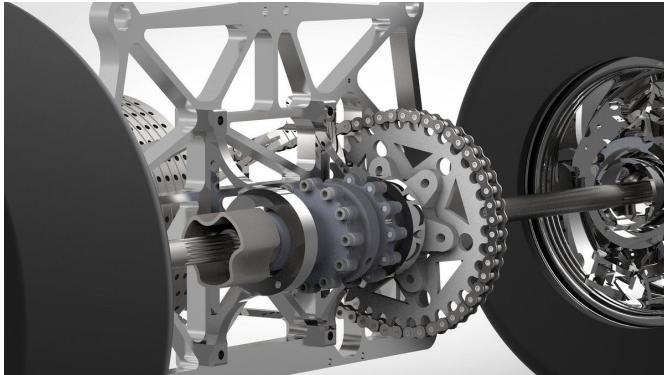
Complicated control system
The highest price;
Planetary reduction gear manufacturing required.

One, two or four electric motors?



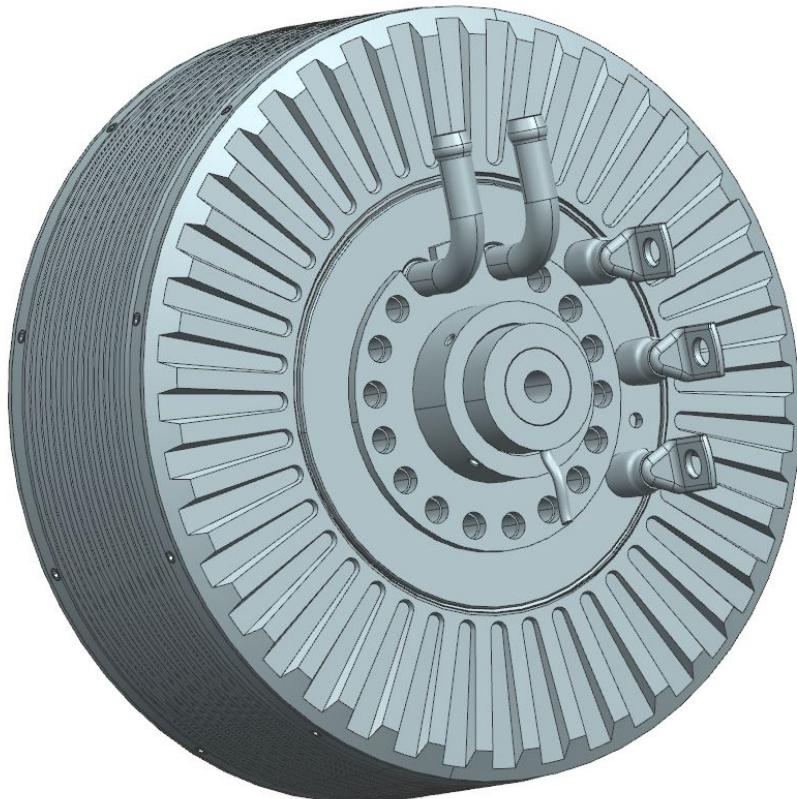
	Single motor config.	Two motors config.	Four motors config.
Pros	Good for the first experience; Simplest control system; Requires less self manufactured parts: mounting parts, flanges for sprockets and motor shaft.	Better performance than 1 motor config*; Does not need differential	Best performance and high acceleration; Turning can be achieved by motors (tank like) - used in autopilot FS.
Cons	Loses in performance compared to multi-motors cars	More complex control system Higher price; Reduction gear design and manufacturing required.	Complicated control system The highest price; Planetary reduction gear design and manufacturing required.

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Cons	Loses in performance compared to multi-motors cars	More complex control system Higher price; Reduction gear design and manufacturing required.	Complicated control system The highest price; Planetary reduction gear design and manufacturing required.

Electric motor - Emrax 228



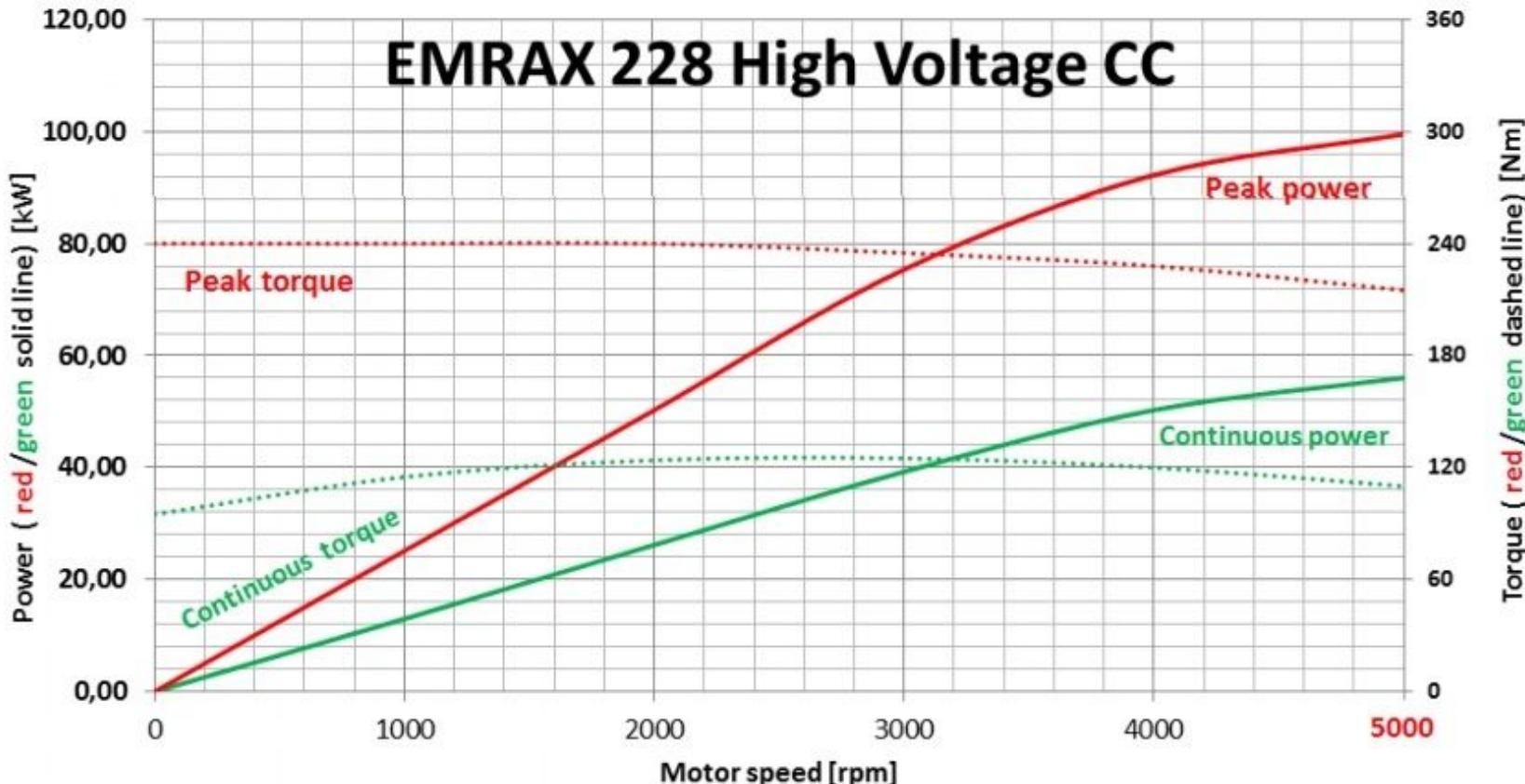
continuous power ~62 kW
continuous torque ~ 120 Nm

Peak power 109 kW
Peak torque 230 Nm

Water cooling
(mean heat ~1 kW)

Great High voltage
performance (600 VDC)

Power curve



Electric motor - Emrax 208



Two motor setup

Peak power 68 kW
Peak torque 140 Nm

Water cooling (mean
heat ~630 W per one)

continuous power ~41 kW
continuous torque ~ 80 Nm

Emrax 228 vs 208 (x2)

Motor	Emrax 228	Emrax 208 x2
Continuous power (80 kW limit)	~68 kW	~ 82 kW
Heat	1025 W	1266 W
State of charge after 24 km (same pack capacity)	19%	10%
Suitable pack configuration (x4)	41 cells in series, 4 in parallel (150V, 80A)	80 cells in series, 2 in parallel (288V, 55A)
Pack heat	195 W	375 W

Motor controller - Bamocar d3

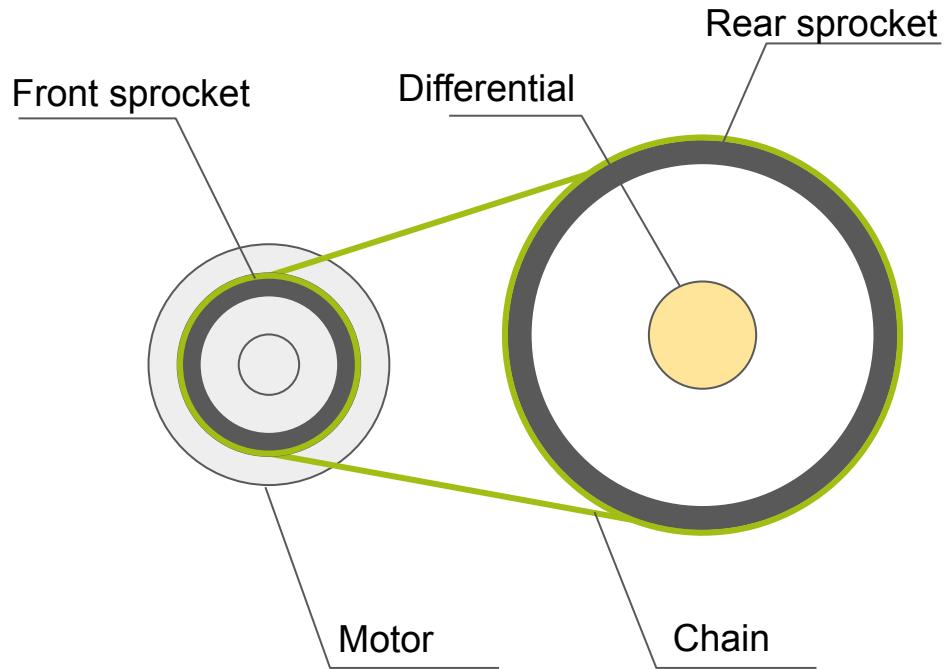


Recommended by
Emrax

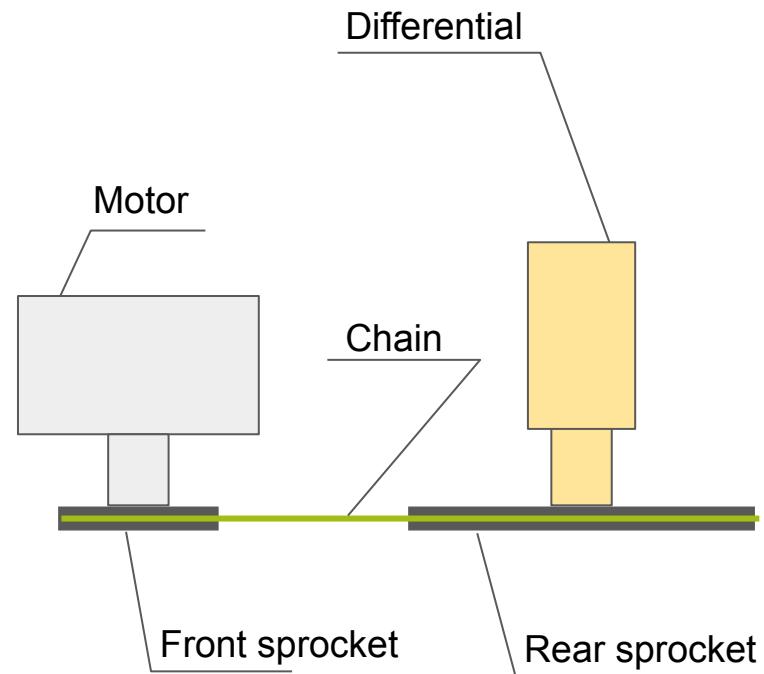
Programmable
operation

Water cooling

Transmission Scheme



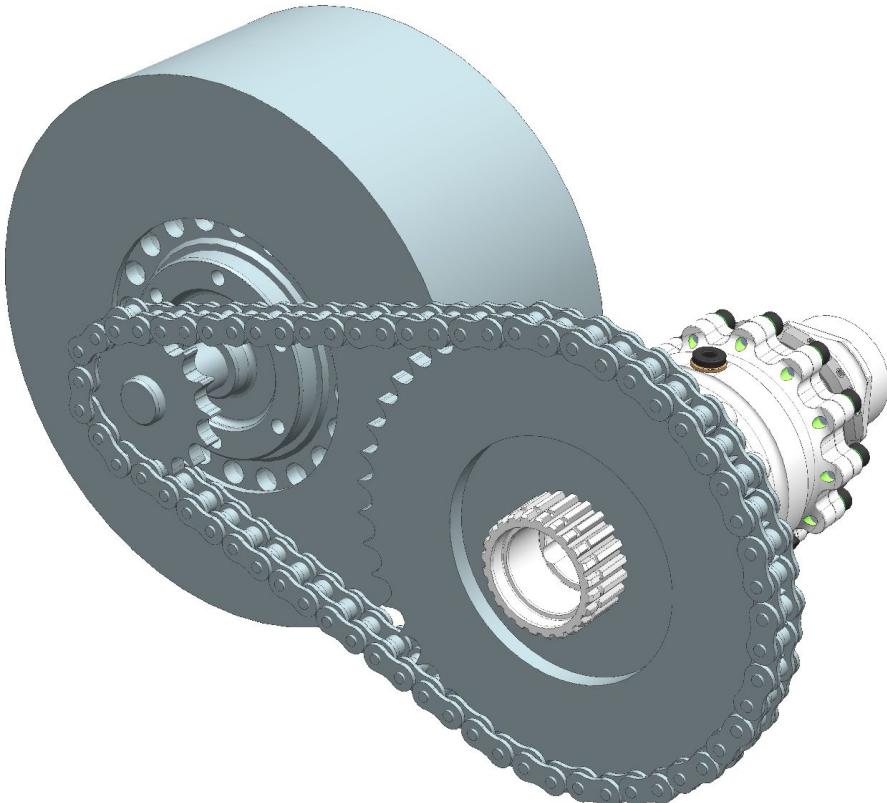
Side View



Top View

Power transmission

1. Emrax 228 max. Moment = 230 N*m
2. Moment req. on wheels to launch = 600 N*m
3. Gear Ratio = 3
4. Acceleration = 11 m/s²
5. Max. approximate speed = ~140 km/h
6. Chain load = ~800 kg



Transmission system equipment



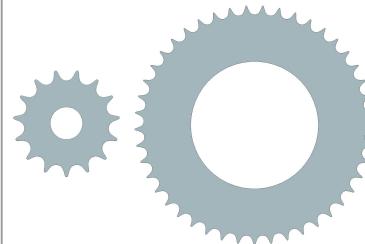
Chain: DID 428-VX

X-ring oil seals

Elements needed: 65

Tensile Strength: 3365.655 kg

Price: ~75 \$



Self Made Sprockets

$Z_1=15$, $Z_2=45$

Ratio: 3



Drexler Adjustable Limited Slip Differential V2

It enables to adjust the preload with a hook wrench.

Six modes:

85,272% (Torque Bias Ratio)

58,672%

49,231%

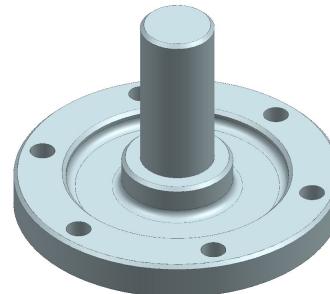
41,310%

28,424%

Max. torque: 1200 Nm

Weight: 2,3 kg

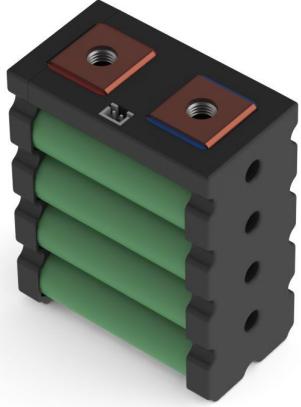
Price: 2043 \$



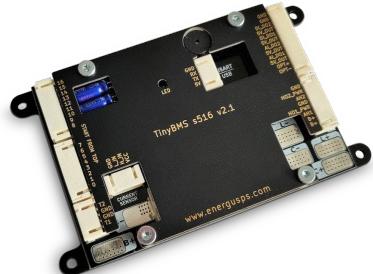
Self Made Motor Shaft

6 attachment points

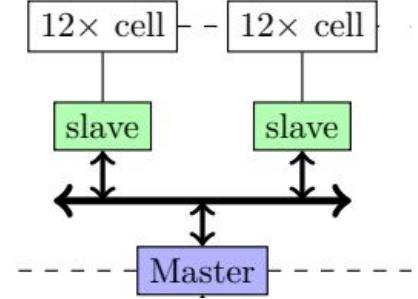
Battery pack



6 kWh pack
discharges from 80%
to 19% during 24 km
run (650 cells)

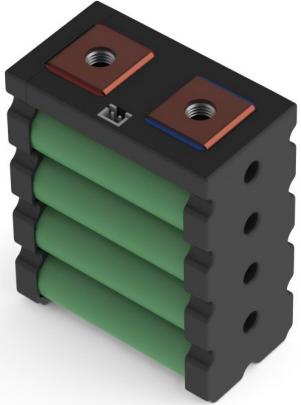


BMS Master-slave
system

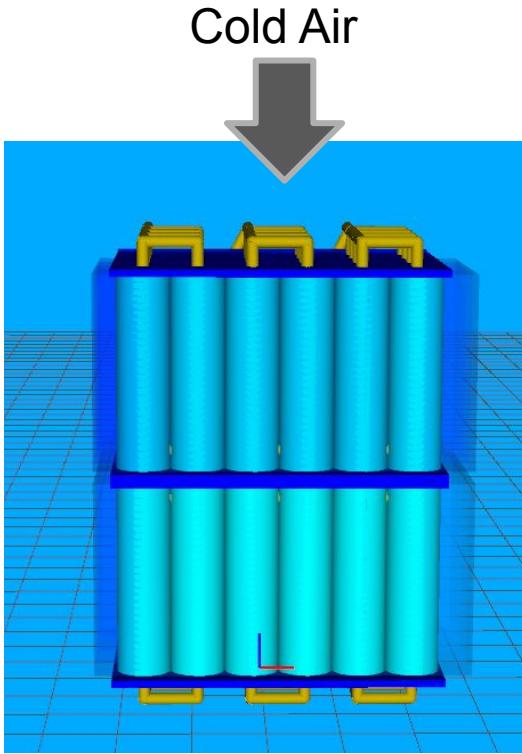


Continuous
measurement of all
cell voltages, total
current and
temperature of >30%
of cells

Battery pack

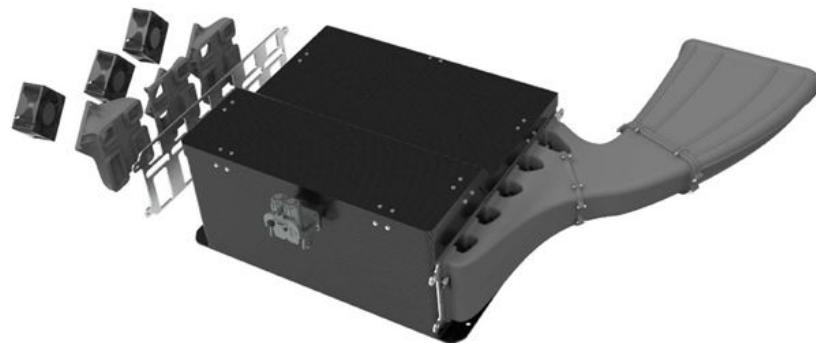
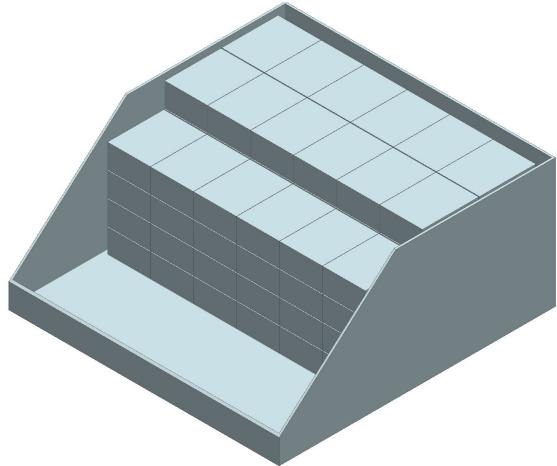


Can operate with air cooling



1 individual cell
generates ~2 W of heat
Temperatures are 5%
higher in the second
row of cells

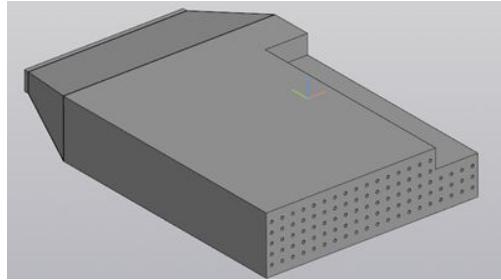
Battery layout



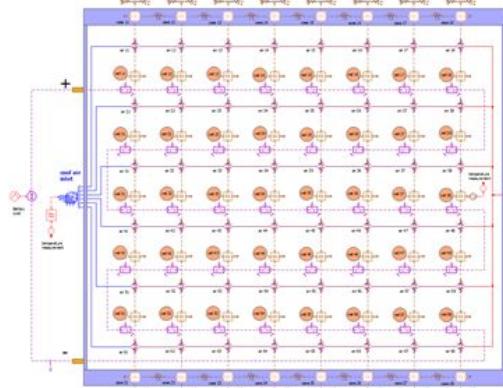
Air - Cooling system

Amount of holes	92
Length of holes	0,42 m
Diameter of holes	0,006 m
Air inlet velocity	20 m/s
Air velocity inside battery	0,5 m/s
Pressure drop, Pa	$\Delta P = \Delta P_{fr} + \Delta P_{loc} = 218,78 \text{ Pa}$

Simplified battery pack model

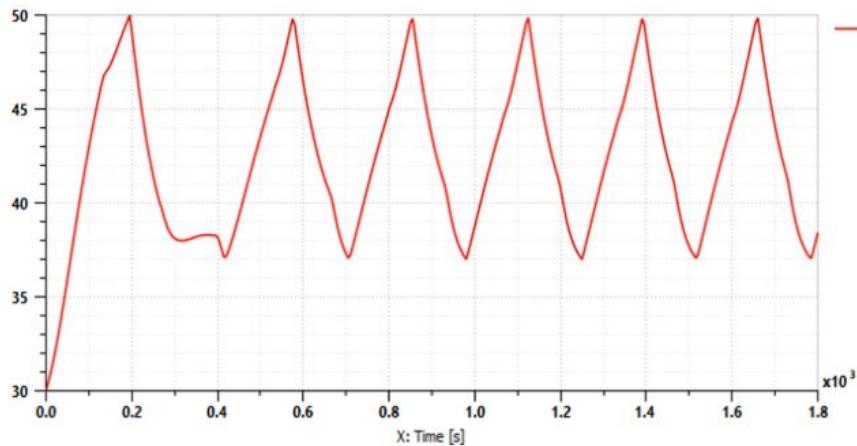


Battery pack Amesim model

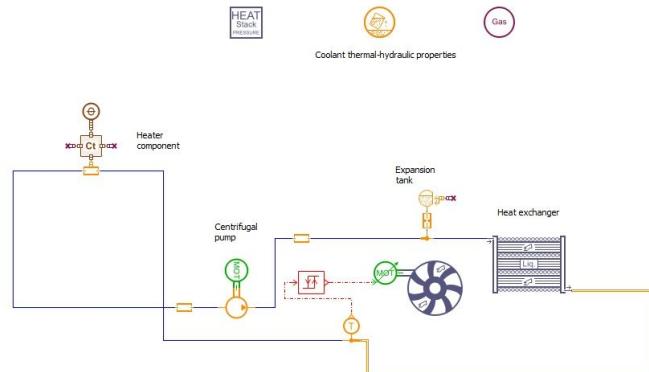


Water - Cooling system

Ventilator operating process



Water-cooling process



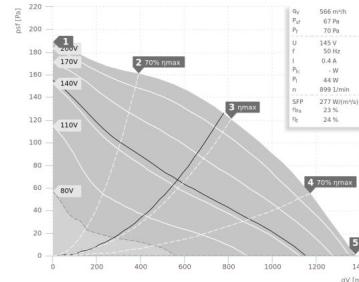
Cooling system equipment



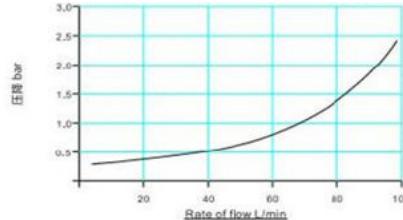
Pump Type: Pmsm Pump
Voltage: 12V DC
Allowable Voltage: 10V-15V
Maximum flow rate: 1100 Lph
Head: 3.8 m
Connectors: 4Pin + PWM
Rotation speed: 5000 rpm
Operating temperature: 45 ° after 4000 rpm
Price: 60-70 \$



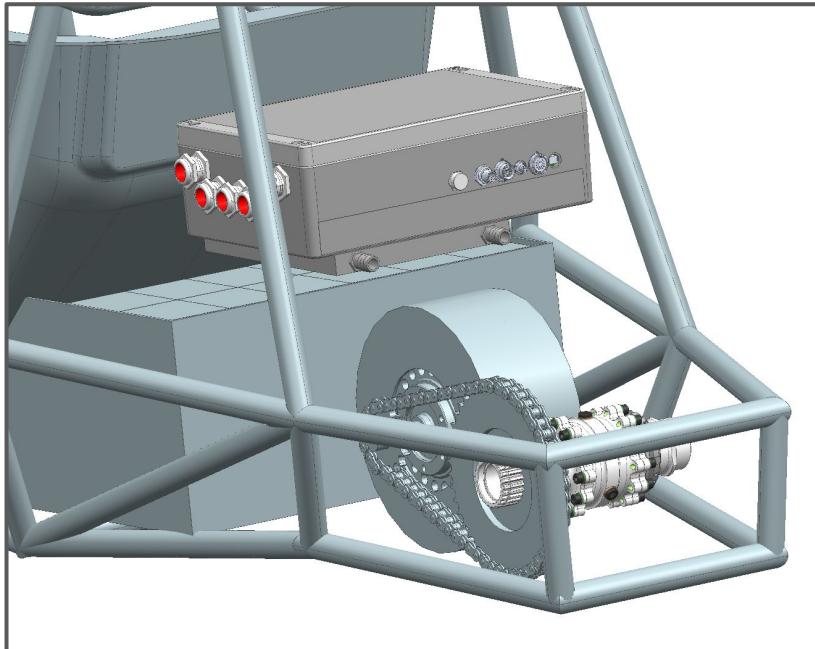
Type of fan: backward curved centrifugal fan
Volume flow: 566 m³/h :
Pressure drop: 67 Pa
Rotation speed: 899 1/min
Voltage: 230V
Maximum current 0,4 A
Weight: 2,9 kg



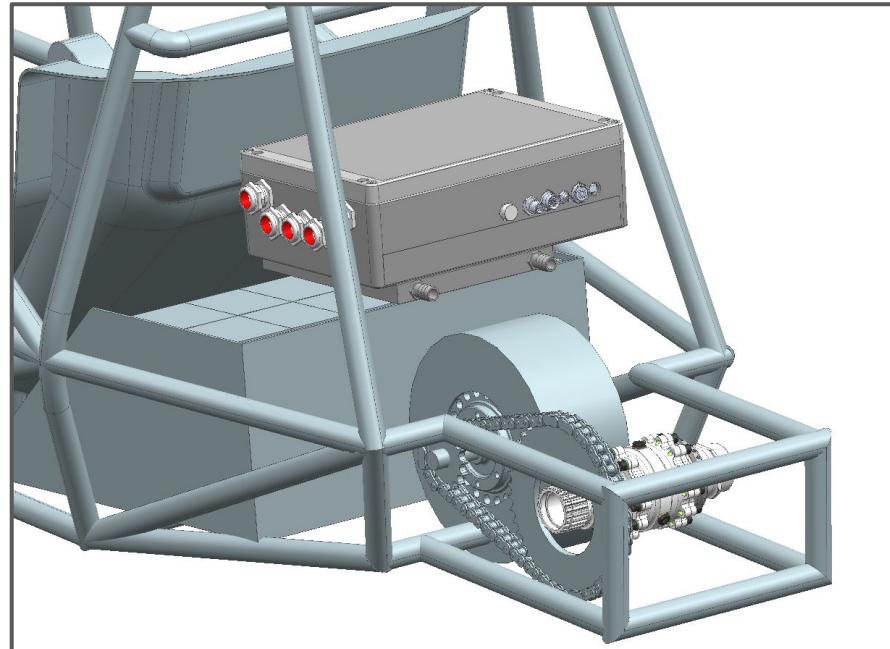
Heat-exchanger type: ECO-04
Pressure drop: 150 Pa
Working pressure: up to 20 bar
Thermostat: operating temperature 50 ± 3 C
Fan Power: 100W
Cooling Power: 3.5 kW
Weight: 7 kg
Price: 80-100 \$



Possible components layout and frame



7th iteration frame variant



8th iteration frame variant

Future plans

To design:

- Drivetrain mounting parts;
- Flanges for driving sprockets;
- Detailed Battery System;
- Cooling system parts.

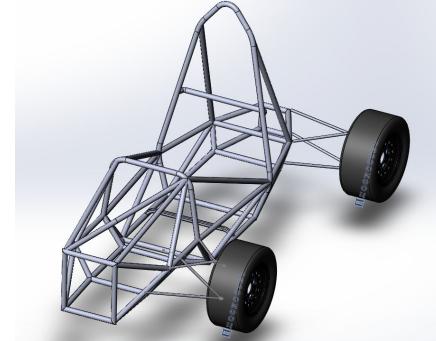
To buy:

- Battery parts;
- Electric motor and supplements;
- Cooling system parts;
- Sprockets and chain;
- Differential, driveshaft-assy.

Suspension

Lida Silkina
Anastasija Cumika

TA: Tihon Uglov



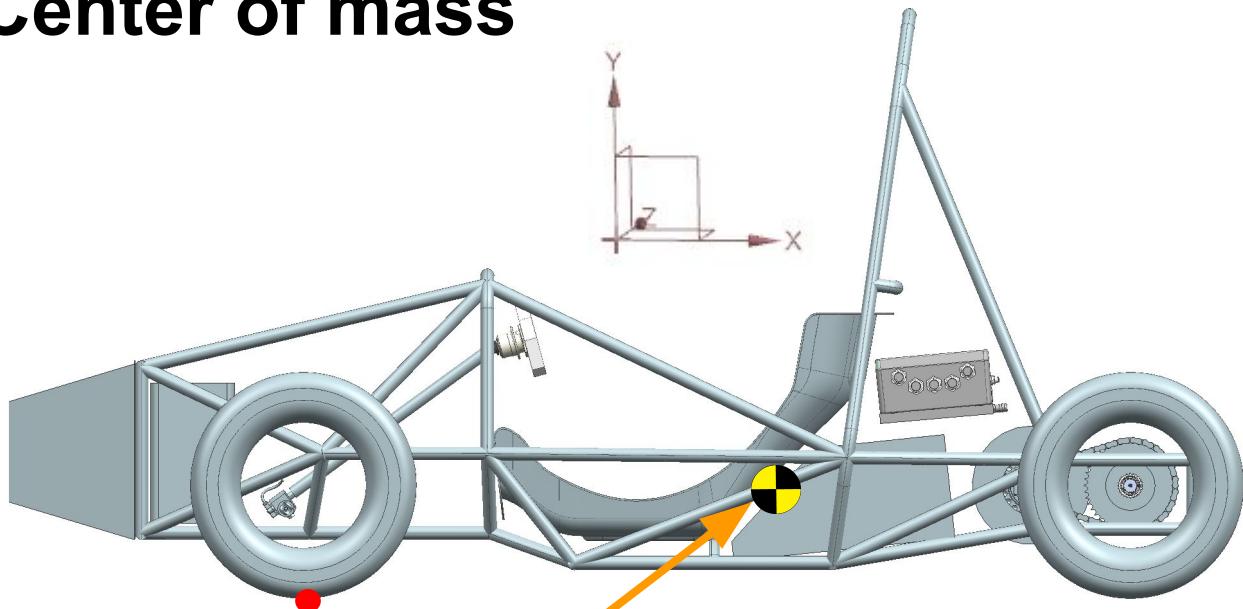
Chassis

Center of mass

Ratio F/R = 49.5:50.5

Goal F/R ~ 45:55

Wheelbase = 1675 mm



Center of gravity

Y = 274 mm

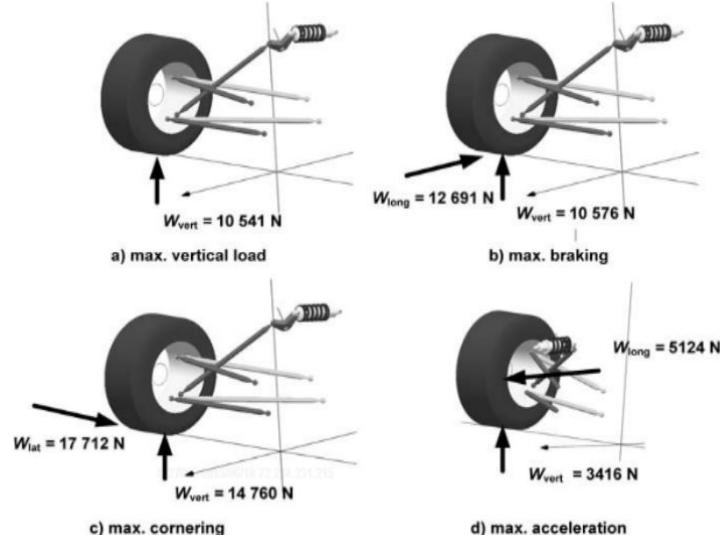
X = 890 mm

Z = 0

Limiting cases

Acceleration:

- Longitudinal weight transfer 442 N
- Max acceleration from start 9.82 m/s^2



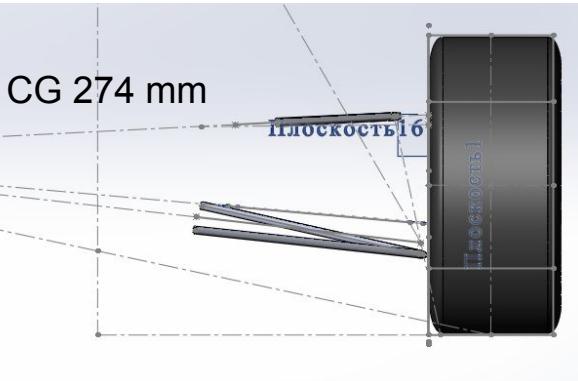
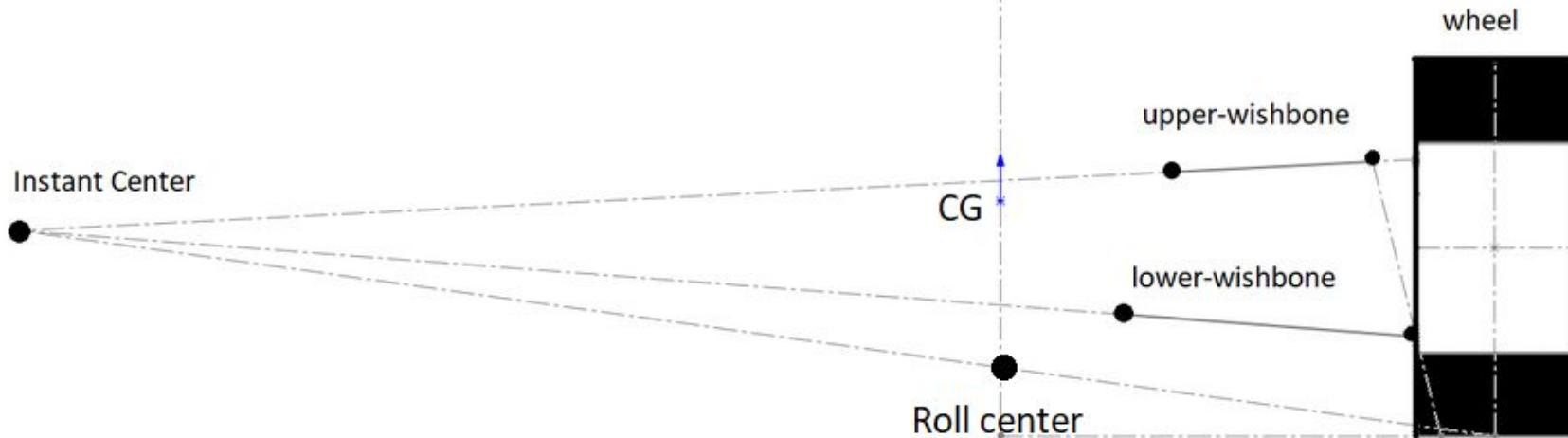
Breaking:

- Longitudinal weight transfer 662 N
(from rear to front axle)
- Max deceleration 14.7 m/s^2

Cornering:

- Lateral weight transfer 934 N
- For 3.5 m radius max velocity 7.17 m/s

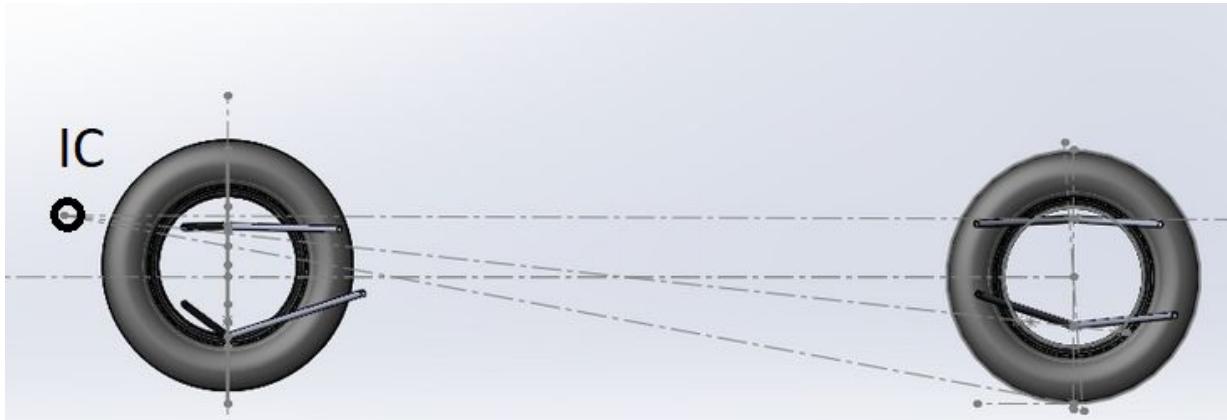
Wishbones geometry. Front view.



Rear RC - (0; 0.152)m

Front RC (0; 0.128)m

Wishbones geometry. Side view.

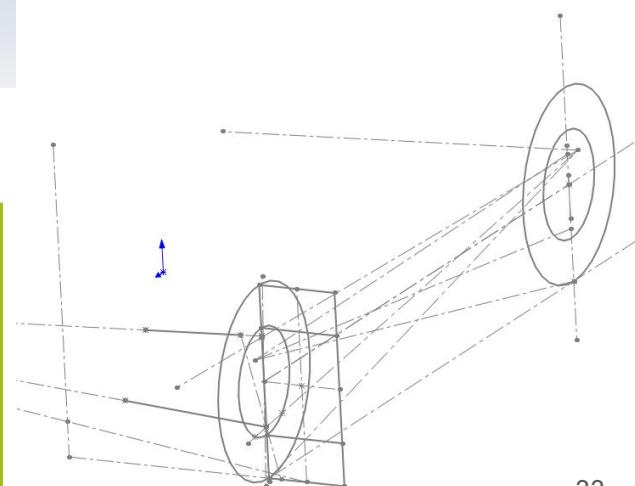


- %anti-dive = 84.53%
- %anti-lift = 29.46%
- %anti-squat = 77.56%

Side-view IC location

Rear (1.613; 0.293)m

Front (1.838; 0.343) m



Brake system

Master Cylinder diameter

Front = 15.88 mm

Rear = 19.05 mm

Pedal ratio = 5



Break torque

Front = 483 (332) N

Rear = 209 (116) N

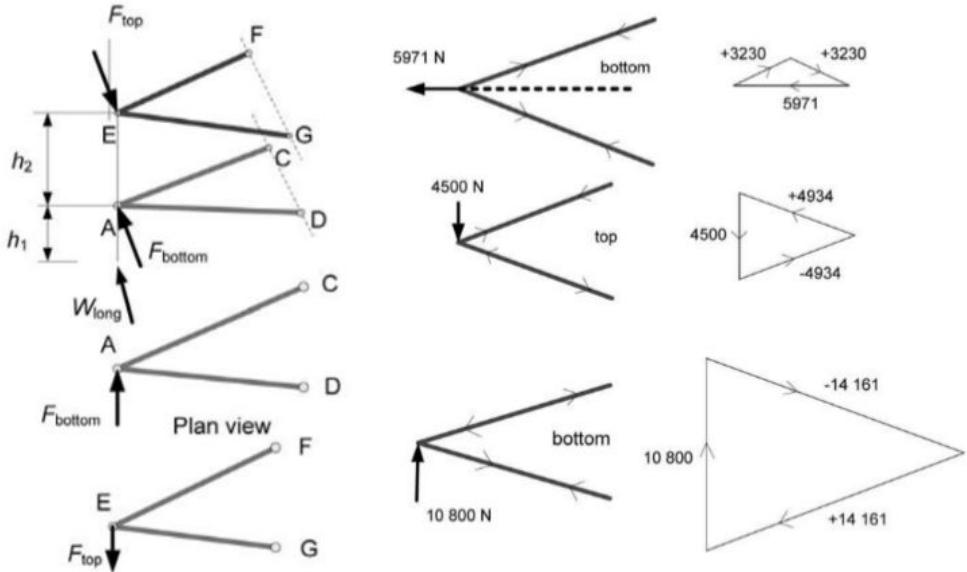


Piston area = 10.1 cm²

Forces on wishbones

4 max cases studies:

Vertical, breaking,
accelerating, cornering.



Max forces front:

Pushrod front = 2316 N (Vertical)

AC = 2121 N (Cornering)

AD = 3062 N (Breaking)

EF = 1079 N (Cornering)

EG = 1015 N (Cornering)

Max forces rear:

Pushrod front = 3553 N (Vertical)

AC = 2327 N (Accelerating)

AD = 760 N (Vertical)

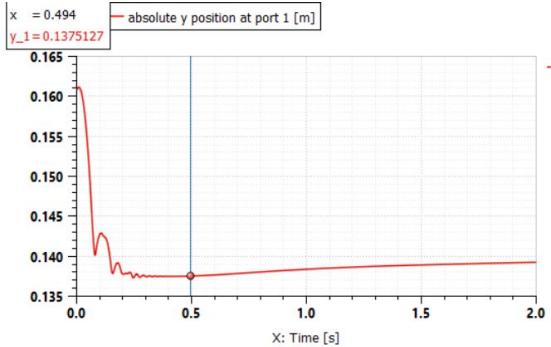
EF = 911 N (Accelerating)

EG = 1217 N (Cornering)

Springs: pushrod design

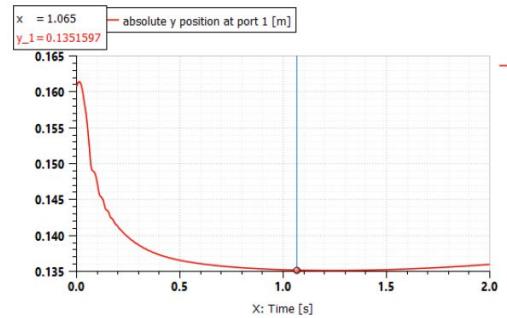
Spring stiffness 350 lb/in

Shrinkage: 24 mm (not enough)



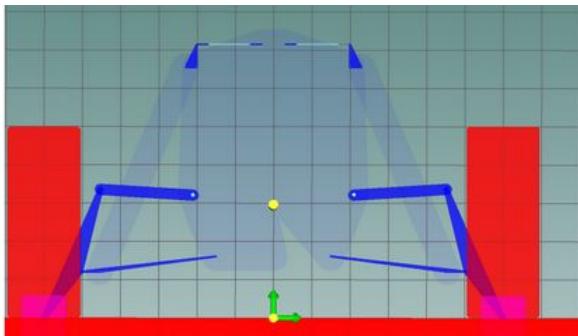
Spring stiffness 175 lb/in

Shrinkage: 26 mm



Minimum compliance
(according to FSAE rules):
+25mm

Functional model in Amesim

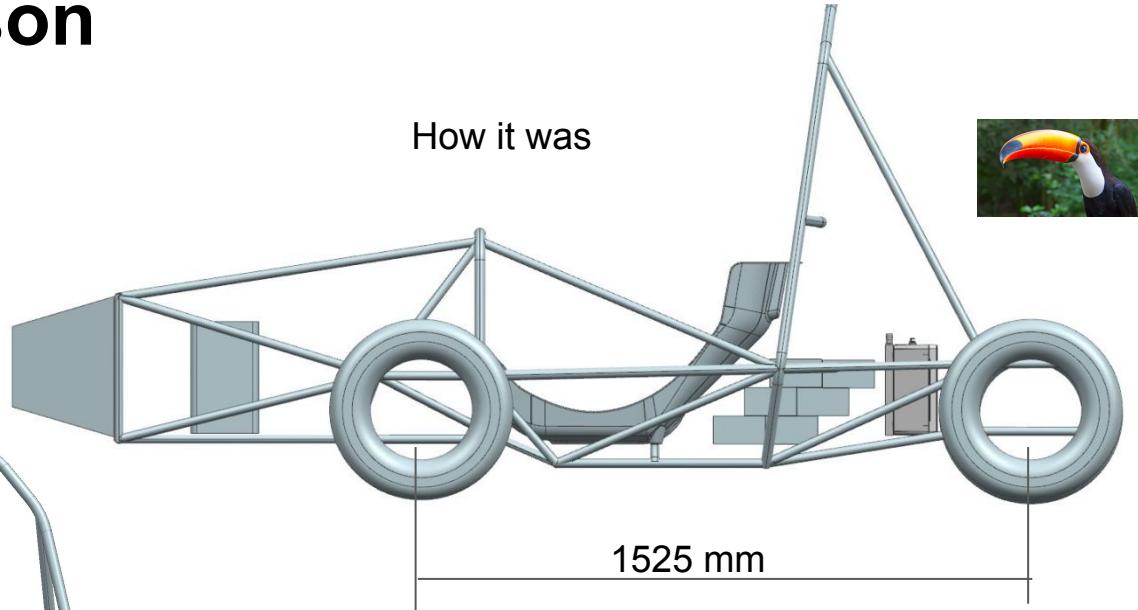


Öhlins ttx25 175 lb/in

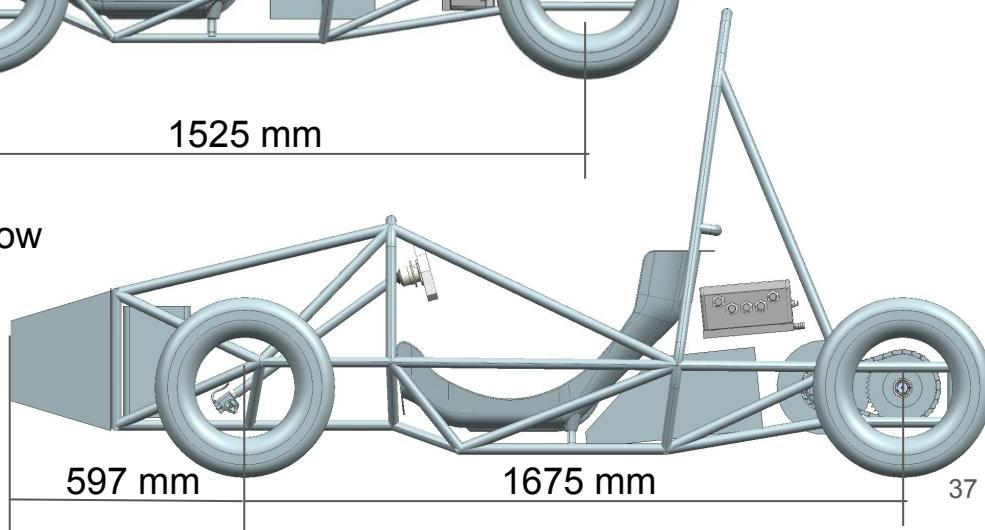
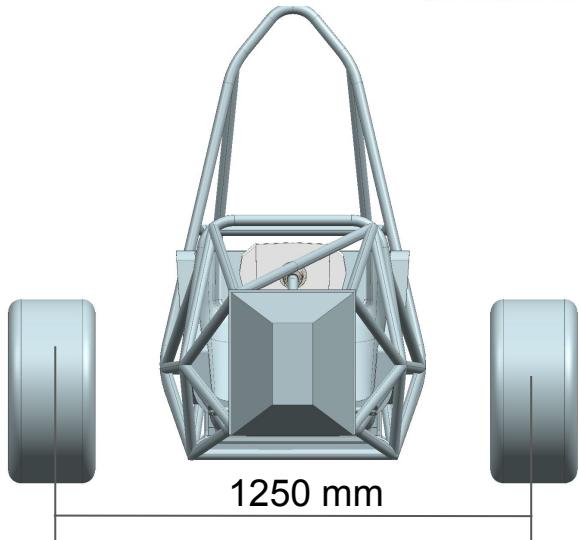
- Overall length: 257 mm (center to center of spherical bearings, fully extended)
- Stroke: 57 mm
- Weight: 394 g (without spring)

Comparison

How it was

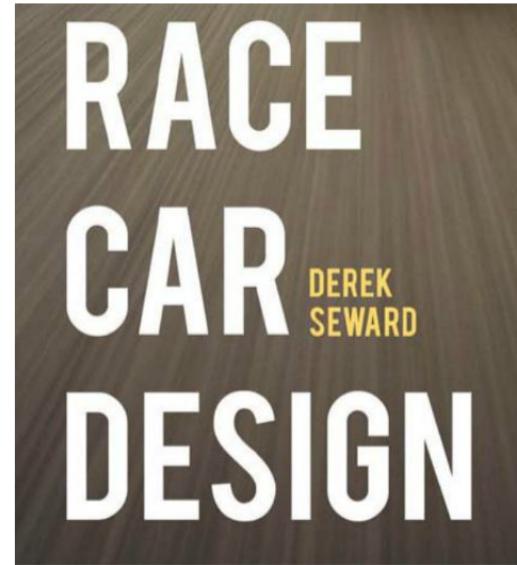
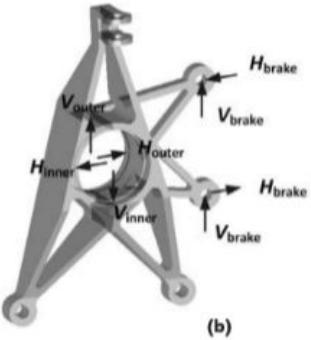


How it's now



Future plans

- Car Balancing (in progress)
- Knuckle 3D model
- Front and rear wheel assemblies
- pSeven optimization



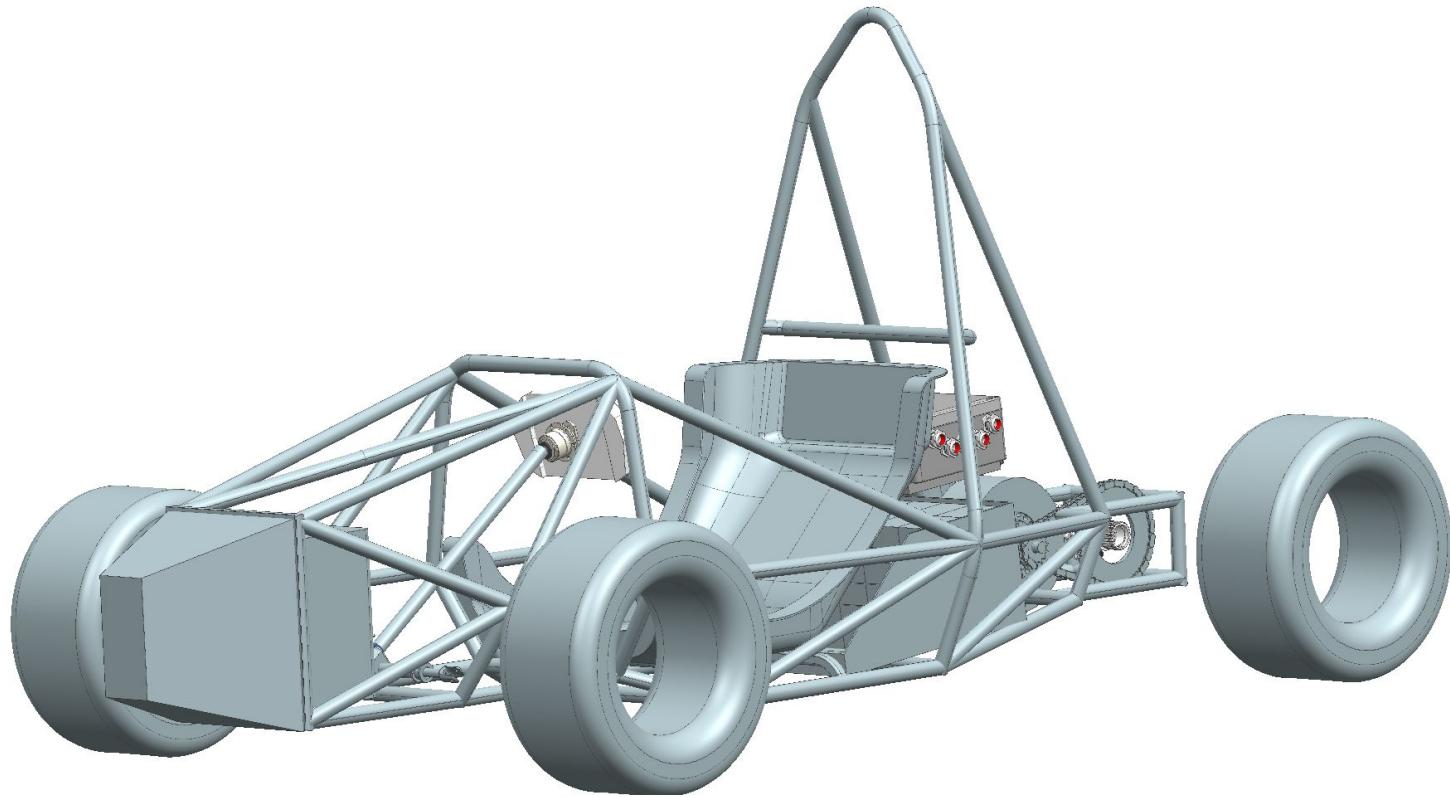
**Systems Engineering
Powertrain
Suspension**

Chassis

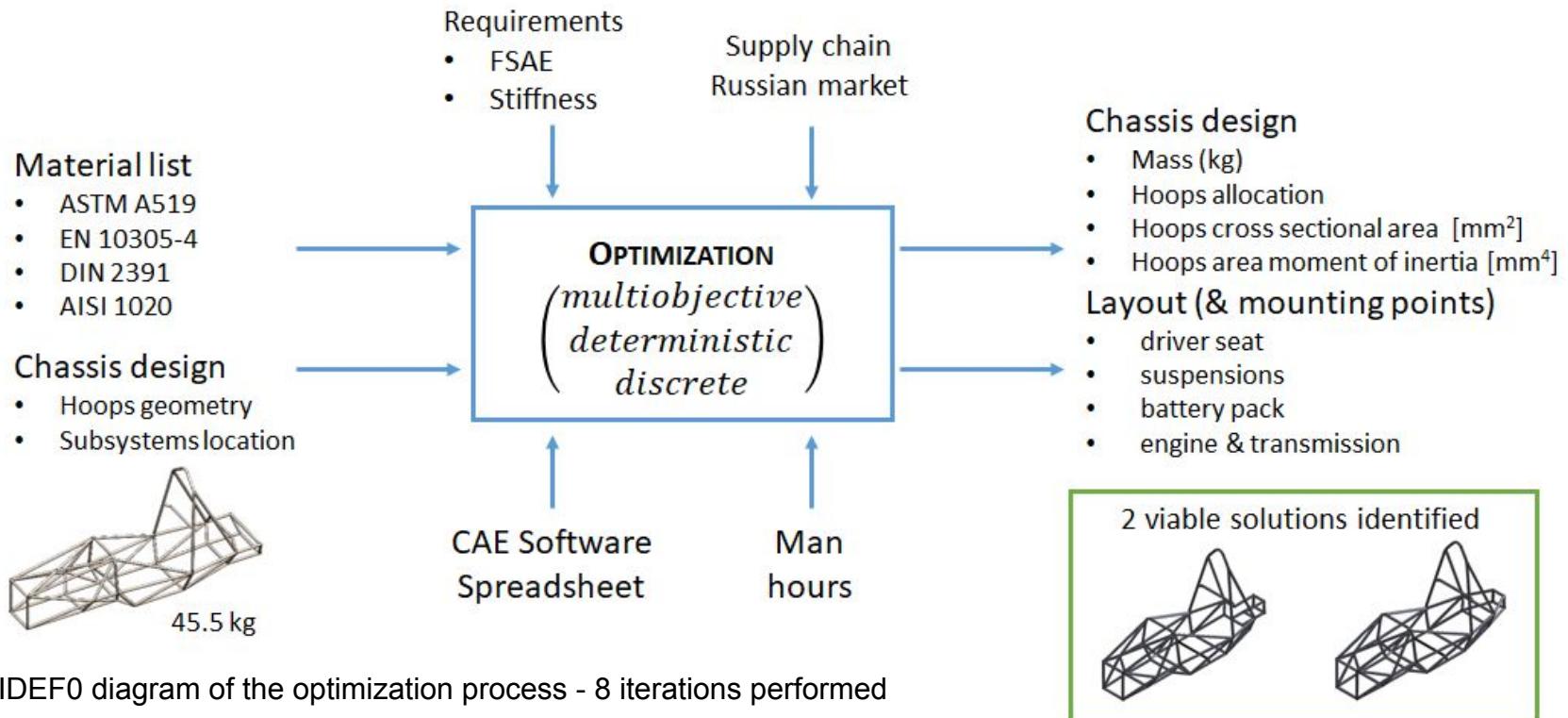
Nicola Garzaniti
Semen Chetverin
Muhammad Umair

TA: Tihon Uglov

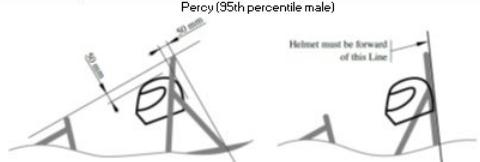
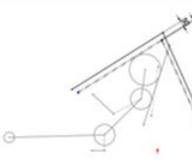
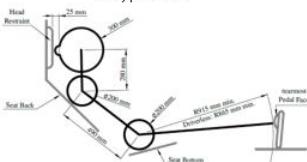
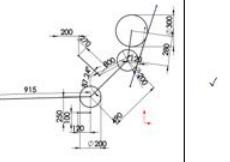
Chassis



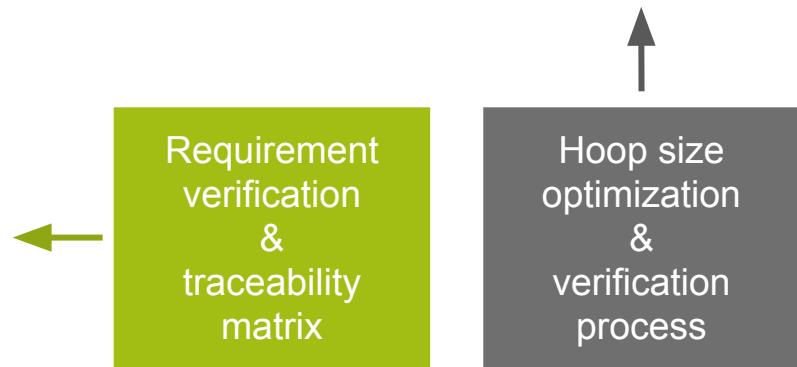
Chassis optimization



Chassis optimization

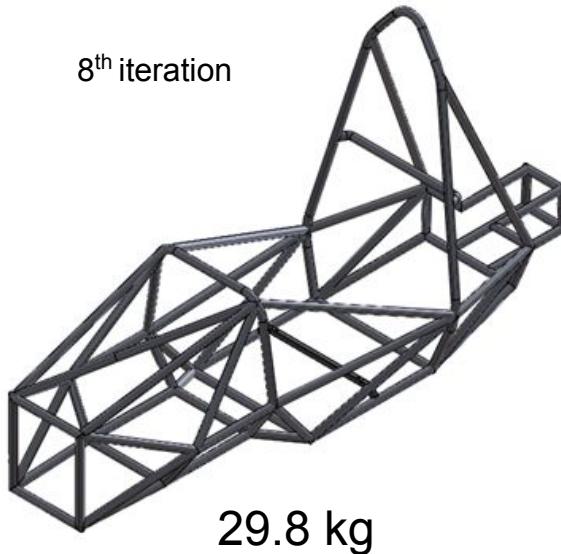
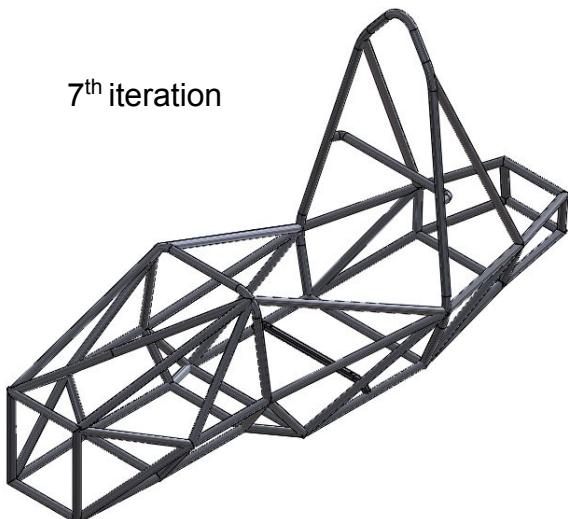
Requirements				Verification method	Design decision	Pass/Fail
T2.7.1 The vehicle must have a wheelbase of at least 1525 mm.				RoD	1525 mm	✓
T3.2.1	Minimum wall thickness [mm]	Minimum cross sectional area [mm²]	Minimum area moment of inertia [mm⁴]			
	2	175	11320	RoD	ISO pipe 26.9x2.3	✓
T3.2.1	Main and front hoops, shoulder harness mounting bar	2	175	11320	RoD	✓
	Side impact structure, front bulkhead, roll hoop bracing, driver's restraint harness attachment	1.2	119	8509	RoD	✓
T3.2.2	Steel tubing has to be made from unalloyed carbon steel with a maximum content of 0.3% carbon, 1.7% manganese and 0.6% of any other element. All other steel grades are considered alternative materials and require additional testing and documentation	RoD	AISI 1020			✓
T3.2.4	Non-welded strength for continuous material calculations					
	Young's Modulus (E)	200 GPa		RoD	200 GPa	✓
	Yield Strength (Sy)	305 MPa			370 MPa	✓
	Ultimate Strength (Su)	365 MPa			550 MPa	✓
Welded strength for discontinuous material such as joint calculations:						
	Yield Strength (Sy)	180 MPa		RoD	200 MPa	✓
	Ultimate Strength (Su)	300 MPa			550 MPa	✓
T4.3.1	Percy (35th percentile male) 	RoD				✓
T4.3.2	The 35th percentile male is represented by a two dimensional figure consisting of two circles of 200mm diameter (one representing the hips and buttocks and one representing the shoulder region) and one circle of 300mm (representing the head with helmet).	RoD	see below			✓
T4.3.3	The two 200mm circles are connected by a straight line measuring 490mm. The 300mm circle is connected by a straight line measuring 280mm with the upper 200mm circle.	RoD	see below			✓
T4.3.4	Percy placement 	RoD				✓

		Minimum wall thickness [mm]	Minimum cross sectional area [mm²]	Minimum area moment of inertia [mm⁴]	Verification method	Design decision	Pass/Fail
T3.2.1	Main and front hoops, shoulder harness mounting bar	2	175	11320	RoD		✓
	Side impact structure, front bulkhead, roll hoop bracing, driver's restraint harness attachment	1.2	119	8509	RoD		✓
	size	mm	size	mm	size	mm	
	D	26.9	D	26.9	D	26.9	
	d	22.3	d	23.7	d	23.7	
	wt	2.3	wt	1.6	wt	1.6	
	$I_x = \frac{\pi}{4} (r_2^4 - r_1^4)$		$A_{th} [\text{mm}^2]$	177.7513	$A_{th} [\text{mm}^2]$	127.1717	
	$I_y = \frac{\pi}{4} (r_2^4 - r_1^4)$						
	$I_z = \frac{\pi}{2} (r_2^4 - r_1^4)$		$I_x [\text{mm}^4]$	13563.54	$I_x [\text{mm}^4]$	10215.86	
			$I_y [\text{mm}^4]$	13563.54	$I_y [\text{mm}^4]$	10215.86	
			$I_z [\text{mm}^4]$	27127.07	$I_z [\text{mm}^4]$	20431.72	

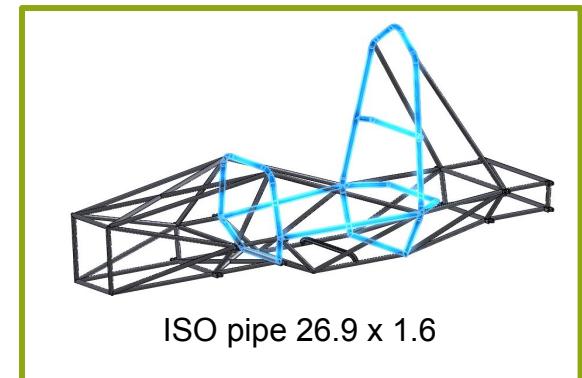
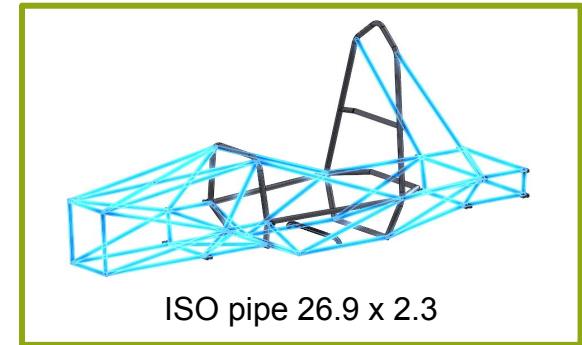


Chassis optimization results

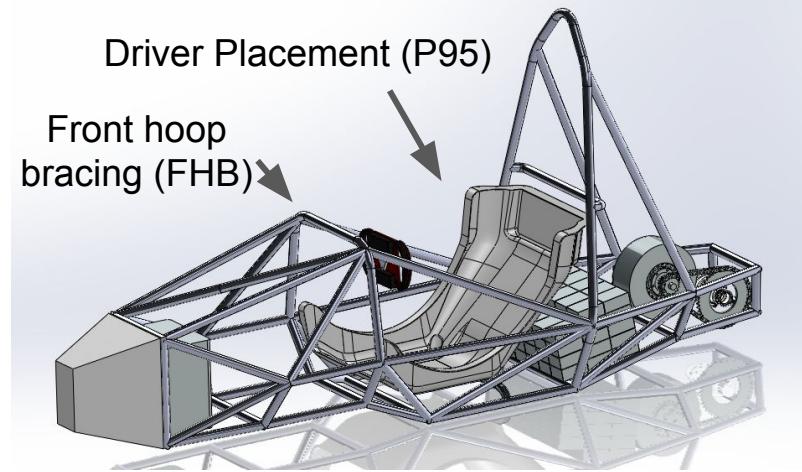
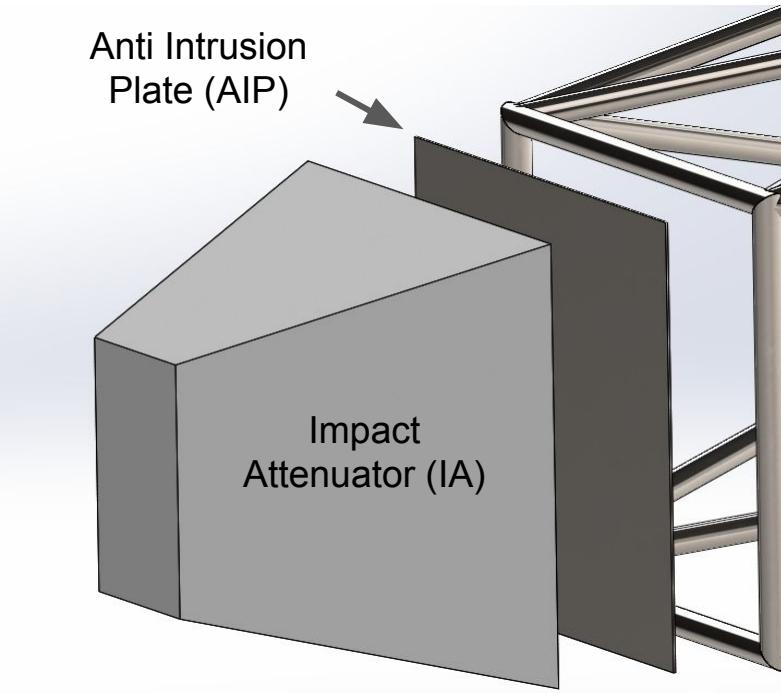
Mass reduction ~30%
Length shorten ~ 14%



Material
AISI 1020 - Russia Equivalent: Марка стали 20



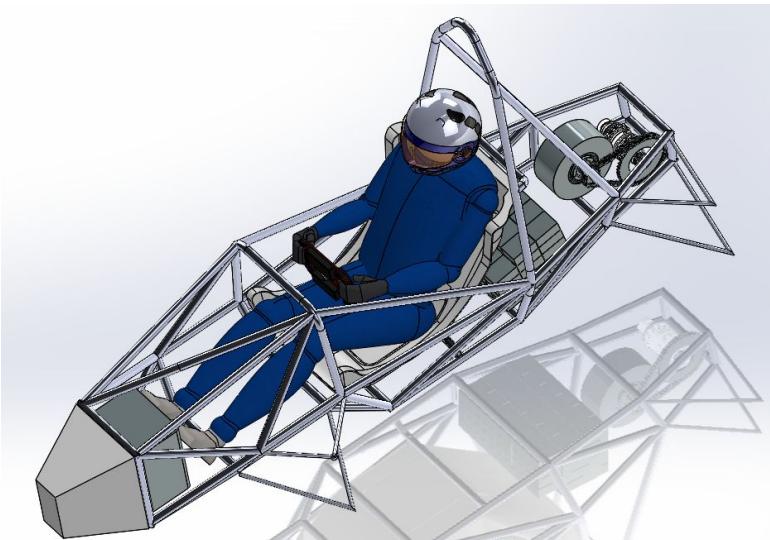
Chassis subassemblies layout verification



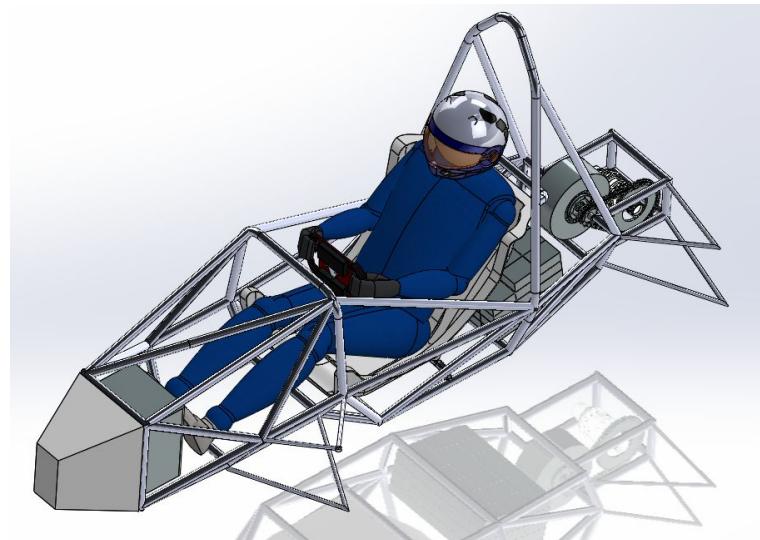
FHB	T3.11.1	Assembly position	✓
IA	T3.17.2	size, position & material	✓
AIP	T3.17.3	size, position & material	✓
P95	T4.3	Percy dimensions	✓

Chassis optimization results

Subassembly definition and verification



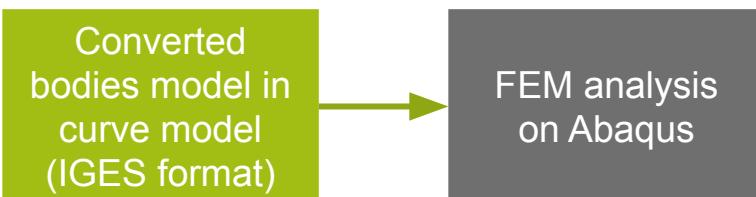
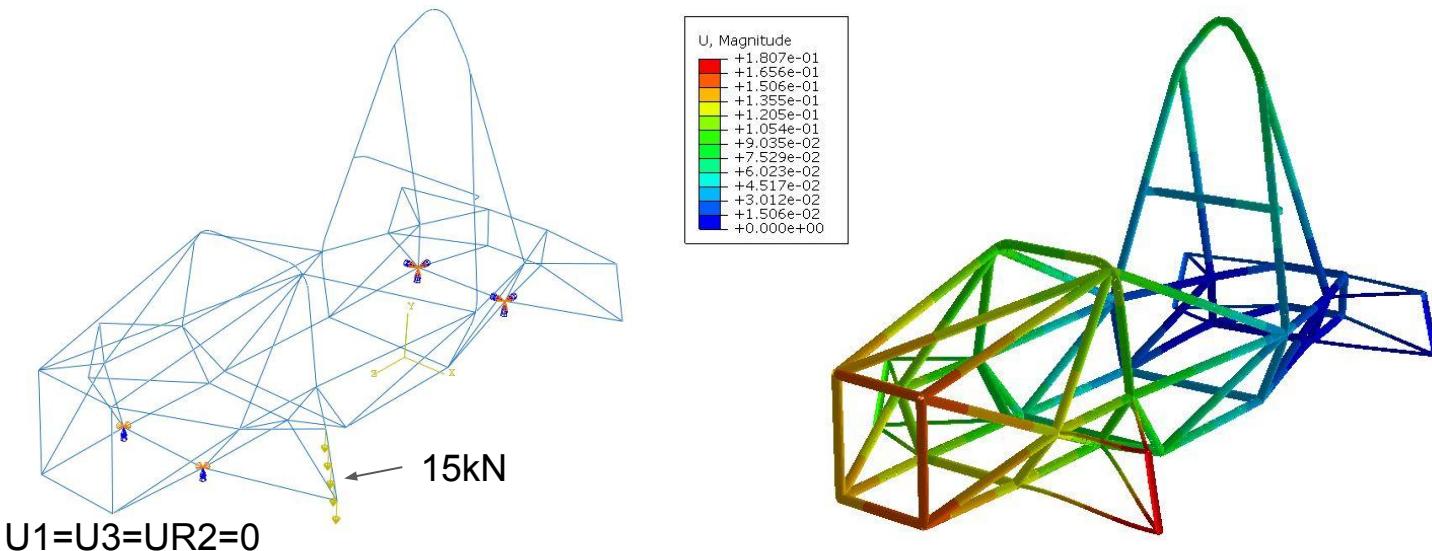
Suspension mounting points
Driver seat



Layout definition

Battery pack
Engine & differential

Chassis Torsional stiffness analysis



$$C_T = \frac{T}{\theta} \left[\frac{Nm}{deg} \right] = 239 \left[\frac{Nm}{deg} \right]$$

Chassis

Torsional Testing of Chassis.

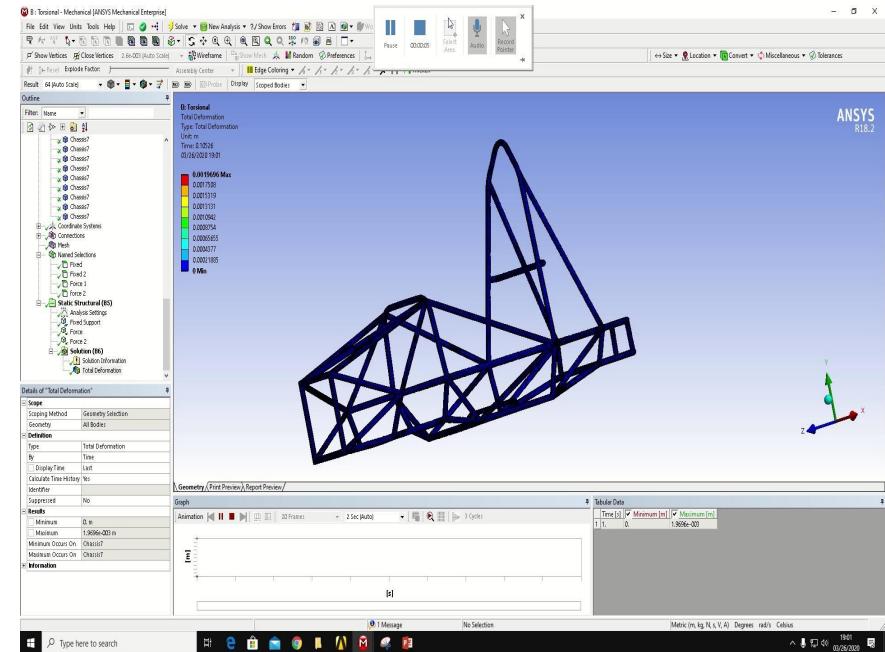
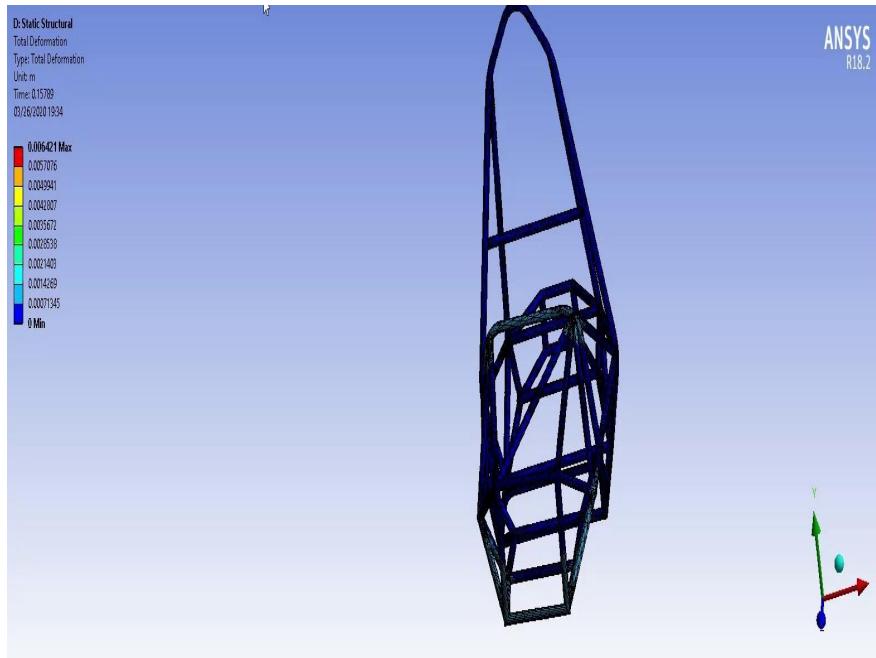
Technical Detail:

1. Material AISI 1020.
2. 15KN Force is applied on the opposite side of the frame.
3. Displacement along Y-axis is 4-6mm.

Results:

Structure can hold the load by distributing stresses along the beam. We can evaluate the critical points.

Chassis (Torsional Analysis)



Costs report

System	Part	Bought / Made	Cost	Quantity	Exchange rate Multiplier	Total
Drivers' Equipment	Helmet	Bought	€500.00	2	73	73,000.00 ₦
	Underhelmet	Bought	€20.00	2	73	2,920.00 ₦
	Suit	Bought	€500.00	2	73	73,000.00 ₦
	Gloves	Bought	€100.00	2	73	14,600.00 ₦
	Undersuit	Bought	€50.00	2	73	7,300.00 ₦
	Underpants	Bought	€50.00	2	73	7,300.00 ₦
	Socks	Bought	€20.00	2	73	2,920.00 ₦
	Shoes	Bought	€200.00	2	73	29,200.00 ₦
	Seatbelts	Bought	€400.00	1	73	29,200.00 ₦
	Arm restraints	Bought	€50.00	2	73	7,300.00 ₦
						Total system cost: 246,740.00 ₦
Aerodynamics & Body	Seat	Bought	€460.00	1	73	33,580.00 ₦
	Headrest	Bought	€125.00	1	73	9,125.00 ₦
	Padding	Bought	€100.00	1	73	7,300.00 ₦
	Leg pads	Bought	€50.00	2	73	7,300.00 ₦
	Frame	Made	183,000.00 ₦	1	1	183,000.00 ₦
	Aerodynamics	Made	365,000.00 ₦	1	1	365,000.00 ₦
						Total system cost: 605,305.00 ₦
Steering System & Pedal Assembly	Steering wheel	Bought	€265.00	1	73	19,345.00 ₦
	Quick Release	Bought	€250.00	1	73	18,250.00 ₦
	Rack	Bought	€1,265.00	1	73	92,345.00 ₦
	Rotary sensor	Bought	€200.00	1	73	14,600.00 ₦
	Spline coupler	Bought	€65.00	1	73	4,745.00 ₦
	Bevel gears	Bought	€930.00	1	73	67,890.00 ₦
	Steering column	Bought	€130.00	1	73	9,490.00 ₦
	Suspension bushings	Bought	€6.50	4	73	1,898.00 ₦
	Suspension arms	Bought	€130.00	1	73	9,490.00 ₦
	Rod-ends	Bought	€15.00	4	73	4,380.00 ₦
	Pedal assembly	Bought	€2,000.00	1	73	146,000.00 ₦
						Total system cost: 388,433.00 ₦

Brake System		Brake lines	Bought	€30.00	5	73	10,950.00 P
Banjo bolts		Bought		€10.00	10	73	7,300.00 P
Tee		Bought		€50.00	4	73	14,600.00 P
Olives		Bought		€1.50	17	73	1,861.50 P
Fittings		Bought		€15.00	17	73	18,615.00 P
Pressure sensors		Bought		€30.00	2	73	4,380.00 P
Brake light		Bought		€40.00	1	73	2,920.00 P
Pressure regulator		Bought		€250.00	1	73	18,250.00 P
Brake calipers		Bought		\$150.00	4	64	38,400.00 P
Brake disks		Made		1,000.00 P	5	1	5,000.00 P
Bobbins		Bought		\$4.00	20	64	5,120.00 P
							Total system cost: 127,396.50 P
Suspension		Shock absorbers	Bought	15,000.00 P	4	1	60,000.00 P
Springs		Bought		5,000.00 P	4	1	20,000.00 P
Bell cranks		Made		5,000.00 P	4	1	20,000.00 P
Bell bearings		Bought		350.00 P	4	1	1,400.00 P
Pushrods		Made		5,000.00 P	4	1	20,000.00 P
Rod-ends		Bought		€15.00	36	73	39,420.00 P
Upper A-arm		Made		5,000.00 P	4	1	20,000.00 P
Lower A-Arm		Made		5,000.00 P	4	1	20,000.00 P
Rear steering link		Made		1,000.00 P	4	1	4,000.00 P
Spacers		Made		30.00 P	96	1	2,880.00 P
Upright		Made		50,000.00 P	4	1	200,000.00 P
Bearings		Bought		3,500.00 P	8	1	28,000.00 P
Hub		Made		50,000.00 P	4	1	200,000.00 P
Wheel disks		Bought		\$250.00	8	64	128,000.00 P
Dry tires		Bought		\$183.00	4	64	46,848.00 P
Wet tires		Bought		\$172.00	4	64	44,032.00 P
Camber regulator plates		Made		300.00 P	10	1	3,000.00 P
							Total system cost: 857,580.00 P

Costs report

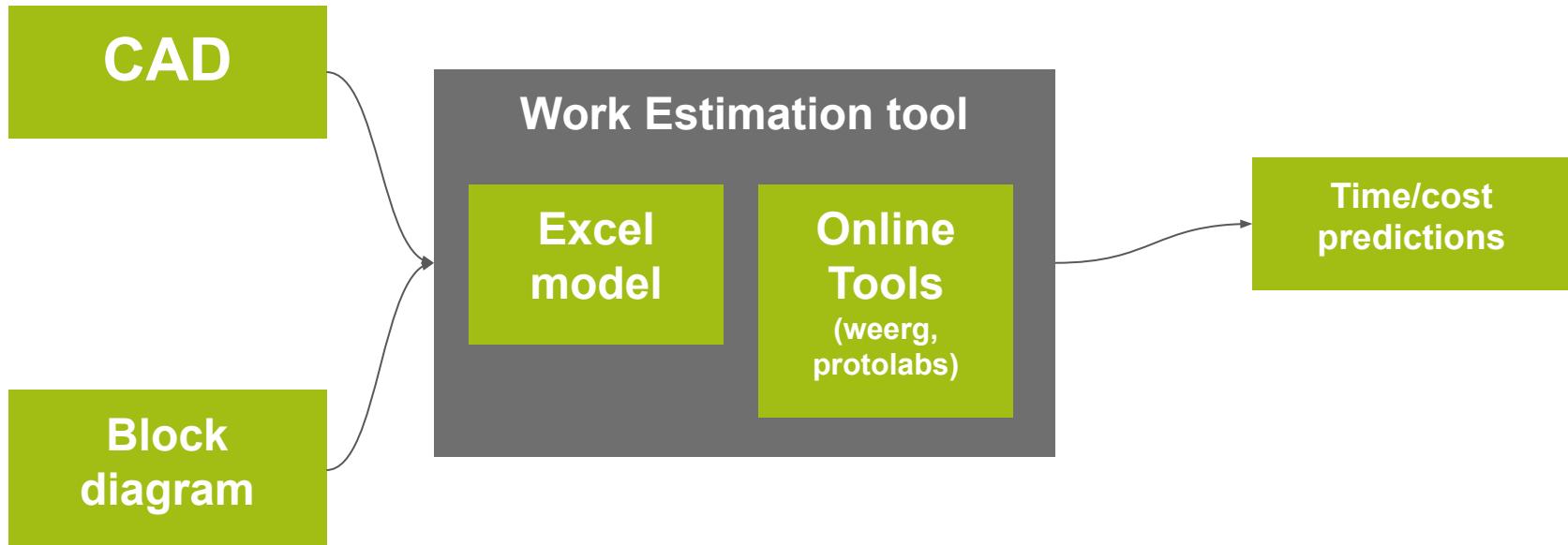
Powertrain	Electrical Motor	Bought	€7,500.00	1	73	547,500.00 ₧
	Battery pack	Bought	500,000.00 ₧	1	1	500,000.00 ₧
	Differential	Bought	€1,700.00	1	73	124,100.00 ₧
	Controller	Bought	\$6,000.00	1	64	384,000.00 ₧
	Chain	Bought	€100.00	1	73	7,300.00 ₧
	Sprocket	Made	€30.00	1	73	2,190.00 ₧
	Chain protection	Made	500.00 ₧	1	1	500.00 ₧
	Halfshafts aasy	Bought	€3,530.00	1	73	257,690.00 ₧
	Total system cost:					1,823,280.00 ₧
Electrical System	Electrical components	Bought	500,000.00 ₧	1	1	500,000.00 ₧
	Total system cost:					500,000.00 ₧
	Additional contingencies:					25.0%
	Total system cost (considering additional contingencies):					666,666.67 ₧
Fasteners & Miscellaneous	Fasteners	Bought	10.00 ₧	3000	1	30,000.00 ₧
	Fasteners	Made	50.00 ₧	30	1	1,500.00 ₧
	Glues	Bought	5,000.00 ₧	8	1	40,000.00 ₧
	Liquids	Bought	3,000.00 ₧	15	1	45,000.00 ₧
	Paints	Bought	2,000.00 ₧	5	1	10,000.00 ₧
	Others	Bought	30,000.00 ₧	1	1	30,000.00 ₧
	Total system cost:					156,500.00 ₧
Total Cost:				4,871,901.17 ₧		
Contingencies:				25.0%		
Total Cost (considering contingencies):				6,495,868.22 ₧		

Still mostly estimates

Next steps:

- Refine estimates
- Start the definition of the final report

Time and cost estimations



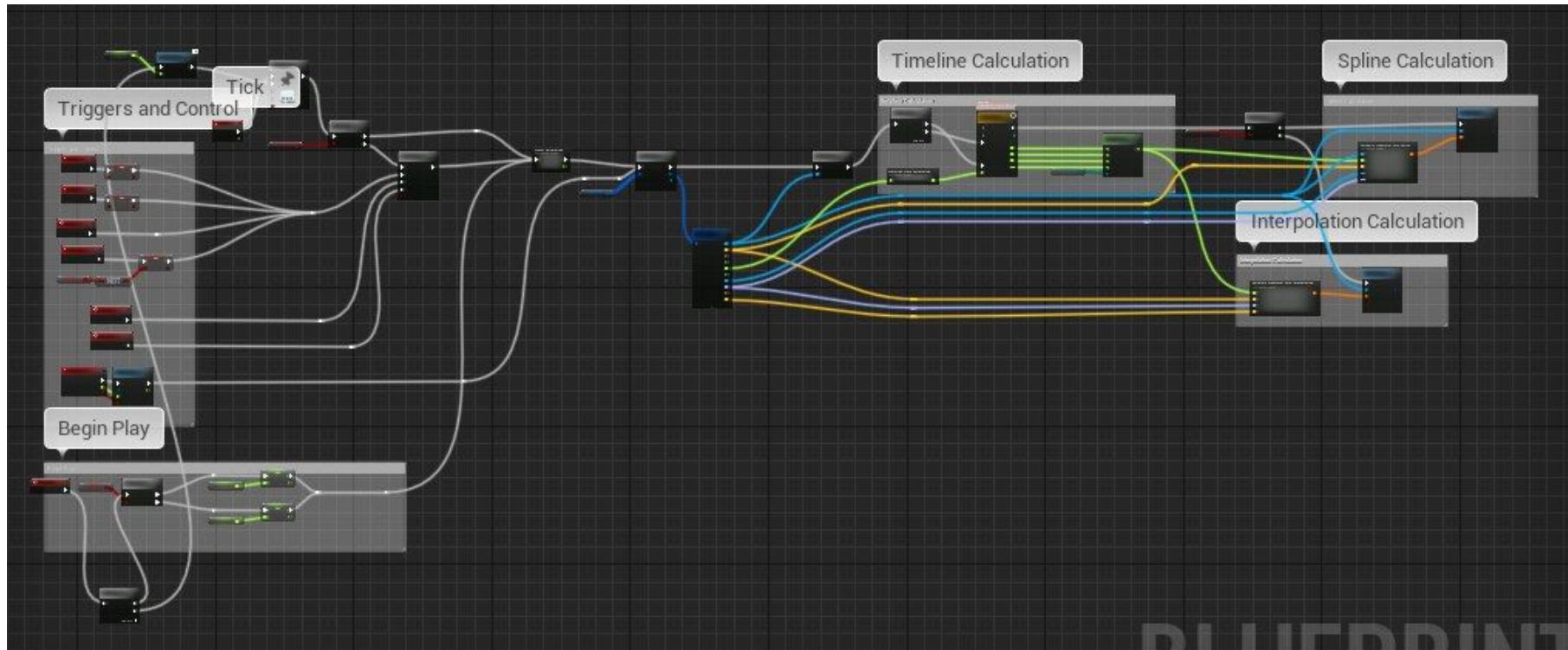
Car visualisation



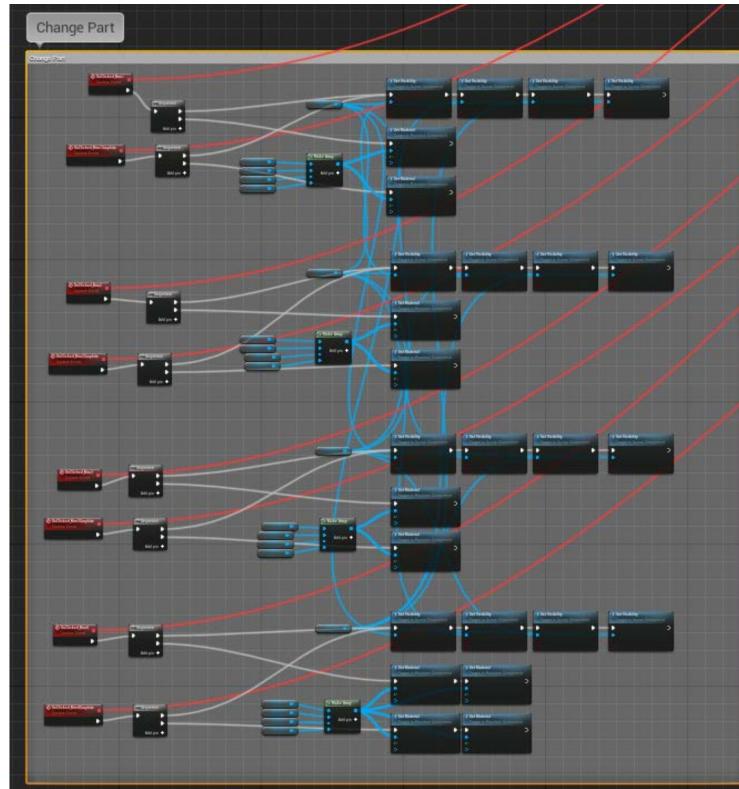
Pipeline / Progress

- Modeling / Added new location 
- Texturing / Added texture for new locations 
- Lighting / Optimized lightning 
- Layout / Changed scene composition
- Visual Programming / Created several new functions
- Optimization / New version is more stable

Real time exploded view visualisation



Toggle part variations in real time



Demonstration



SOCIAL MEDIA



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Coming



**Thank You!
Keep Safe!**